

# Your 2019 CSS Layout Toolkit

**@rachelandrew @oredev**

# Rachel Andrew

Co-founder Perch CMS and Notist

Editor in Chief at Smashing Magazine

W3C Invited Expert to the CSS Working Group, co-editor Multicol and Page Floats

@rachelandrew | <https://rachelandrew.co.uk>

# Slides & Code

<https://noti.st/rachelandrew/es94DQ>

# A CSS Layout System

Real layout for the first time!

# Components of CSS Layout

Flow Layout, Grid, Flexbox, Multiple-column Layout

# Components of CSS Layout

**CSS Shapes, Transforms, Scroll Snapping, Variable Fonts**

# Components of CSS Layout

Writing Modes, Logical Properties & Values, Alignment, Sizing

# Components of CSS Layout

Media Queries, Feature Queries

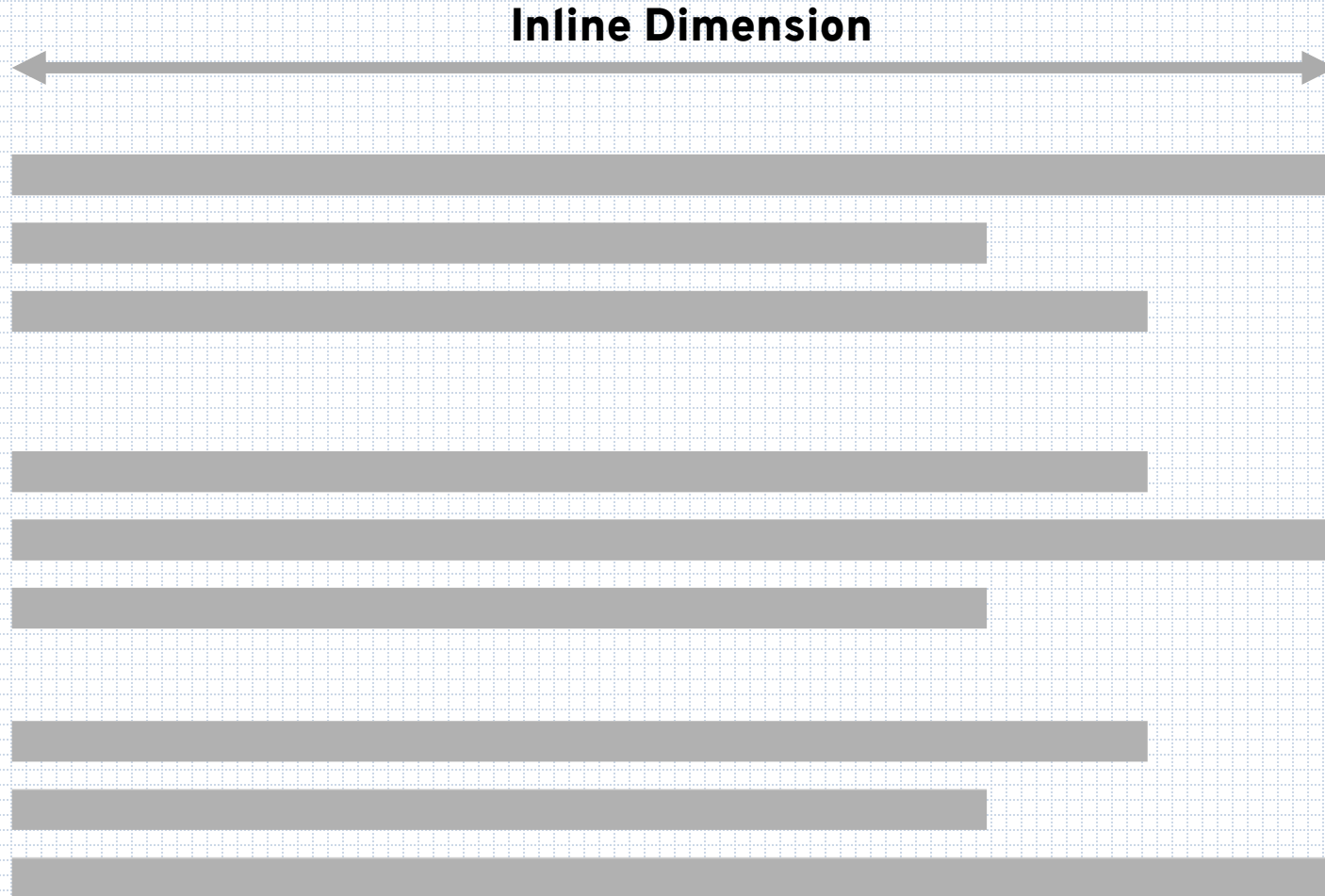
