

Day 2 Kubernetes Beyond the install

Paul Czarkowski Principal Technologist

@pczarkowski
github.com/paulczar



















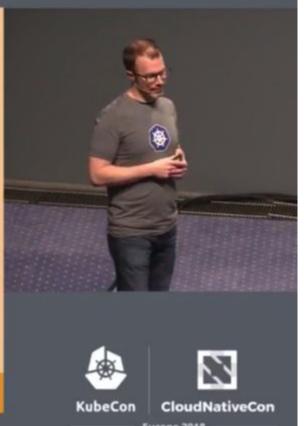








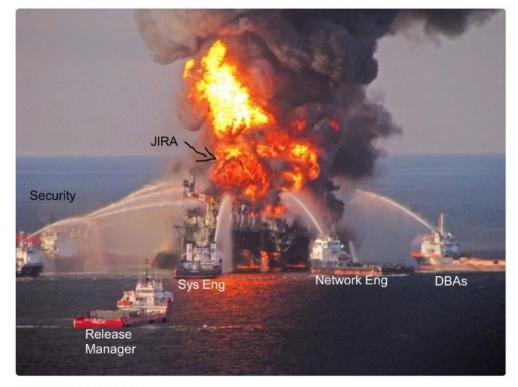
Successful Kubernetes
deployments are just
as much a cultural challenge
as they are technical.



Europe 2018



Enterprise DevOps



11:16 AM - 11 Jun 2018



















People are the most important component of any platform.

"Organizations which design systems ... are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations." - Conways Law



Control loops

Drive current state -> desired state

Act independently

APIs - no shortcuts or back doors

Observed state is truth

Recurring pattern in the system

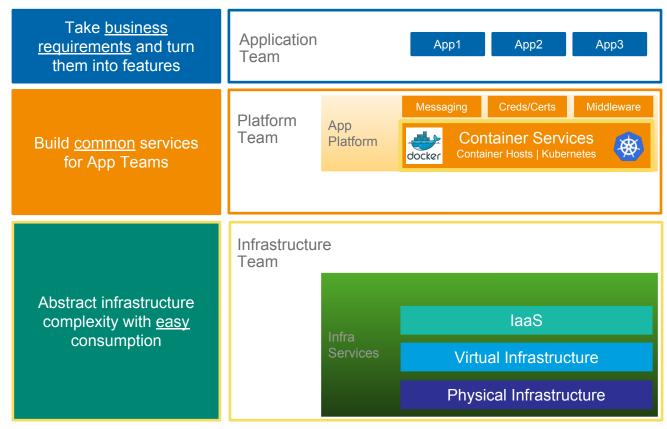
Example: ReplicationController





https://www.slideshare.net/SatnamSingh67/2015-0605-cluster-management-with-kubernetes

Evolve your IT teams!





"In general, taking something that's already working somewhere and expanding its usage (capabilities) is far more likely to succeed than building these capabilities from scratch"

DevOps Handbook

HOW TO CREATE WORLD-CLASS AGILITY, RELIABILITY, & SECURITY IN TECHNOLOGY ORGANIZATIONS



Day 1 - Build

Day 2 - Operate & Enhance

Development The team can make progress in developing new features for the platform

CI/CD CI/CD pipelines drive the testing and promotion of artifacts

Consistency Provide a consistent setup experience, across different environment configurations.

Setup time How long does it take to setup a real world working environment? Think hours, not weeks.

Patches Patching App and System components as CVEs occur

Scaling Seamlessly scale platform components to accommodate changing demand.

Upgrades. How do you roll out new versions of the platform with the lights on?

Operating Effort Operating the platform should require very few resources and minimum manual intervention. Otherwise, you will be spending lots on operational support!



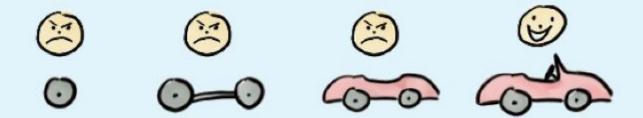


Cant tell if london underground map or openstack architecture diagram.





Not like this...

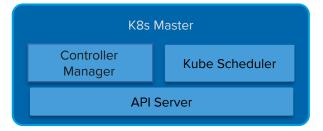


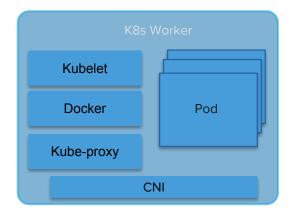
Like this...

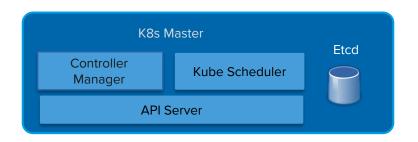


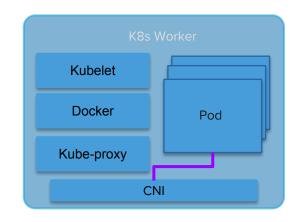
Created by Henrick Kniberg



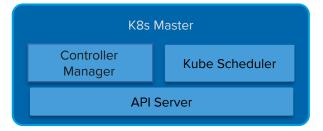


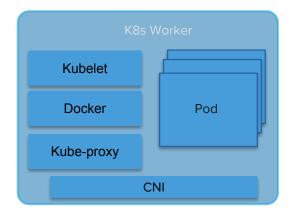








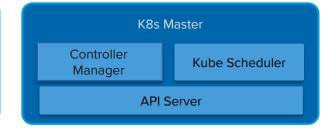


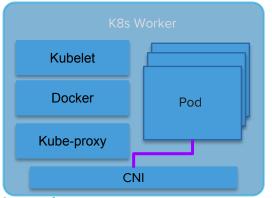


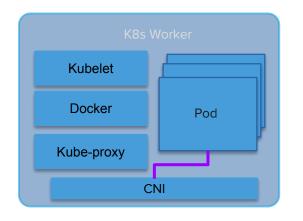


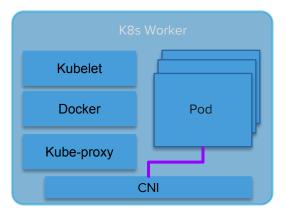
Controller
Manager

API Server

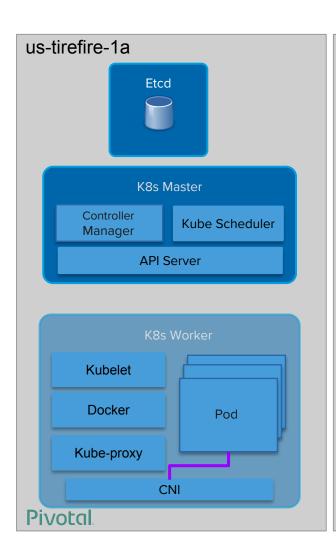


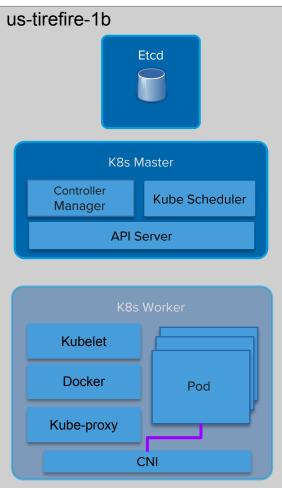


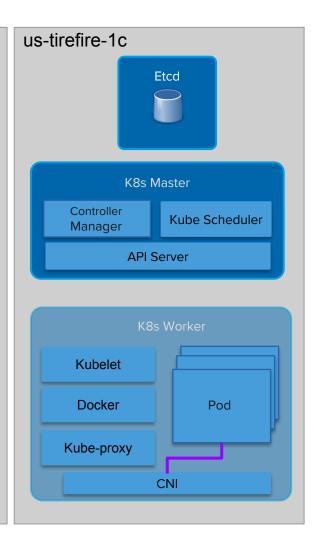




Pivotal



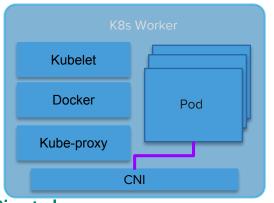


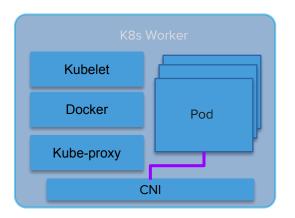


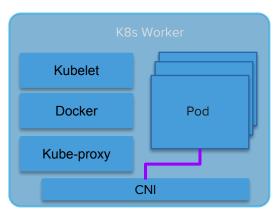










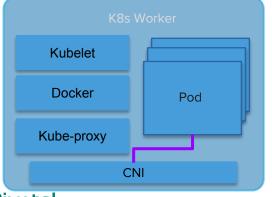


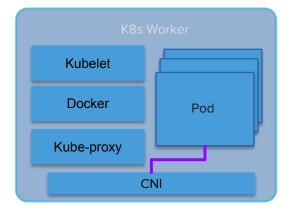
Pivotal

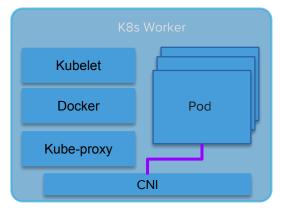












Pivotal

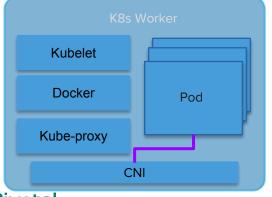


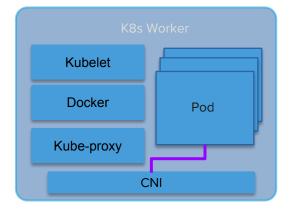


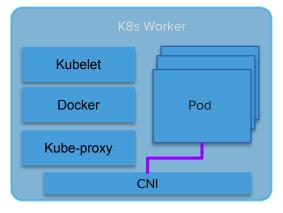










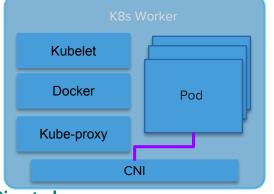


