

# Red Hat Update for System z

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Lead, Linux on System z



# Agenda

- Red Hat Intro & Company Overview
- Red Hat Technology Update
  - Enterprise Linux Update
  - Long Range Virtualization Plan
  - Security/MLS/Common Criteria
- System z Specifics
  - Hardware Exploitation
  - Roadmap
- Summary & Close



## Red Hat, Inc

- Headquarters: Raleigh, NC
- Founded 1993
- Public 1999 (NYSE: RHT)
- Operating in 27 countries
- Over 2800 Employees worldwide
- Over 50% are engineers
- 85% Government/Commercial Linux Market Share
- 40+% Year over Year Growth (For 24 straight quarters)





#### **58 OFFICES IN 26 COUNTRIES**

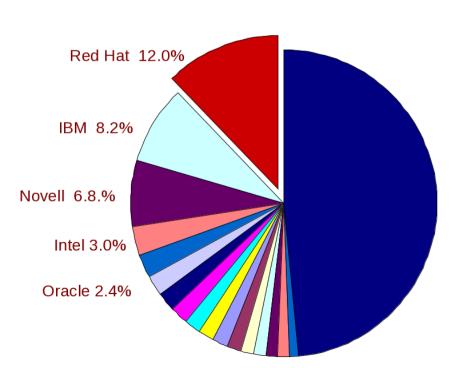




# Red Hat Development Model

#### **Community**

- Development with "upstream" communities
- Kernel, glibc, etc
- Collaboration with partners, IBM, open source contributors



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COMMUNITY

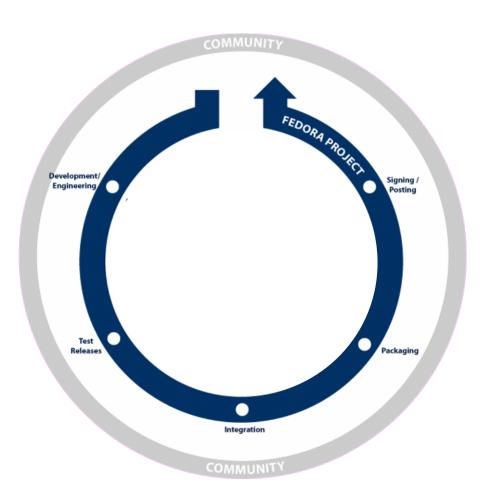
COMMUNITY



# Red Hat Development Model

#### **Fedora**

- Rapid innovation
- Latest technologies
- Community Supported
- Released ~6mo cycles

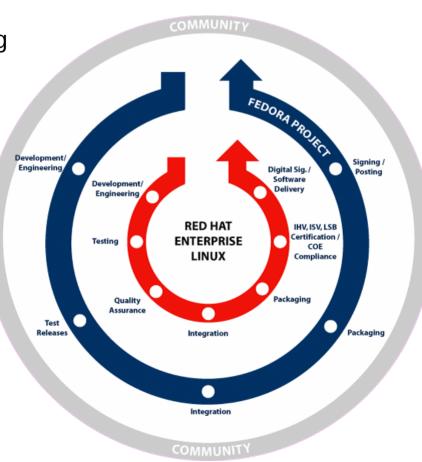




# Red Hat Development Model

#### **Red Hat Enterprise Linux**

- Stable, mature, commercial product
- Extensive Q&A, performance testing
- Hardware & Software Certifications
- 7yr maintenance
- Core ABI compatibility guarantee
- Major releases 2-3yr cycle





# Fedora for System z

http://unc.rdu.redhat.com/fc9-s390x/



# Support Cycle

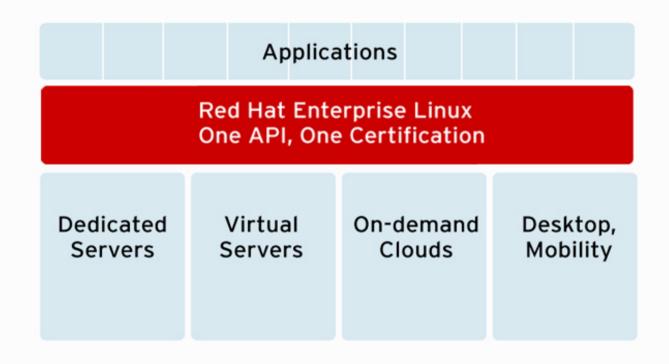
## **Extended Product Lifecycle**

	Years 1 - 4		Yr 5	Yr 6,7	
	Produc	tion 7	Produ	oction 2	iction 3
Security Patches		X		X	X
Bug Fixes		Х		X	X
Hardware Enablement		Full		Partial	None
Software Enhancements		Х			9



#### **CERTIFY ONCE, DEPLOY ANYWHERE**

Reduces costs, complexity, administration, and management overhead. Red Hat Enterprise Linux supported applications run everywhere.





# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Update



## RHEL Kernel Updates

- High resolution timers (2.6.16)
  - Provide fine resolution and accuracy depending on system configuration and capabilities - used for precise in-kernel timing
- Modular, on-the-fly switchable I/O schedulers (2.6.10)
  - Only provided as a boot option in RHEL4
  - Improved algorithms (esp. for CFQ)
  - Per-Queue selectable (previously system-wide)
- New Pipe implementation (2.6.11)
  - 30-90% perf improvement in pipe bandwidth
  - Circular buffer allow more buffering rather than blocking writers



## Monitoring Features

- Inotify (2.6.13)
  - New file system event monitoring mechanism (replaces dnotify)
  - Ideal for security and performance monitoring
- Process Events Connector (2.6.15)
  - Reports fork, exec, id change, and exit events for all processes to userspace
  - Useful for accounting/auditing (e.g. ELSA), system activity monitoring, security, and resource management
- Blktrace
  - Block queue IO tracing monitor block device queue traffic (2.6.17)



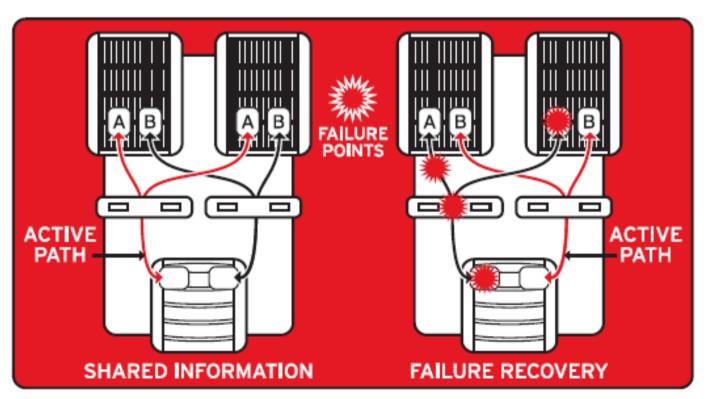
# File System Features

- EXT3
  - Ext3 block reservation & on-line growth (2.6.10 & RHEL4)
  - Extended Attributes in the body of large inode
    - Saves space and improves performance (2.6.11)
  - Increases maximum ext3 file-system size from 8TB to 16TB (2.6.18)
- ACL support for NFSv3 and NFSv4 (2.6.13)
- NFS
  - Support large reads and writes on the wire (2.6.16)
  - Linux NFS client supports transfer sizes up to 1MB
- Device mapper multipath support



# Device Mapper Multipath IO (MPIO)

- Connects & manages multiple paths through SAN to storage array
- Upon component failure, MPIO redirects traffic via redundant pathing
- Active/Active array support
- Bundled into RHEL





# Security Features

- Address space randomization:
  - Address randomization of multiple entities including stack & mmap() region (used by shared libraries) (2.6.12; more complete implementation than in RHEL4)
  - Greatly complicates and slows down hacker attacks
- Multilevel security (MLS) implementation for SELinux (2.6.12)
  - Third policy scheme for SELinux, with RBAC & TE
- Audit subsytem
  - Support for process-context based filtering (2.6.17)
  - More filter rule comparators (2.6.17)
- TCP/UDP getpeersec
  - Enable a security-aware application to retrieve the security context of an IPSec security association a particular TCP or UDP socket in using (2.6.17)

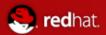


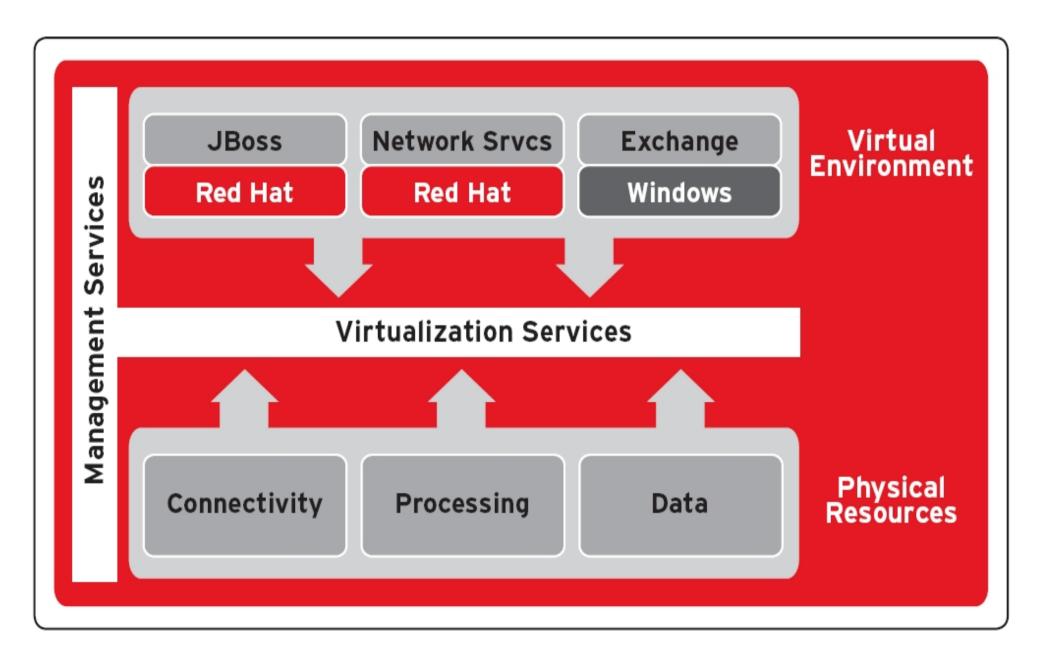
# Networking

- Add nf\_conntrack subsystem: (2.6.15)
  - Common IPv4/IPv6 generic connection tracking subsystem
  - Allows IPv6 to have a stateful firewall capability (not previously possible)
    - Enables analysis of whole streams of packets, rather than only checking the headers of individual packets
- SELinux per-packet access controls
  - Replaces old packet controls
  - Add Secmark support to core networking
    - Allows security subsystems to place security markings on network packets (2.6.18)
- IPv6
  - RFC 3484 compliant source address selection (2.6.15)
  - Add support for Router Preference (RFC4191) (2.6.17)
  - Add Router Reachability Probing (RFC4191) (2.6.17



