

Let's build a simple HTTP server

WEBrick

thin



Unicorn



Passenger



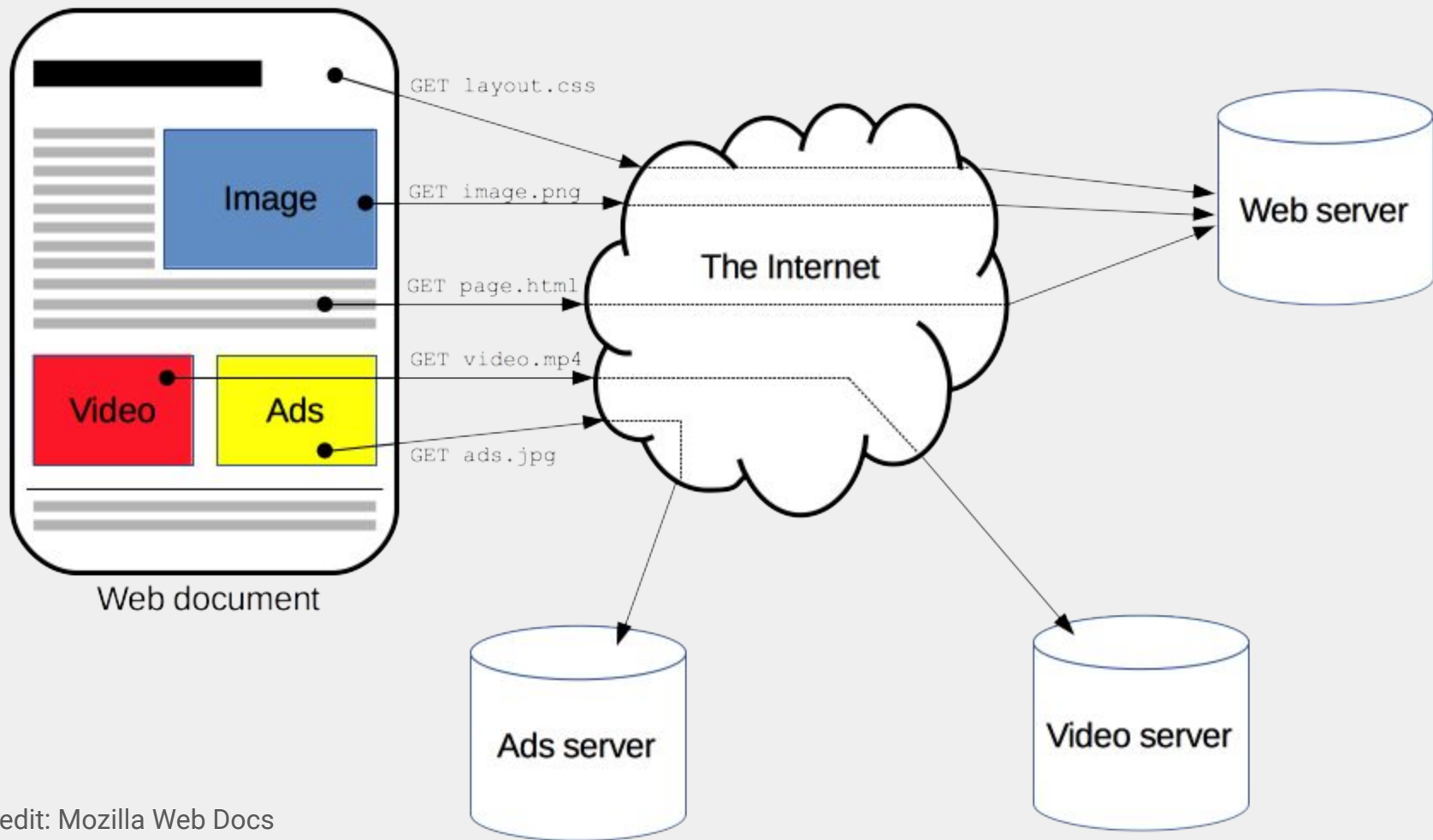
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What happens when you visit a URL in a browser?

How does the Internet work?



Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)
Request for Comments: 7230
Obsoletes: [2145](#), [2616](#)
Updates: [2817](#), [2818](#)
Category: Standards Track
ISSN: 2070-1721

R. Fielding, Editor
Adobe
J. Reschke, Editor
greenbytes
June 2014

Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP/1.1): Message Syntax and Routing

Abstract

The Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a stateless application-level protocol for distributed, collaborative, hypertext information systems. This document provides an overview of HTTP architecture and its associated terminology, defines the "http" and "https" Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) schemes, defines the HTTP/1.1 message syntax and parsing requirements, and describes related security concerns for implementations.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 5741.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7230>.

PROPOSED STANDARD

Updated by: [8615](#)

This document has [errata](#).

RFC 7230

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<https://httpwg.org/specs/>

Uniform Resource Locator (URL) syntax

`protocol://hostname:port/path-or-file-name`

When you visit this URL

`http://www.example.com/lagos.html`

HTTP Request

GET /lagos.html HTTP/1.1

Host: www.example.com

User-Agent: curl/7.54.0

Accept: */*

HTTP Request

GET /lagos.html HTTP/1.1

Host: example.com

Connection: keep-alive

Cache-Control: max-age=0

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 11_0 like Mac OS X) ..

