

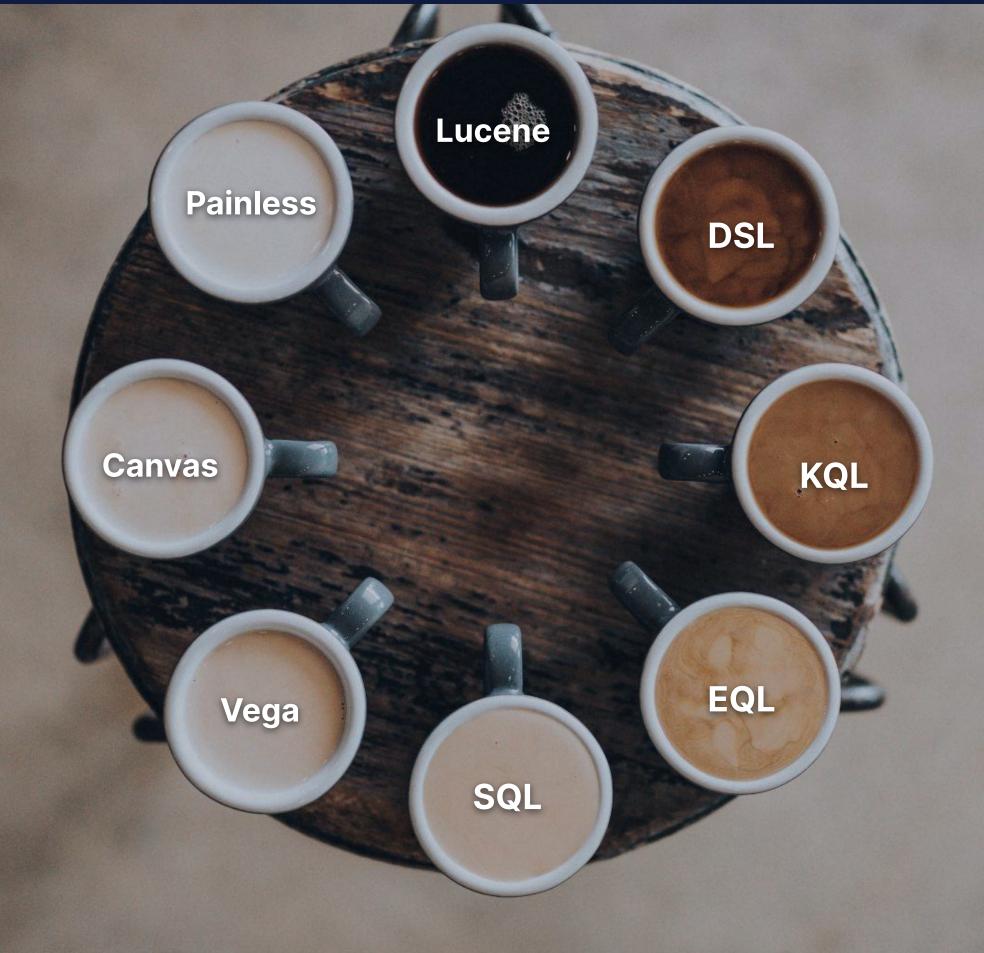
# Elasticsearch Query Language ES QL

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Developer | Evangelist







Elastic and Kibana support a number of query languages



#### A brief history of Elasticsearch's analytical capabilities



Elasticsearch 0.9

**Facets** 

Elasticsearch < 0.90

Facet terms-stats

Elasticsearch 1.0

Aggregations

Elasticsearch 2.0

Pipeline aggregations

Elasticsearch 8.11

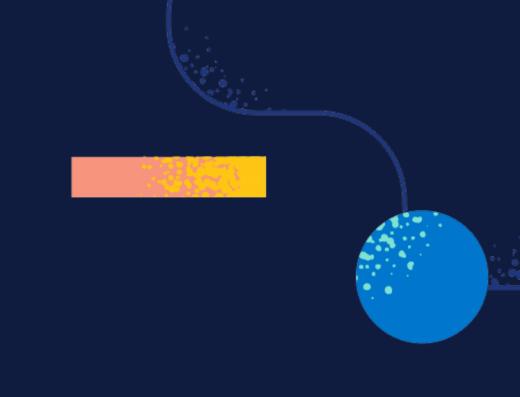
ES | QL



## ES QL

- Language
- Engine
- Visualization





## ES QL

the language





## **ES QL Features**

- Unstructured and structured data
- Piped query language
- SQL-like filtering and data manipulation
- Lookups