# Red Hat Enterprise Linux <u>Future</u> Virtualization Update



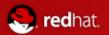




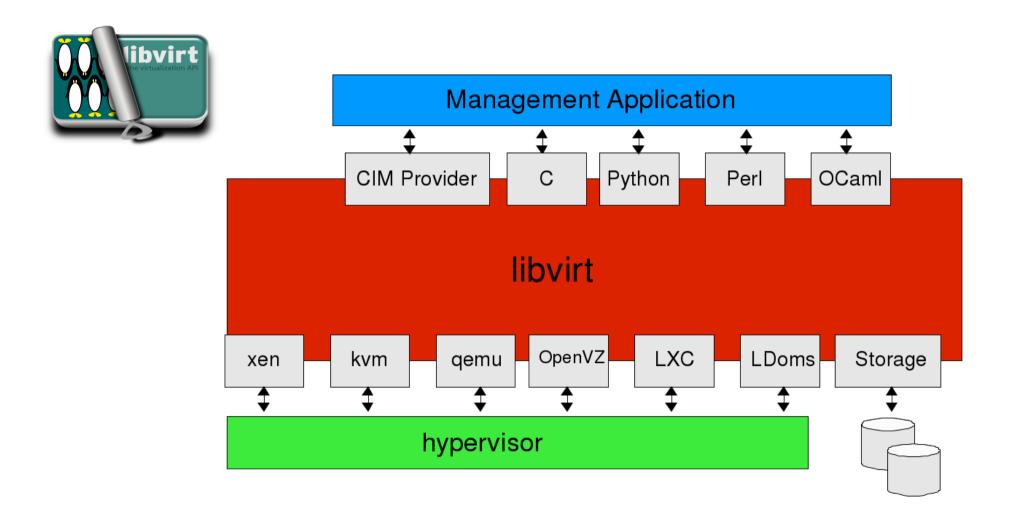
### Introduction to libvirt API

- Hypervisor agnostic
- Stable API for tool/app development
  - CIM providers; Python, C bindings, scriptable
- Allows authenticated/encrypted sessions to remote hypervisors
- Current support for
  - Xen Hypervisor
  - KVM Hypervisor
  - QEMU Hypervisor





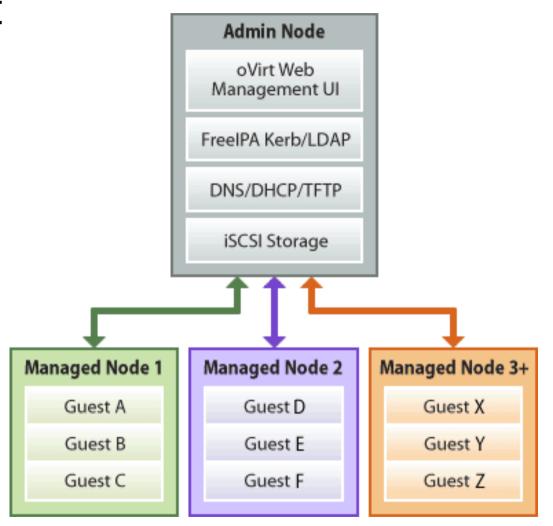
## Introduction to libvirt API





### Introduction to oVirt

- Currently <u>in development</u>
- Utilizes libvirt
- Web-Based GUI
- Automate clustering, load balancing, and SLA maintenance
- Designed for enterprise management
- Built on Ruby on Rails
- Performance tools built-in





# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Security Update



# Red Hat Security Certifications

- NIAP/Common Criteria: The most evaluated operating system platform
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 2.1 EAL 2 (Completed: February 2004)
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 3 EAL 3+/CAPP (Completed: August 2004)
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 4 EAL 4+/CAPP (Completed: February 2006)
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 EAL4+/CAPP/LSPP/RBAC (Completed: June 2007)

#### DII-COE

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 3 (Self-Certification Completed: October 2004)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux: First Linux platform certified by DISA

#### DCID 6/3

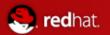
- Currently PL3 & PL4: ask about kickstarts.
- Often a component in PL5 systems

#### DISA SRRs / STIGs

Ask about kickstarts.

