

How Netlify Migrated to a Multicloud Architecture

And no one noticed

A dark blue diagonal gradient bar that starts from the bottom left corner and extends towards the top right corner, covering the bottom half of the slide.

Who am I?



@ry_boflavin



rybit



ryan@

Who am I?



- Dog Dad

Who am I?



- Dog Dad
- Engineer

Who am I?



- Dog Dad
- Engineer
- Fire Spinner



Engineer of things



- Tech Passions
 - Distributed Systems
 - Streaming Data System
 - Infrastructure Automation
 - System Design
- Worked
 - Raytheon
 - Palantir Middle East
 - