OVHcloud

FrontSide

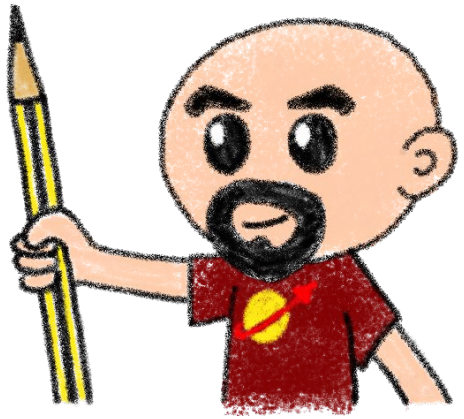
Design, develop and manage a catalog of Web Components

Horacio Gonzalez

2020-10-15

Who are we?

Introducing myself and introducing ~~OVH~~ OVHcloud

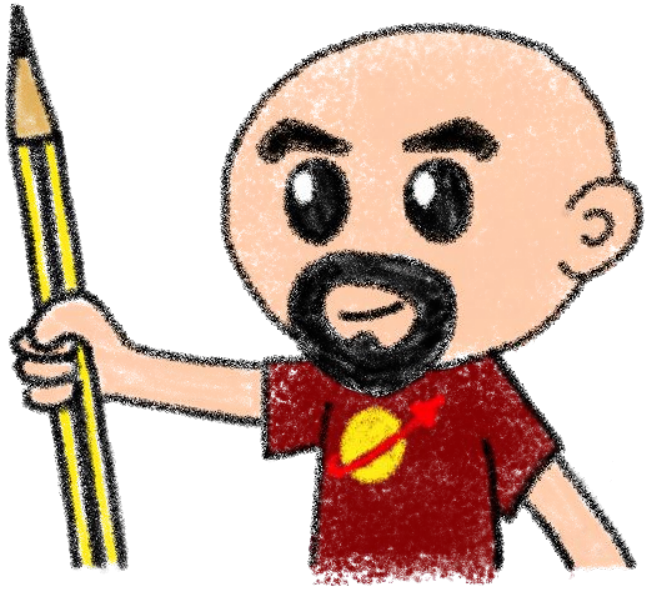


Horacio Gonzalez

FrontSide

@LostInBrittany

Spaniard lost in Brittany, developer, dreamer and all-around geek



Le Halloween des Speakers

Finist Devs

DevFest du Bout du Monde

Google Developers Experts 2019
Web Technologies
GDE
Flutter

OVHcloud

DevRel Leader

OVHcloud: A global leader

FrontSide

- **Web Cloud & Telcom**
- **Private Cloud**
- **Public Cloud**
- **Storage**
- **Network & Security**

- **30 Data Centers** in 12 locations
- **34 Points of Presence** on a 20 TBPS Bandwidth Network
- **2200 Employees** worldwide
- **115K Private Cloud** VMS running
- **300K Public Cloud** instances running
- **380K Physical Servers** running in our data centers
- **1 Million+ Servers** produced since 1999
- **1.5 Million Customers** across 132 countries
- **3.8 Million Websites** hosting
- **1.5 Billion Euros Invested** since 2016
- **P.U.E. 1.09** Energy efficiency indicator
- **20 Years in Business** Disrupting since 1999

The 3 minutes context

What the heck are web component?

Web Components

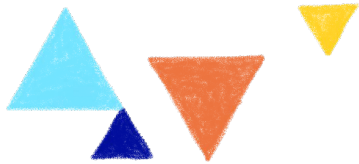
FrontSide

Web standard W3C

Web Components

Available in all modern browsers:

Firefox, Safari, Chrome

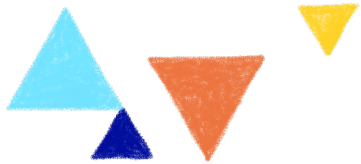


Web Components

FrontSide

Create your own HTML tags

Encapsulating look and behavior

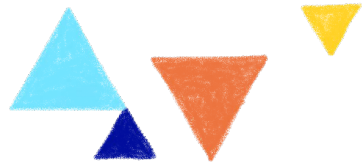


Web Components

FrontSide

Fully interoperable

With other web components, with any framework



Web Components

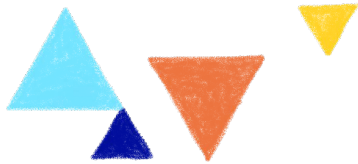
FrontSide

</>

CUSTOM ELEMENTS

SHADOW DOM

TEMPLATES

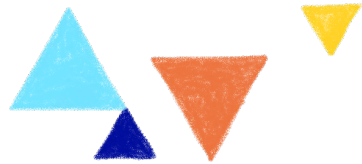


Custom Element

FrontSide

</> To define your own HTML tag

```
<body>
  ...
  <script>
    window.customElements.define('my-element',
      class extends HTMLElement {...});
  </script>
  <my-element></my-element>
</body>
```

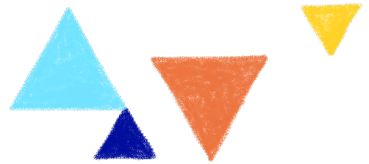


Shadow DOM

FrontSide

To encapsulate subtree and style in an element


```
<button>Hello, world!</button>
<script>
var host = document.querySelector('button');
const shadowRoot = host.attachShadow({mode:'open'});
shadowRoot.textContent = 'こんにちは、影の世界!';
</script>
```

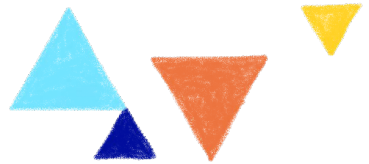


Template

To have clonable document template

```
<template id="mytemplate">
  <img src="" alt="great image">
  <div class="comment"></div>
</template>

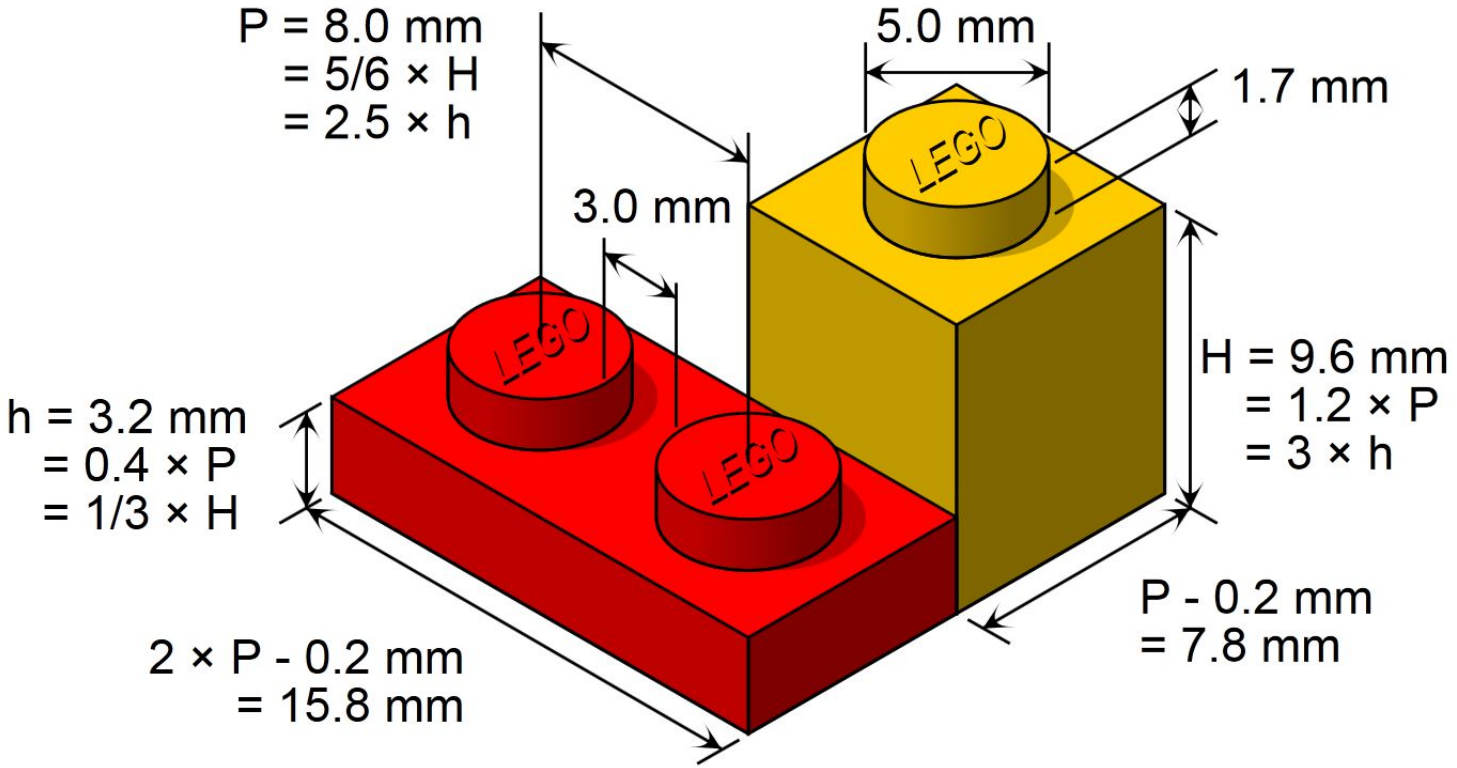
var t = document.querySelector('#mytemplate');
// Populate the src at runtime.
t.content.querySelector('img').src = 'logo.png';
var clone = document.importNode(t.content, true);
document.body.appendChild(clone);
```

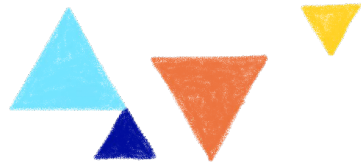


But in fact, it's just an element...

FrontSide

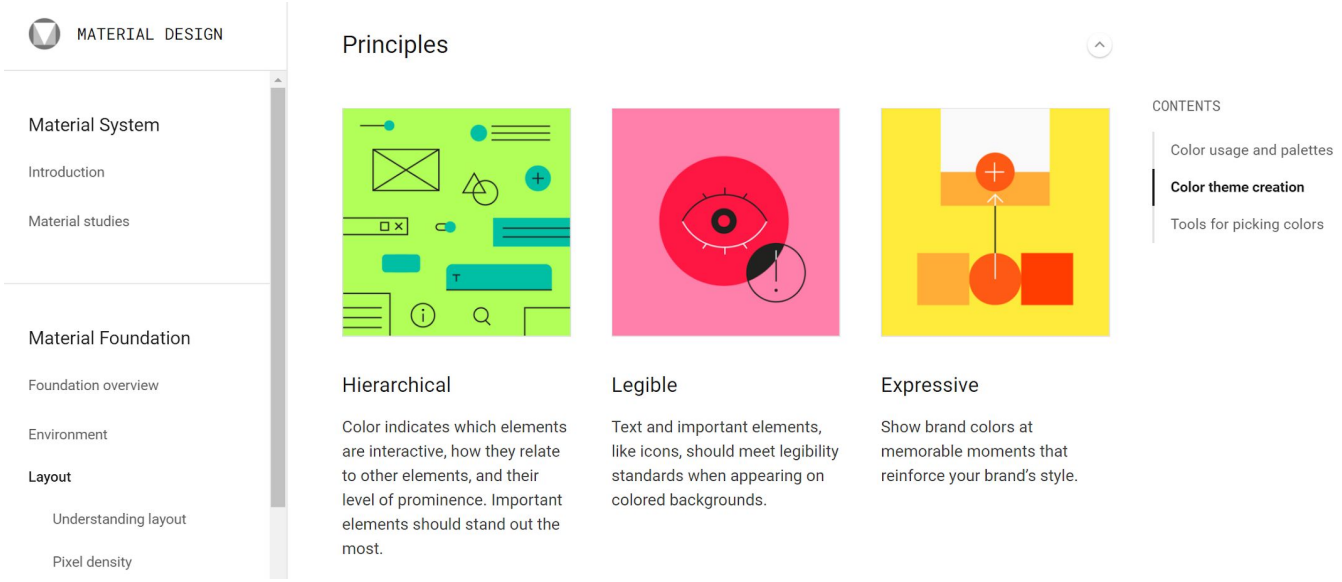
- Attributes
- Properties
- Methods
- Events





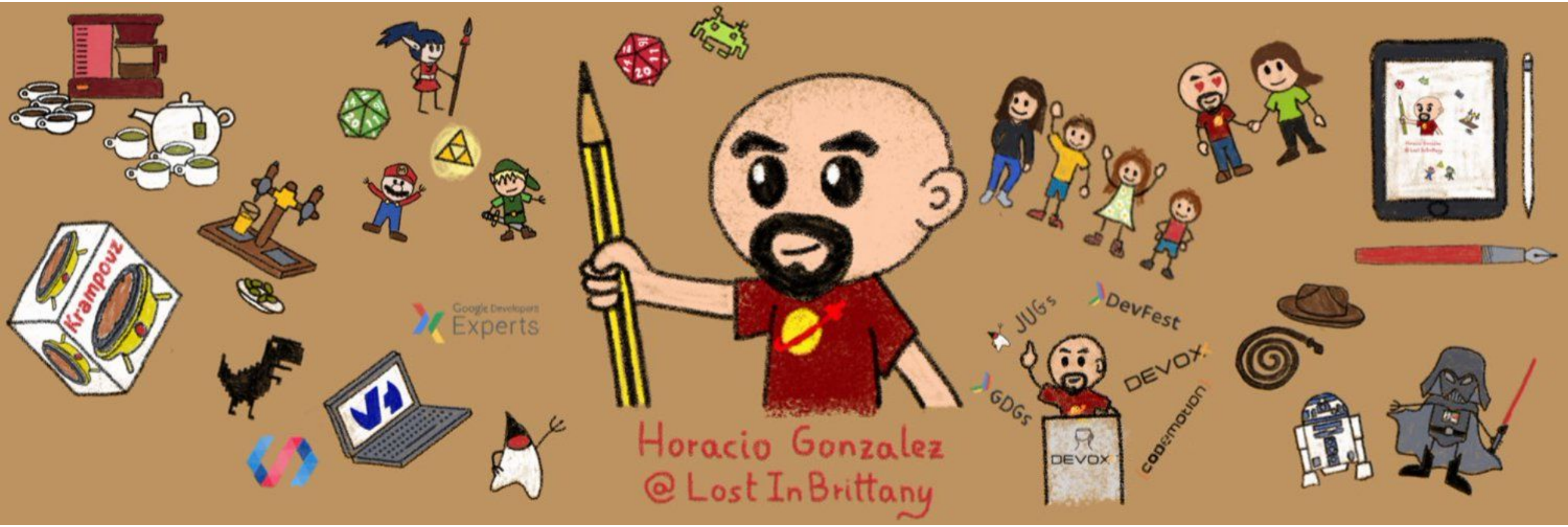
So, what are Design Systems?

And why should I look at them?



A talk for devs by a dev

FrontSide



I am not a designer, neither I play one on TV...

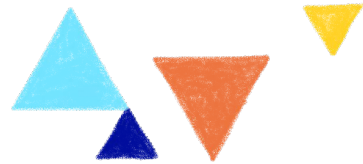
The same or different?

FrontSide

Design System

Component Catalog

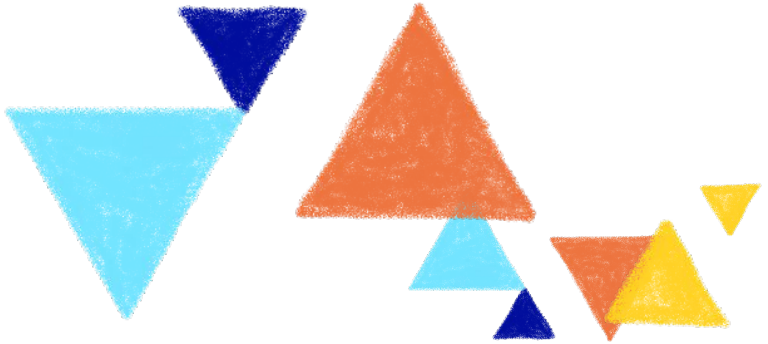
Style Guide



Style Guides

FrontSide

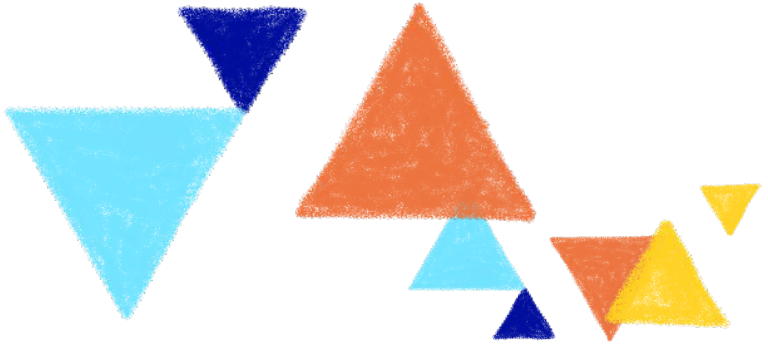
A **document** listing the **styles**, **patterns**, **practices**, and **principles** of a brand **design standards**



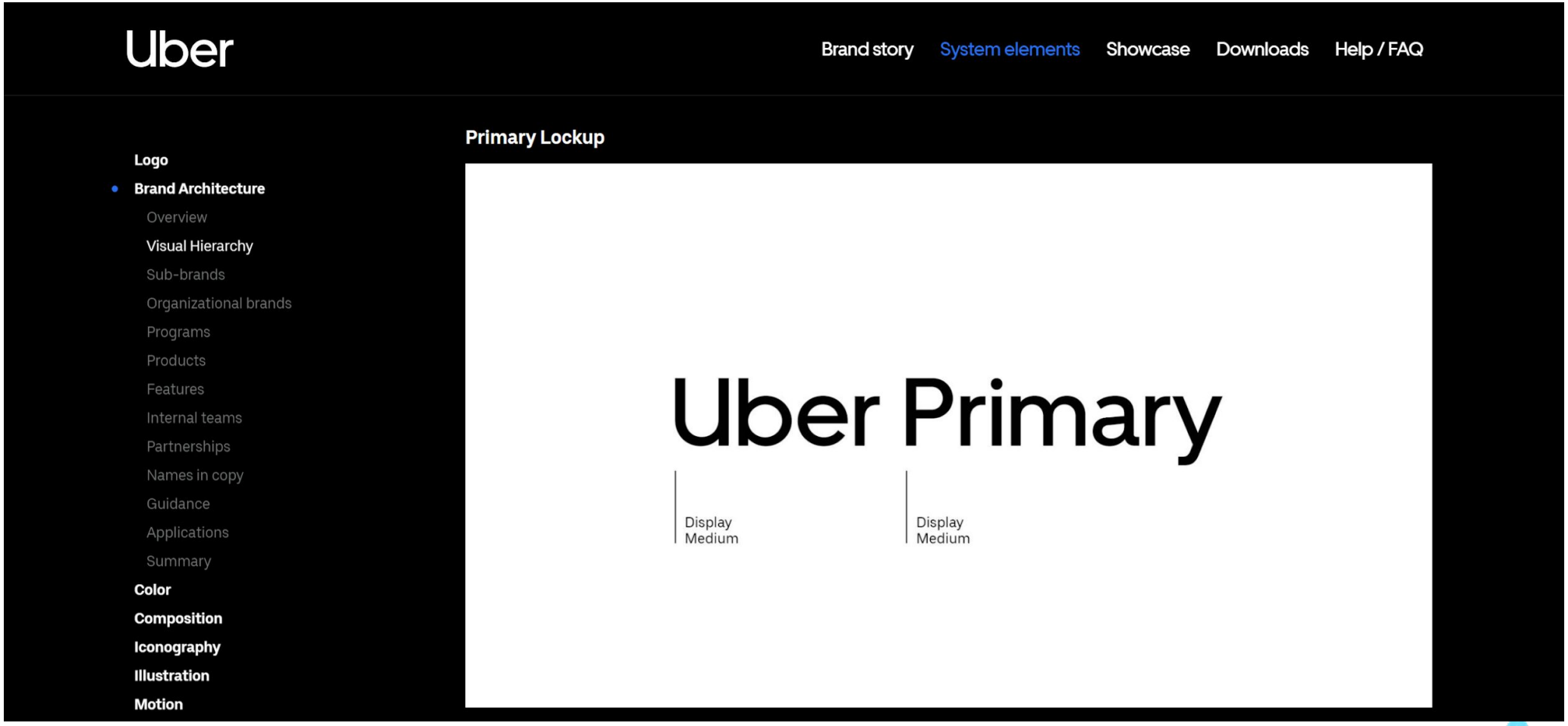
Style Guides

FrontSide

Style guides define the **application's look and feel**



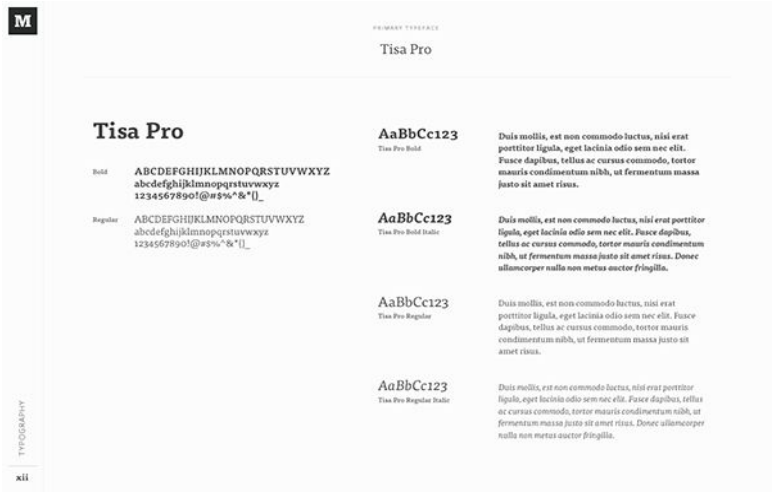
Style Guide Example: Uber

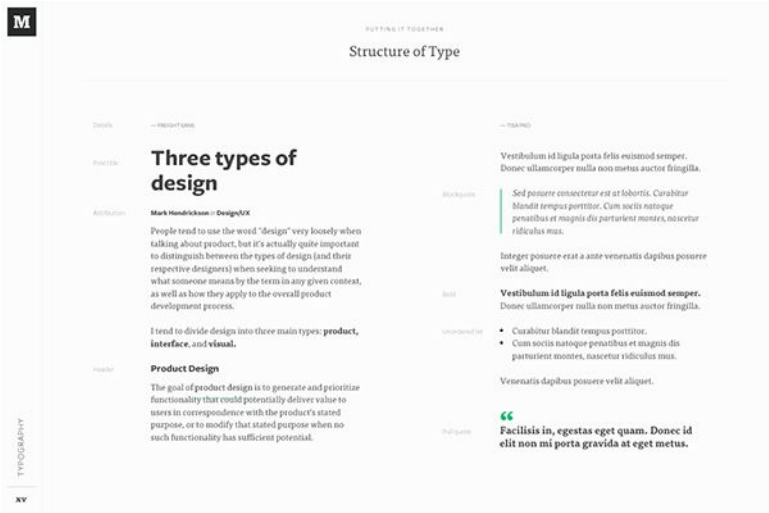


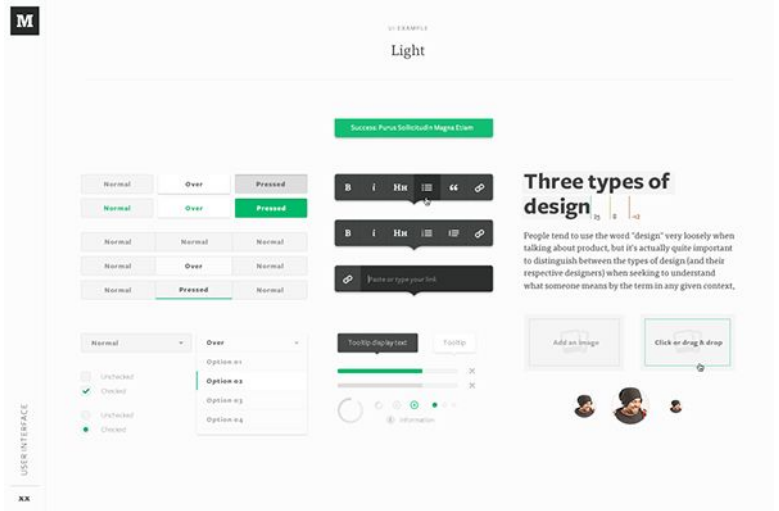
https://brand.uber.com/

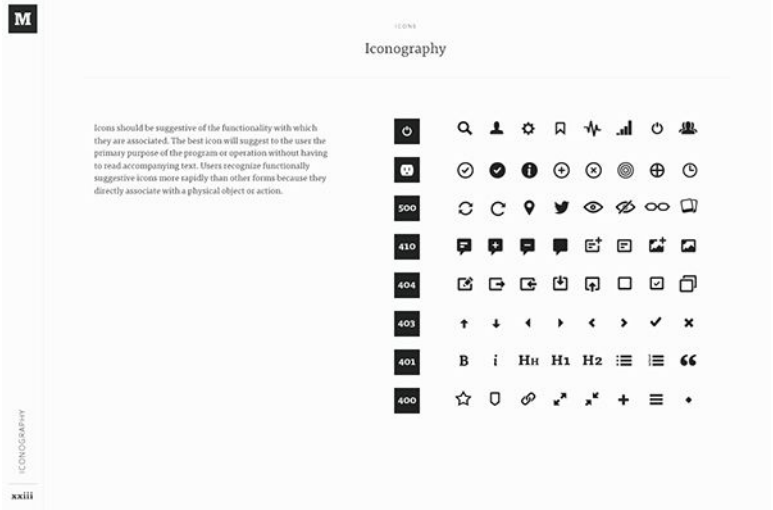
Style Guide Example: Medium

FrontSide





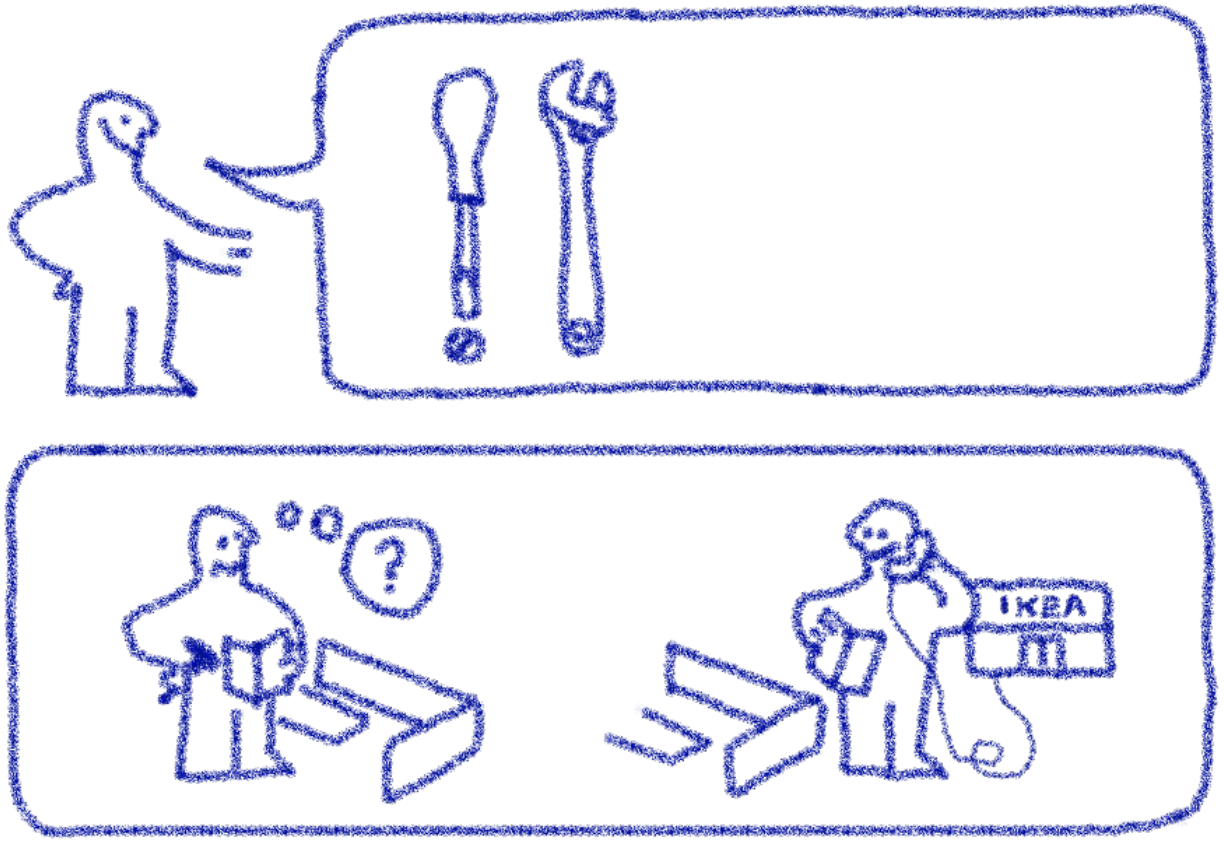




https://www.behance.net/gallery/7226653/Medium-Brand-Development

Style Guides alone are ambiguous

FrontSide

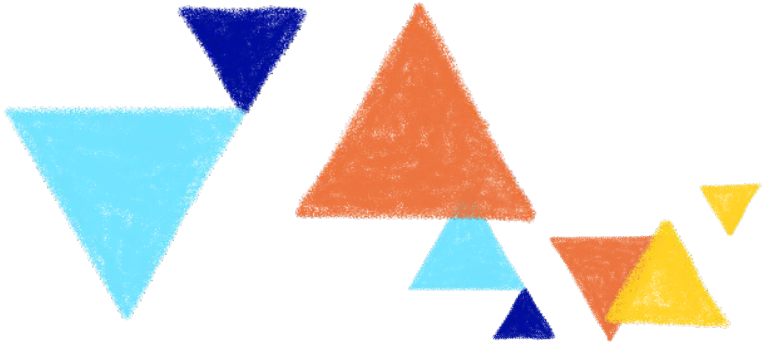


Interpretation needed to adapt
the preconisation to the use case

Component Catalogs

FrontSide

A **component catalog** is a **repository** of components, with one or several **implementations**, code **examples** and **technical documentation**



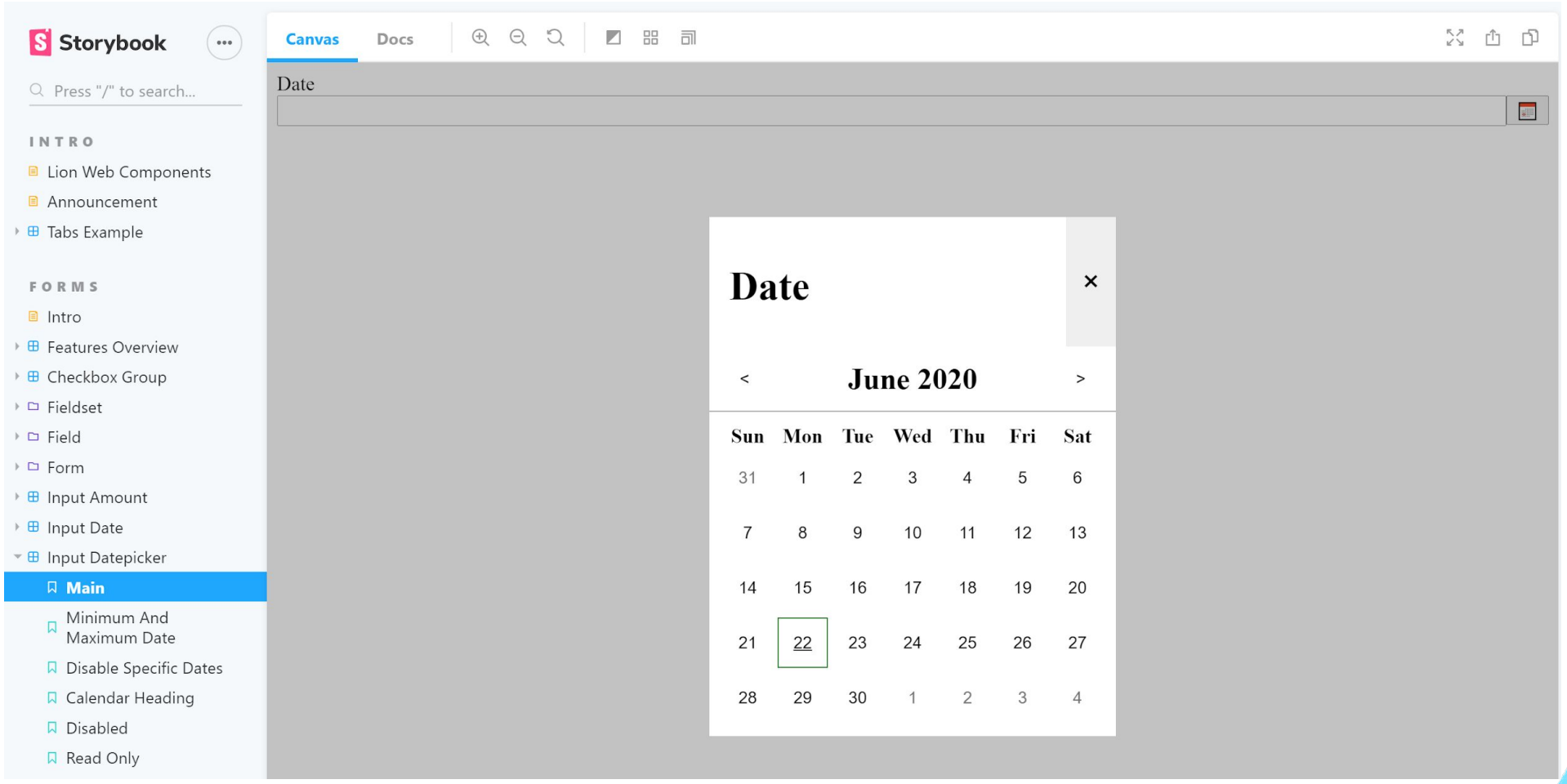
Component Catalog example: Bootstrap

FrontSide

Bootstrap

https://getbootstrap.com/

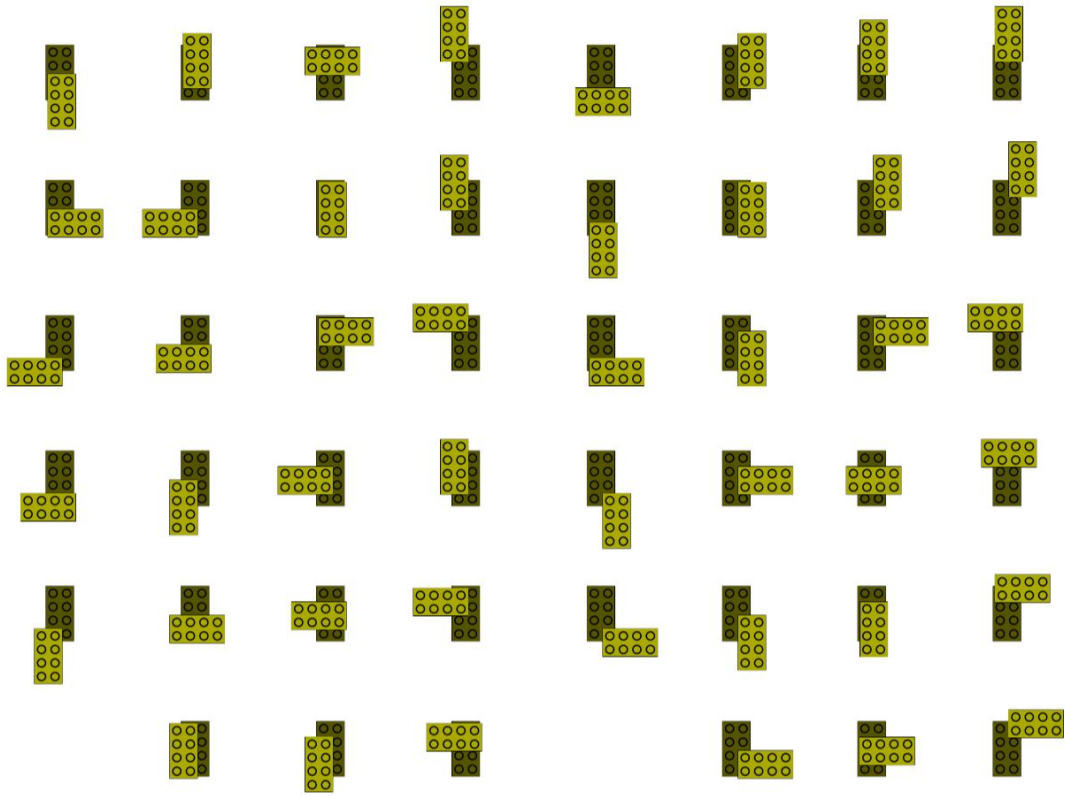
Component Catalog Example: ING's Lion



https://lion-web-components.netlify.app/

Catalogs alone create inconsistency

FrontSide

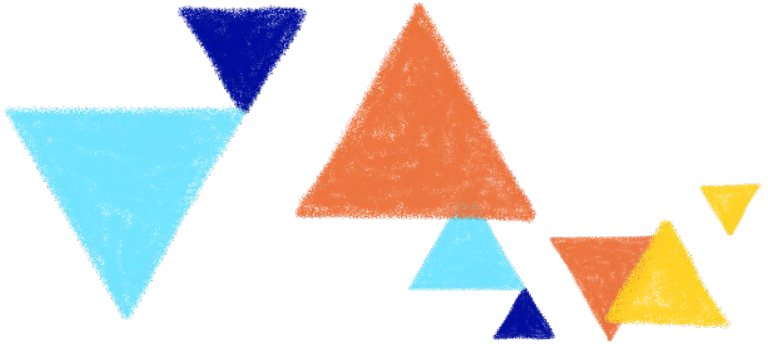


Like using the same LEGO bricks
to create very different objects

Design Systems

FrontSide

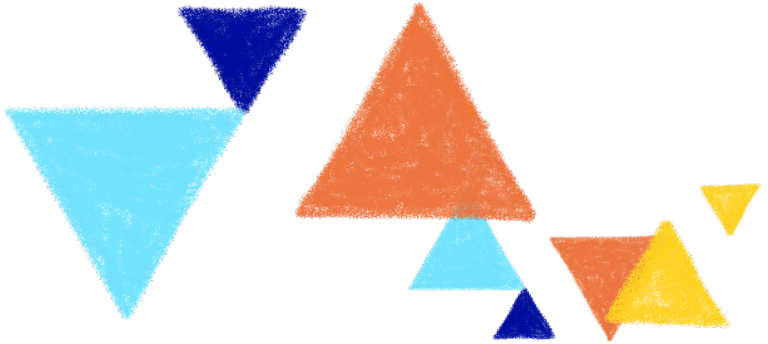
A Design System is like a **common visual language** for **product teams**



Design systems

FrontSide

A Design System is a set of **design standards**, **documentations**, and **principles**, alongside with the toolkit (**UI patterns** and **code components**) to achieve those standards