#### FIPS 140-2

• Red Hat / NSS Cryptography Libraries certified Level 2

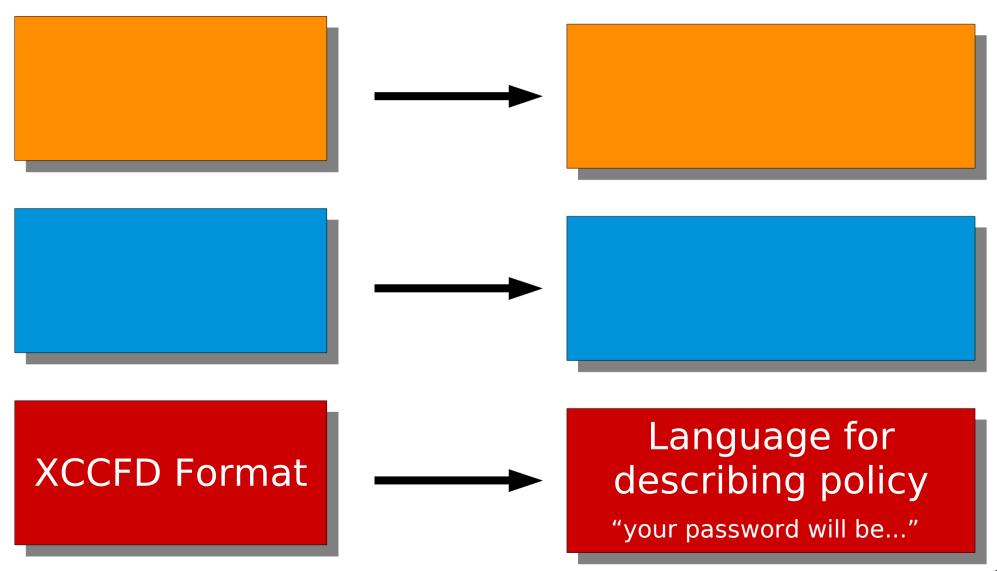


# RHEL5 Security: NIST Standards Work

- Extensible Configuration Checklist Description Format (XCCDF)
  - Enumeration for configuration requirements
  - DISA FSO committed to deploying STIG as XCCDF
  - Others working with NIST
  - Security policy becomes one file