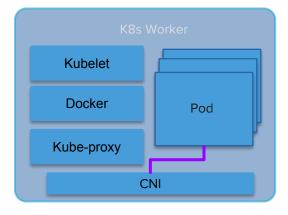
Pivotal

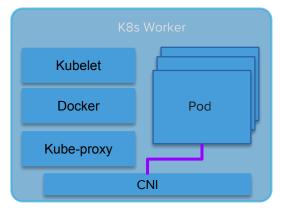










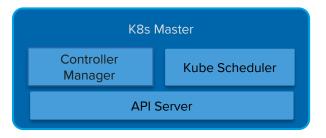


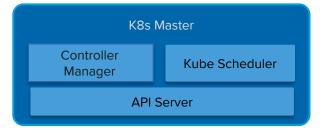
Pivotal

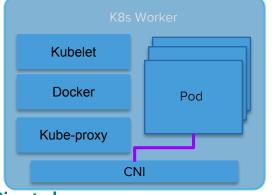


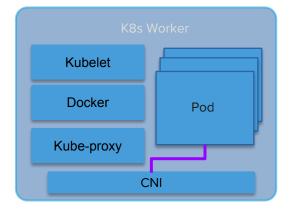


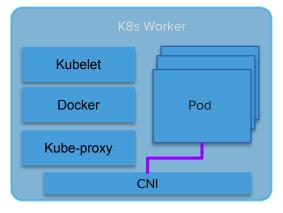








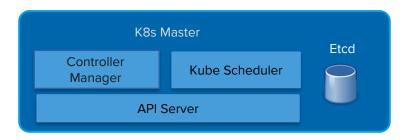


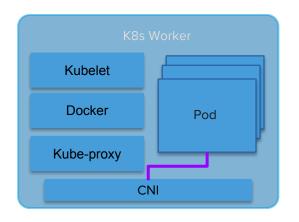


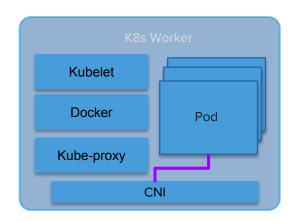
Pivotal

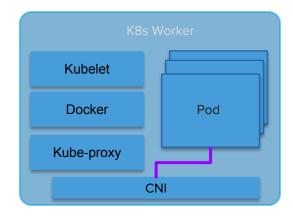


http://www.bsielearning.com.au/keep-simple-stupid/







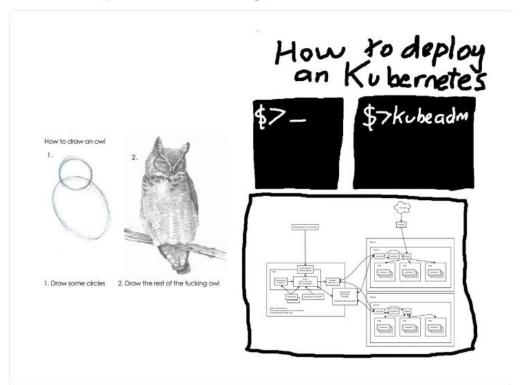


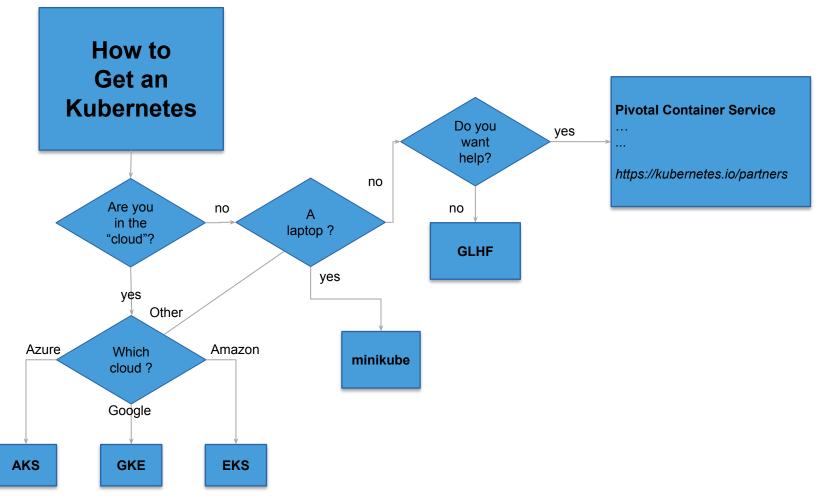
Pivotal.



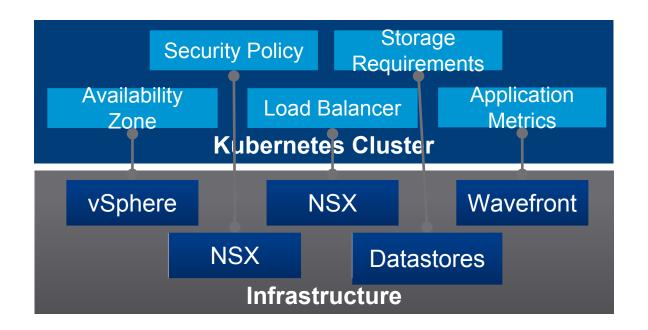


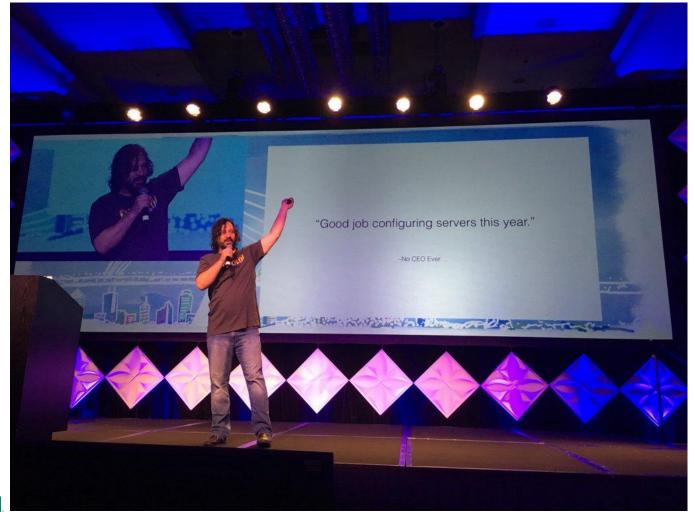
Did you know that Deploying an Kubernetes is as simple as drawing an Owl?













https://docs-cfcr.cfapps.io/



https://github.com/kubernetes-incubator/kubespray



https://github.com/openshift/origin

Kubespray

https://github.com/kubernetes-incubator/kubespray

- Ansible based, so very approachable
- An official Kubernetes (incubator) project
- Good support for CNIs and Cloud Providers
- Combine with one of the Ansible Hardening projects
 - https://github.com/dev-sec/ansible-os-hardening
 - https://github.com/openstack/ansible-hardening

gitops

- Deployed Platform == code repo + environment repo
 - Ansible Playbook + Inventory
 - Bosh Release + Manifest
- Keep it all in git!
 - Fork upstream repo... if only to ensure it doesn't get changed from under you
 - Inventory/Manifest is probably YAML ... perfect to be stored in git.
 - One repo for all envs, or a repo per env ... either is fine.
- Consider using a gitops focussed wrapper around ansible
 - Ursula-cli (<u>https://github.com/blueboxgroup/ursula-cli</u>)
 - Gosible (https://github.com/paulczar/gosible)
 - Molecule (https://github.com/metacloud/molecule)
- Use Jenkins or similar to run tests, deploy test envs, push to prod???
 - But probably not full on Continuous Delivery ... risks are very high!



