

COMPONENTS

More than a shinny frenzy!



Hello! Terve!

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WHAT WE'LL BE LOOKING AT

- What exactly are web components?
- Early days of web components
- HTML components
- XBL
- Similarities, Differences, Failures
- Modern web components



1.

What exactly are web components

The beauty lies in the eyes of the beholder



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According to WebComponents.Org

Web components are a set of web platform APIs that allow you to create new custom, reusable, encapsulated HTML tags to use in web pages and web apps.



2.

Early days of web components

Yeah, this idea is not so new 🤔



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// The initial attempts to extend the default DOM API came from the big browser companies (not facebook 😏). Their desire (and failure) to provide developers features to enhance web possibilities has led to what we today call web components



3.

HTML Components

Despite all the stick they get, Microsoft started us on the path to web components 🙌🙌🙌



HTML COMPONENTS

- 1998 Microsoft proposed HTML Components (**IE 5.5 support**).
- The Goal - Change behaviour of default tags.
- Could be written in JScript or VBScript.
- Microsoft ActiveX Scripting Interfaces was required



```
1 <PUBLIC:COMPONENT>
2 <PUBLIC:ATTACH EVENT="onmouseover" ONEVENT="Hilite()" />
3 <PUBLIC:ATTACH EVENT="onmouseout" ONEVENT="Restore()" />
4 <SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JScript">
5     var normalColor, normalSpacing;
6
7     function Hilite()
8     {
9         // save original values
10        normalColor = runtimeStyle.color;
11        normalSpacing= runtimeStyle.letterSpacing;
12
13        runtimeStyle.color = "red";
14        runtimeStyle.letterSpacing = 2;
15    }
16
17    function Restore()
18    {
19        // restore original values
20        runtimeStyle.color = normalColor;
21        runtimeStyle.letterSpacing = normalSpacing;
22    }
23 </SCRIPT>
24 </PUBLIC:COMPONENT>
```





```
1 <HEAD>
2 <STYLE>
3   LI {behavior:url(hilite.htc)}
4 </STYLE>
5 </HEAD>
6
7 <P>Mouse over the two list items below to see this effect.
8 <UL>
9   <LI>HTML Authoring</LI>
10  <LI>Dynamic HTML</LI>
11 </UL>
```



4.

XBL (XML Binding Language)

Don't we all just love Mozilla 



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XML Binding Language (XBL)

- In **2001**, **XBL** was created with **XBL 2** following in **2007**.
- The **Goal** - Extend default DOM tags with custom behaviour.
- Was an addition to Mozilla's **XUL**
- Full support on all Mozilla products



MOZILLA XBL

Concept

Extending the DOM with custom tags. This would have improved readability as well as sustainable reusability. In general the concept was good



Results

Despite the concept being good, the implementations weren't as good as the idea.





```
1 scrollbar {  
2     -moz-binding: url('chrome://findfile/content/findfile.xml#binding1');  
3 }
```



```
1 <?xml version="1.0"?>  
2 <bindings xmlns="http://www.mozilla.org/xbl">  
3   <binding id="binding1">  
4     <!-- content, property, method and event descriptions go here -->  
5   </binding>  
6   <binding id="binding2">  
7     <!-- content, property, method and event descriptions go here -->  
8   </binding>  
9 </bindings>
```





5.

Similarities, Differences, Failures!

The devil always lies in the details! Maybe not!



Similarities

- **Extending the Default DOM tags behaviour**
- **Improve reusability**
- **Better code composition**
- **Improving developer experience**



Differences

- **Microsoft used HTML (htc) while Mozilla used XML(xbl)**
- **Microsoft used a paradigm of one component per file, Mozilla however went with multiple bindings.**
- **Microsoft required ActiveX(IE) whilst Mozilla required it to have GRE (All mozilla products by default)**



Failures!

There are no **Failures** – Just **experiences** and your **reactions** to them





- **2001 - XBL** dropped in favour of **XBL 2**. **W3C** released candidate recommendation of XBL 2
- **2011 - Microsoft** discontinues **HTC**, subsequently deprecates it in **IE 10** release
- **2012 - Mozilla** XBL 2 abandoned. No browser implemented the specs anywhere





6. Modern Web Components

Huge thanks to Google's work on *Angularjs*



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AngularJS

In order to allow developers create their own tags as well as help with a better semantic for web apps, Google brought us AngularJS