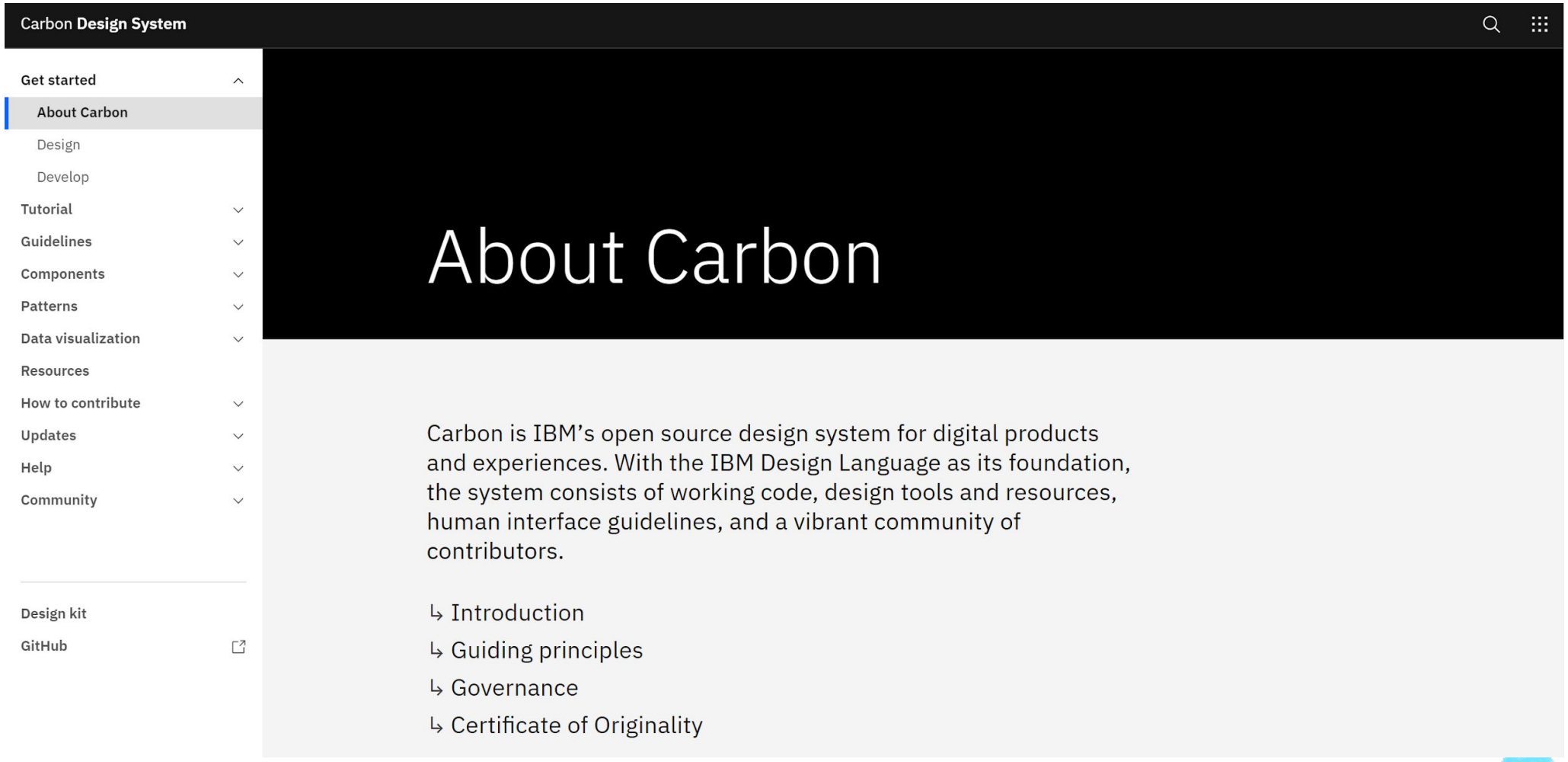
Design systems

FrontSide

Design System ≈

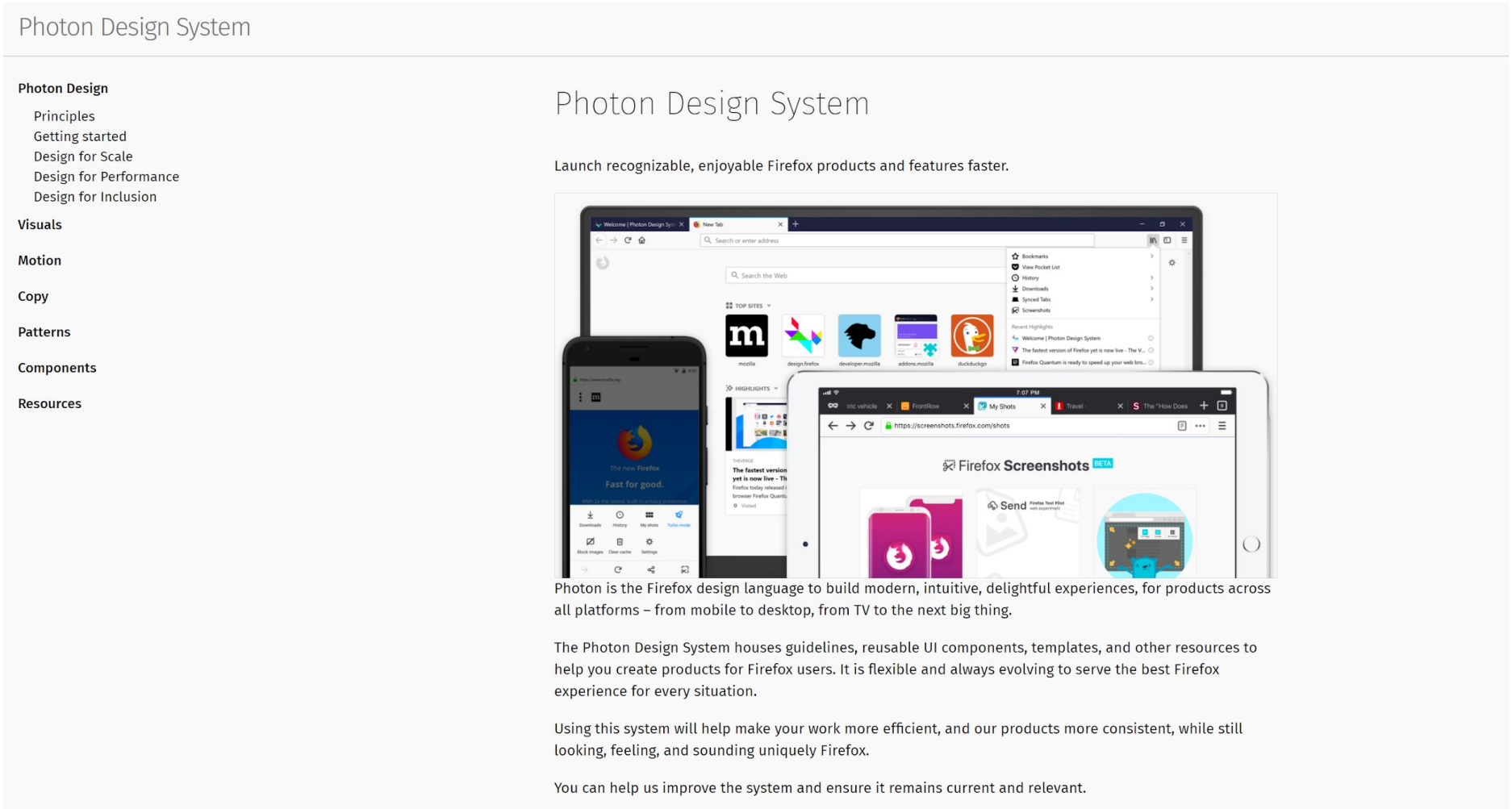
Style Guide + Component Catalog

Example: Carbon Design System



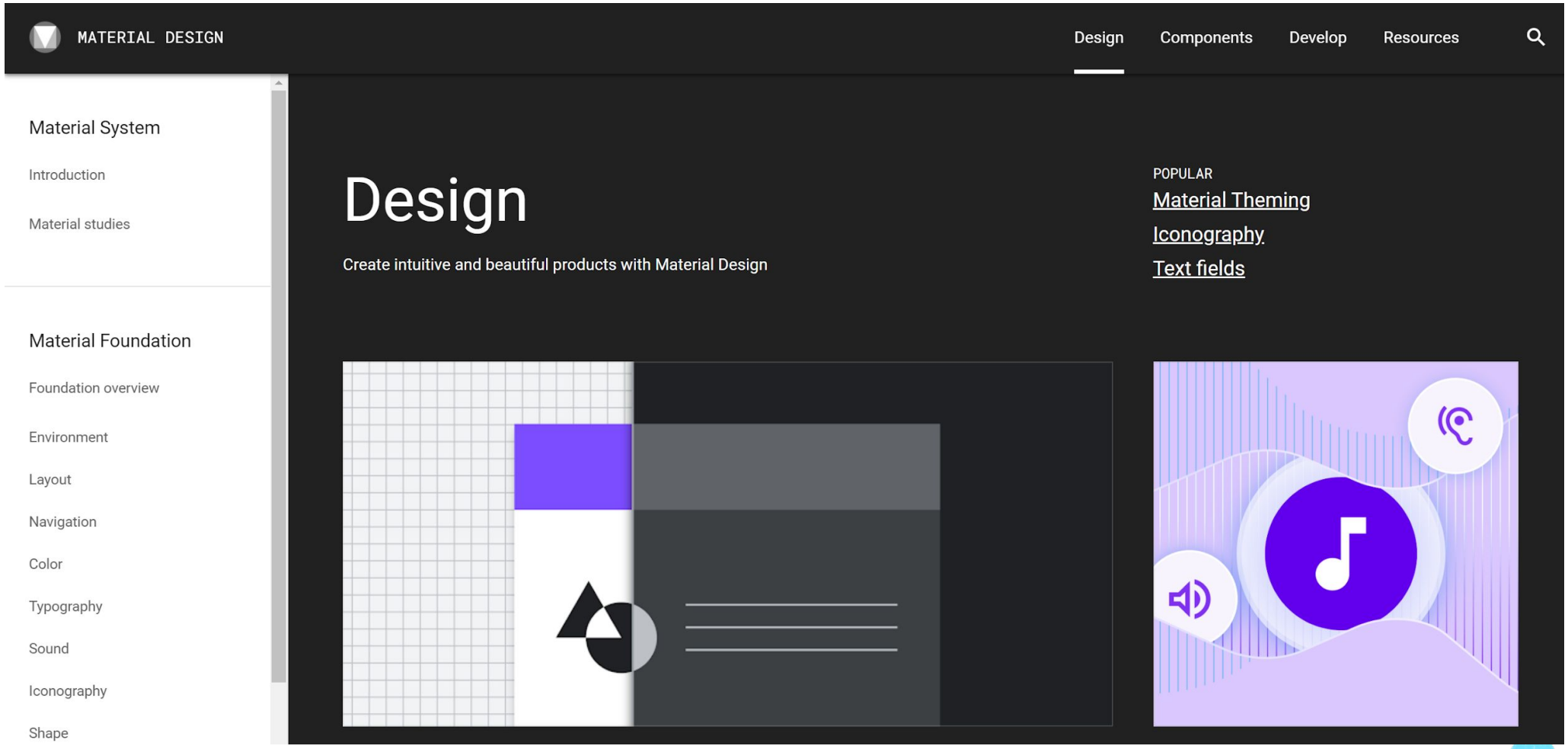
https://www.carbondesignsystem.com/

Example: Firefox's Photon Design System



https://design.firefox.com/photon/

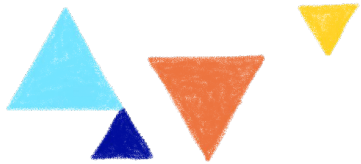
Example: Material Design



https://material.io/

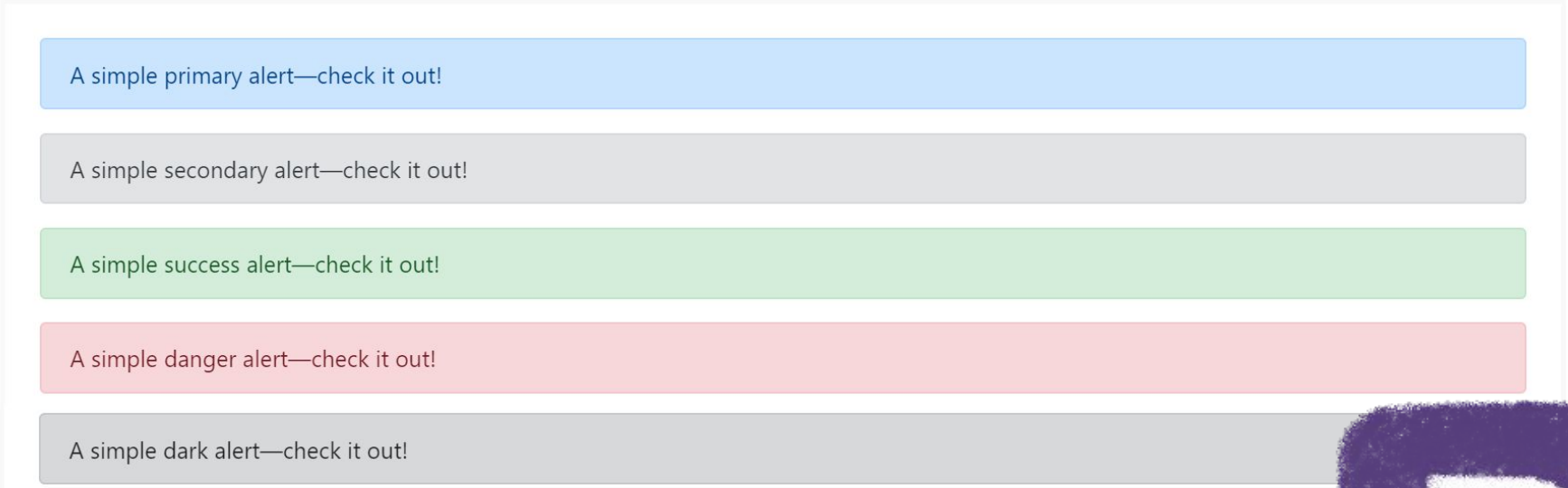
The component catalog

The poor relative of the Design System family



Let's choose a simple example

FrontSide




```
<div class="alert alert-primary" role="alert">
  A simple primary alert—check it out!
</div>
<div class="alert alert-secondary" role="alert">
  A simple secondary alert—check it out!
</div>
<div class="alert alert-success" role="alert">
  A simple success alert—check it out!
</div>
```

Bootstrap

Bootstrap based component catalogs

A long time ago

FrontSide

Buttons

Default buttons

Button styles can be applied to anything with the `.btn` class applied. However, typically you'll want to apply these to only `<a>` and `<button>` elements for the best rendering.

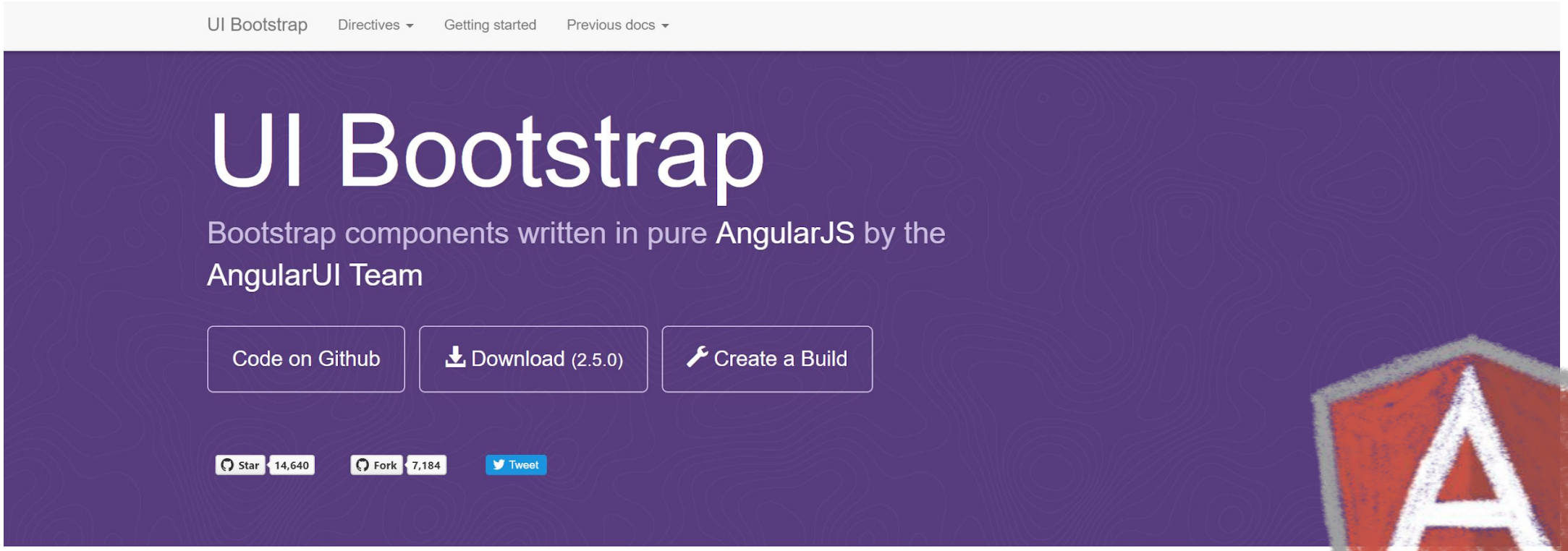
Button	class=""	Description
Default	`btn`	Standard gray button with gradient
Primary	`btn btn-primary`	Provides extra visual weight and identifies the primary action in a set of buttons
Info	`btn btn-info`	Used as an alternative to the default styles
Success	`btn btn-success`	Indicates a successful or positive action
Warning	`btn btn-warning`	Indicates caution should be taken with this action
Danger	`btn btn-danger`	Indicates a dangerous or potentially negative action
Inverse	`btn btn-inverse`	Alternate dark gray button, not tied to a semantic action or use
Link	`btn btn-link`	Deemphasize a button by making it look like a link while maintaining button behavior

Bootstrap

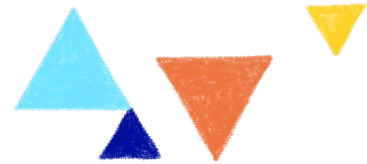
Components defined in HTML, CSS and some jQuery

Then it was AngularJS time...

FrontSide

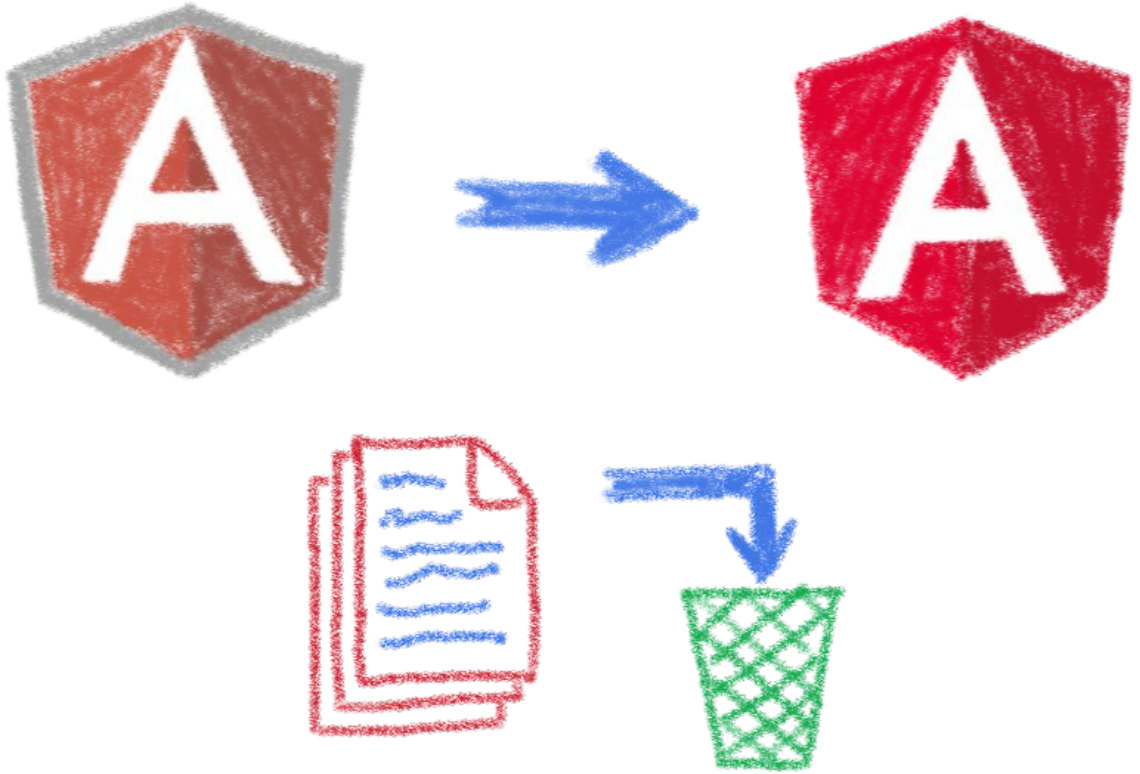


And new reference implementations were needed



But you know the sad story...

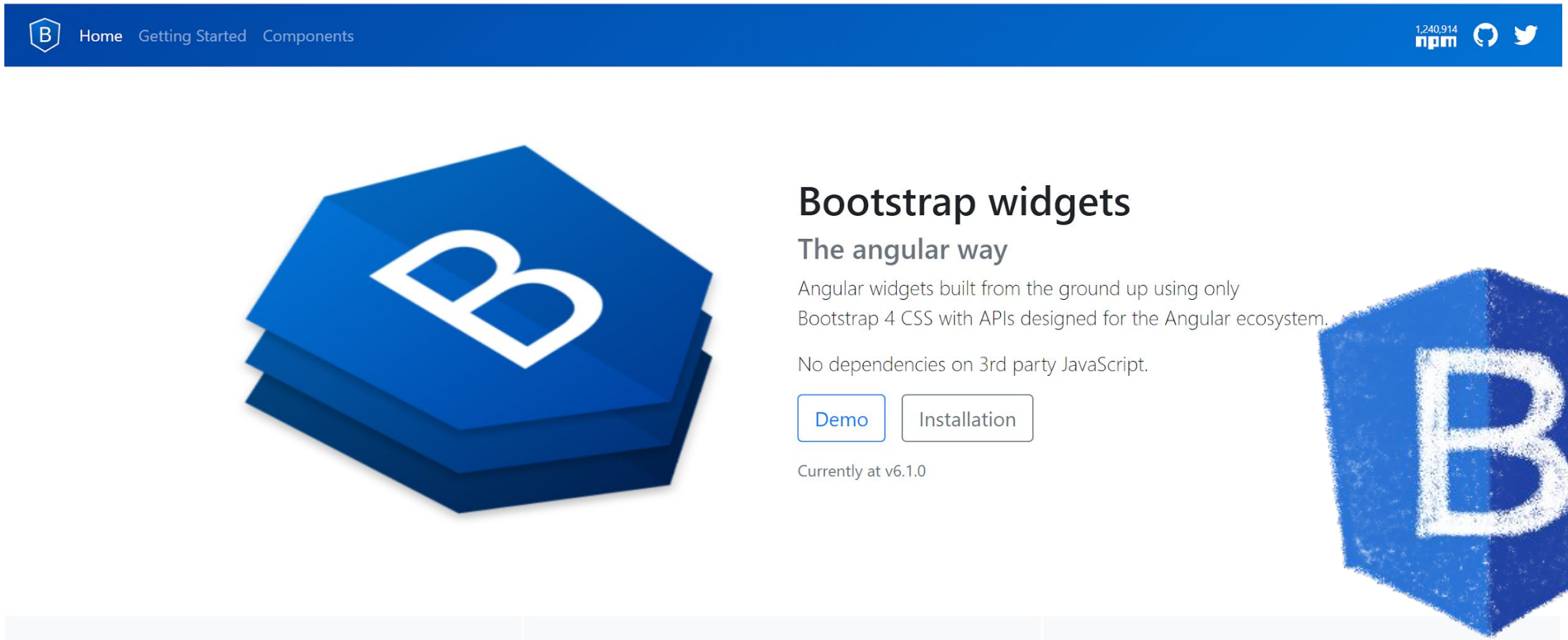
FrontSide



All UI Bootstrap based catalogs woke up with an obsolete implementation

Worry no more, let's do Angular!

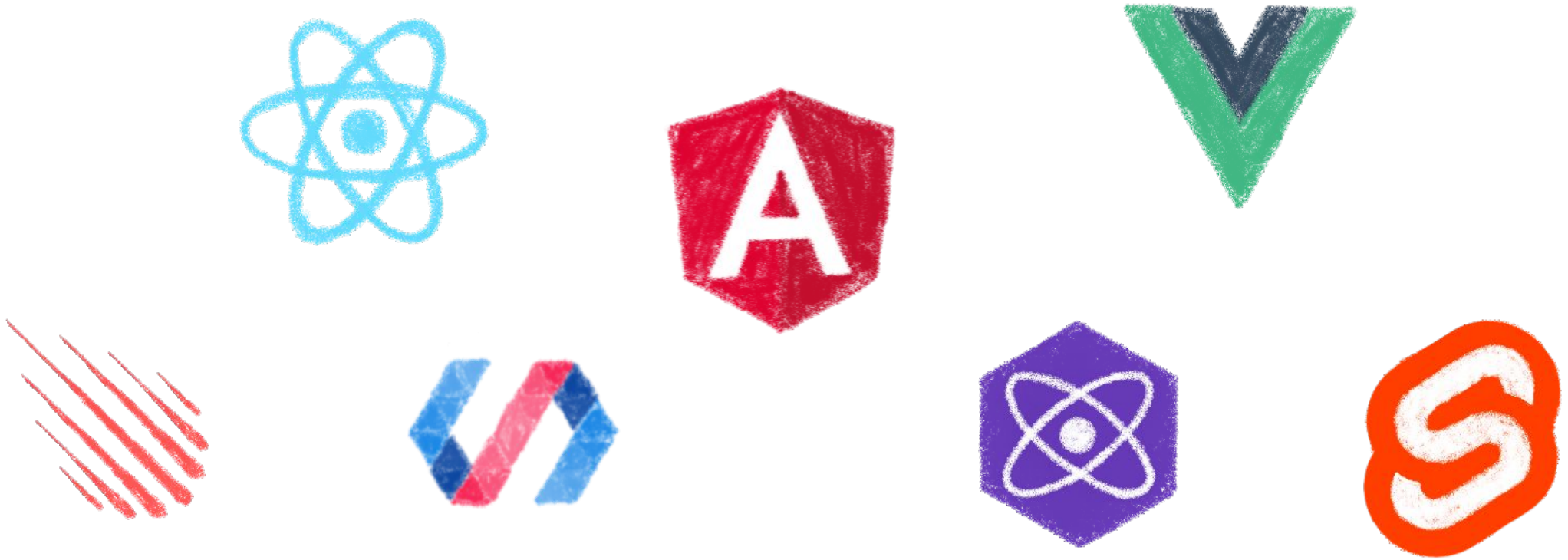
FrontSide



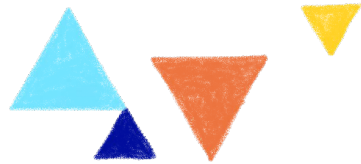
ng-bootstrap to the rescue

But times had changed...