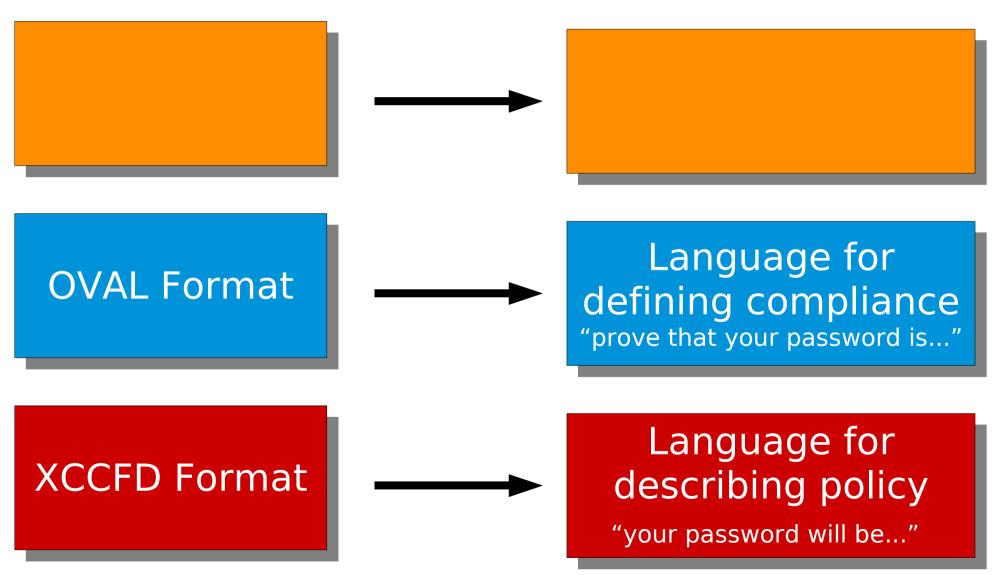


### Red Hat Tomorrow: Here comes XCCDF



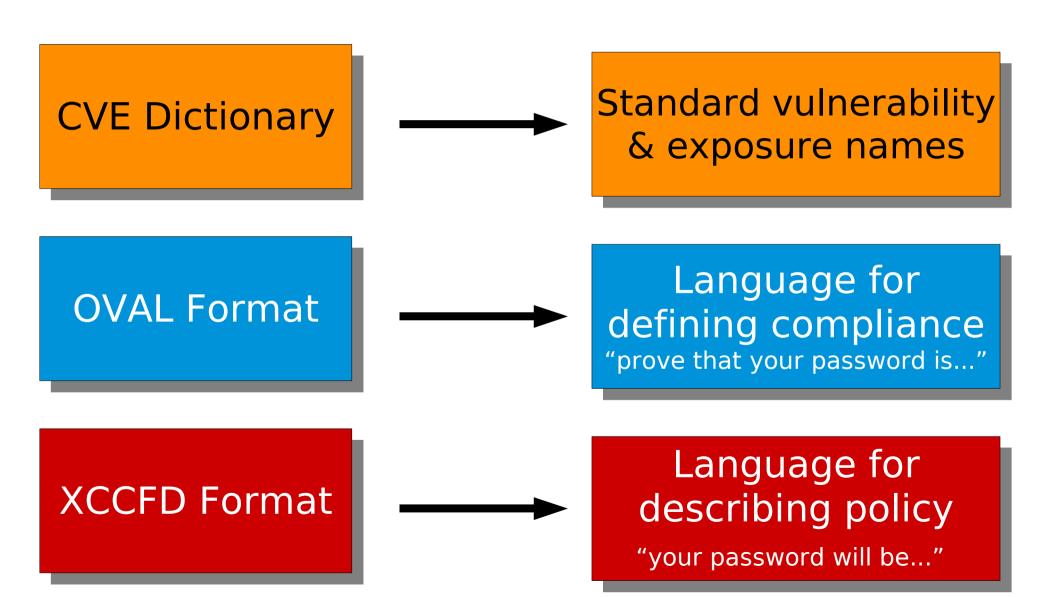


### Red Hat Tomorrow: Here comes XCCDF



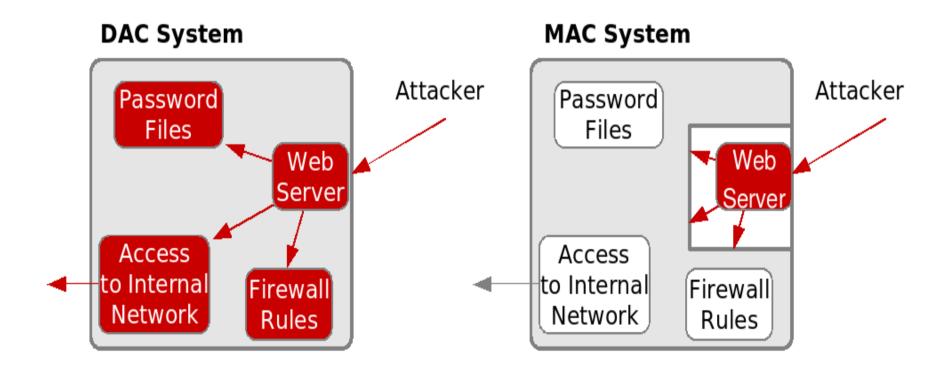


### Red Hat Tomorrow: Here comes XCCDF



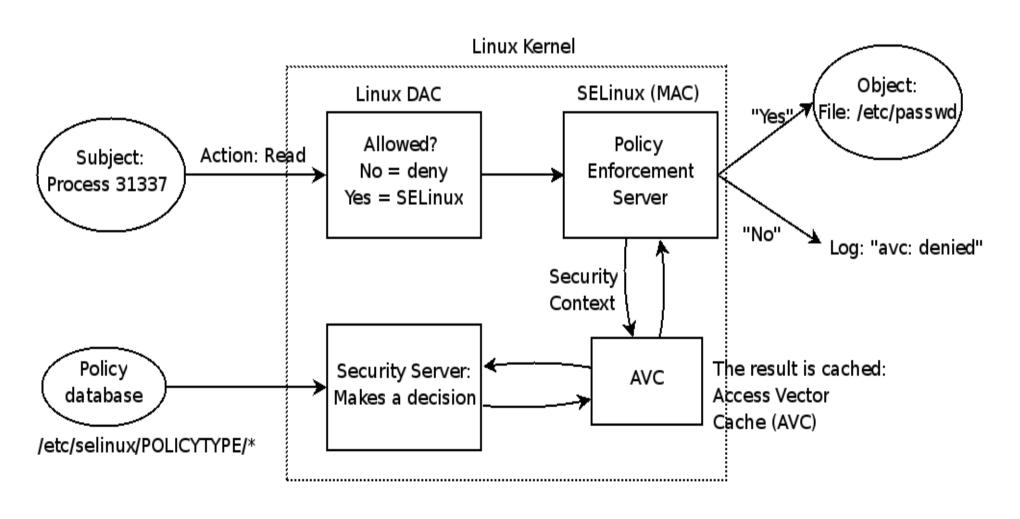


## RHEL5 Security: Basics of SELinux





## RHEL5 Security: Basics of SELinux





# RHEL5 Security: SELinux Policies

- Targeted Policy (Default)
  - Applications run unconfined unless explicitly defined policy exists
- Strict Policy
  - All application actions explicitly allowed through SELinux, else actions denied

- MLS
  - Polyinstantiated file systems
  - Allows for different "views" based on clearance level



#### **SELinux Contexts**

user\_u:object\_r:context\_t

### **Examples:**

Apache\_u:ApacheBackup\_r:ApacheDataFiles\_t

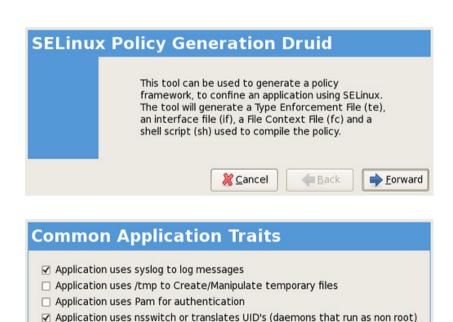
Apache\_u:ApacheConfig\_r:ApacheConfigFiles\_t



#### RHEL5 SELinux Enhancements

Policy creation now a two-step process

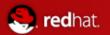
- 1) system-config-selinux
  - Creates template policy (network,filesystem read/write, etc)
- 2) audit2allow
  - Traces application, ensuring proper accesses



Cancel

🖛 <u>B</u>ack

prward Forward



#### RHEL5 SELinux Enhancements

#### **Loadable Policy Modules**

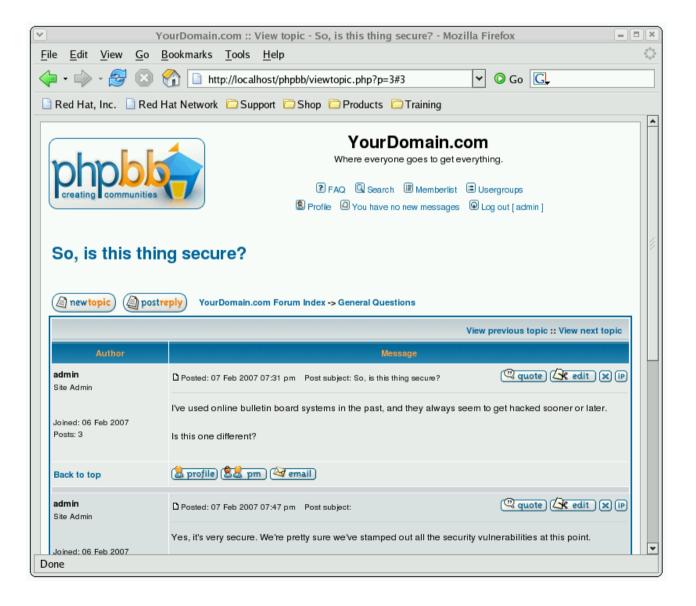
- In the past, all policy changes had to be made to the policy source
  - Required the entire policy re-compiled
  - Requiring a full set of policy development tools on production systems.
- Modules allow for the creation of self-contained policy modules
  - Safely linked together to create system policies
  - Add policy on the fly
  - Remove policy on the fly
- Framework to allow ISV/OEM partners to ship their own modular SELinux policy

