

# SECURING DISTRIBUTED SOFTWARE

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DEALING WITH BUGS ON A  
PROJECT WITH RESIDENT  
DEVS IS EASY

# FOR AN UPDATE TO A DEPENDANCY

- > READ ABOUT AN UPDATE
- > DOWNLOAD AND TEST THE PATCH
  - > PUSH IT TO PRODUCTION

# FOR YOUR OWN CODE

- > IDENTIFY THE PROBLEM
  - > FIX THE PROBLEM
  - > TEST THE PATCH
- > PUSH IT TO PRODUCTION

DEALING WITH BUGS AS A  
LIBRARY MAINTAINER IS  
EASY

# BUGS IN LIBRARIES

- > IDENTIFY THE PROBLEM
  - > FIX THE PROBLEM
  - > TEST THE PATCH
- > PUBLISH A NEW RELEASE
- > ANNOUNCE THAT USERS SHOULD UPDATE

BUT WHAT HAPPENS FOR  
THINGS THAT FALL IN  
BETWEEN?

**PERCH** IS A SELF-HOSTED  
CONTENT MANAGEMENT  
SYSTEM

# PERCH

- > PHP + MYSQL
- > (GD, IMAGICK ETC)
- > THE WORDPRESS STACK

# AN ANTIDOTE TO WORDPRESS

# PERCH

- > NO RELIANCE ON DOZENS OF THIRD PARTY PLUGINS
  - > STABLE AND RELIABLE, SET AND FORGET
- > UPDATE WHEN YOU WORK ON THE SITE, NOT IN BETWEEN
  - > EXCELLENT SECURITY TRACK RECORD

**PROJECT-WORK FRIENDLY**

**EXCELLENT SECURITY**  
**TRACK RECORD**

**FROM MAY 2009 TO NOVEMBER 2015:  
NO EXPLOITABLE SECURITY ISSUES**

WE GOT AN EMAIL...

FROM A USER SAYING THEY COULD HACK OUR ONLINE DEMO  
SERVER AND DOWNLOAD A LIST OF ALL OUR CUSTOMERS AND  
WOULD WE PAY THEM FOR THIS INFORMATION?

WE KNEW TWO THINGS

- 1. THEY COULDN'T ACCESS OUR CUSTOMER DATA, AT MOST THEY COULD GET THE NAMES AND EMAIL ADDRESSES OF 100 OR SO CURRENT DEMO USERS (IT'S ALL SANDBOXED)**
- 2. WE DON'T NEGOTIATE WITH TERRORISTS**

THEY FAILED TO REALISE  
WE COULD JUST LOOK AT  
OUR LOGS

# FROM THE LOGS

- > I COULD SEE THEY'D UPLOADED A **PHP WEBSHELL**
- > I COULD SEE HOW THEY'D UPLOADED IT, WHICH LEAD ME DIRECTLY TO THE BUG
- > I COULD ALSO SEE THAT EVEN THOUGH THEY'D UPLOADED IT, OUR SERVER WOULDN'T RUN IT

# WEBSHELL ATTACKS

# WEBSHELL

I WASN'T FAMILIAR WITH THESE

SINGLE PAGE PHP SCRIPT THAT PROVIDES A WEB CONSOLE FOR  
EXECUTING SHELL COMMANDS AND CAUSING HAVOC

# **TWO THINGS** NEED TO HAPPEN FOR THE ATTACK TO WORK

- 1. THE ATTACKER NEEDS TO BE ABLE TO GET THE SCRIPT ONTO THE SERVER**
- 2. THE SCRIPT NEEDS TO BE ABLE TO EXECUTE VIA A STANDARD HTTP REQUEST**

IT WAS **POSSIBLE** TO GET THE FILE ONTO THE  
SERVER

- > OUR DEMO SERVER IS WELL CONFIGURED, SO IT FAILED AT THE  
SECOND PART
  - > THE SCRIPT COULDN'T RUN

PERCH HAS PLUGINS FOR  
USING **RICH EDITORS** ON  
TEXTAREAS

# F'KING WYSIWYG

- > THESE CAN BE PLAIN TEXT, MARKDOWN, TEXTILE, OR HTML
- > AS LONG AS THE EDITOR ENHANCES AN HTML TEXTAREA INPUT,  
IT'LL WORK

# YOU NEED TO WRITE **TWO THINGS**

1. A BIT OF JAVASCRIPT TO INITIALISE THE EDITOR
2. IF THE EDITOR HAS A **FILE UPLOAD BUTTON**, A QUICK PHP SCRIPT TO HANDLE THE FILE UPLOAD VIA OUR API

UH OH. FILE UPLOADS.