FrontSide

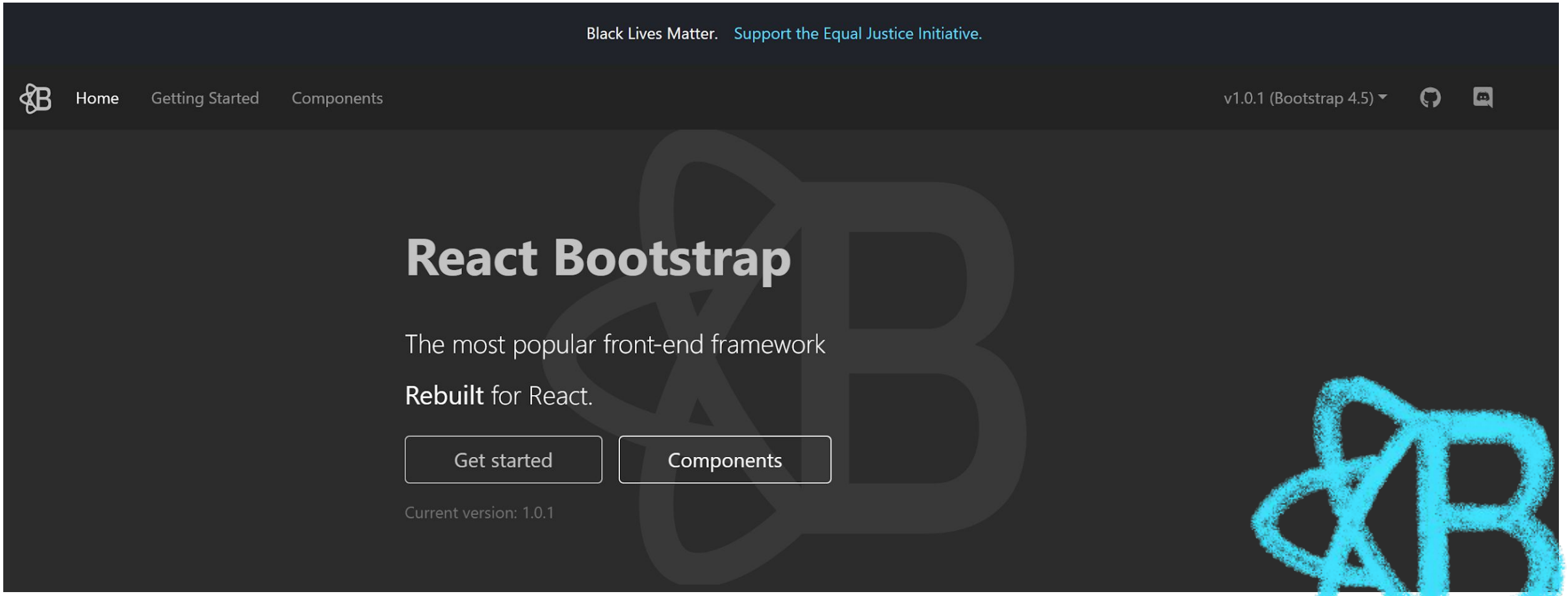


In 2017 Angular is only one more in the clique



React is the new Big Thing™

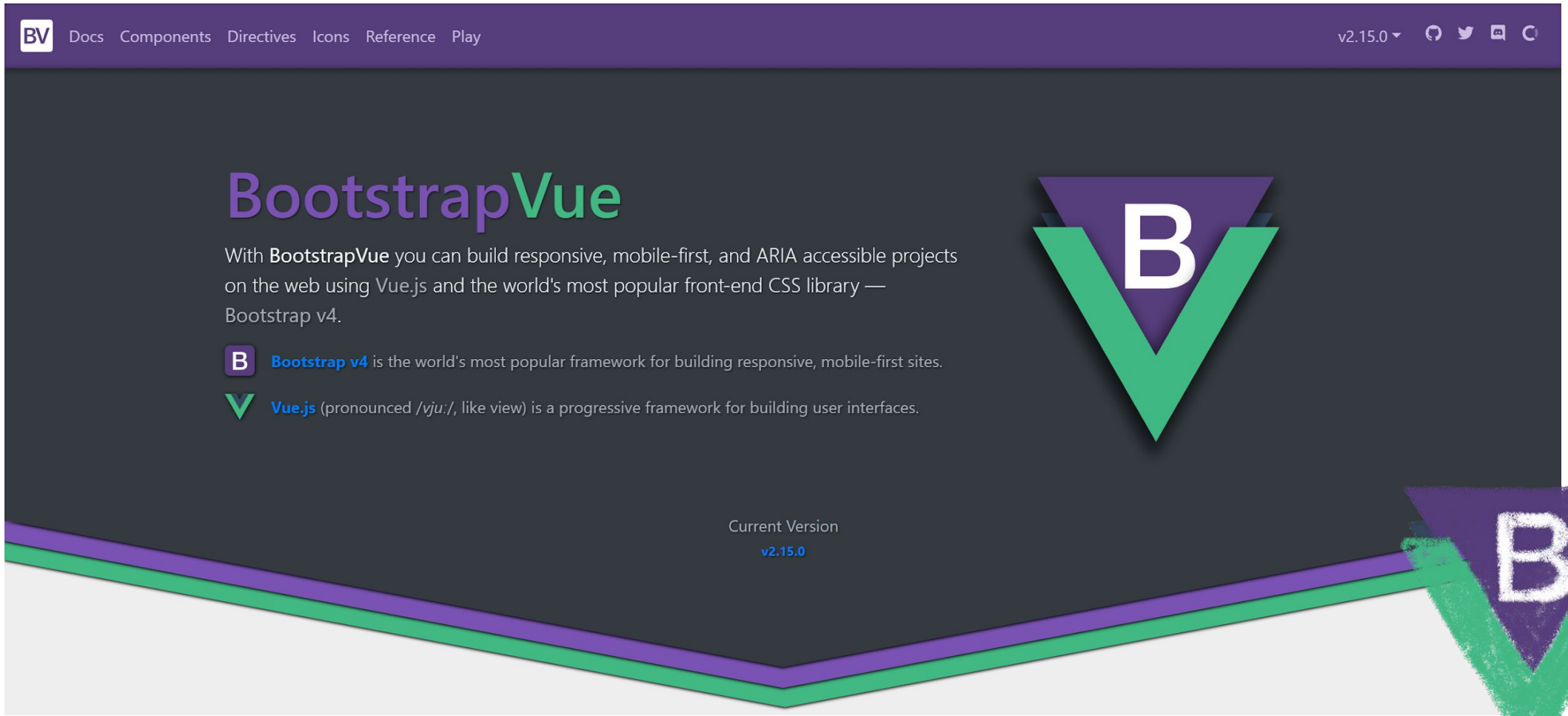
FrontSide



So let's build React Bootstrap...

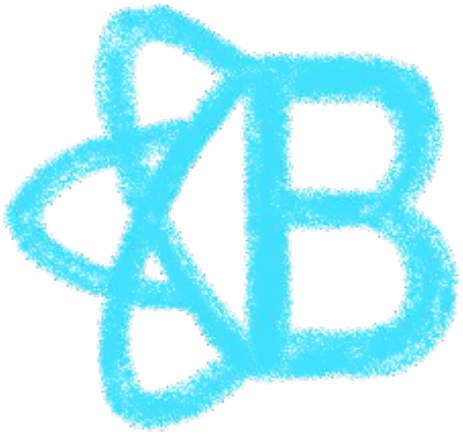
Wait, what about Vue?

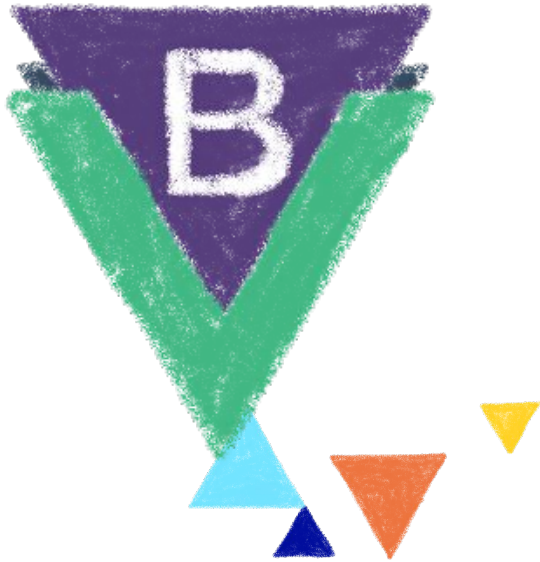
FrontSide



We also need BootstrapVue

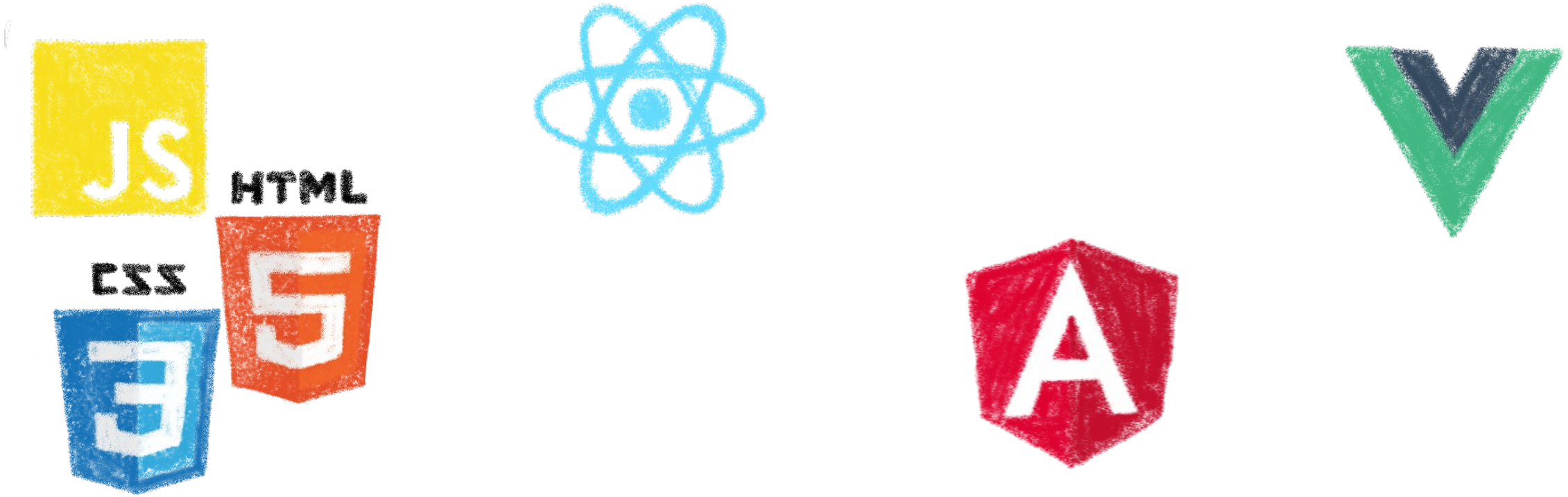
OK, I think you see my point...





Most Design System do a choice

FrontSide



Either they choose a canonical implementation
or they ship and maintain several implementations

Both choices are problematic

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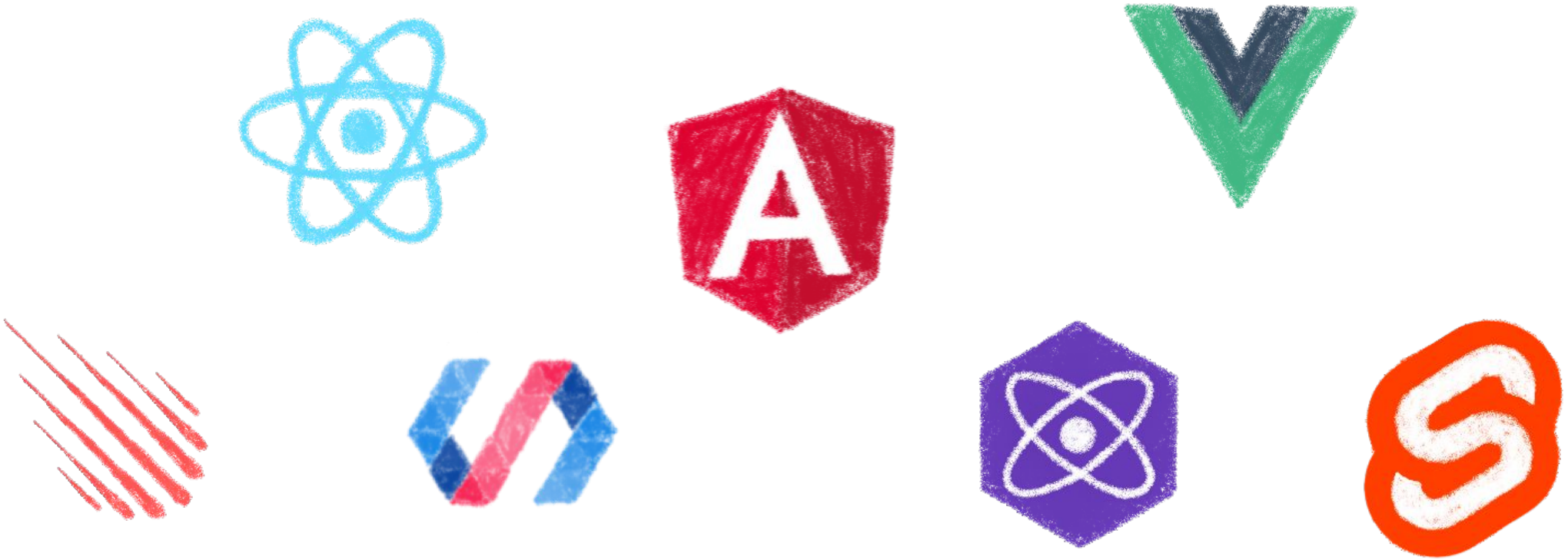
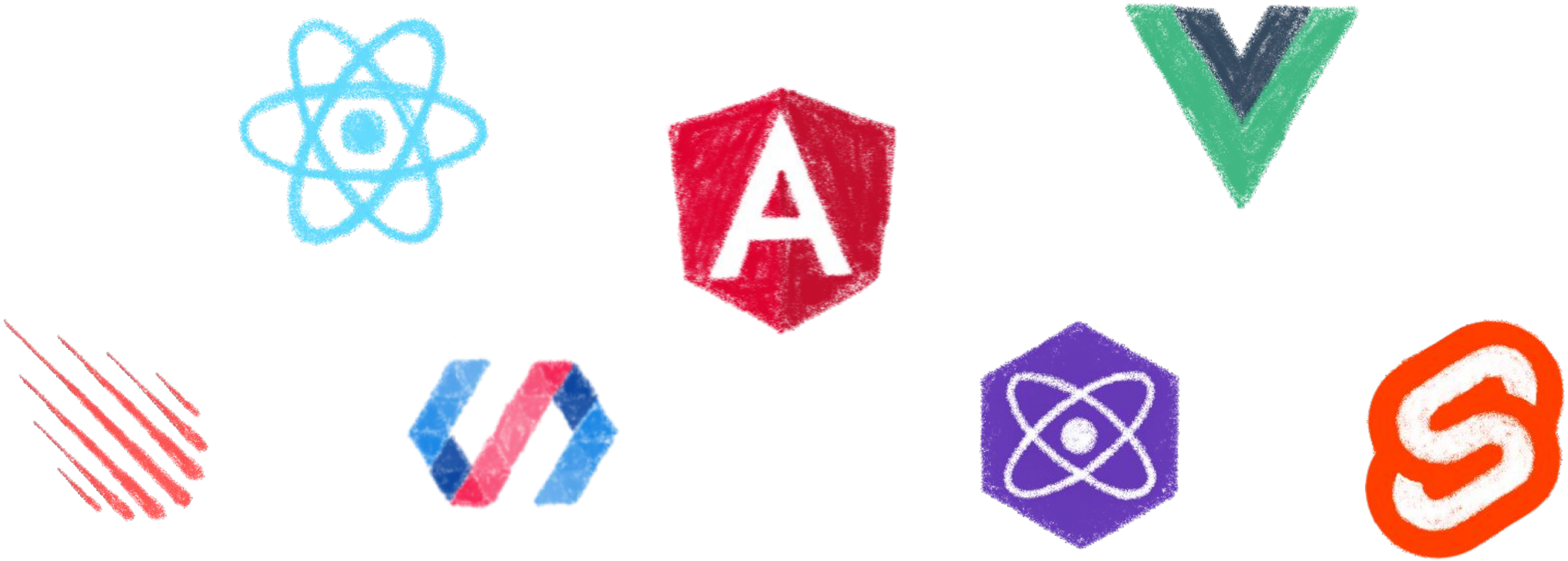


Shipping only one implementation:

Web dev ecosystem changes quickly and
almost nobody keeps the same framework for years...

Both choices are problematic

FrontSide

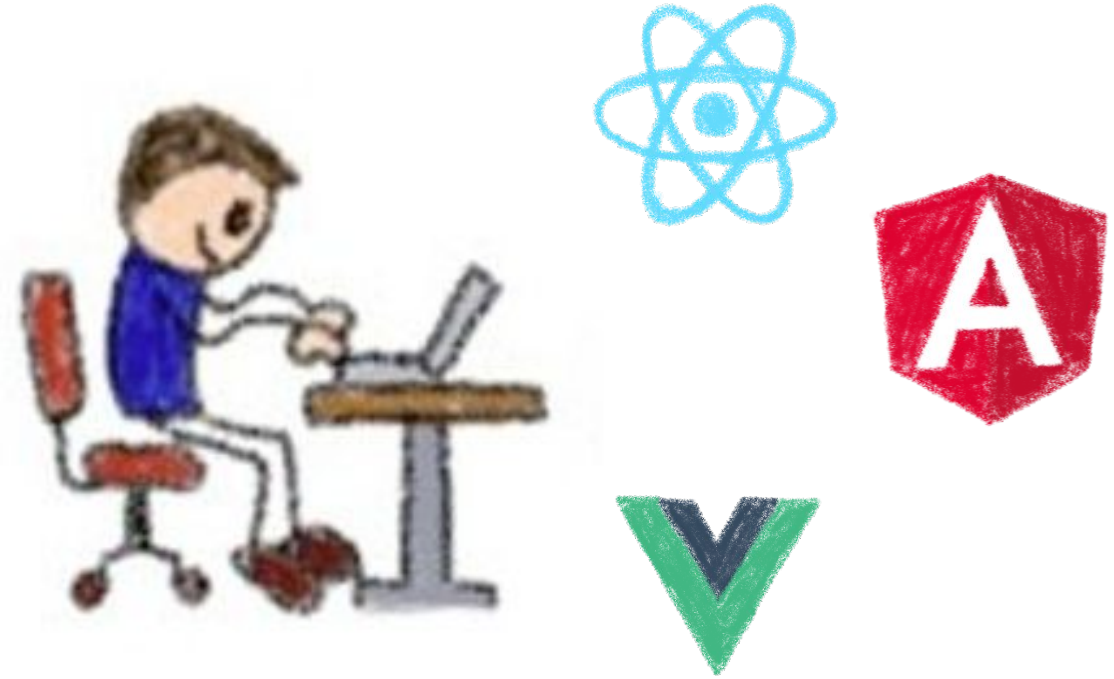


Shipping several implementations:

You need to maintain all the implementation…
and you still miss some others

Incomplete catalogs are problematic

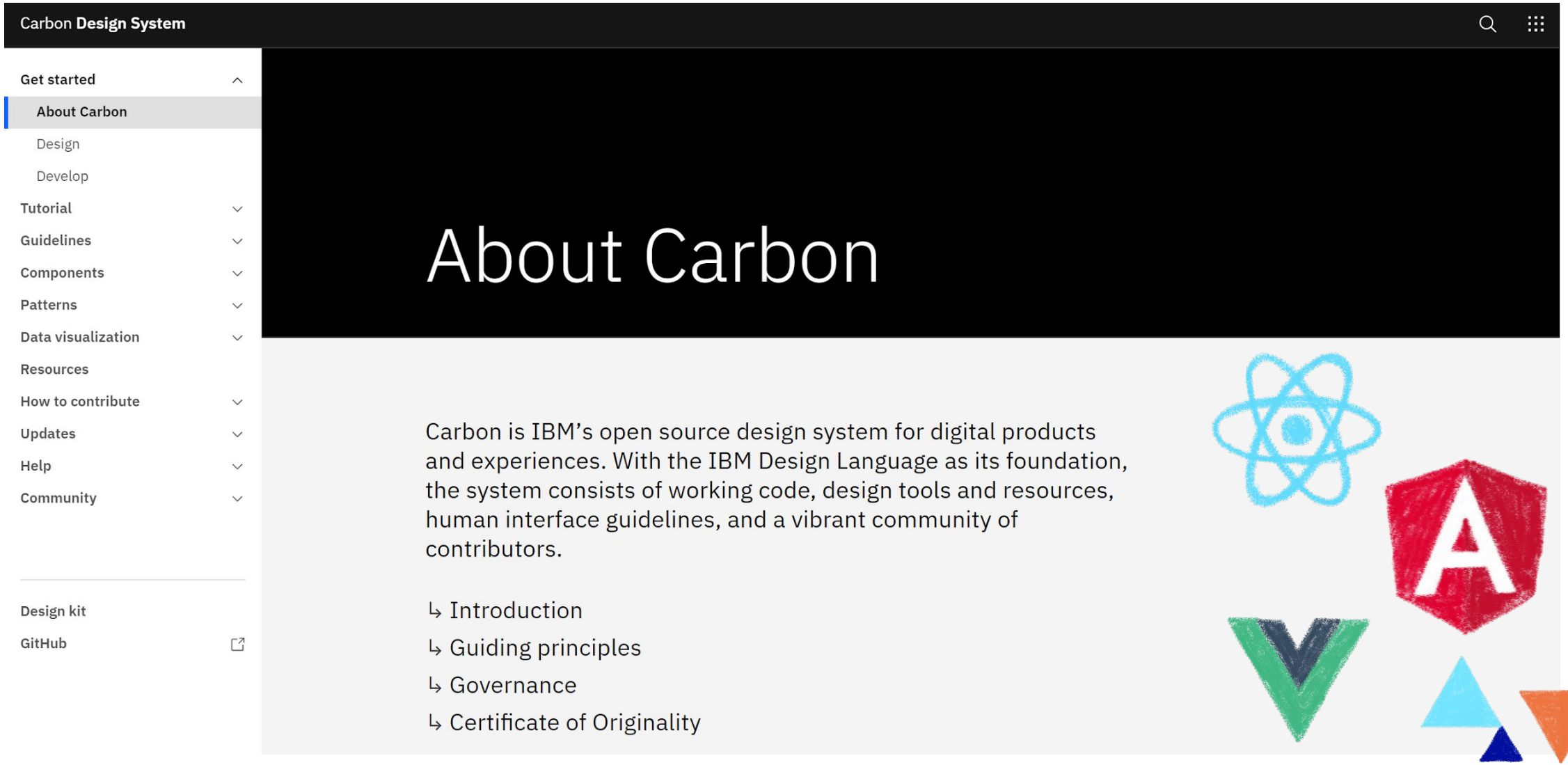
FrontSide



People will need to recode the components
in their chosen framework…
Coherence is not guaranteed!!!