# Look past the headline specs

Understanding the things that tie together our new layout

# Writing Modes

Horizontal or Vertical

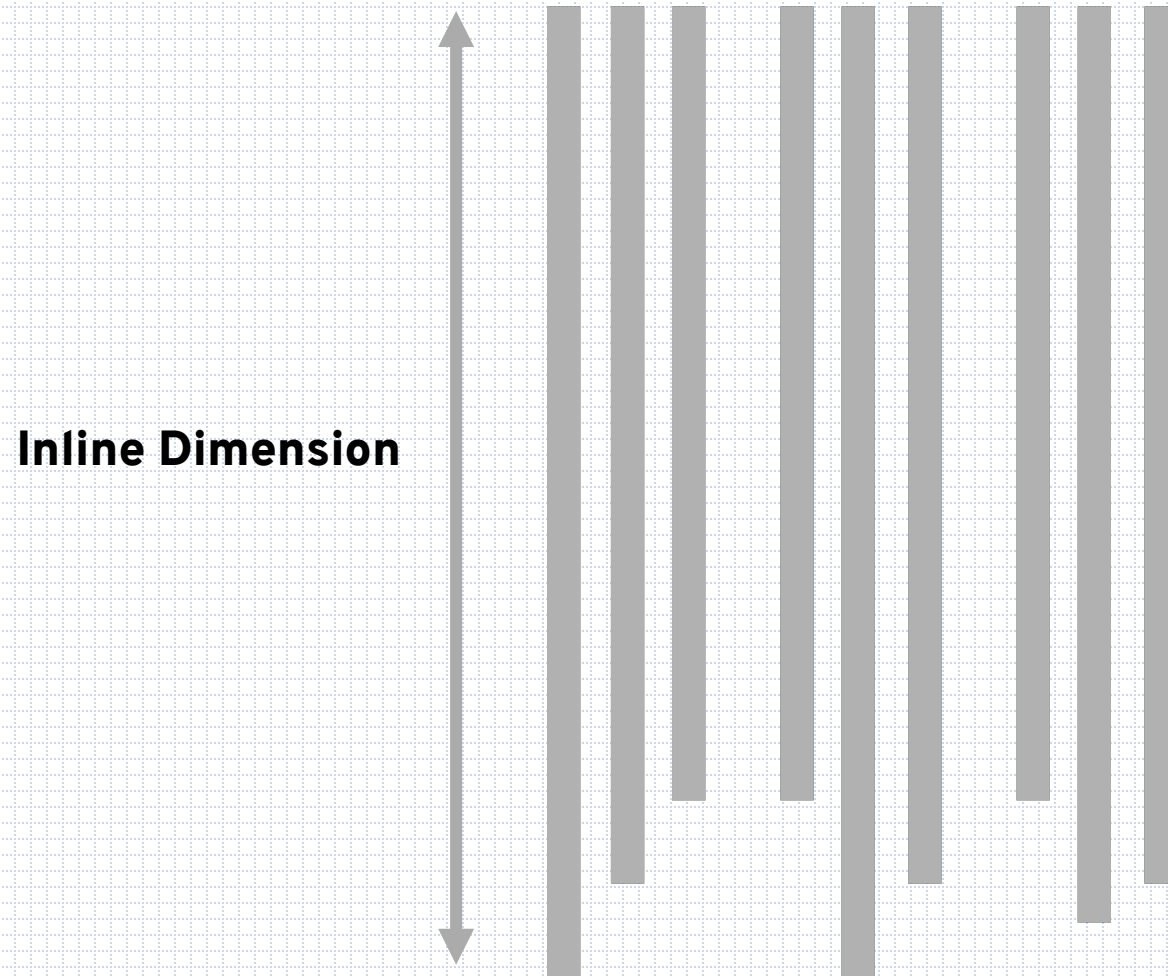
# Horizontal Writing Mode



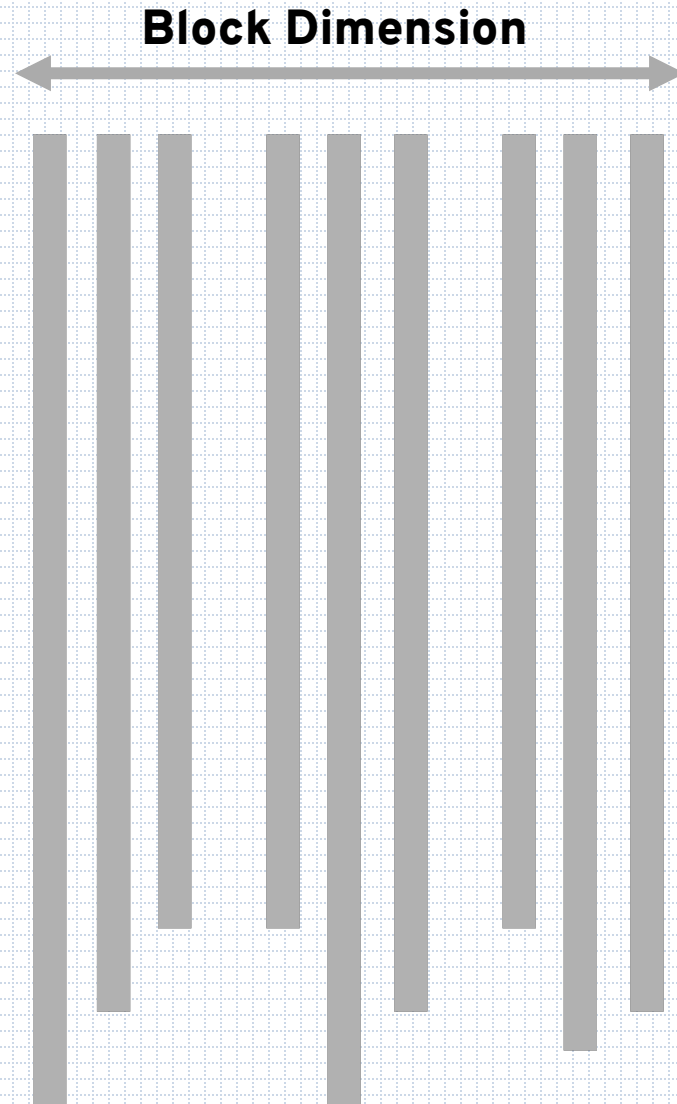
# Horizontal Writing Mode



# Vertical Writing Mode



# Vertical Writing Mode





# Logical Properties & Values

Writing-mode relative equivalents of physical properties.