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,...

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Accept-Language: en-US

HTTP Response

HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found

Cache-Control: max-age=604800

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Date: Wed, 20 Nov 2019 09:59:34 GMT

Expires: Wed, 27 Nov 2019 09:59:34 GMT

Last-Modified: Wed, 13 Nov 2019 11:44:22 GMT

Server: ECS (ord/5726)

Vary: Accept-Encoding

X-Cache: 404-HIT

Content-Length: 1256

```
<!doctype html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
...
```

```
</html>
```

What do we need?

```
require "socket"
```

Socket documentation:

<https://ruby-doc.org/stdlib-2.6.5/libdoc/socket/rdoc/index.html>

1. Listen for connections
2. Parse the request
3. Build and send the response

1. Listen for connections

```
require "socket"
```

```
server = TCPServer.new("localhost", 5000)
```

```
loop do
```

```
  socket = server.accept
```

```
  request = socket.gets
```

```
  STDERR.puts request
```

```
end
```



```
GET / HTTP / 1.1
```



```
require "socket"
```

```
server = TCPServer.new("localhost", 5000)
```

```
loop do
```

```
  client = server.accept
```

```
  request = socket.readpartial(2048)
```

```
  STDERR.puts request
```

```
end
```



```
GET / HTTP/1.1  
Host: localhost:5000  
User-Agent: curl/7.54.0  
Accept: */*
```

2. Parsing the HTTP request

GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: localhost:5000

User-Agent: curl/7.54.0

Accept: */*

```
def parse(request_string)
  method, path, version = request_string.lines[0].split

  {
    method: method,
    path: path,
    headers: parse_headers(request_string)
  }
end
```

```
def parse_headers(request)
  headers = {}
  request.lines[1..-1].each do |line|
    return headers if line == "\r\n"
    header, value = line.split
    header        = normalize(header)
    headers[header] = value
  end
end
```

```
def normalize(header)
  header.gsub(":", " ").downcase.to_sym
end
```

```
{  
  :method=>"GET",  
  :path=>" /",  
  :headers=>  
    { :host=>"localhost:5000",  
      : "user-agent"=>"curl/7.54.0",  
      :accept=>"*/*"  
    }  
}
```

3. Build and send the HTTP response


```
def prepare
  path = parsed_request.fetch(:path)
  if path == "/"
    respond_with(SERVER_ROOT_PATH + "index.html")
  else
    respond_with(SERVER_ROOT_PATH + path)
  end
end
```

```
def respond_with(path)
  if File.exists?(path)
    ok_response(File.binread(path))
  else
    not_found_response
  end
end
```

```
def ok_response(body)
  Lagos::Response.new(code: 200, body: body)
end
```

```
def not_found_response
  Lagos::Response.new(code: 404)
end
```

```
class Lagos::Response
  def initialize(code:, body: "")
    @response =
      "HTTP/1.1 #{code}\r\n" +
      "Content-Length: #{body.size}\r\n" +
      "\r\n" +
      "#{body}\r\n"
  end

  def send(client)
    client.write(@response)
  end
end
```

```
require "socket"
require_relative "http_request_parser"
require_relative "http_response_parser"

server = TCPServer.new("localhost", 5000)

loop do
  client = server.accept
  request = client.readpartial(2048)

  request = Lagos::HttpRequest.new(request).parse

  STDERR.puts request

  response = Lagos::HttpResponse.new(request).parse

  response.send(client)

  client.close
end
```

More features

- Execute a ruby file
- Parse a query

Executing a ruby file

```
if File.executable?(path)
  `#{path}`
else
  File.binread(path)
end
```

Parse a query

```
def parse
  method, path, version = @request.lines[0].split
  query = path.split('?')[1]
  {
    method: method,
    path: path,
    query: query,
    headers: parse_headers(@request)
  }
end
```

Split the path using the ? sign

Is our http server
ready to be made
available on the
internet?

No!



Path traversal attack (also known as directory traversal) aims to access files and directories that are stored outside the web root folder

`http://localhost:5000/../../../../some
dir/somefilea`

Where does Rack fit in?

- Rack is the HTTP interface for Ruby
- Rack defines a standard interface for interacting with HTTP and connecting web servers.

Further reading and resources

HTTP Spec:

<https://httpwg.org/specs/rfc7540.html>

Socket Doc:

<https://ruby-doc.org/stdlib-2.6.5/libdoc/socket/rdoc/index.html>

Rack Spec:

<https://www.rubydoc.info/github/rack/rack/file/SPEC>

Explore what's underneath the web servers you use:

<https://docs.ruby-lang.org/en/2.4.0/WEBrick.html>

<https://puma.io/puma/>

<https://bgomips.org/unicorn/>

<https://github.com/macournoyer/thin>

https://www.phusionpassenger.com/library/walkthroughs/basics/ruby/fundamental_concepts.html

Thank you!

Where to find me on the internet

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