## ES QL commands

Source (From, Row)

Filter (Where)

Processing (Eval)

Aggregation (Stats)

TopN (Sort + Limit)

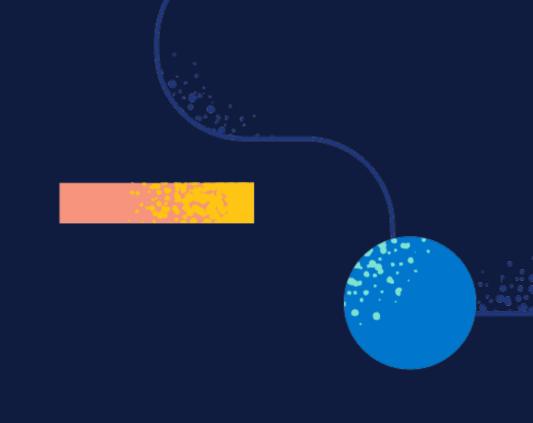
Expansion (Enrich, MV\_Exand)

Extraction (Dissect, Grok)

#### 75+ functions:

- 10 aggregate
- 20+ math
- 10+ string
- 7 date-time
- 15 conversion
- 4 conditionals
- 12 multi-value / mv\_





# ES QL

the engine





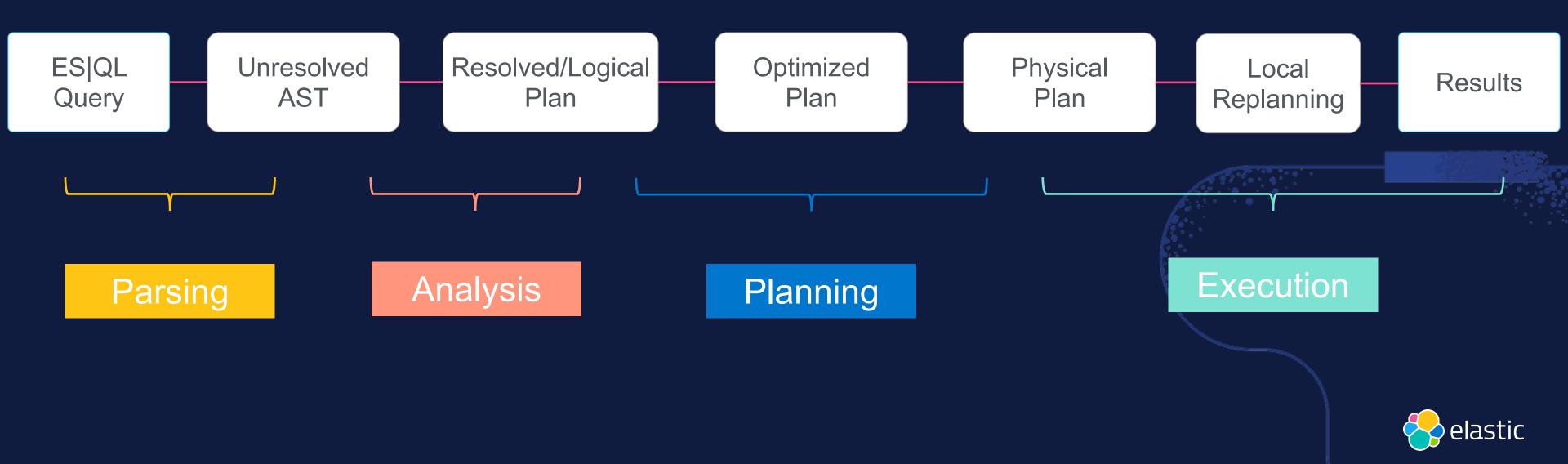
## 36

The new ES QL execution engine was designed with performance in mind — it operates on blocks at a time instead of per row, targets vectorization and cache locality, and embraces specialization and multi-threading. It is a separate component from the existing Elasticsearch aggregation framework with different performance characteristics.



