

## **TDP Policies and Schemes for Horticulture Development in Andhra Pradesh.**

Shri. Nara Chandrababu Naidu, the former Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh, had the vision to transform the state into a horticulture hub. He believed that horticulture had the potential to not only boost the economy but also improve the livelihoods of farmers. During his tenure, the Telugu Desam Party (TDP) government took several TDP Policies to promote horticulture in the state.



One of the first steps taken by the former TDP government under the leadership of [Nara Chandrababu Naidu](#) was to identify horticulture as a priority sector. The former TDP government allocated funds to develop horticulture infrastructure, including cold storage facilities, packhouses, and processing units. This helped farmers to store their produce and sell them at a later stage when prices were higher. It also helped to reduce post-harvest losses. Visit the official TDP website to know about the TDP Contributions to the welfare of farmers and all the [TDP live updates](#).

The District TDP Leaders also encouraged farmers to switch to horticulture crops by offering them various incentives. Farmers who shifted from traditional crops to horticulture crops were given financial assistance, free seedlings, and drip irrigation facilities. This not only helped farmers to increase their incomes but also reduced the pressure on water resources. Shri. Nara Chandrababu Naidu also initiated the development of a horticulture cluster in every district of the state. These clusters were developed to promote crop diversification, increase productivity, and enhance the quality of horticulture produce. The clusters were formed with the help of private investors who were given tax incentives and subsidies.

In addition to this, the former TDP government also started a program called 'Rythu Sadhikara Samstha' (Farmer Empowerment Corporation). TDP Agenda of this program was

to provide farmers with the necessary skills and knowledge to improve their crop yields and incomes. Under this program, farmers were given training in modern farming techniques, crop management, and marketing. The corresponding TDP Political Leaders also focused on the export of horticulture produce. It signed several Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) with foreign countries to export horticulture produce. This not only helped to increase the incomes of farmers but also improved the reputation of Andhra Pradesh in the international market.

Another TDP Scheme taken by the TDP government was the establishment of horticulture nurseries. These nurseries provided high-quality seedlings of different horticulture crops to farmers at affordable prices. The government also set up a network of horticulture extension officers to provide technical guidance to farmers. The former TDP government also encouraged the establishment of Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs) to promote collective farming. FPOs were given various incentives and subsidies to promote their formation. This helped farmers to come together and negotiate better prices for their produce and this is one of the significant [TDP Achievements](#).

In conclusion, the TDP government under the leadership of Shri. Nara Chandrababu Naidu took several initiatives to promote horticulture in Andhra Pradesh. These TDP Policies helped farmers to increase their incomes, reduce their dependence on traditional crops, and improve the quality of their produce. This TDP Development focusing on horticulture also helped to improve the economy of the state by increasing exports and attracting private investment.