Example: Carbon Design System

FrontSide

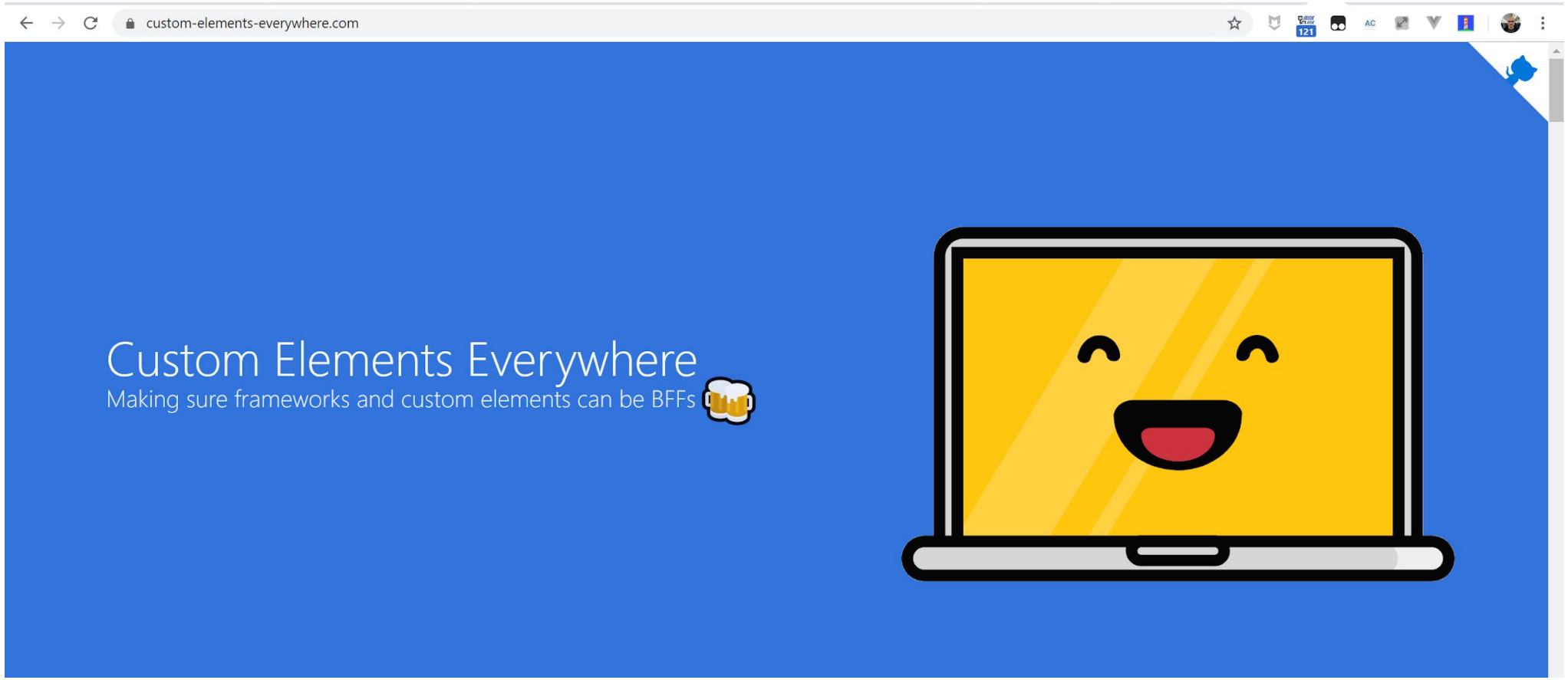


Web Components & Design Systems

A match made in heaven

Compatibility is on Web Components side

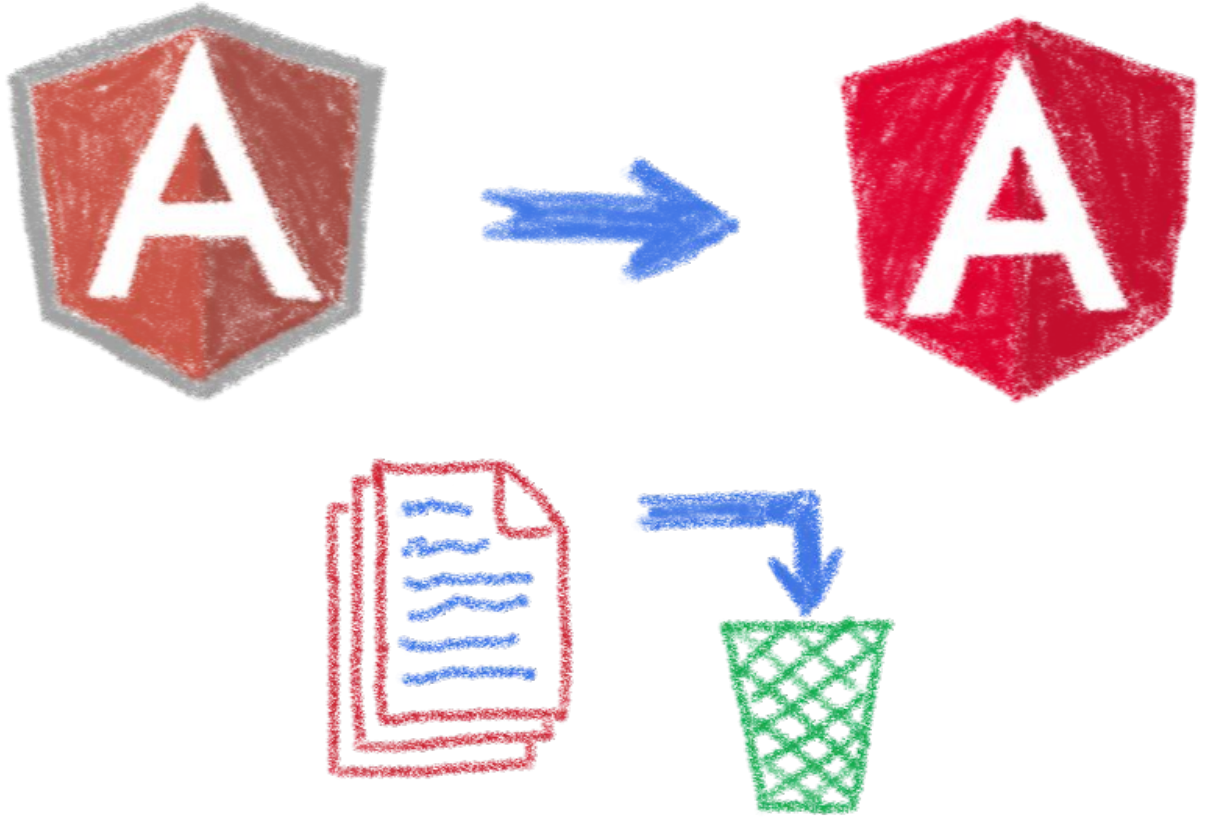
FrontSide



Web Components everywhere, baby!

Do you remember AngularJS?

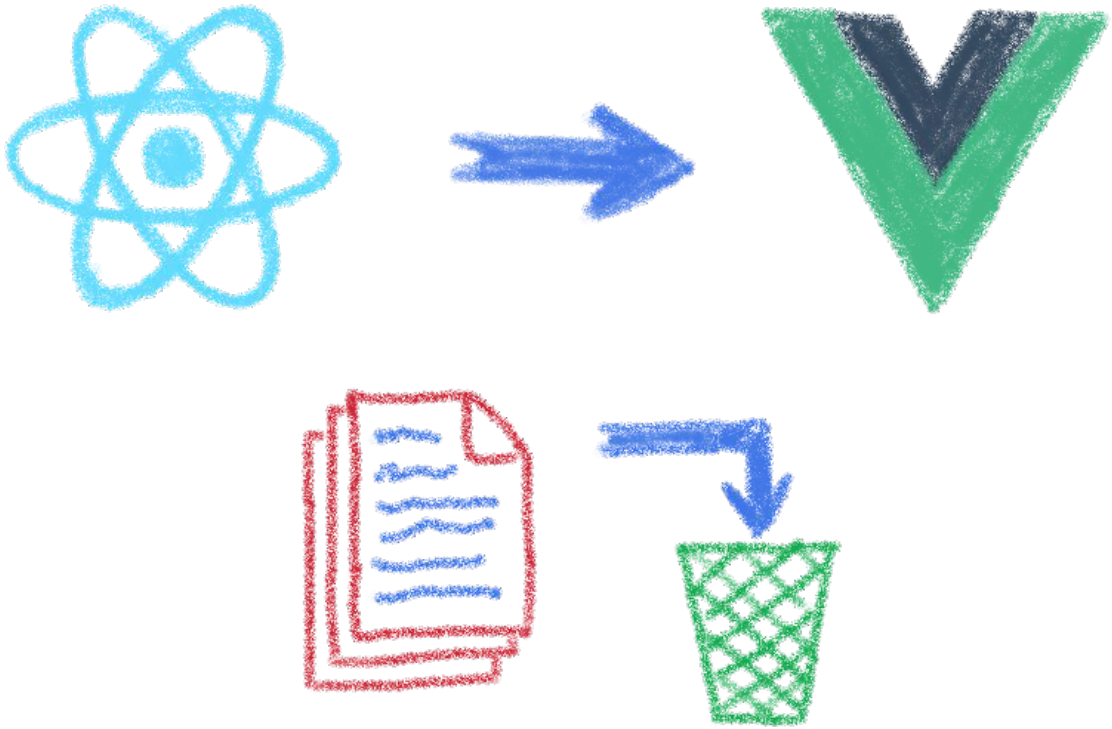
FrontSide



And all the code put in the trash bin
when Angular arrived...

The pain of switching frameworks?

FrontSide

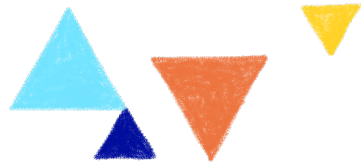


Rewriting once again your code...

The impossibility of sharing UI code?

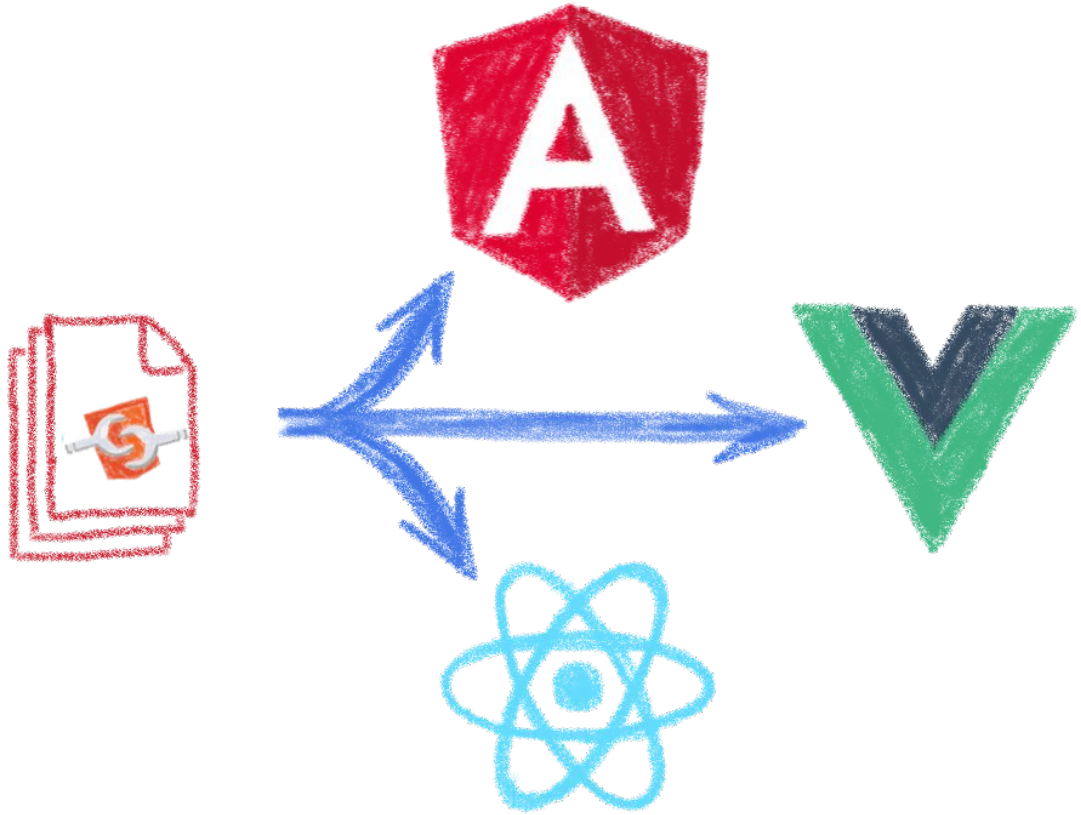
FrontSide

Between apps written with different frameworks



Web Components change that

FrontSide

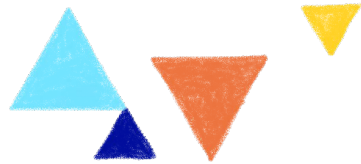


In a clean and standard way

They are the interoperable alternative

FrontSide

Any framework… or no framework at all



They are truly everywhere

FrontSide

spacexfsw Official SpaceX 102 points · 15 days ago

The Crew Displays onboard Dragon runs Chromium with HTML, Javascript & CSS. We don't use LESS. - Sofian

We follow an agile process, we have high bar for unit test coverage and we have integration tests that runs with and without flight hardware. We also take a lot of pride in manually verifying and documenting our new features to make sure they work as intended and we have no regression. - Sofian

We use Web Components extensively. - Sofian

We use a reactive programming library that we developed in house. - Sofian

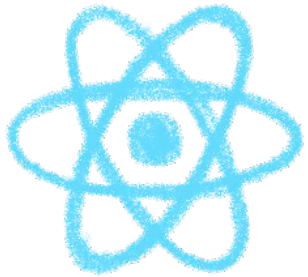
Different team members uses different editors, I use VSCode but I might be just a little bit biased :) - Sofian

I will have to get back but overall code is our craft here and we make sure it's clean and tidy. I wouldn't expect something too outrageous. Fair warning, we have linters on everything. - Sofian

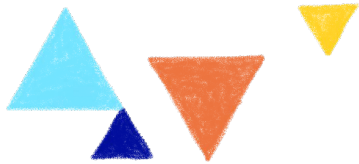
Even in the spaaaaaaaace

You can have a single implementation

FrontSide



And it simply works everywhere



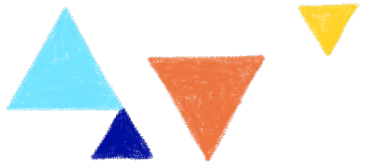
When you need interoperability

FrontSide

Nothing beats the standard

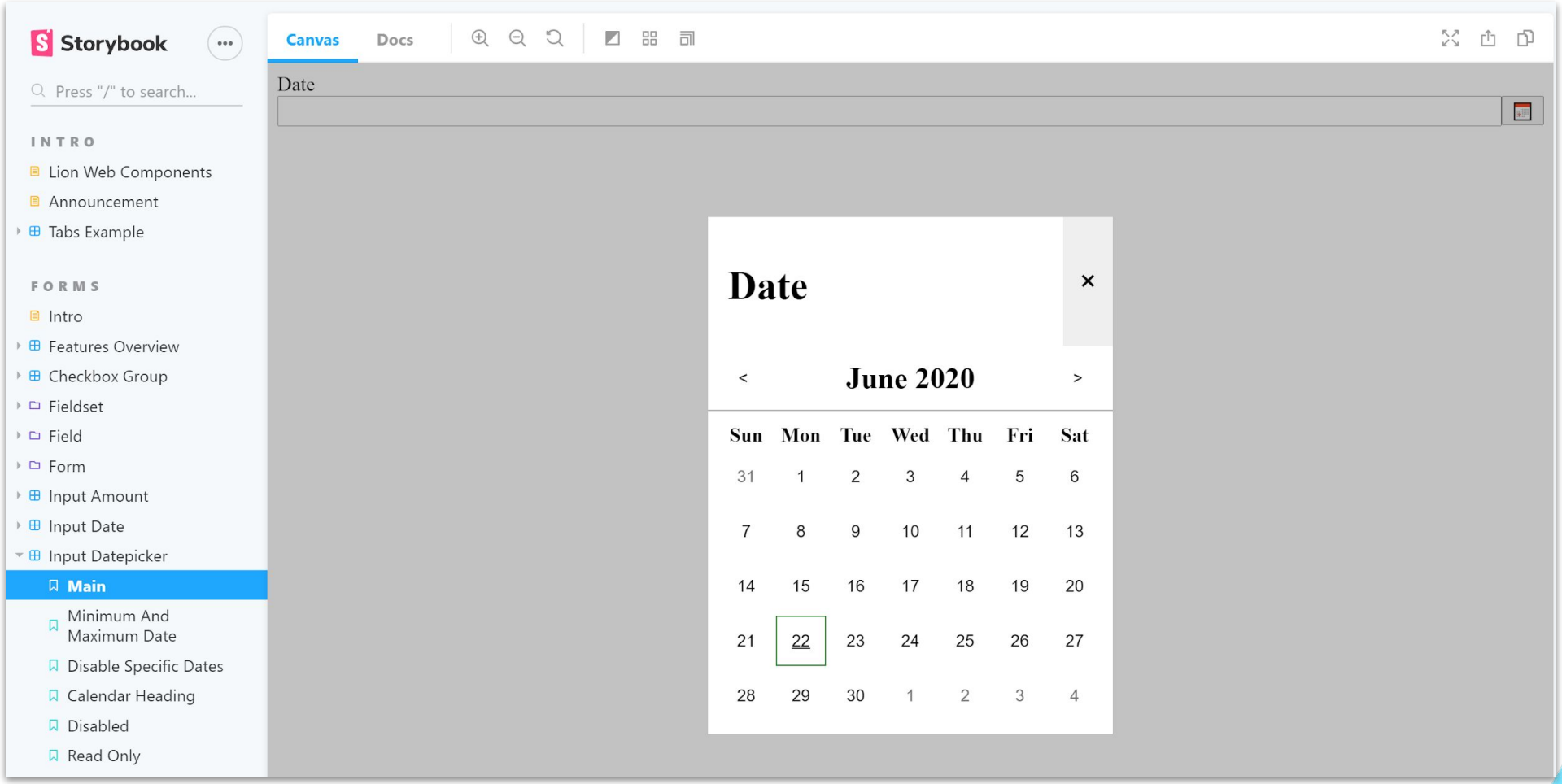
But how to do it?

Designing, developing and managing a catalog of Web Components



Learning from the best

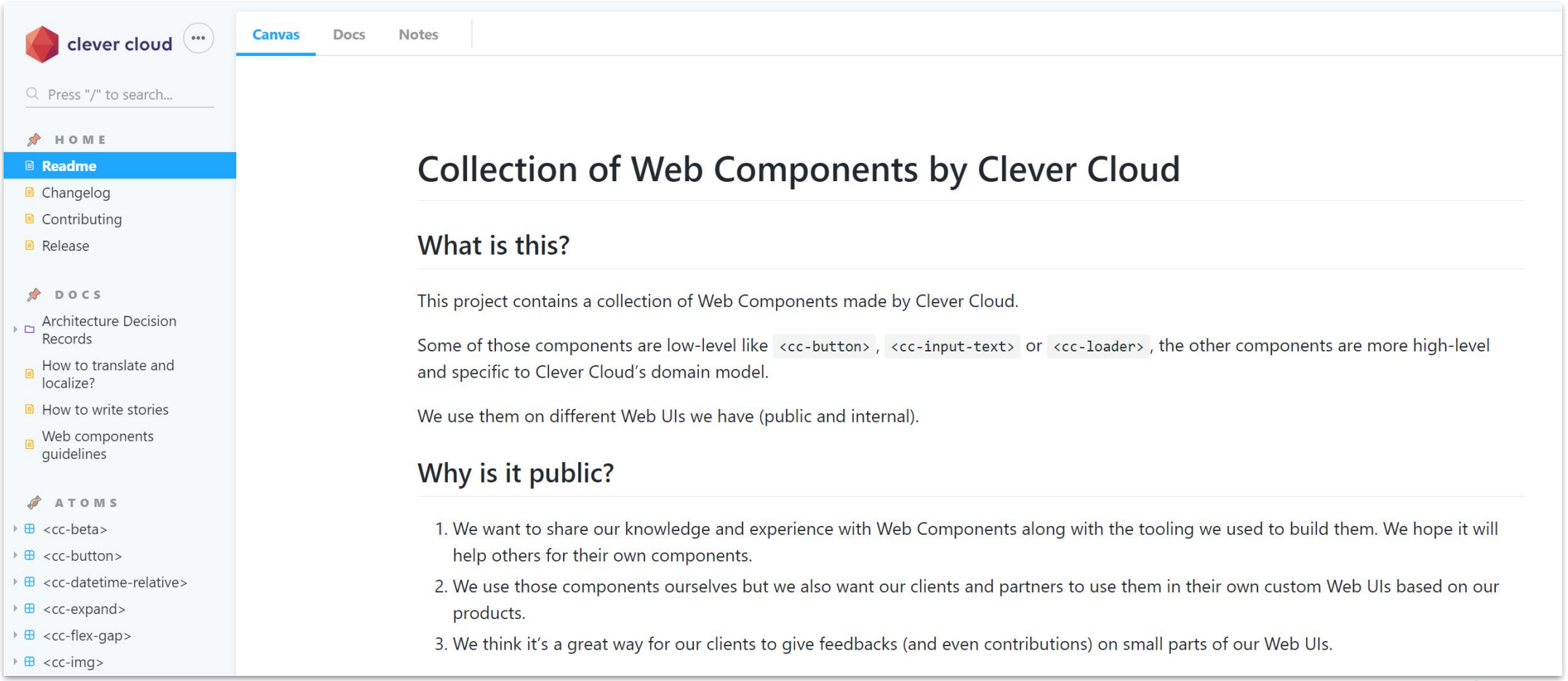
FrontSide



https://lion-web-components.netlify.app/

Learning from the best

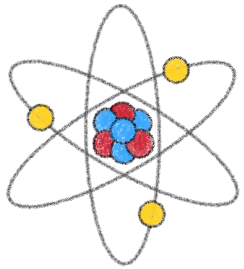
FrontSide

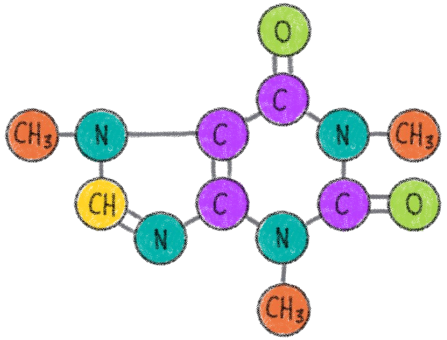


https://github.com/CleverCloud/clever-components

What kind of components?