#### **Further Information**

 http://sepolicy-server.sourceforge.net/index.php?page=moduleoverview

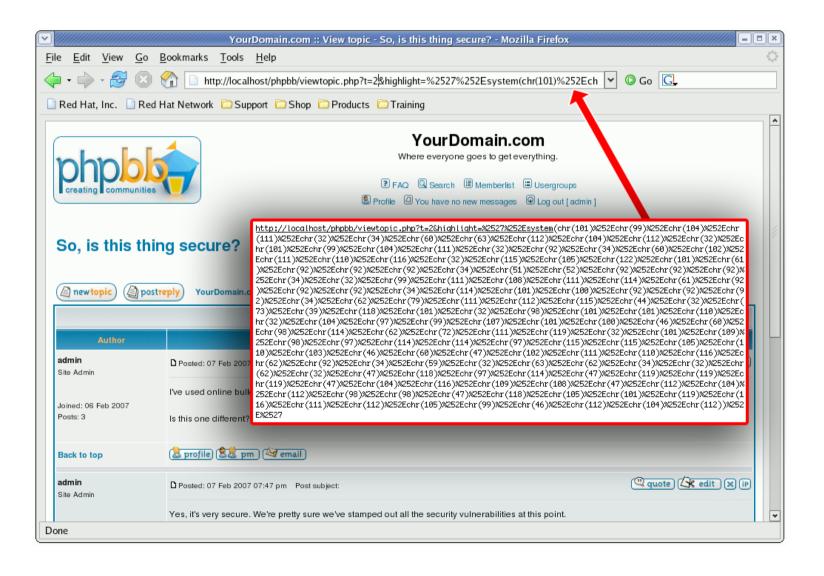


# Red Hat Today: SELinux Use Case





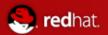
# Red Hat Today: SELinux Use Case





## Red Hat Today: SELinux Use Case





## Red Hat Today: RHEL Security Status

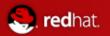
#### SELinux Use Case

- Apache should <u>not</u> be allowed to overwrite content
  - Therefore, Apache and any program started by Apache is not given write access to the data
  - SELinux constrains the program, regardless of the user running executable
  - The content is protected, even if the Apache PHP/CGI user owns the files
- When attacker uses the same exploit, with SELinux turned on:

```
Mar 3 23:02:04 rhel4-u4-as kernel: audit(1170820924.171:108): avc: denied { write } for pid=26760 comm="sh" name="phpbb" dev=dm-0 ino=1114119 scontext=root:system_r:httpd_sys_script_t tcontext=root:object_r:httpd_sys_content_t tclass=dir
```



# Red Hat Enterprise Linux System z Update



## Red Hat Today: Announcements

#### Red Hat / IBM Alliance

#### **Technical Perspective**

- Dedicated Partner Managers
- IBM on-site kernel engineers at Red Hat
- Weekly calls with IBM System z Product Mgmt
- Emphasis on IBM access to code (making it easier to work together)
- Weekly reviews of open bugs & feature requests
- Proof of Concept Support

#### **Marketing & Sales Perspective**

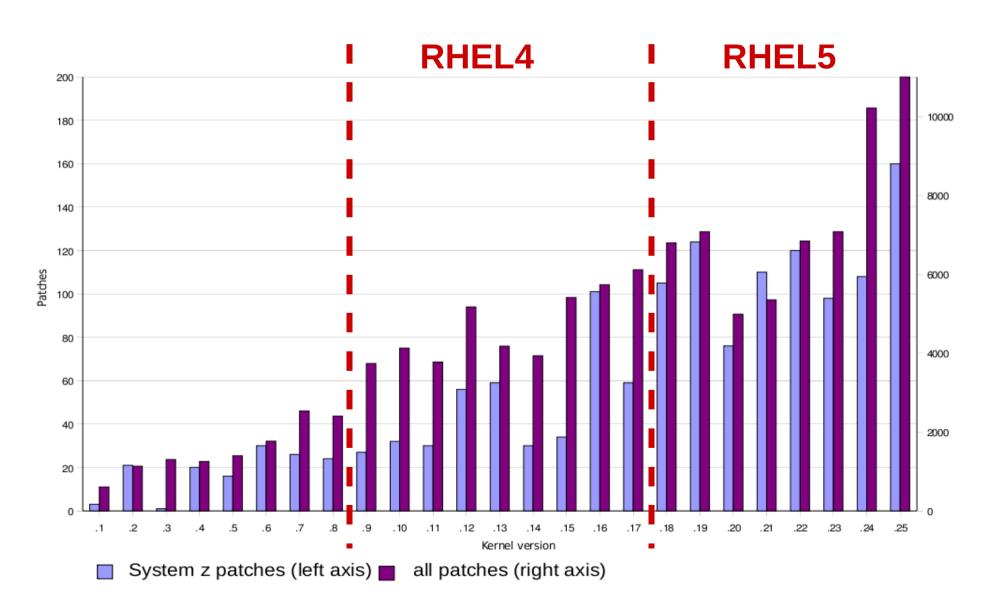
- Joint World-Wide Tour
- Marist, zNTP, T3, SHARE, zExpo, etc

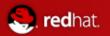
#### **Business Perspective**

Dedicated staff from helpdesk to executive



## IBM Changes to 2.6.x Kernel





## Red Hat Today: RHEL Status

#### **Upstream of Code**

- DASD Drive Updates
- zFCP Driver Updates
  - zFCP multipathing support in RHEL5 installer
- Crypto2 Express Support
- Hugetblfs
- Layer-2 IPv6 support for Hipersockets