### Query planner

- ✓ Flexible distributed execution
- Allow multiple roundtrips



### Compute engine

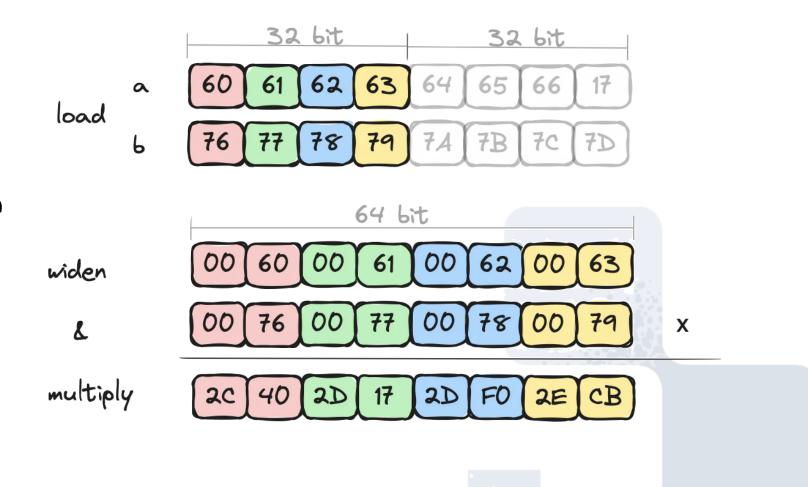
- ✓ Tabular data representation
- From 1 thread per shard to many
- Spilling to disk if needed
- Streaming of data across nodes



#### Vectorization

"convert from a scalar implementation, which processes a single pair of operands at a time, to a vector implementation, which processes one operation on multiple pairs of operands at once."

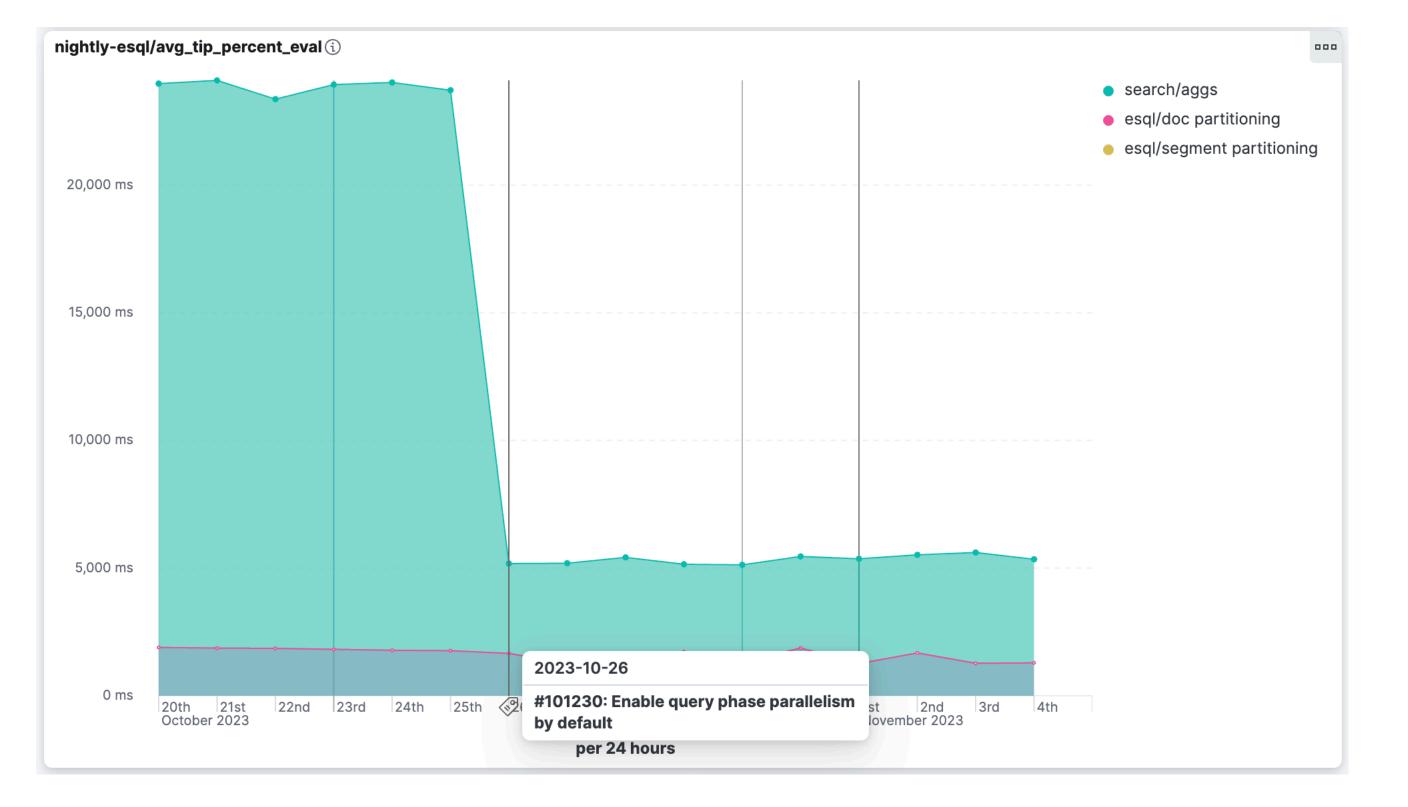
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
$$c[i] = a[i] + b[i];$$





#### **Benchmarks**

https://elasticsearch-benchmarks.elastic.co/#tracks/esql/nightly/default/30d

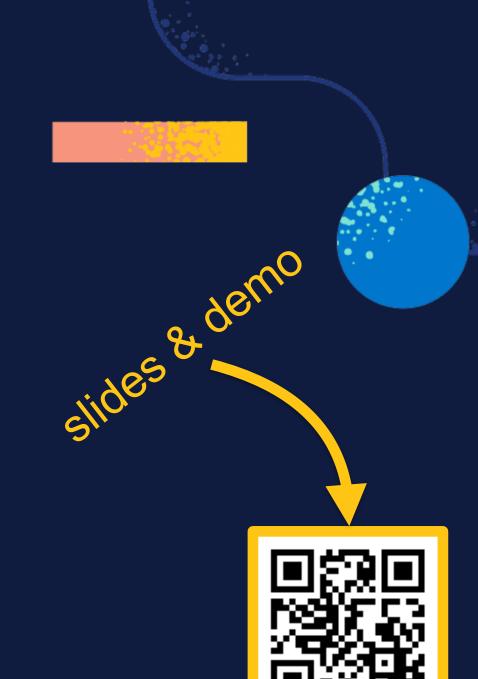






in action

https://github.com/dadoonet/esql-demo





#### Ways to consume ES | QL results

Each language client will offer a selection of projections relevant to that language ecosystem.

Users can consume raw data directly from the server output in one of several formats.

## **Text**

**Object / Dict** 

For mapping domain

objects within a client

application

Human-readable format ideal for interactive work, CLIs, etc

Cursor

For incremental consumption of results, with implicit pagination

**CSV** 

Raw CSV data to load

directly into

spreadsheets and ETL

processes

#### **DataFrame**

For data science and analytics; integration with frameworks like Pandas

#### **Bring your** own

**Custom projections** built atop raw server output

#### **JSON**

Structured response containing metadata and data in a 2D value array

**Apache Arrow** 

Dataframe IPC format



#### **Object API**

https://github.com/dadoonet/elasticsearch-java-client-demo

```
String query = """
    FROM persons
      WHERE name == "David"
      KEEP name
      LIMIT 1
Iterable<Person> persons = client.esql()
    .query(ObjectsEsqlAdapter.of(Person.class), query);
for (Person person : persons) {
    assertNull(person.getId());
    assertNotNull(person.getName());
```



#### ResultSet JDBC API

https://github.com/dadoonet/elasticsearch-java-client-demo

```
String query =
    FROM persons
      WHERE name == "David"
      KEEP name
      LIMIT 1
try (ResultSet resultSet = client.esql()
    .query(ResultSetEsqlAdapter.INSTANCE, query)) {
        assertTrue(resultSet.next());
        assertEquals("David", resultSet.getString(1));
```