- 1 **Introduction**
- 2 **Flow-Relative Values: ‘block-start’, ‘block-end’, ‘inline-start’, ‘inline-end’**
- 2.1 Logical Values for the ‘caption-side’ Property
- 2.2 Flow-Relative Values for the ‘float’ and ‘clear’ Properties
- 2.3 Flow-Relative Values for the ‘text-align’ Property
- 2.4 Flow-Relative Values for the ‘resize’ Property
- 3 **Flow-Relative Page Classifications**
- 4 **Flow-Relative Box Model Properties**
- 4.1 Logical Height and Logical Width: the ‘block-size’ and ‘inline-size’ properties
- 4.2 Flow-relative Margins: the ‘margin-block-start’, ‘margin-block-end’, ‘margin-inline-start’, ‘margin-inline-end’ properties and ‘margin-block’ and ‘margin-inline’ shorthands
- 4.3 Flow-relative Offsets: the ‘inset-block-start’, ‘inset-block-end’, ‘inset-inline-start’, ‘inset-inline-end’ properties and ‘inset-block’, ‘inset-inline’, and ‘inset’ shorthands
- 4.4 Flow-relative Padding: the ‘padding-block-start’, ‘padding-block-end’, ‘padding-inline-start’, ‘padding-inline-end’ properties and ‘padding-block’ and ‘padding-inline’ shorthands

# CSS Logical Properties and Values Level 1



W3C Working Draft, 27 August 2018

**This version:**

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2018/WD-css-logical-1-20180827/>

**Latest published version:**

<https://www.w3.org/TR/css-logical-1/>

**Editor's Draft:**

<https://drafts.csswg.org/css-logical-1/>

### Previous Versions:

<https://www.w3.org/TR/2017/WD-css-logical-1-20170518/>

### Issue Tracking:

## Inline In Spec

## GitHub Issues

**Editors:**

Rossen Atanassov (Microsoft)

Elika J. Etemad / fantasai (Invited Expert)

### Suggest an Edit for this Spec:

GitHub Editor

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## Abstract

<https://www.w3.org/TR/css-logical-1/>

**CSS** is a language for describing the rendering of structured documents (such as HTML and XML) on screen, on



## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Rachel Andrew is not only editor-in-chief of Smashing Magazine, but also a web developer, writer and speaker.

She is the author of a number of

MARCH 29, 2018 • [8 comments](#)

# Understanding Logical Properties And Values

**QUICK SUMMARY** ↔ *CSS Logical Properties and Values aren't quite ready to be used yet, however learning about them can help you to understand CSS Layout, and the interaction with Writing Modes.*



9 min read



[CSS](#), [Layouts](#), [Browsers](#)



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<https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2018/03/understanding-logical-properties-values/>

left or right, we use the positioning onset properties `top`, `left`, `bottom` and `right`. We set margins, padding, and borders as

# Box Alignment

Consistent alignment across layout methods.

# Align or Justify?

**align-content**

**align-self**

**align-items**

**justify-content**

**justify-self**

**justify-items**

# In Grid Layout

**align-content**

**align-self**

**align-items**



***Block Axis***

**justify-content**

**justify-self**

**justify-items**



***Inline Axis***





# Distributing space

`align-content` and `justify-content`



# In Flex Layout

**align-content**

**align-self**

**align-items**



***Cross Axis***

**justify-content**

***Main Axis***







# Alignment in Block Layout

No browser implementation as yet ...

# Gaps

**row-gap, column-gap, gap**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction
1.1	Module interactions
1.2	Values
1.3	Partial Implementations
2	Overview of Alignment Properties
3	Alignment Terminology
4	Alignment Keywords
4.1	Positional Alignment: the <code>'center'</code> , <code>'start'</code> , <code>'end'</code> , <code>'self-start'</code> , <code>'self-end'</code> , <code>'flex-start'</code> , <code>'flex-end'</code> , <code>'left'</code> , and <code>'right'</code> keywords
4.2	Baseline Alignment: the <code>'baseline'</code> keyword and <code>'first/last'</code> modifiers
4.3	Distributed Alignment: the <code>'stretch'</code> , <code>'space-between'</code> , <code>'space-around'</code> , and <code>'space-evenly'</code> keywords
4.4	Overflow Alignment: the <code>'safe'</code> and <code>'unsafe'</code> keywords and scroll safety limits
5	Content Distribution: Aligning a Box's Contents Within Itself
5.1	The <code>'justify-content'</code> and <code>'align-content'</code> Properties
5.1.1	Block Containers (Including Table Cells)
5.1.2	Multicol Containers
5.1.3	Flex Containers
5.1.4	Grid Containers
5.2	
5.3	
5.4	
6	Self-Alignment: Aligning the Box Within Its Parent

## § 8. Gaps Between Boxes

While `'margin'` and `'padding'` can be used to specify visual spacing around individual boxes, it's sometimes more convenient to globally specify spacing between adjacent boxes within a given layout context, particularly when the spacing is different between boxes as opposed to between the first/last box and the container's edge.