Validate and Backup

Validate your Kubernetes cluster is conformant!

https://github.com/heptio/sonobuoy

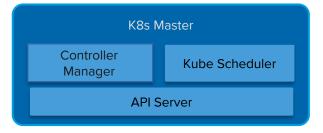
Backup your Kubernetes cluster state!

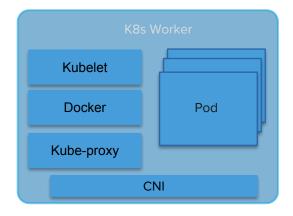
https://github.com/heptio/ark

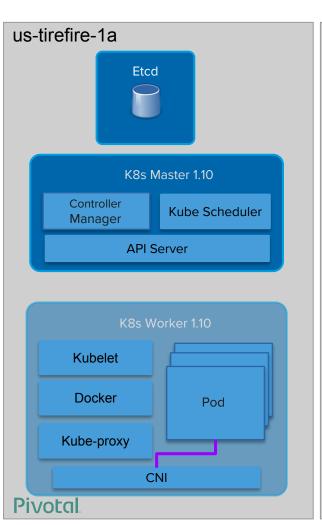


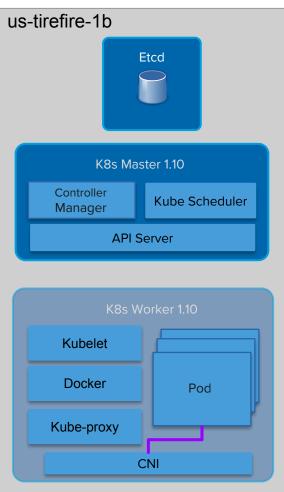


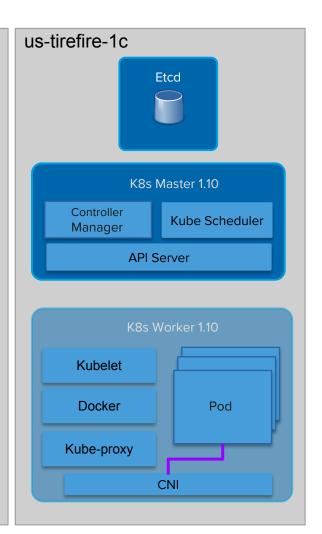


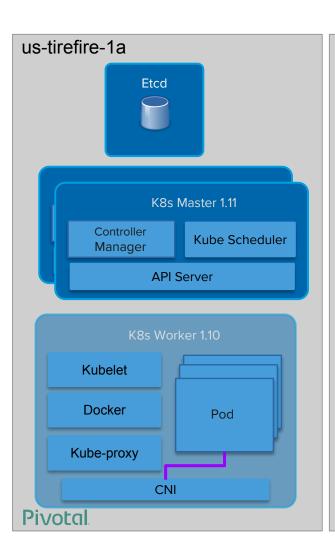


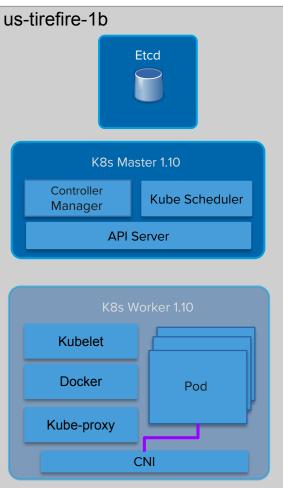