#### **Marketing Perspective**

- Joint World-Wide Tour
- Marist, zNTP, T3, SHARE, zExpo, etc

#### **Sales Perspective**

Joint sales calls



## Red Hat Today: RHEL Status

#### **RHEL 5.1**

- Improved z/VM scheduling
- Improved performance with key recompiled libraries

#### **RHEL 5.2**

- Support for new IBM z10
- Improved IBM Director support to support fast connection to z/VM
- Improved Virtual Server Management
- Implementation of SCSI dump infrastructure
- Support for Dynamic CHPID reconfiguration
- Better network configuration tool support for System z network adapters
- Improved install experience with support for "ssh -X" with VNC
- Better network performance with skb scatter-gather support
- Implemented device-multipath support for xDR/GDPS

#### **RHEL 5.3**

- NSS, CPU Affinity, ETR support planned
- Suggestions? swells@redhat.com



## Red Hat Today: RHEL Security Status

#### Hardware Enablement

- In kernel crypto
  - S/390 implementation of SHA-384 and SHA-512 digests
  - Improved encryption performance (i.e. encrypted filesystems)
- libica library
  - Support for updated OpenSSL, PKCS#11, GSKit, and kernel crypto APIs
  - Device driver performance updates
- Crypto2 Express Support

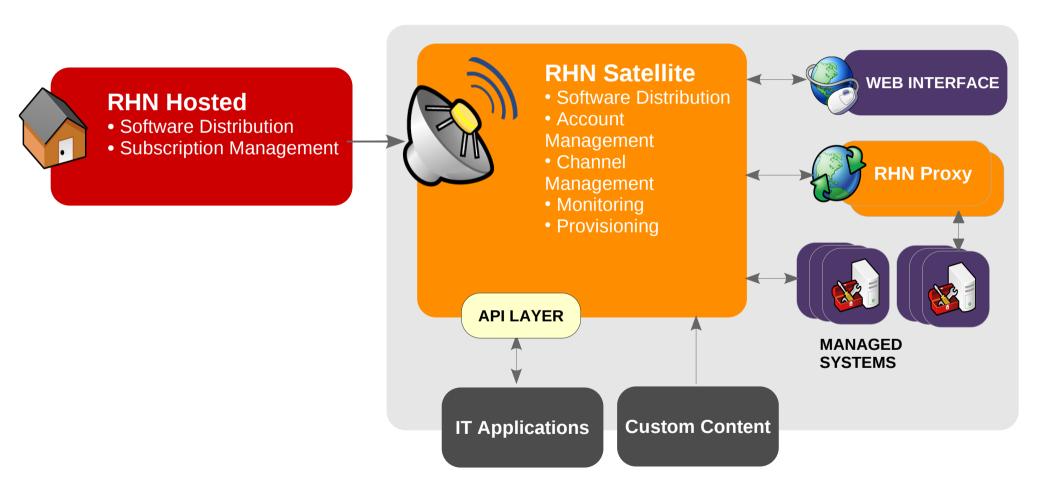


# **Red Hat Enterprise Linux Update**

**Red Hat Network** 



## RHN Satellite Deployment Model







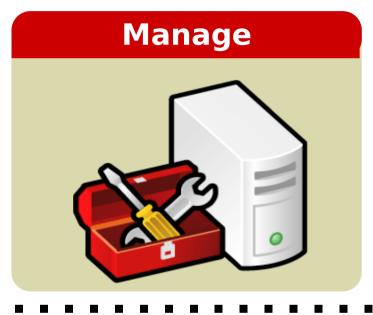










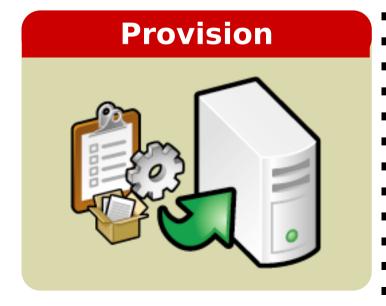


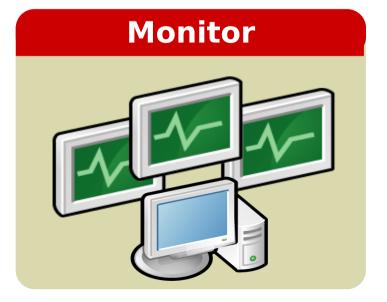




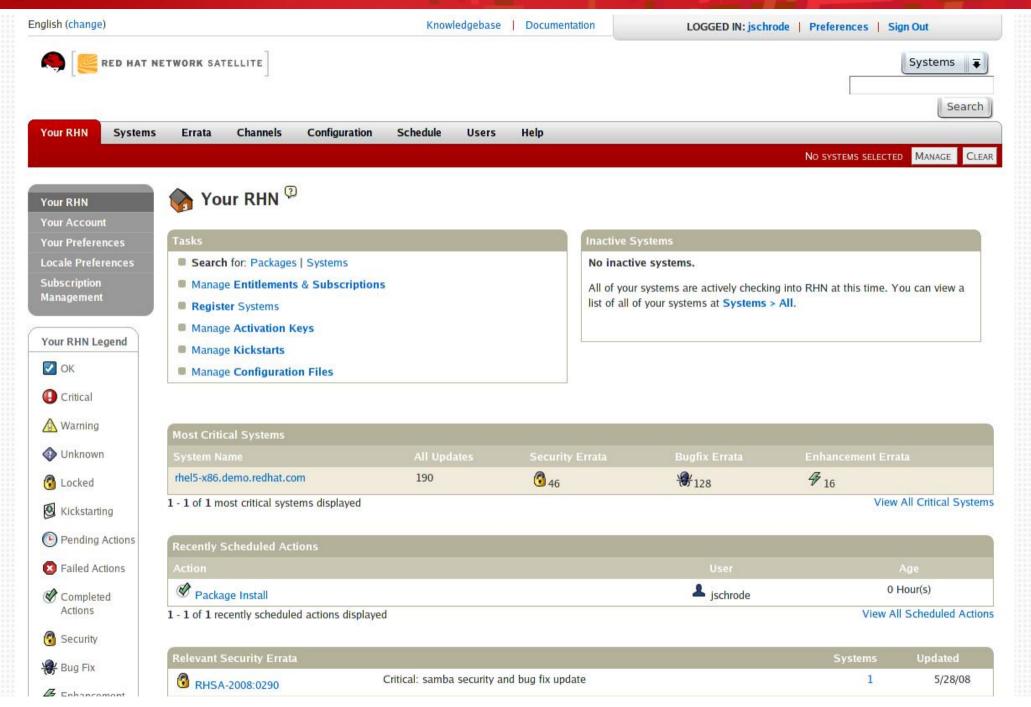










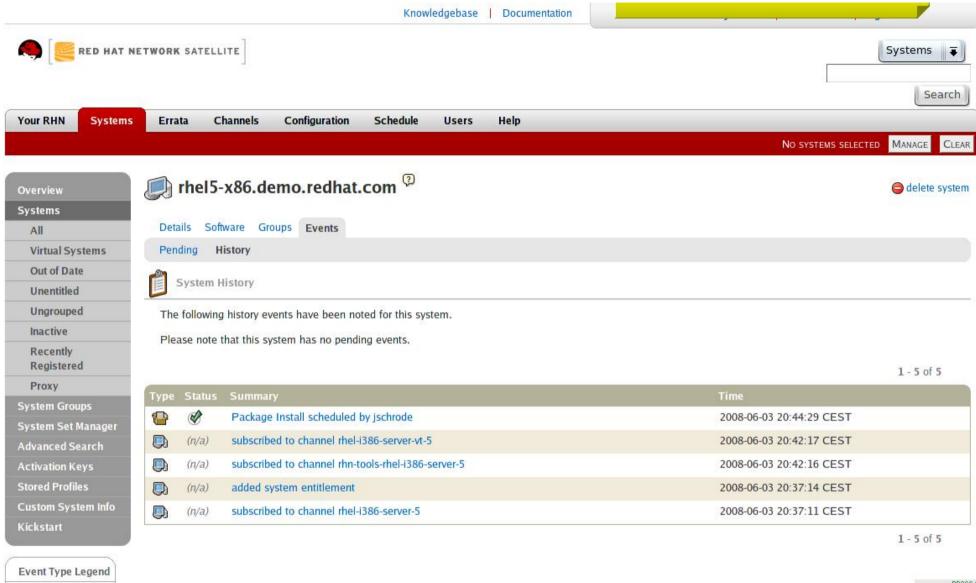




Package Event

Errata Event

Preferences Event







Your RHN Systems Errata Channels Configuration Schedule Users Help

No systems selected Manage

Overview

Systems

**System Groups** 

System Set Manager

Advanced Search