The `'gap'` property, and its `'row-gap'` and `'column-gap'` sub-properties, provide this functionality for [multi-column](#), [flex](#), and [grid layout](#).

### § 8.1. Row and Column Gutters: the `'row-gap'` and `'column-gap'` properties

<i>Name:</i>	<b><code>'row-gap'</code>, <code>'column-gap'</code></b>
<i>Value:</i>	normal   <code>&lt;length-percentage&gt;</code>
<i>Initial:</i>	normal
<i>Applies to:</i>	<a href="#">multi-column containers</a> , <a href="#">flex containers</a> , <a href="#">grid containers</a>
<i>Inherited:</i>	no
<i>Percentages:</i>	refer to corresponding dimension of the content area
<i>Computed value:</i>	as specified, with <code>&lt;length&gt;</code> s made absolute
<i>Canonical order:</i>	per grammar
<i>Animatable:</i>	as length, percentage, or calc

<https://www.w3.org/TR/css-align-3/#gaps>

separating boxes in the container's [block axis](#).





**Rachel Andrew**

@rachelandrew

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Should I use Grid or Flexbox? Build your component with both, or a mixture, and see which works best. Do that a few times and the decisions will become more obvious to you on looking at a component. #css

3:16 AM - 22 Sep 2018

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# Sizing

How big should this item be?









## ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Rachel Andrew is not only editor-in-chief of Smashing Magazine, but also a web developer, writer and speaker. She is the author of a number of books, including ... [More about](#)

JANUARY 16, 2018 • [9 comments](#)

# How Big Is That Box? Understanding Sizing In CSS Layout

**QUICK SUMMARY** ↔ *When starting to use Flexbox and Grid, it can be frustrating to find that we sometimes don't get the layout we expect. Often this is due to the way sizing is calculated in these new layout methods. In this article, I try to explain exactly how big that box is, and how it got to be that size!*

 22 min read [CSS](#), [Layouts](#), [Browsers](#) Share on [Twitter](#) or [LinkedIn](#)

<https://www.smashingmagazine.com/2018/01/understanding-sizing-css-layout/>

inside grid and flex items. Quite often this *just works*, and we get the



# Media Queries

## Level 4 Media Queries

# Media Features

What features does this environment have?

## Testing pointer types

You have a fine pointer, are you using a mouse or trackpad?

## Testing hover abilities

You look like you can hover.