AngularJS Timeline

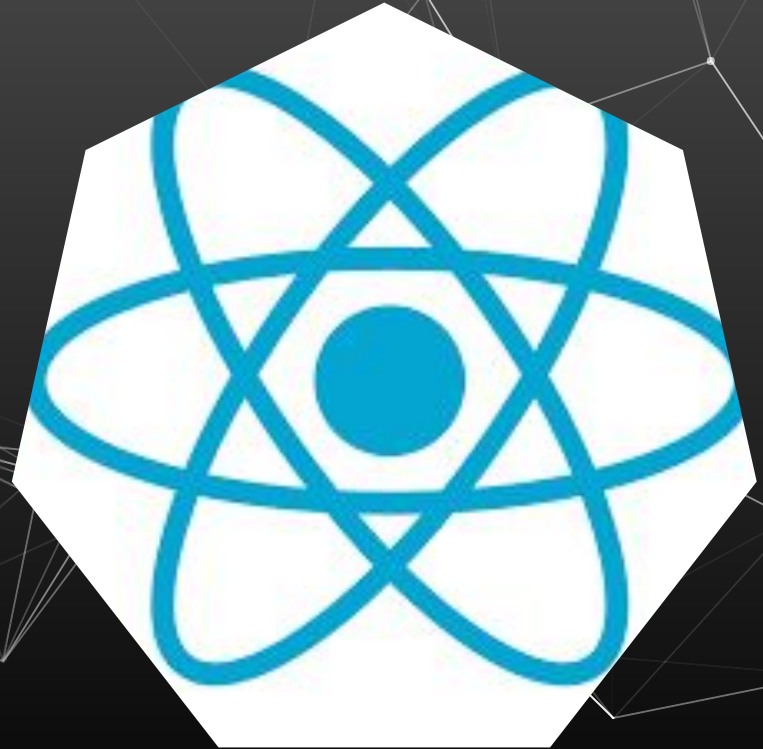
- Born in 2009.
- Released on Github in 2010.
- Stable version 1.0 rolled out in 2013

As much as we wouldn't like to say it, the truth remains that the implementation of "components" in most of our favorite frontend frameworks originated from this



React - Facebook

In order to allow reusability of widgets, Facebook released its own library called **React**. React was born in **2011** and was released on Github in **2013**. While not the most popular in term of Github stars, it's the most popular in terms of keyword search and actual usage/adoption





React allows developers create reusable web components as well as handle data change without reloading the page. It currently is used more than any framework out there and has a huge community.



Vue - OSS Community

Vue is a progressive framework for building user interfaces. Currently the most starred on github (in comparison with react and angular). Vue JS comes across as a pick of all the good parts in both **Angular** and **React**. It is community maintained and spearheaded by its creator **Evan You**





As the core team, we obviously like Vue a lot. There are some problems we think it solves better than anything else out there. If we didn't believe that, we wouldn't be working on it.

<https://vuejs.org/v2/guide/comparison.html>



Web Component API Specs - Main concepts

- Custom Elements
- Shadow DOM
- ES Modules
- HTML Template





Custom Elements

HTML ▼

```
1 <h3>Welcome to this amazing conference!</h3>
2
3 <shinny-frenzy full-name="Kenigbolo Meya Stephen" title="Components - Not your
  shinny Frenzy" conference="FSDC Finland" job-position="Developer">
4 </shinny-frenzy>
```

CSS ▼

```
1 h3 {
2   color: red;
3 }
```

JavaScript + No-Library (pure JS) ▼

```
1
2 class ShinnyFrenzyElement extends HTMLElement {
3   // We have to declare a custom constructor
4   constructor() {
5     // First, call super() to be sure everything was made alright
6     super()
7
8     // Then we can take care of our attributes
9     const title = this.getAttribute('title')
10    const fullName = this.getAttribute('full-name')
11
12    // Finally, we can render the real DOM behind our custom tag
13    this.innerHTML = `
14      <style>
15        h3 {
16          color: navy;
17        }
18      </style>
19      <h3>My name is ${fullName}</h3>
20      <span>Today I'm speaking on the topic <b>${title}</b></span>
21    `
22  }
23 }
24
25 // We have to register our custom tag to window.customElements which lists
  all the custom tags we have.
26 window.customElements.define('shinny-frenzy', ShinnyFrenzyElement)
27
```

Welcome to this amazing conference!

My name is Kenigbolo Meya Stephen

Today I'm speaking on the topic **Components - Not your shinny Frenzy**

Custom Elements (V1) - LS

Usage % of all users
 Global 71.73% + 15.13% = 86.86%

Method of defining new HTML tags.

Current aligned
Usage relative
Date relative
Apply filters
Show all
?

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Chrome for Android	UC Browser for Android	Samsung Internet
			49						
			72		¹ 11.4				4
	17		73	¹ 12	¹ 12.1				8.2
11	18	66	74	¹ 12.1	¹ 12.2	all	74	11.8	9.2
	75	67	75	¹ TP					
		68	76						
			77						





2016
NEW

Shadow DOM



HTML ▾

```
1 <h3>Welcome to this amazing conference!</h3>
2
3 <shinny-frenzy full-name="Kenigbolo Meya Stephen" title="Components - Not your shinny Frenzy"
  conference="FSDC Finland" job-position="Developer">
4 </shinny-frenzy>
```