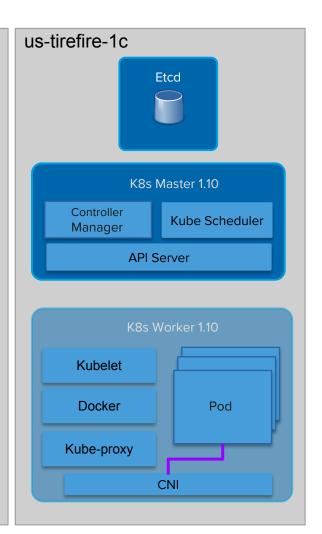


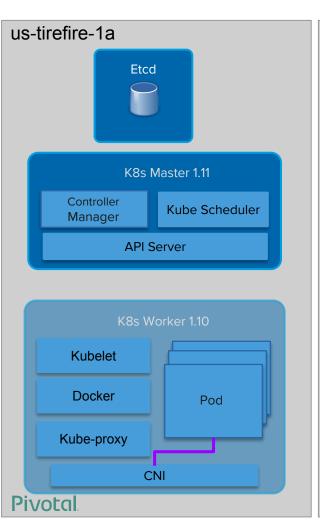


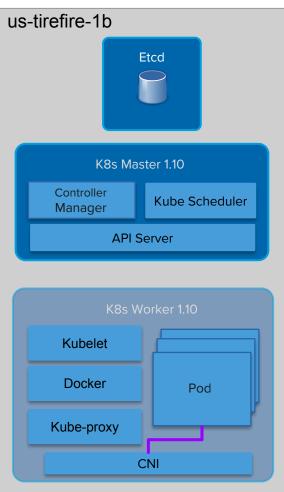


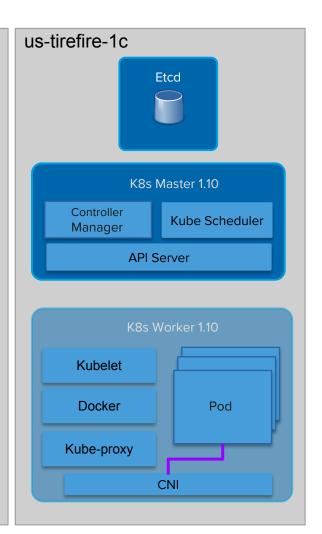


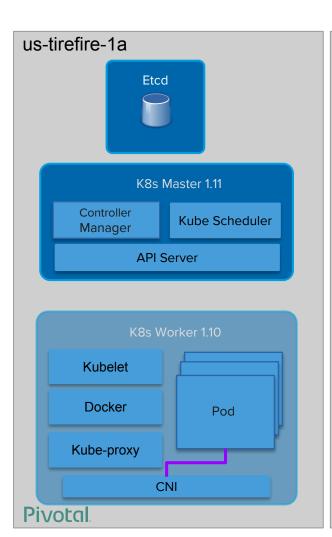


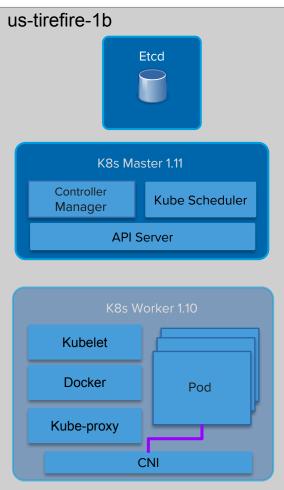


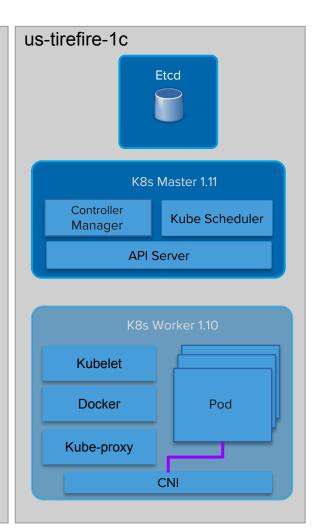


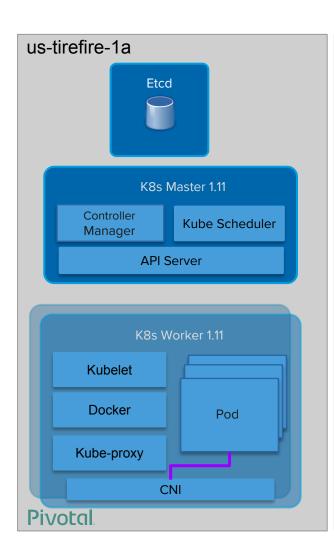


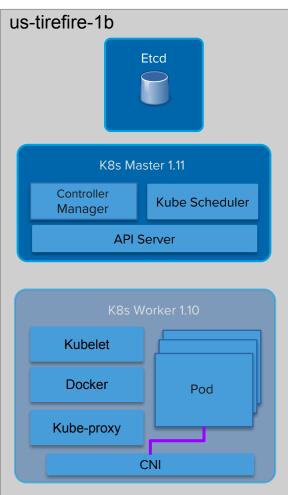


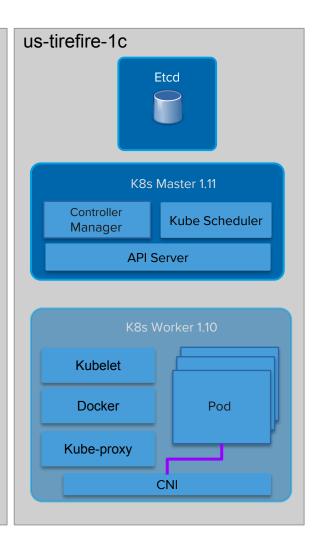


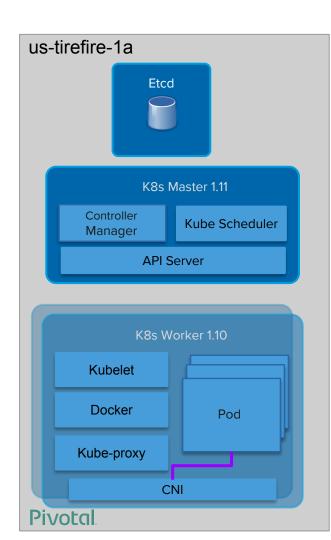