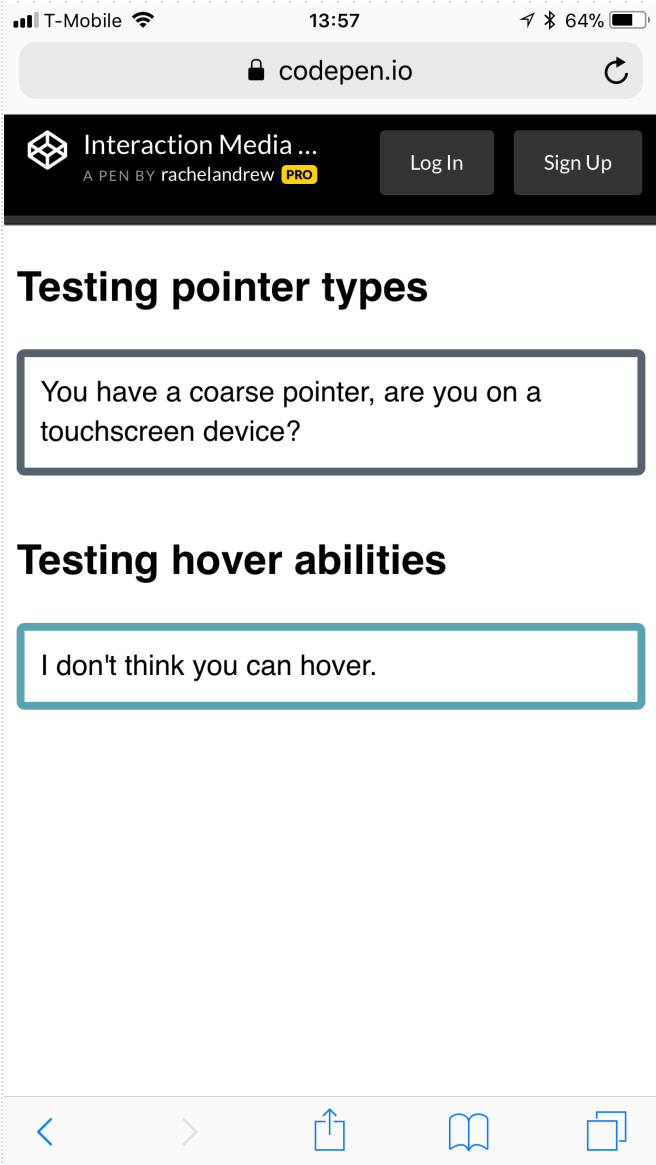
HTML

CSS

```
28
29 ▼ @media (pointer:coarse) {
30 ▼   .which-pointer::after {
31     content: "You have a coarse pointer, are
      you on a touchscreen device?";
32
33   }
34 }
35
36 ▼ @media (pointer:fine) {
37 ▼   .which-pointer::after {
38     content: "You have a fine pointer, are
      you using a mouse or trackpad?";
39
40   }
41 }
```

<https://codepen.io/rachelandrew/pen/wYaLbR>

JS



## Testing pointer types

You have a fine pointer, are you using a mouse or trackpad?

## Testing hover abilities

You look like you can hover.

# Feature Queries

Hey browser! Do you speak grid?

# @supports

If you see this message, your browser supports the grid value for the display property.

HTML

CSS

```
1
2
3 ▼ .has-grid {
4     display: none;
5 }
6
7 ▼ @supports (display: grid) {
8     ▼ .has-grid {
9         display: block;
10    }
11 }
12
13
14
15
```

<https://codepen.io/rachelandrew/pen/zmGVgK>

# Using Feature Queries in CSS



By [Jen Simmons](#)

Posted on August 17, 2016 in [CSS](#) and [Featured Article](#)  [Share This](#) 

There's a tool in CSS that you might not have heard of yet. It's powerful. It's been there for a while. And it'll likely become one of your favorite new things about CSS.

Behold, the `@supports` rule. Also known as [Feature Queries](#).

With `@supports`, you can write a small test in your CSS to see whether or not a particular "feature" (CSS property or value) is supported, and apply a block of code (or not) based on the answer. Like this:

```
@supports (display: grid) {  
  // code that will only run if CSS Grid is supported by the browser  
}
```

<https://hacks.mozilla.org/2016/08/using-feature-queries-in-css/>

Now, there seems to be a bit of confusion about what Feature Queries are for.

# Subgrid

What's coming in CSS Grid Level 2?

## My Header

Turnip greens yarrow  
ricebean rutabaga endive  
cauliflower sea lettuce  
kohlrabi amaranth water  
spinach avocado daikon  
napa cabbage asparagus  
winter purslane kale.

My footer

## My Header

Turnip greens yarrow  
ricebean rutabaga endive  
cauliflower sea lettuce  
kohlrabi amaranth water  
spinach avocado daikon  
napa cabbage asparagus  
winter purslane kale.

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cauliflower sea lettuce  
kohlrabi amaranth water  
spinach avocado daikon  
napa cabbage asparagus  
winter purslane kale.