CSS ▾

```
1 h3 {
2   color: red;
3 }
```

JavaScript + No-Library (pure JS) ▾

```
2 class ShinnyFrenzyElement extends HTMLElement {
3   // We have to declare a custom constructor
4   constructor() {
5     // First, call super() to be sure everything was made alright
6     super()
7
8     // Then we can take care of our attributes
9     const title = this.getAttribute('title')
10    const fullName = this.getAttribute('full-name')
11    // Let's declare a Shadow DOM within our tag and our rendering will be done IN the Shadow DOM
12    const shadow = this.attachShadow({mode: 'open'});
13
14    // Finally, we can render the real DOM behind our custom tag
15    shadow.innerHTML = `
16      <style>
17        h3 {
18          color: navy;
19        }
20      </style>
21      <h3>My name is ${fullName}</h3>
22      <span>Today I'm speaking on the topic <b>${title}</b></span>
23    `
24  }
25 }
26
27 // We have to register our custom tag to window.customElements which lists all the custom tags we
  have.
28 window.customElements.define('shinny-frenzy', ShinnyFrenzyElement)
```

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Shadow DOM (V1) - WD

Usage

% of all users

Global

74.48% + 12.68% = 87.16%

Method of establishing and maintaining functional boundaries between DOM trees and how these trees interact with each other within a document, thus enabling better functional encapsulation within the DOM & CSS.

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Chrome for Android	UC Browser for Android	Samsung Internet
			49						
			72		11.4				4
	17		73	12	12.1				8.2
11	18	66	74	12.1	12.2	all	74	11.8	9.2
	75	67	75	TP					
		68	76						
			77						

ES Modules

```
1 <link rel="import" href="shinny-frenzy-component.html"/>
```



HTML Imports 📄 - WD

Usage % of all users ?
 Global 13.77%

Method of including and reusing HTML documents in other HTML documents.

Current aligned Usage relative Date relative Apply filters Show all ?

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Chrome for Android	UC Browser for Android	Samsung Internet
			49						
			72		11.4				4
	17		73	12	12.1				8.2
11	18	66	74	12.1	12.2	all	74	11.8	9.2
	75	67	75	TP					
		68	76						
			77						



HTML Template

```
<template id="not-your-shinny-frenzy">
  <h2></h2>
  <h3></h3>
</template>
```

... + No-Library (pure JS) ▾

```
class ShinnyFrenzyElement extends HTMLElement {
  // We have to declare a custom constructor
  constructor() {
    // First, call super() to be sure everything was made alright
    super()

    // Then we can take care of our attributes
    const title = this.getAttribute('title')
    const fullName = this.getAttribute('full-name')
    // Let's declare a Shadow DOM within our tag and our rendering
    // will be done IN the Shadow DOM
    const shadow = this.attachShadow({mode: 'open'});
    const template = document.querySelector('#not-your-shinny-
frenzy')
    const content = document.importNode(template.content, true);
    content.querySelector('h2').textContent = title;
    content.querySelector('h3').textContent = fullName;
    shadow.appendChild(content)
  }
}

// We have to register our custom tag to window.customElements which
// lists all the custom tags we have.
window.customElements.define('shinny-frenzy', ShinnyFrenzyElement)
```

CSS ▾

```
1 ▾ h2 {
2   color: red;
3 }
4
5 ▾ h3 {
6   color: blue;
7 }
```

```
<head>...</head>
  <body>
    ▾ <template id="not-your-shinny-
frenzy"> == $0
      ▸ #document-fragment
      </template>
      ▸ <script>...</script>
    </body>
  </html>
```

... div iframe html body template#not-your-shinny

Styles Computed Event Listeners DOM Breakpoint

Filter :hov .c

```
element.style {
}
```

```
template {
  display: none;
}
```

Inherited from **html**

```
html {
  color: -internal-root-color;
}
```

margin -

⋮ Console Remote devices What's New ×

Highlights from the Chrome 74 update

Highlight all nodes affected by CSS property
Hover over a CSS property like padding or margin in the Styles pane to highlight all nodes affected by that declaration.

Lighthouse v4 in the Audits panel
Featuring a new "tap targets" audit for checking that mobile links and buttons are properly sized,

HTML templates - LS

Usage

% of all users

Global

93.03% + 0.41% = 93.44%

Method of declaring a portion of reusable markup that is parsed but not rendered until cloned.

Current aligned Usage relative Date relative [Apply filters](#) [Show all](#) [?](#)

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Chrome for Android	UC Browser for Android	Samsung Internet
			49						
			72		11.4				4
	17		73	12	12.1				8.2
11	18	66	74	12.1	12.2	all	74	11.8	9.2
	75	67	75	TP					
		68	76						
			77						

[Notes](#) [Known issues \(0\)](#) [Resources \(8\)](#) [Feedback](#)

That's all for today folks



Thank you very much
for joining us tonight
on the
stage of the
2024

Thank You! KeyToss!

Any questions?

You can find me at

- Twitter **@expensivestevie**
- Github **@kenigbolo**



@expensivestevie