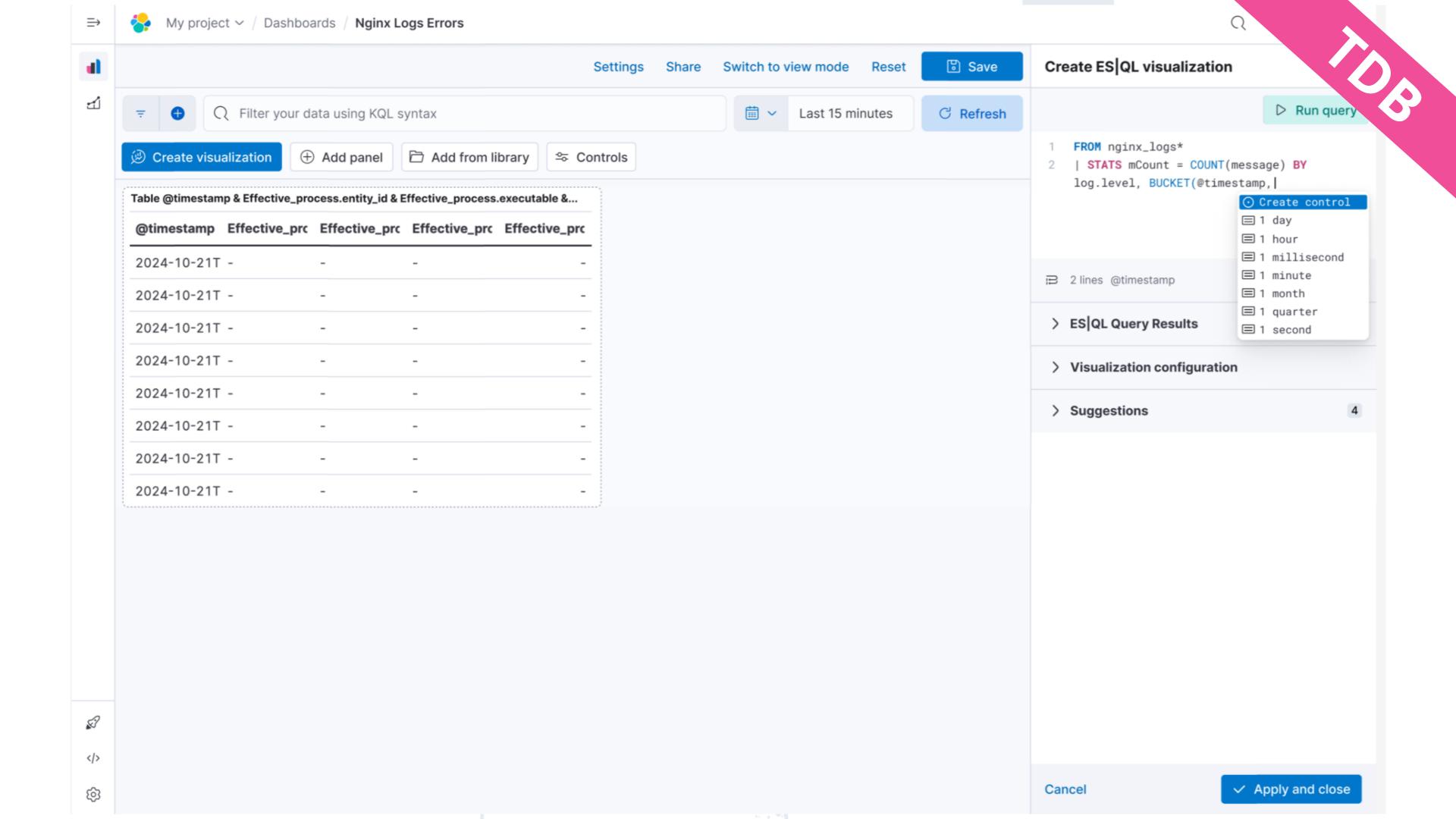


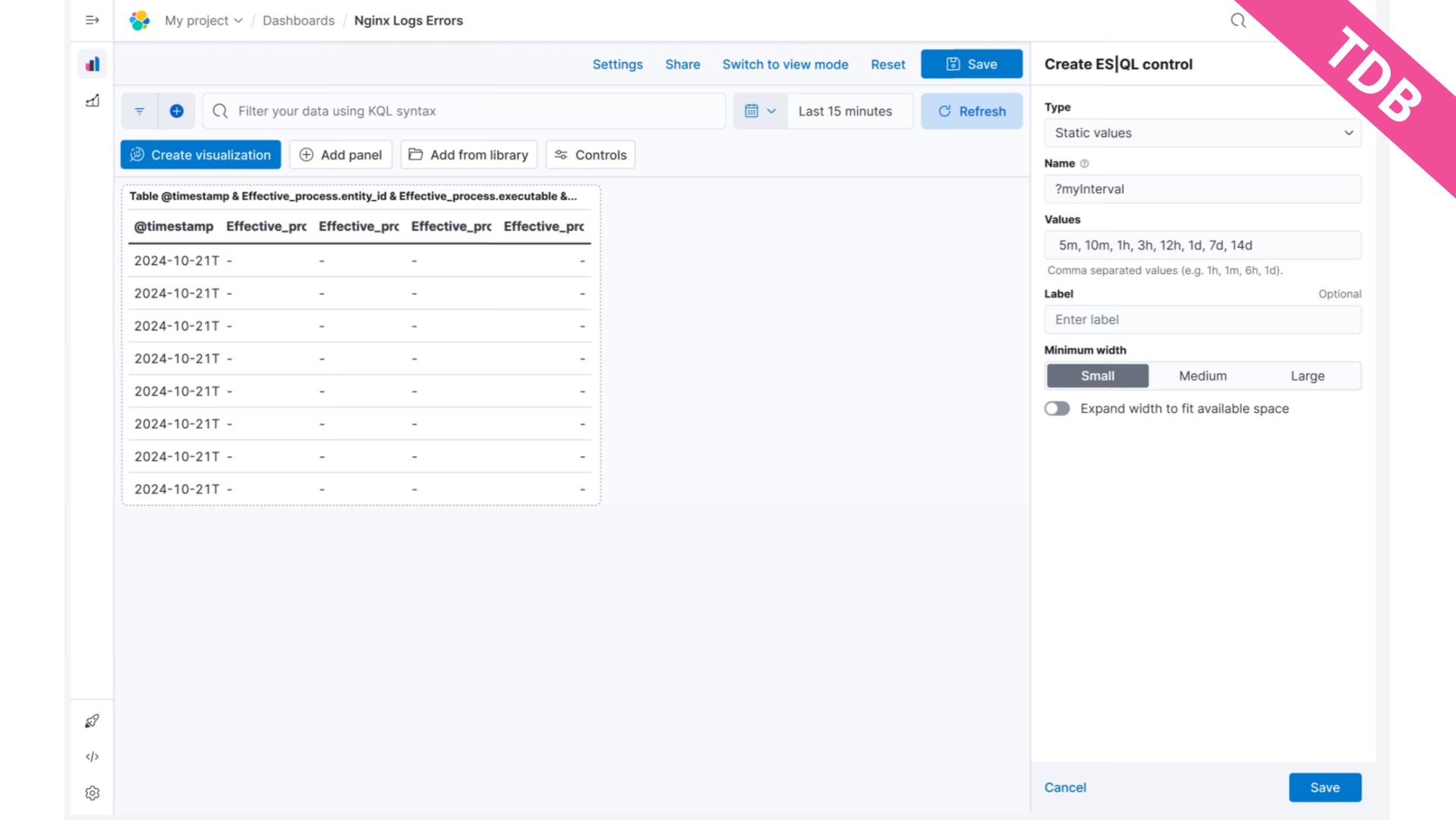


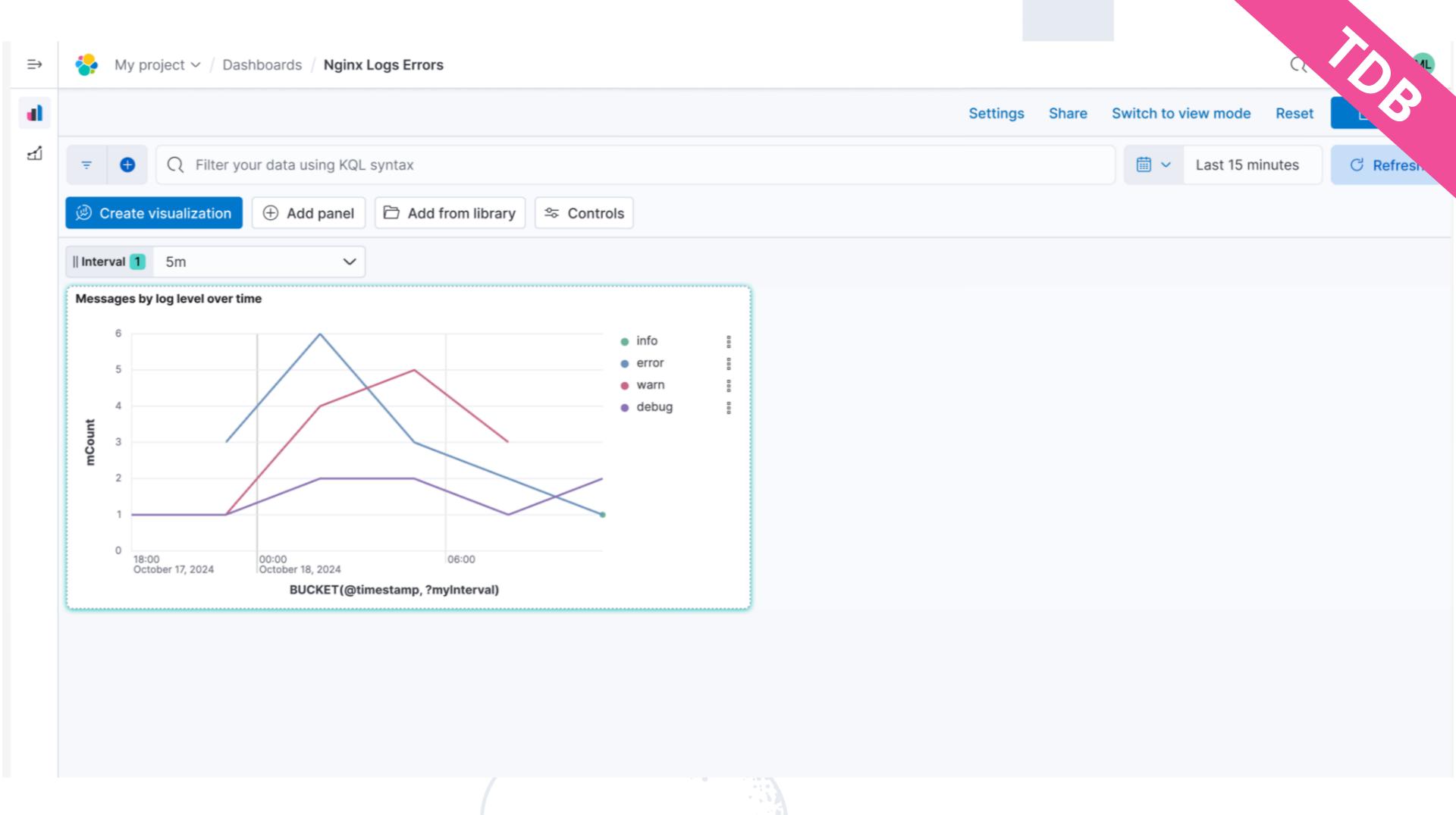
# A better dashboard experience with named parameters

```
POST /_query
 "query": """
    from logs-*
     stats x = ?function(?field) by ?breakdownField
      where x >= ?value
 11 11 11
 "params": [
    {"function" : {"identifier" : "avg"}},
    {"field" : {"identifier" : "network.bytes"}},
    {"breakdownField" : {"identifier" : "agent.name"}},
    {"value": 1000}
```













```
Coming next
```

```
WHERE MATCH(actors, "Marlon*")
```

WHERE QSTR("bytes:[1024 TO 2048]")





### Coming next

WHERE KQL("bytes>=1024")



#### JOINS!

```
joinType JOIN indexName (AS qualifier)? condition?
joinType: LOOKUP | LEFT | RIGHT | INNER

condition:
   ON identifier == identifier
| USING identifier
```

INLINESTATS total\_visits = COUNT()

```
FROM employees
| SORT emp_no
| LOOKUP JOIN languages_lookup ON language_code
| KEEP emp_no, language_name
```

- No need to create an enrich policy
- A drag and drop experience in the UI





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