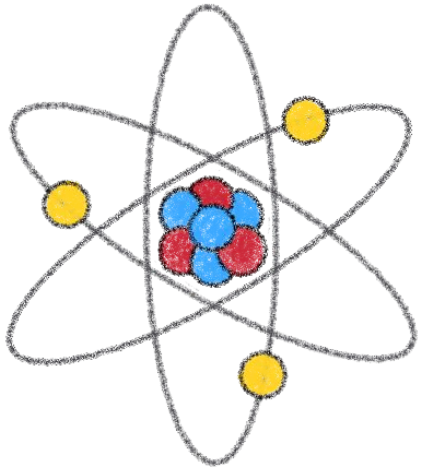
From little atomic blocs to big smart components, and everything in between

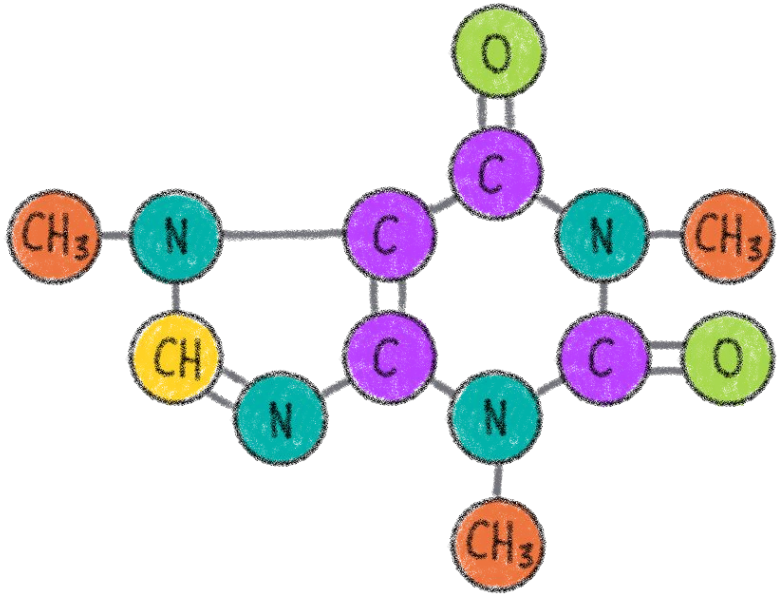




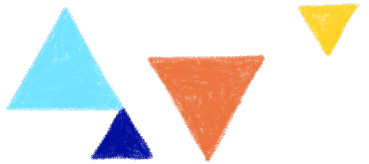
A matter of size and complexity

FrontSide



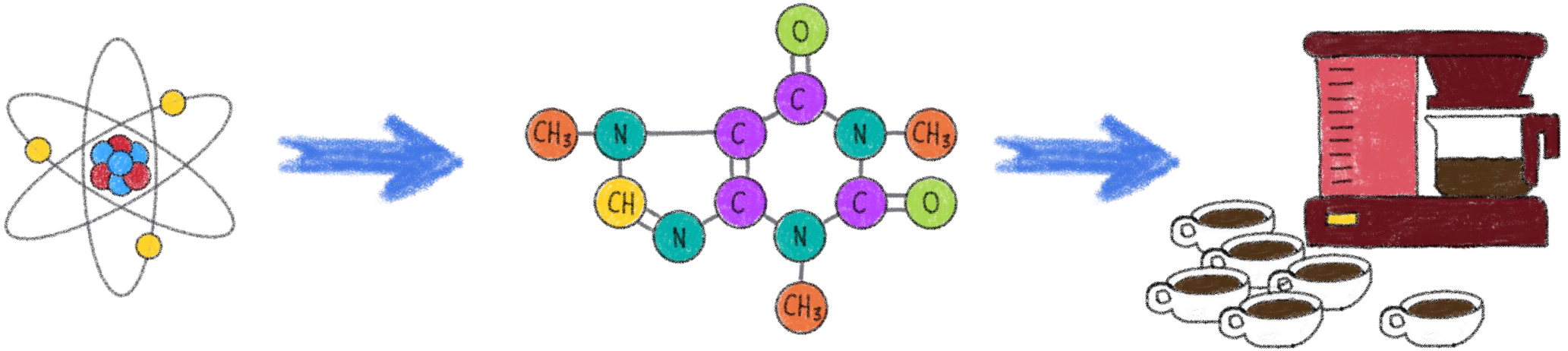


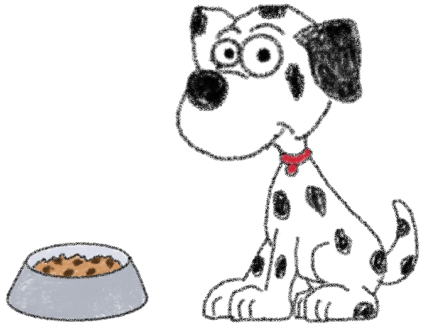
What kind(s) of components you want to build



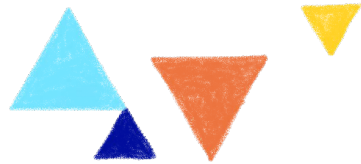
Build from the bottom and go up

FrontSide



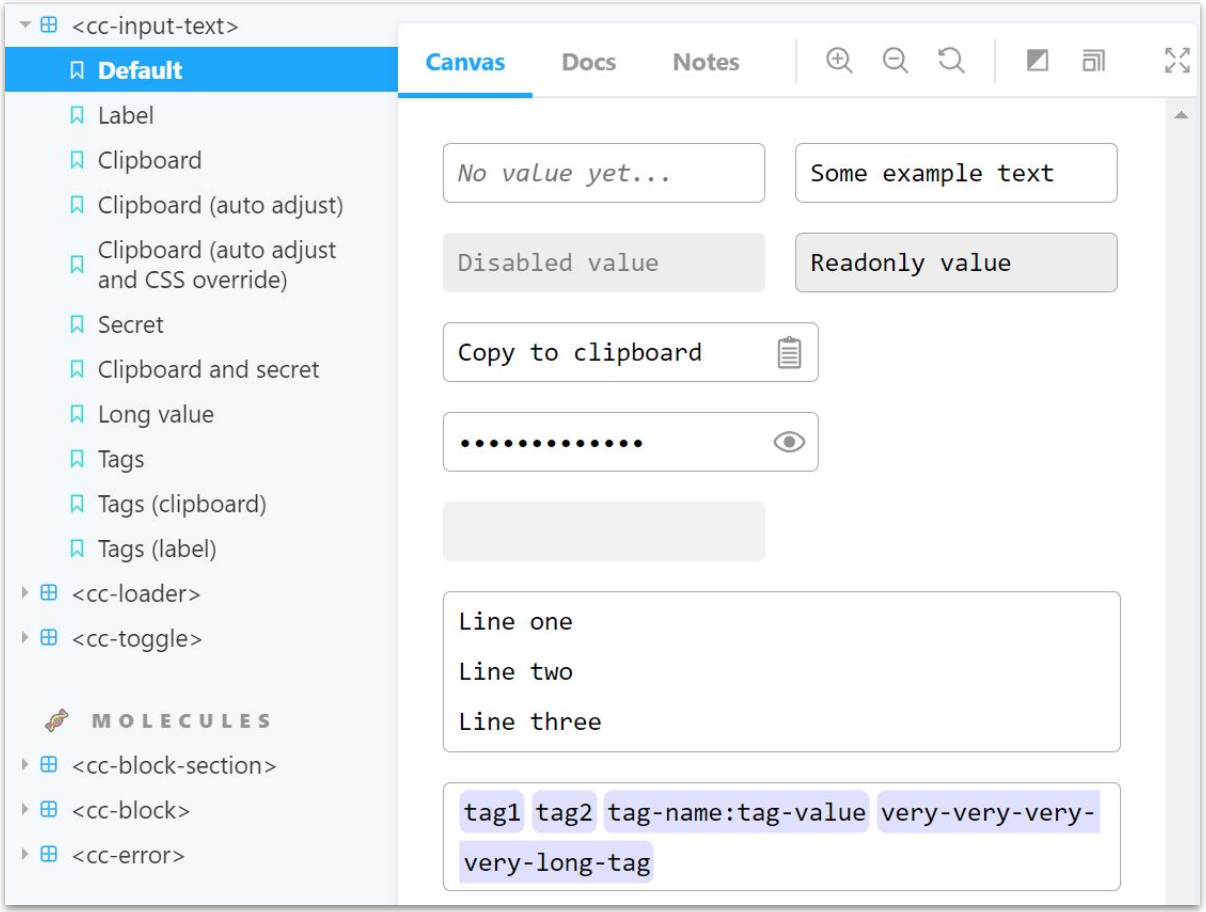


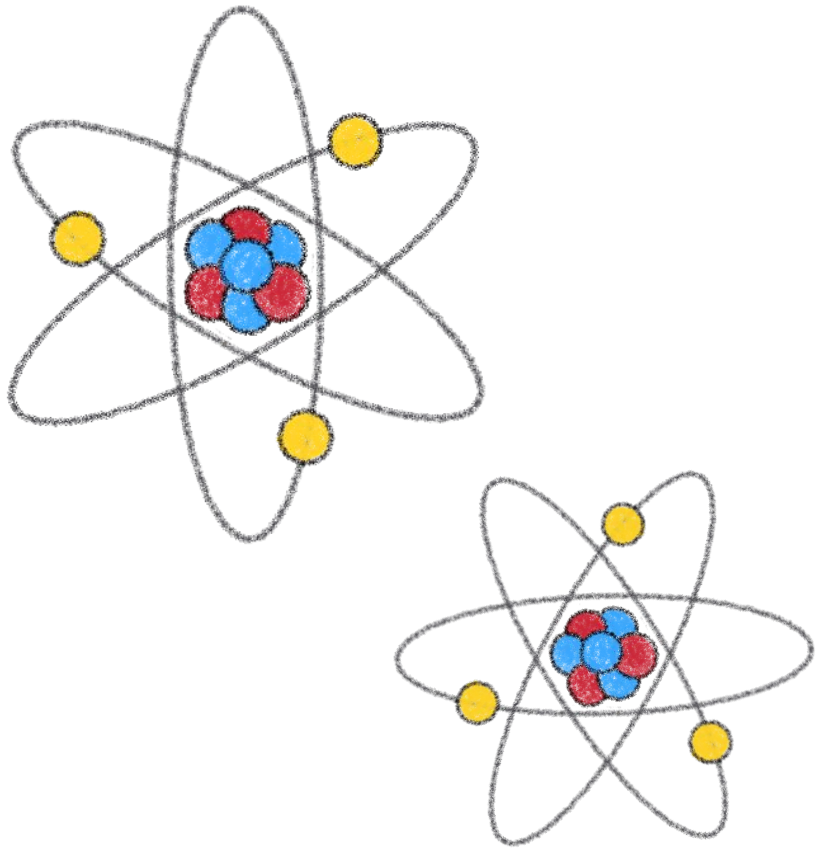
Eat your own dog food



And how to choose the atoms?

FrontSide

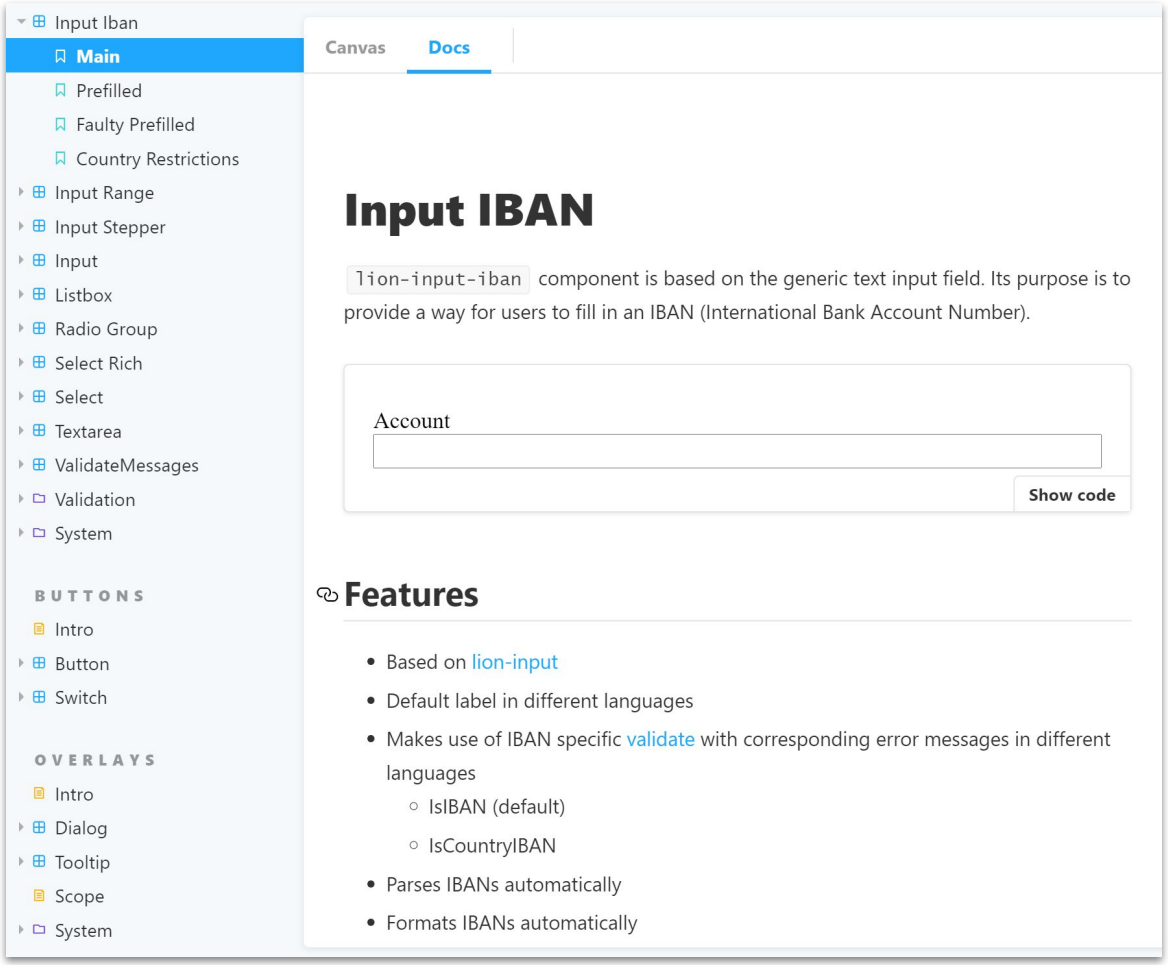


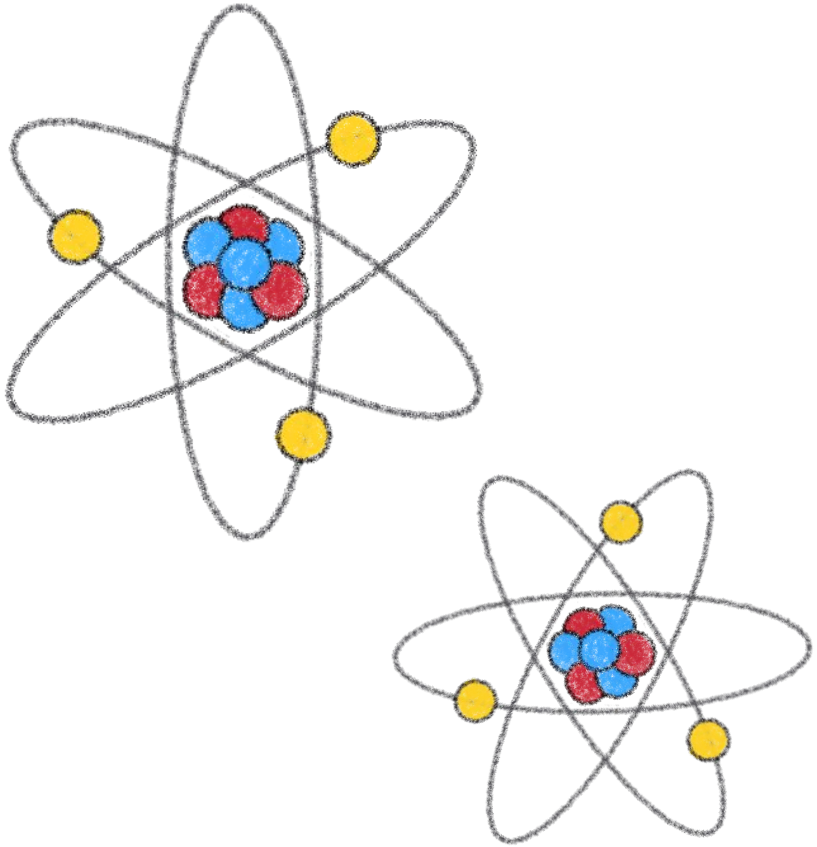


Flexibility and configurability are key

And how to choose the atoms?

FrontSide

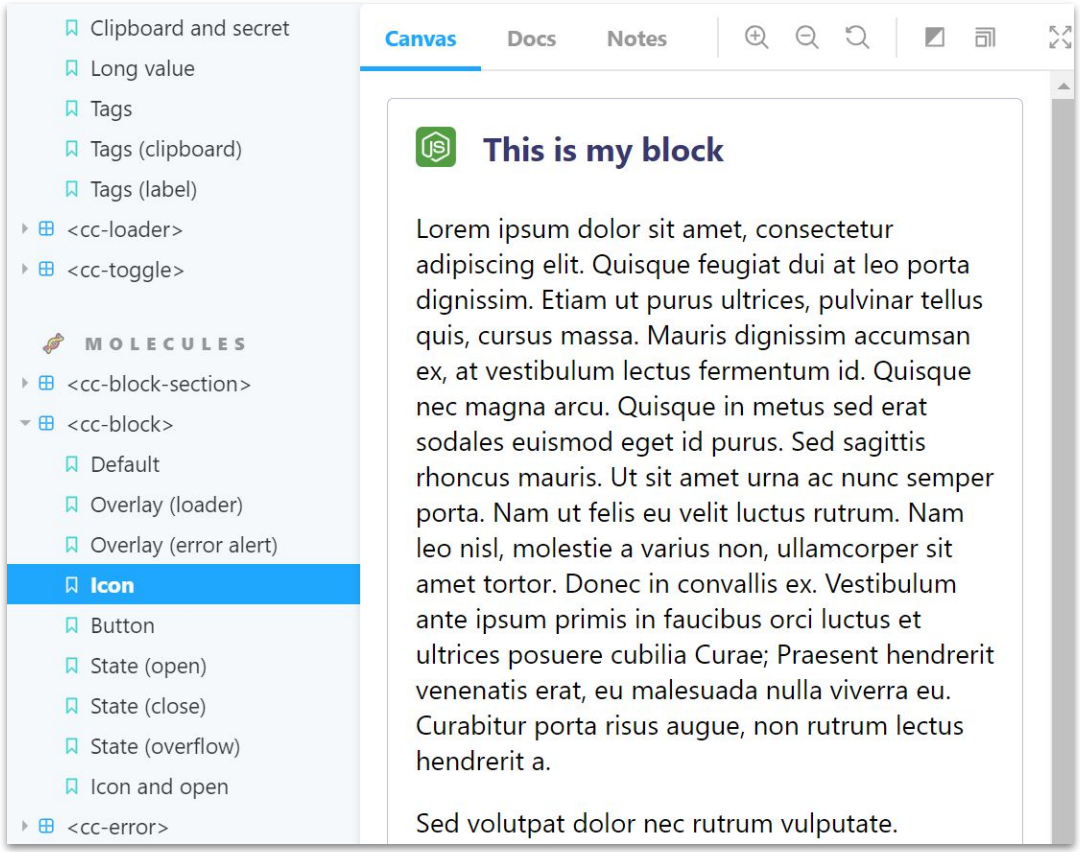


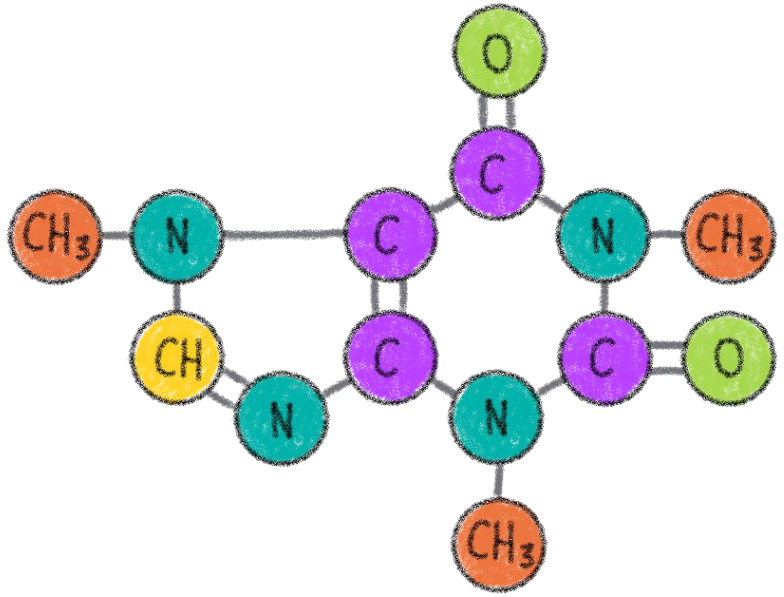


Encode often used patterns

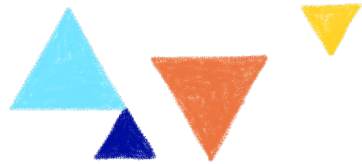
And what about the molecules?