# FILE UPLOADS

THE DEFAULT EDITOR WE INCLUDE DOES MARKDOWN AND IS CALLED MARKITUP.

IT HAS A VERY QUICK, SIMPLE IMAGE AND FILE UPLOAD SCRIPT WHICH GRABS THE FILE USES THE PERCH API TO ADD IT AS CONTENT

THE **PERCH API** HAS TWO  
POSSIBLE ENTRY POINTS

**ONE DESIGNED FOR ON-PAGE USE** AS WEB PAGES ARE  
RENDERED

- > **LIGHT, FAST, DOES AS LITTLE WORK AS POSSIBLE**
  - > **'RUNTIME'**

# ONE DESIGNED FOR CONTROL PANEL OPERATIONS

- > MORE COMPLEX, RICHER, DOES FAR MORE TO ASSIST BUT USES MORE RESOURCES
  - > 'ADMIN'
    - > CHECKS AUTHENTICATION
    - > CHECKS AUTHENTICATION
    - > CHECKS AUTHENTICATION

**CHECKS AUTHENTICATION**

THE MARKITUP UPLOAD  
SCRIPT WAS USING THE  
RUNTIME ENTRY POINT

- > SHOULD HAVE BEEN USING THE ADMIN ENTRY POINT
- > FILES COULD BE UPLOADED WITHOUT FIRST CHECKING THAT THE USER WAS AUTHENTICATED

ANYTHING COULD POST A FILE TO THE SCRIPT  
AND IT WOULD UPLOAD IT...

... AND HELPFULLY GET A RESPONSE WITH THE URL TO THE UPLOADED FILE. JEEZ.

BUT WE'RE NOT  
COMPLETELY DAFT

**ALL UPLOADS ARE PROCESSED THROUGH A CENTRAL CLEARING HOUSE THAT DOES BASICS LIKE CHECKING MIME TYPES AND FILE EXTENSIONS**

**YOU CAN'T UPLOAD A FILE TO PERCH IF IT HAS A FILE EXTENSION WITH 'PHP' IN IT (.php. .php3. .php5).**

**THEY GET SAVED AS .php.txt**

THIS HELPS TO ADDRESS THE SECOND PART OF THE ISSUE

THEY CAN UPLOAD THE FILE, BUT IT  
WON'T EXECUTE BECAUSE WE'VE  
DEFUSED THE FILE EXTENSION

# LOOKING AT MY LOG FILES I COULD SEE THIS IN ACTION

```
webshe11.php > webshe11.php.txt
```

```
webshe11.php5 > webshe11.php5.txt
```

## THE DAMAGE WAS:

1. ANYONE CAN UPLOAD FILES TO YOUR WEBSITE (BAD!)
2. BUT THEY COULD UPLOAD AND EXECUTE SCRIPTS (PHEW!)

LOOKING BACK THROUGH SOURCE CONTROL.

THIS PROBLEM HAD  
EXISTED FOR 6 YEARS

- > APART FROM THIS ONE GUY, NO ONE SEEMED TO HAVE FOUND IT
  - > I'D MISSED IT IN DOZENS OF CODE REVIEWS

SO...

> WE FIGURED THE BEST COURSE OF ACTION WAS TO FIX IT SWIFTLY AND MOVE ON WITHOUT DRAWING SPECIFIC ATTENTION TO IT.

> ENTRY IN THE CHANGE LOG SAID:

Fixes bugs in MarkItUp editor

**TIME PASSES**

A FEW WEEKS LATER WE GOT AN EMAIL  
FROM SOMEONE CLAIMING THEIR PERCH  
SITE HAD BEEN HACKED

**WE GET THESE FROM TIME TO TIME - IT'S ALWAYS SOMETHING  
ELSE ON THE SERVER, OR THE SERVER ITSELF**

EXCEPT THEN WE GOT **ANOTHER** WITH THE SAME SYMPTOMS

AND ANOTHER, BUT WITH MORE INFORMATION. A **WEBSHELL** HAD BEEN UPLOADED TO THE PERCH RESOURCES FOLDER WITH A .phtml EXTENSION.