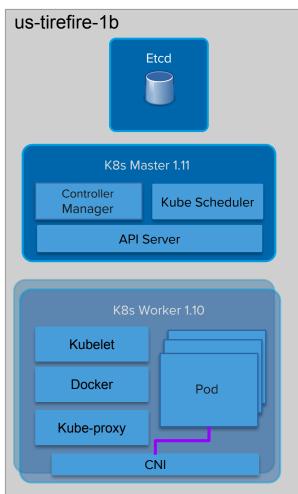


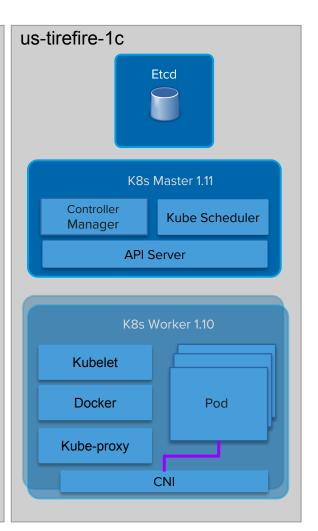


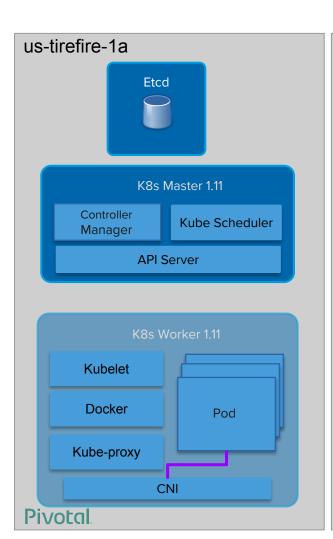


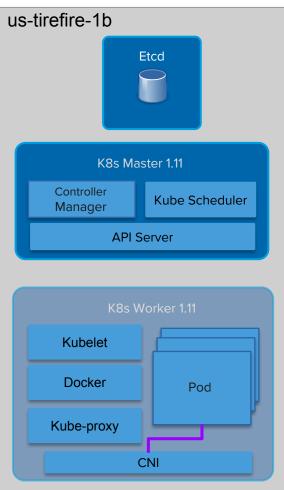


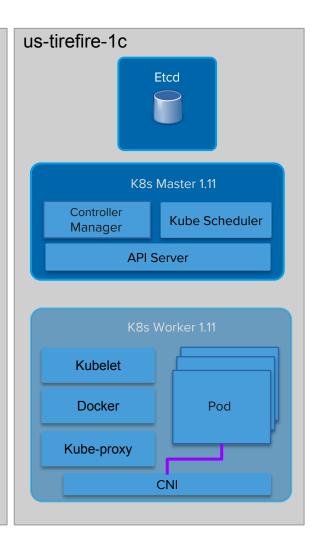














Monitoring / Logging - The Platform

Server Agents

- Install as binaries / containers on the underlying OS
- No chicken and egg problems
- Extra devops toil (config management etc)
- Direct access to system metrics and logs
- Can use existing tools / processes