FrontSide



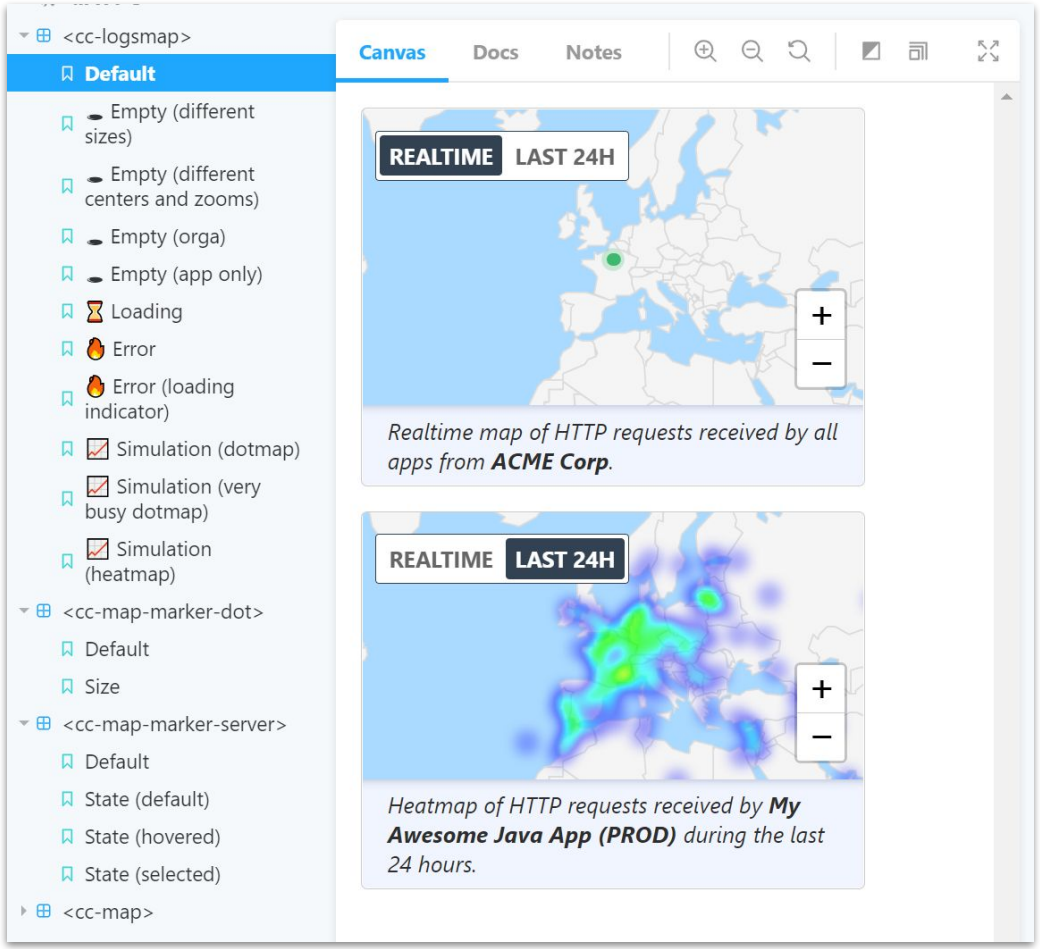


Capitalize on your atoms
Keep the flexibility and configurability

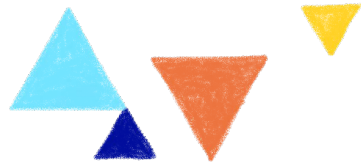


Big smart business components

FrontSide

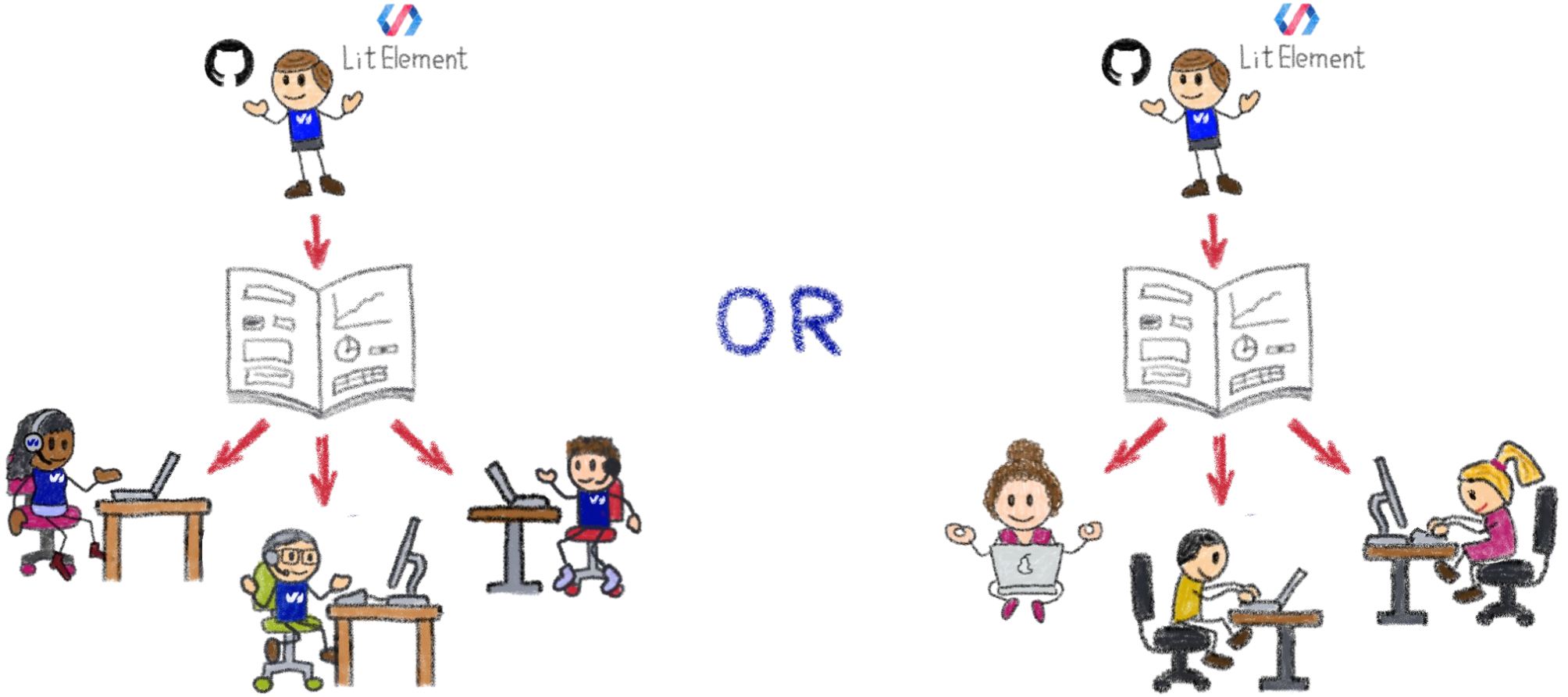


Encoding your business logic



Internal or external customers?

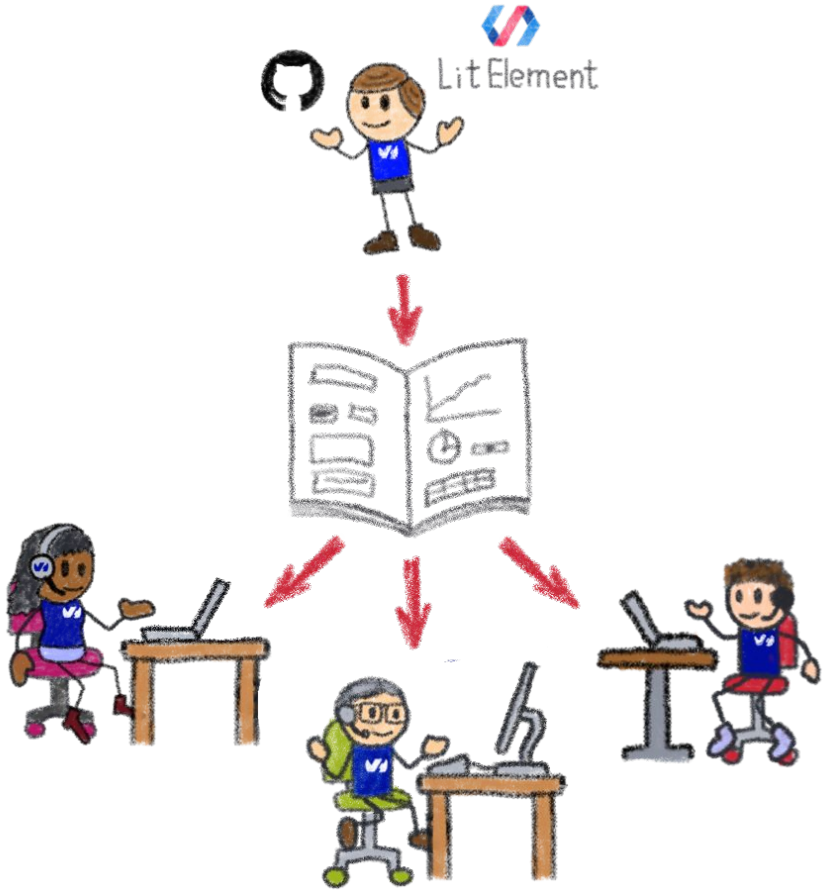
FrontSide



Who are your target users?

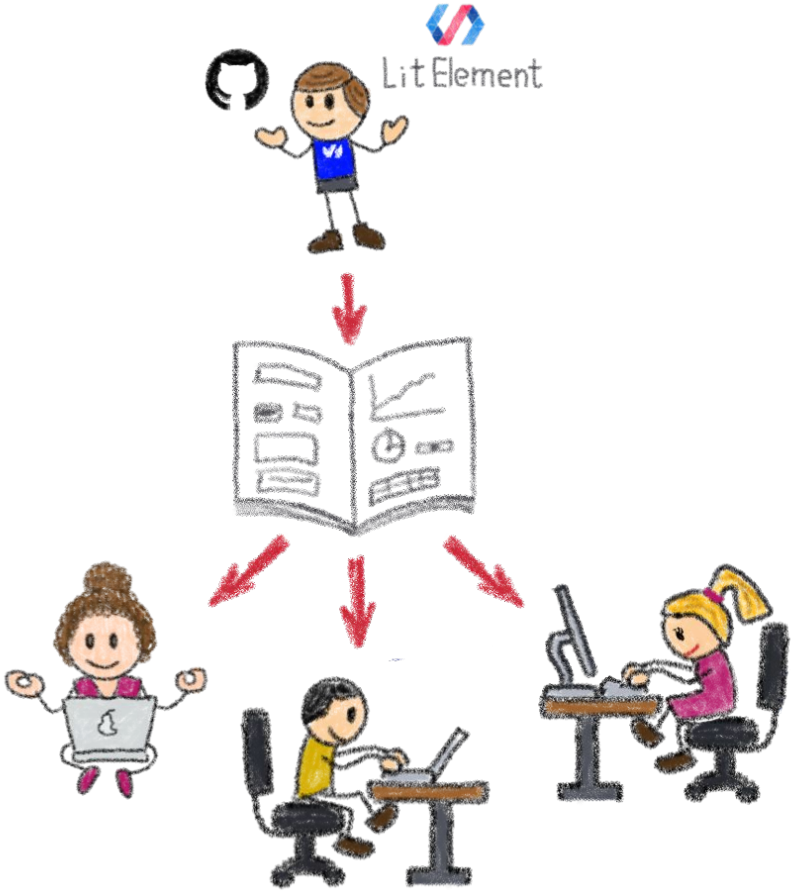
Internal customers need off-the-shelf components

FrontSide



A well defined and coherent look-and-feel

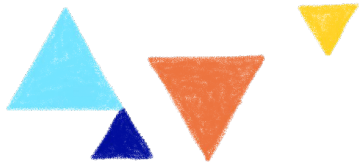
External customers need to be able to tweak



Theming and customizing components

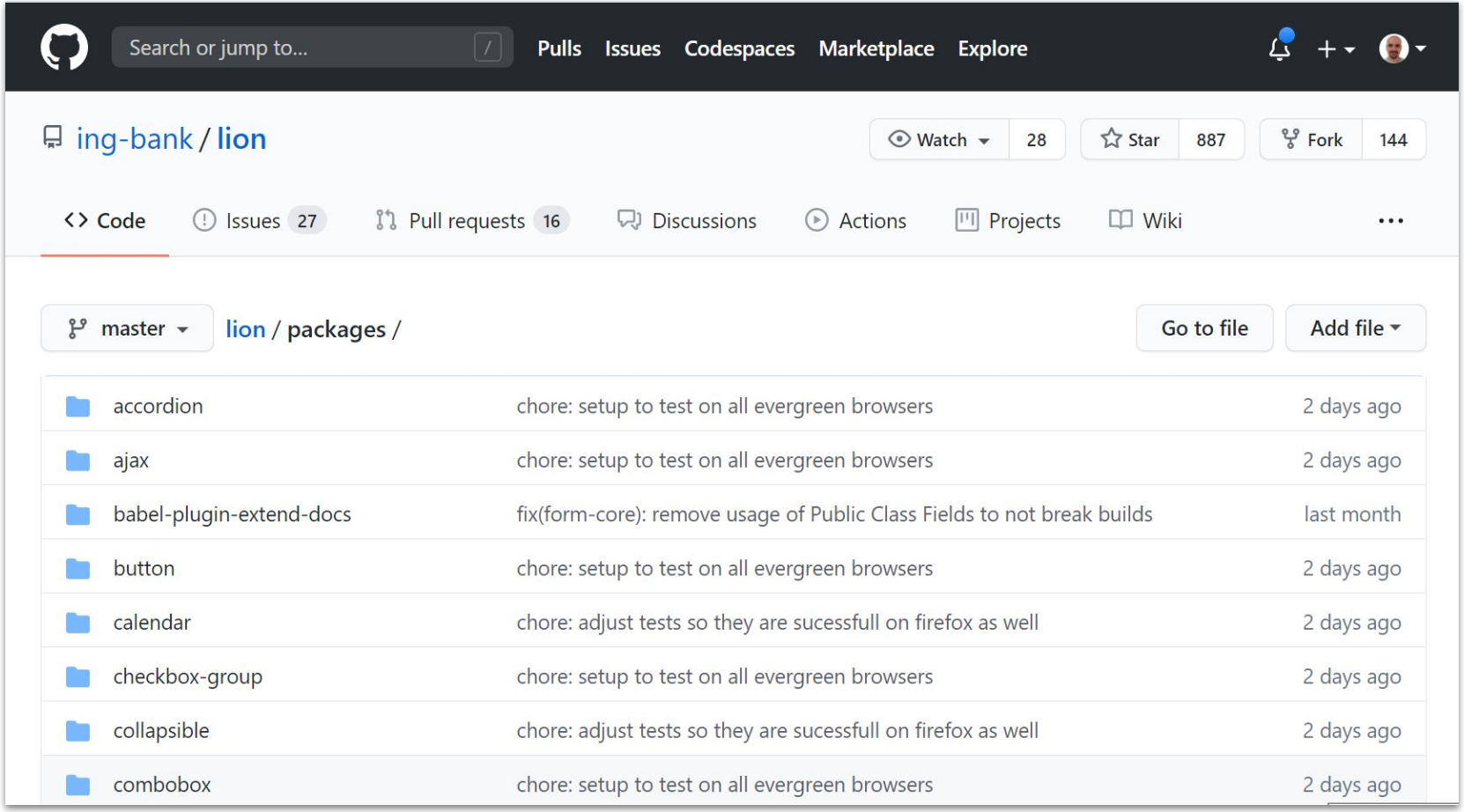
How to organize the catalog

Packages, imports and pragmatism

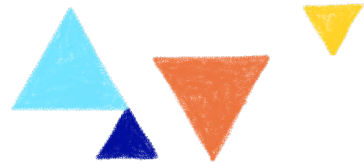


A single repository

FrontSide



Single source of truth for the catalog



Two schools of thought

FrontSide

Lion web components is logically organized in groups of systems.

The accessibility column indicates whether the functionality is accessible in its core. Aspects like styling and content determine actual accessibility in usage.

Package	Version	Description	Accessibility
-- Form System --		A system that lets you make complex forms with ease, including: validation, translations.	✔
combobox	npm v0.1.2	Text box controlling popup listbox	✔
form	npm v0.7.1	Wrapper for multiple form elements	✔
form-core	npm v0.6.3	Core functionality for all form controls	✔
form-integrations	npm v0.3.5	Shows form elements in an integrated way	✔
fieldset	npm v0.15.1	Group for form inputs	✔
checkbox-group	npm v0.12.1	Group of checkboxes	✔
input	npm v0.10.1	Input element for strings	✔
input-amount	npm v0.8.1	Input element for amounts	✔
input-date	npm v0.8.1	Input element for dates	✔
input-datepicker	npm v0.17.0	Input element for dates with a datepicker	✔
input-email	npm v0.9.1	Input element for e-mails	✔
input-iban	npm v0.10.1	Input element for IBANs	✔
input-range	npm v0.5.1	Input element for a range of values	✔

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@clevercloud/components

4.1.2 • Public • Published 2 months ago

Readme Explore BETA 10 Dependencies 0 Dependents 76 Versions

Collection of Web Components by Clever Cloud

What is this?

This project contains a collection of Web Components made by Clever Cloud.

Some of those components are low-level like `<cc-button>`, `<cc-input-text>` or `<cc-loader>`, the other components are more high-level and specific to Clever Cloud's domain model.

Install

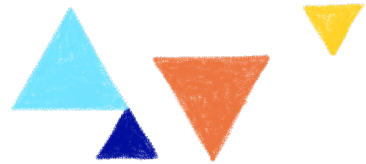
```
npm i @clevercloud/components
```

Weekly Downloads 232

Version	License
4.1.2	Apache-2.0

Unpacked Size	Total Files
1.31 MB	145

A packet per component or a global one



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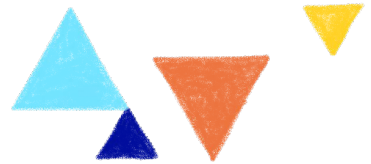
npm i @clevercloud/components
```

Weekly Downloads 232

Version 4.1.2 License Apache-2.0

Unpacked Size 1.31 MB Total Files 145

Individual versioning vs global one



Lots of web components libraries

FrontSide

slim.js

LitElement

hybrids

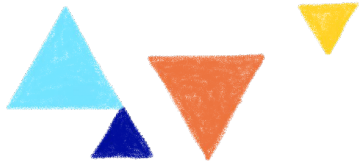
snuggsi ツ

SkateJS

stencil

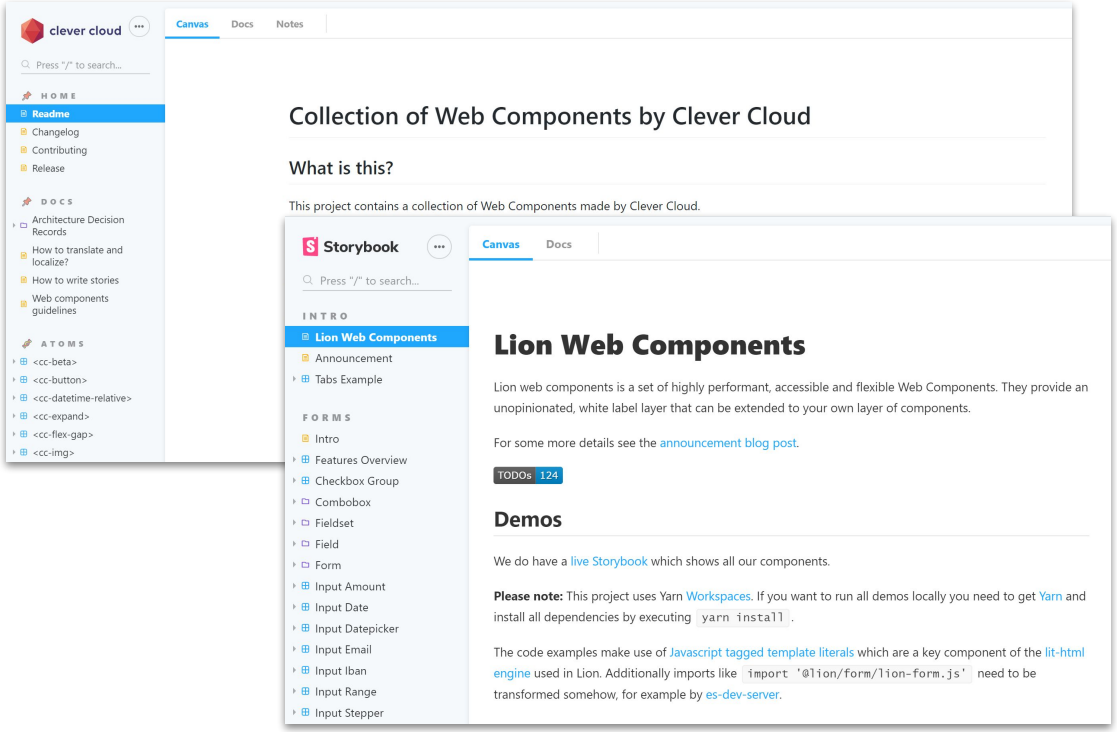
smart
HTML ELEMENTS

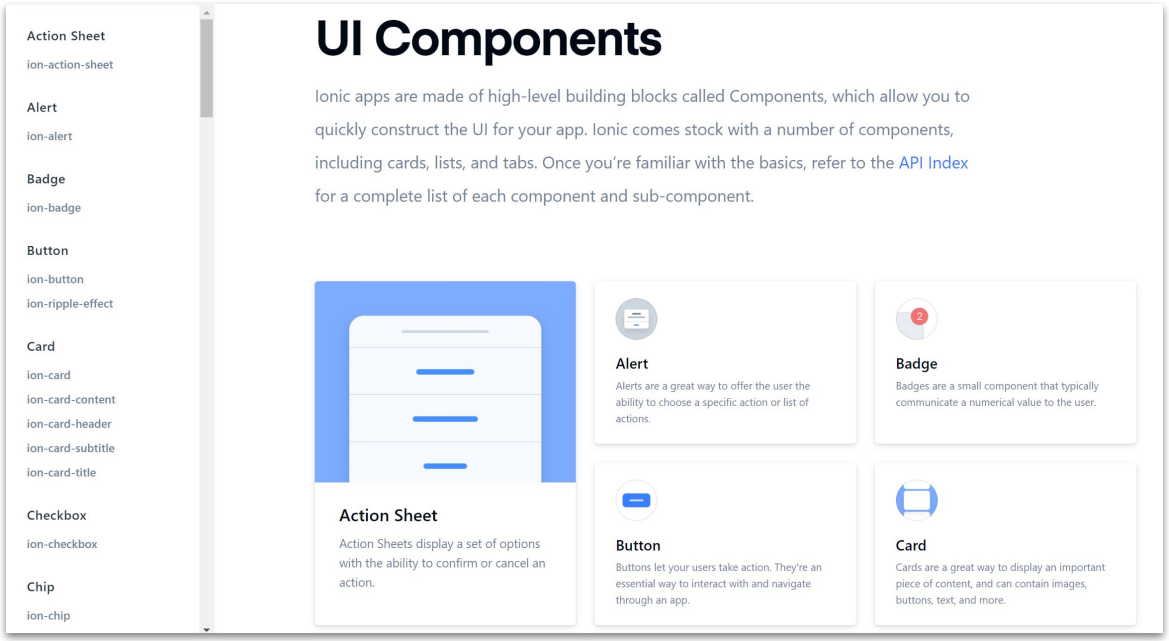
For different needs and sensibilities



Which ones to use?

FrontSide





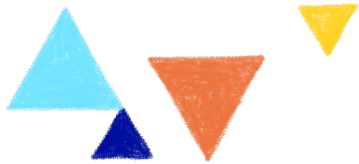
Lit Element

stencil

All are good, but these are popular favorites

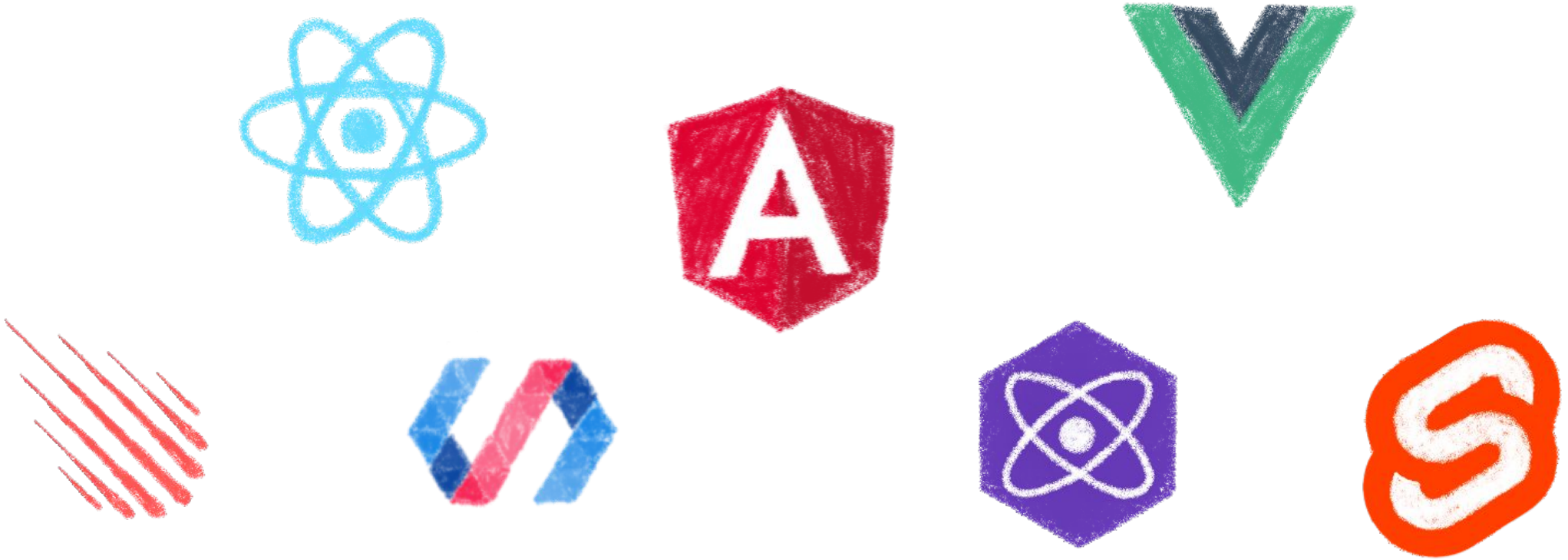
Driving-up adoption

Making devs use your components

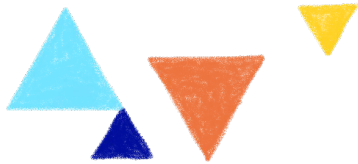


Think who are your target users

FrontSide

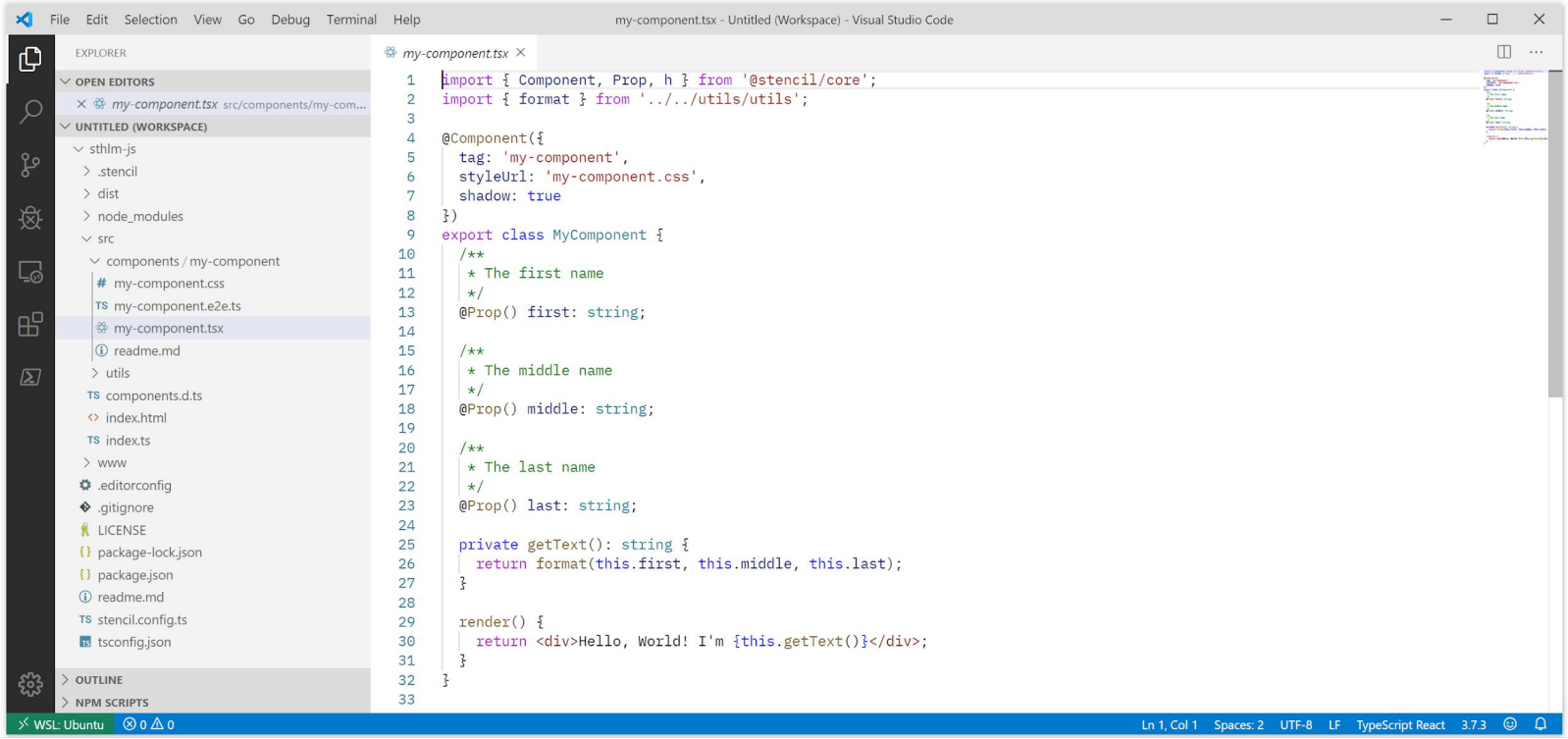


Users of any framework current or future...

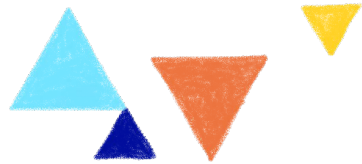


They aren't used to your library

FrontSide

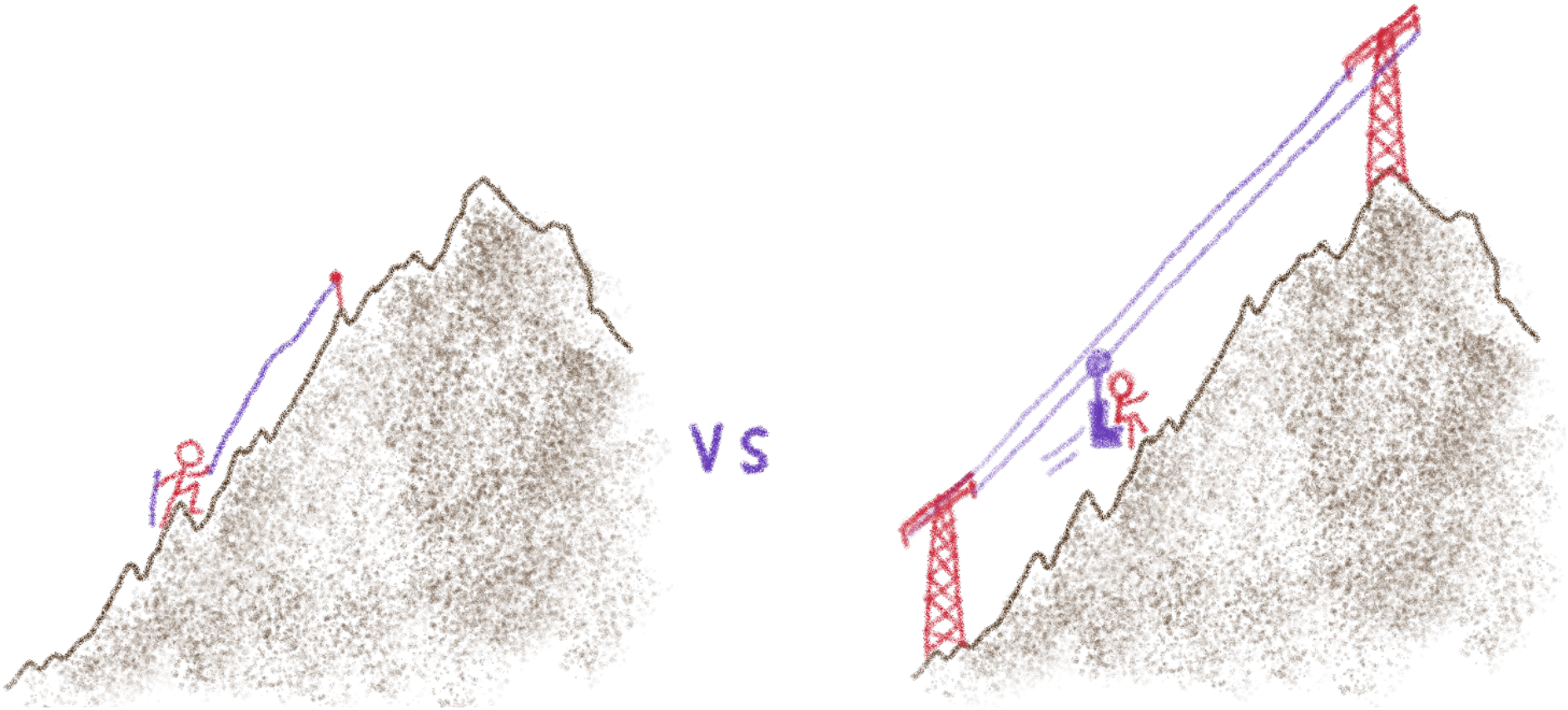


And they shouldn't need to be



Go the extra mile to drive up adoption

FrontSide



So they don't need to do it

Make it easy to use

FrontSide

How to install

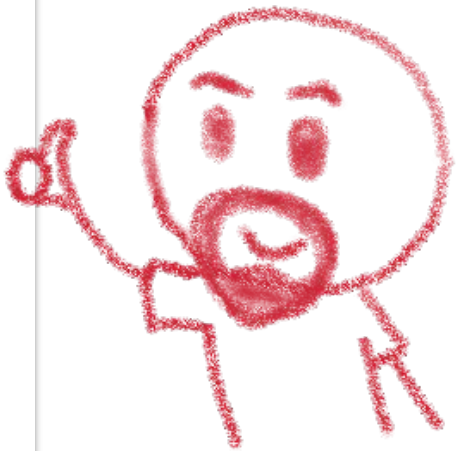
```
npm i @lion/<package-name>
```

How to use

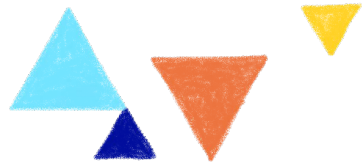
Use a Web Component

```
<script type="module">
  import '@lion/input/lion-input.js';
</script>

<lion-input name="firstName"></lion-input>
```



As easy as a HTML tag



Document every composant

FrontSide

Input IBAN

`lion-input-iban` component is based on the generic text input field. Its purpose is to provide a way for users to fill in an IBAN (International Bank Account Number).

```
import { html } from 'lit-html';
import { loadDefaultFeedbackMessages } from '@lion/validate-messages';
import { IsCountryIBAN } from './src/validators.js';

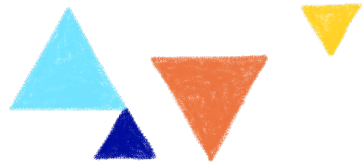
import './lion-input-iban.js';

export default {
  title: 'Forms/Input Iban',
};

loadDefaultFeedbackMessages();
```

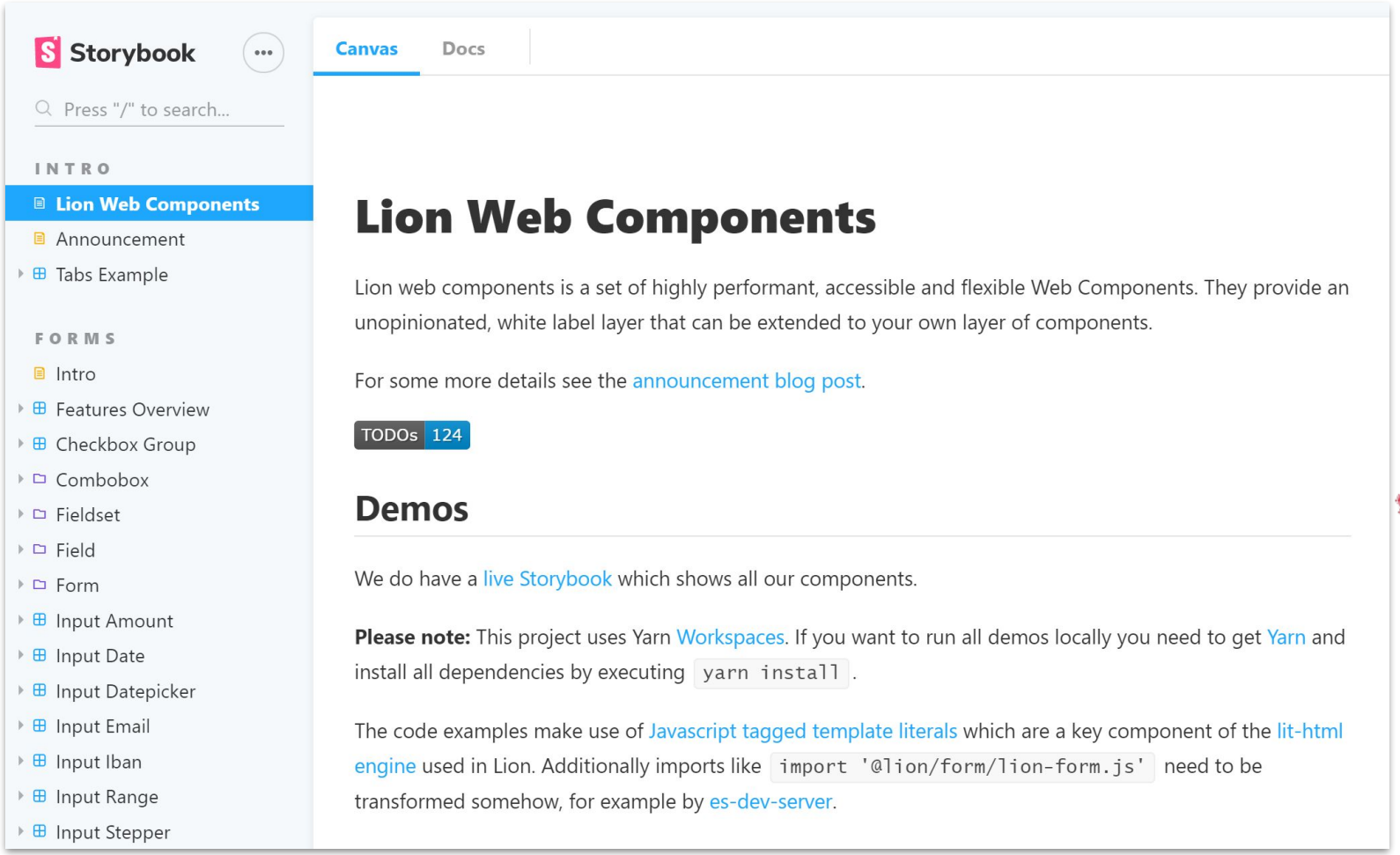
```
export const main = () => {
  return html` <lion-input-iban label="Account" name="account"></lion-input-iban> `;
};
```

How to use, inputs/outputs, examples...

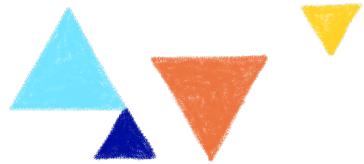


Documentation isn't enough

FrontSide



Storybook make adoption easy



Keeping a coherent writing style

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ATOMS
- <cc-beta>
- <cc-button>
- <cc-datetime-relative>
- <cc-expand>
- <cc-flex-gap>
- <cc-img>
- <cc-input-text>

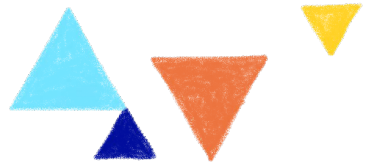
Web Components guidelines at Clever Cloud

Here a different rules we want any contributor to follow regarding how we write Web Components with LitElement.

General rules and reminders

- Don't forget to document your component's public API (properties, attributes, methods, events, slots, CSS custom props...)
- Your component should be UI only and NOT COUPLED with where the data comes from
- Don't forget to init your property default values in the constructor
- Use the `dispatchCustomEvent` helper and try to emit your value directly on `detail`
- In the data I/O, prefer array of objects (instead of object literals) for collections
- Always name your event handlers "_onSomething"
- Try to sort your CSS sources in each selector (alphabetically)
- Declare all public properties in the static get properties
- Think about what will happen when there's an error
- Think about what will happen when the data is not there yet, for this, we use the "skeleton screen" pattern
- Think about what will happen when the data is empty, don't forget to add a message

Write down your guidelines



I18n shouldn't be an afterthought

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ATOMS
- <cc-beta>
  - Default
  - With tiles
  - With map
- <cc-button>
- <cc-datetime-relative>
- <cc-expand>

How to translate and localize?

Welcome to this complete guide about the translation and localization system of our component library.

OBSERVATIONS:

- This system is agnostic to how the different components of this library are coded/implemented.
- This system is agnostic to the code/stack of your target application.
- This system tries to have the smallest API surface in our components, just a `i18n(key, params)` function with 2 args.
- This system assumes your users MUST reload the page to apply a language change.
- We don't have a way to only load the translations for a set of components (but we'd like to).

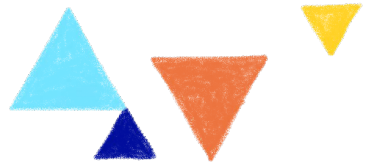
As a user

If you're using our component library, you'll need to:

1. Load the language file(s)
2. Register language(s)
3. Select the language selected by your user

Depending on your context, the setup can be done synchronously or asynchronously.

Prepare everything for internationalization



That's all, folks!

Thank you all!