My footer

My Header  
is taller

Turnip greens yarrow  
ricebean rutabaga endive  
cauliflower sea lettuce  
kohlrabi amaranth water  
spinach avocado daikon  
napa cabbage asparagus  
winter purslane kale.

My footer

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My footer

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Turnip greens yarrow  
ricebean rutabaga endive  
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kohlrabi amaranth water  
spinach avocado daikon  
napa cabbage asparagus  
winter purslane kale.

My footer

# New Challenges

The potential for new accessibility issues.



navigation

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DARK

# Flexbox & the keyboard navigation disconnect

CODE THINGS  FEBRUARY 4TH 2016

CSS Flexbox can create a disconnect between the DOM order and visual presentation of content, causing keyboard navigation to break. For this reason, the **CSS Flexible Box Layout module** warns against resequencing content logic, but asking authors not to use flexbox in this way seems illogical in itself.

TLDR: The only viable way (in my opinion) for the flexbox disconnect to be resolved, is in the browser (as with the Firefox “bug”) and the accessibility tree.

## The problem

When content is presented in sequence, we expect to read it and navigate through it in a logical order. In the West this is typically top to bottom/left to right. In the following example, the expected order is “1”, “2”, “3”.

```
<div>
  <a href="/">One</a>
  <br>
  <a href="/">Two</a>
  <br>
  <a href="/">Three</a>
</div>
```

<https://tink.uk/flexbox-the-keyboard-navigation-disconnect/>

```
<div style="display: flex;">
  <a href="/" style="border: 2px solid black;">One</a>
```

# display: contents

A cautionary tale.



# More accessible markup with display: contents

*Published on 21 April  
2018 by Hidde de Vries  
in [code](#).*

CSS Grid Layout lets you turn an element into a grid, and place the element's *direct children* onto it. Given that, it might be tempting to use flatter markup, but less meaning is usually less accessibility. With `display: contents`, we can place *grand children* on a grid, which lets us have accessible markup *and* beautiful layout. Let's dive into the details!

Below, I will explain in more detail what I mean by children and grand children, and then show how we can use `display: contents` to improve this. *Note: this is currently broken in supporting browsers, more details below*

<https://hidddevries.nl/en/blog/2018-04-21-more-accessible-markup-with-display-contents>

of that element become grid items and are laid out on it. To refresh for those

# What's next?

What do you need?

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[\[css-position\]](#) Sticky positioning with transform between it and reference box [css-position-3](#)

#3186 opened 23 minutes ago by Loiroorioi

[\[css-position\]](#) Sticky positioning when constraining flow box is not in containing block chain[css-position-3](#)

#3185 opened an hour ago by Loiroorioi

[\[css-ui-4\]\[css-tables-3\]](#) should table outlines surround captions too? [css-tables-3](#) [css-ui-4](#)

#3184 opened 11 hours ago by heycam

2

[\[css-syntax\]](#) Add background-rotate property that we just have to rotate the background without affecting the text and only one layer

#3183 opened a day ago by piaoxuelia

4

[\[css-syntax\]](#) Correctly handle "escaped EOF"

#3182 opened 3 days ago by tabatkins

[\[css-inline-3\]](#) Clarify alignment values [css-inline-3](#)

#3181 opened 3 days ago by fantasai

<https://github.com/w3c/csswg-drafts/issues>[css-writing-modes-4](#)

#3175 opened 4 days ago by upsuper

# Firefox 62

**CSS Shapes, Shape Path Editor, Variable Fonts**

**<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Mozilla/Firefox/Releases/62>**

# Firefox 63

**gap, row-gap and column-gap in Flex Layout**

**<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Mozilla/Firefox/Releases/63>**

# Chrome 69

**Scroll Snap, display cutouts, conic gradients**

**<https://developers.google.com/web/updates/2018/09/nic69>**

# Edge HTML 17

Variable fonts

<https://blogs.windows.com/msedgedev/2018/04/30/edgehtml-17-april-2018-update/>

# Thank you

<https://noti.st/rachelandrew/es94DQ>