Daemonsets

- Run in Kubernetes on each node as daemonset
- If Kubernetes is broken, will the monitoring daemonset be broken?
- Have to be able to dockerize the agent
- Privileged containers / host volumes to access system metrics and logs
- Masters also have to be workers or can't run daemonset on them.

Monitoring / Logging - Workloads

Kubernetes Metrics API

- Basic point in time pod/node metrics
- \$ kubectl top {node,pod}
- Adaptors for Prometheus / Graphite / etc

Kubernetes logging

- Kubernetes configures docker to log all Pod stdout/sterr to a file
- \$ kubectl logs <name-of-pod>
- Need daemonset or agent to read k8s logs from filesystem
- EFK Elastic, Fluent, Kibana

Authentication / Access Control

- Node vs ABAC vs RBAC
- Service Accounts managed inside kubernetes
- User Accounts managed outside kubernetes
 - OpenID Connect
 - Ldap / AD
 - Oauth2
 - Etc

- Secure your Kubernetes Dashboard silly!
 - Everything is TLS encrypted Right?

```
$ kubectl auth can-i create deployments --namespace dev
yes
$ kubectl auth can-i create deployments --namespace prod
no
```









Value!!aving

benefit





Business Company

121 innesteur geun von Fringsta nach Fysion (ISES No. 105-496 Feb. 2 Fair COLANA FRO. 1

Bill to: Curabitur auspipt, LTD 455 Pellertesque, Aliquet 3W st., SUO, 9999 987-658-321

No. Description

Replatforming vs Modernization for PKS

Lift & Shift / Replatforming

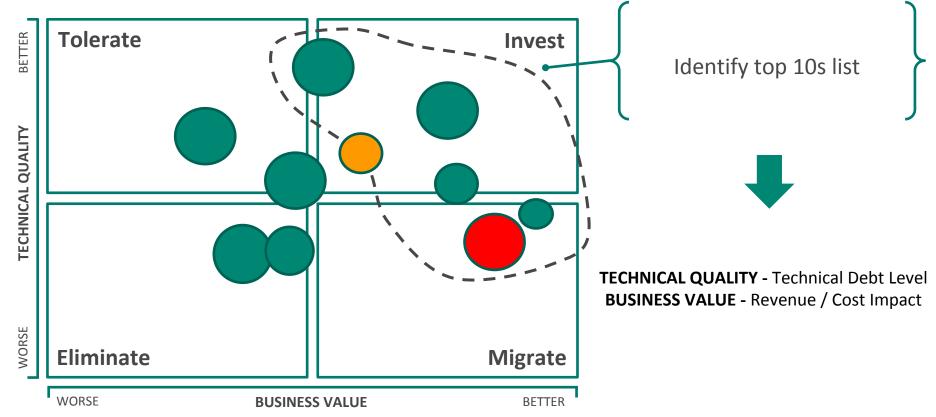
- Lift and Shift with "<u>just enough modernization</u>"
- You may not have access to the code
- Revisit decisions made in Greenfield time
 - Around CI/CD process
- Get some quick wins through platform capabilities
 - Reduced operating and infrastructure cost
 - Improved speed to deploy & scale
 - Faster patching of kernel level vulnerabilities

Modernization

- Leverage features in modern cloud platforms
 - Blue/Green deploys
 - Auto-healing
 - Auto-scaling
 - Advanced routing/networking automation
- Design and build based on known Cloud Native patterns
- Longer term investment in the application
- Likey you need access to the code
- Plus everything mentioned in "replatforming"



TIME Methodology



^{*} Gartner's TIME methodology for Application Portfolio Rationalization



Identify 5-10 apps confirmed as suitable to run on PKS

2

Work on a short project to push a few apps all the way to prod and measure the ROI metrics



How We Think about the Business Case



PLATFORM VALUE STREAM AND METRICS

Pivotal

Transforming How The World Builds Software