.phtml

THIS WAS A NEW ONE ON ME

I HAD NO IDEA IT WAS USED FOR PHP

`.phtml` WAS THE FILE EXTENSION FOR

PHP 2

**.php files COULD BE UPLOADED WITHOUT BEING DEFUSED**

**WHICH WAS NO BIG DEAL BECAUSE WE DON'T HAVE OUR WEB  
SERVERS CONFIGURED TO RUN RANDOM FILE EXTENSIONS WE'VE  
NEVER HEARD OF. SO NO PROBLEM.**

**... BUT WAIT.**

SOME OF OUR CUSTOMERS  
USE REALLY TERRIBLE  
HOSTING

**WHICH IS BADLY CONFIGURED  
AND MIGHT BE EXPECTING PHP 2 FILES  
TO BE UPLOADED**

**CRAP**

THIS PUT US IN AN ODD  
SITUATION

- > A BUG IN THE SOFTWARE WAS BEING EXPLOITED
  - > BUT WE'D ALREADY FIXED IT WEEKS AGO
- > BUT CUSTOMERS WEREN'T UPDATING THEIR SOFTWARE SO THEY WERE STILL VULNERABLE

THE **VENN DIAGRAM** OF CUSTOMERS ON  
BAD HOSTING AND CUSTOMERS  
UNLIKELY TO APPLY SOFTWARE  
UPDATES **IS ALMOST A PERFECT CIRCLE**

EVEN IF WE MADE A LOT OF NOISE  
ABOUT THIS, WE POSSIBLY WOULDN'T  
EVEN REACH THE PEOPLE AFFECTED.  
AND THEY MIGHT NOT BE IN A POSITION  
TO DO ANYTHING

WE HAD CUSTOMERS ON VERY OLD VERSIONS OF THE SOFTWARE

**SOMETIMES UP TO 4 OR 5 YEARS OLD.**

UPDATING TO THE CURRENT VERSION WOULD BE A CHARGEABLE PROJECT THAT WOULD REQUIRE  
PLANNING AND SCHEDULING.

SO WHAT DO YOU DO?

YOU MAKE 79 INDIVIDUAL  
PATCH FILES

**WE PRODUCED A DROP-IN REPLACEMENT FILE FOR 79 PREVIOUS  
RELEASES OF PERCH**

**UPDATING A SITE WAS A CASE OF FINDING YOUR VERSION.  
DOWNLOADING THE PATCH, UPLOADING IT TO YOUR SITE**

**GUARANTEED TO CHANGE NOTHING ELSE BUT PATCHING THE BUG**

THIS WAS IMPORTANT AS IT NEEDED TO BE **SAFE TO DO TO A LIVE SITE**

IF ANYTHING NEEDED TESTING, IT WOULD NEED TIME SCHEDULING  
AND IT WOULDN'T GET DONE

WE EMAILED CUSTOMERS AND STRESSED THAT THERE WAS AN  
**IMPORTANT SECURITY UPDATE** THAT NEEDED APPLYING STRAIGHT  
AWAY

# Downsides

- > GENERATING 79 PATCHES IS LABORIOUS
- > WE HAVE NO WAY TO EASILY SEE IF A SITE IS PATCHED
- > THAT ONE FILE DOESN'T AFFECT THE PART OF THE APP THAT REPORTS ITS VERSION NUMBER
- > (WE COULD TACKLE THIS VARIOUS WAYS IF IT BECAME AN ISSUE)

# UPSIDES

- > A EASY FIX GAVE CUSTOMERS CONFIDENCE THAT WE WERE ON TOP OF THE PROBLEM
  - > A QUICK AND SAFE-TO-APPLY UPDATE MEANT THAT CUSTOMERS ACTUALLY UPDATED
  - > ...OR ENOUGH UPDATED THAT IT WASN'T WORTHWHILE ATTACKERS TO CONTINUE TO WASTE ENERGY ON

WHAT WE LEARNED

# 1. TAKE MINOR SECURITY BUGS SERIOUSLY

AS THEY CAN OPEN THE DOOR TO MAJOR ONES

## 2. MAKE IT REALLY EASY

IF YOU NEED PEOPLE TO UPDATE, ELSE THEY'LL PUT IT OFF

# 3. FINDING SERIOUS BUGS IN YOUR OWN CODE MAKES YOU FEEL REALLY BAD

BUT THAT'S OK, YOU SHOULD FEEL BAD.

**THANKS!**

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