**Activation Keys** 

Stored Profiles

**Custom System Info** 

Kickstart

**Profiles** 

Bare Metal

GPG and SSL Keys

Distributions

File Preservation

#### Kickstart: rhel-5-i386-server\_default\_part\_novirt

Kickstart Details System Details Software Activation Keys Scripts Kickstart File

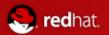
#### Kickstart File

The kickstart file generated by this kickstart profile is viewable below:

#### Download Kickstart File

```
# Kickstart config file generated by RHN Config Management
# Profile Name : rhel-5-i386-server_default_part_novirt
# Profile Label : rhel-5-i386-server_default_part_novirt
# Date Created : 2008-06-03 20:40:03.0
install
text
network --bootproto dhcp
url --url http://devel13.z900.redhat.com/ty/MwPJrTGI
lang en_US
langsupport --default en_US en_US
keyboard us
mouse none
zerombr yes
clearpart --all
part /boot --fstype=ext3 --size=200
part pv.01 --size=1000 --grow
part swap --size=1000 --maxsize=2000
volgroup myvg pv.01
logvol / --vgname=myvg --name=rootvol --size=1000 --grow
bootloader --location mbr
timezone America/New York
auth --enablemd5 --enableshadow
rootpw --iscrypted $1$0KAzMj1I$V05gL5mVVj9T09GidA/Y6/
selinux --permissive
reboot
firewall --disabled
skipx
repo --name=Cluster --baseurl=http://devel13.z900.redhat.com/kickstart/dist/ks-rhel-i386-server-5-u1/Cluster
repo --name=ClusterStorage --baseurl=http://devel13.z900.redhat.com/kickstart/dist/ks-rhel-i386-server-5-u1/ClusterStorage
repo --name=VT --baseurl=http://devel13.z900.redhat.com/kickstart/dist/ks-rhel-i386-server-5-u1/VT
repo --name=Workstation --baseurl=http://devel13.z900.redhat.com/kickstart/dist/ks-rhel-i386-server-5-u1/Workstation
```

CLEAR



## RHN Satellite Is Now Open Source

## http://spacewalk.redhat.com

- Announced at Red Hat Summit 2008
  - .... remember the Fedora -> RHEL model?

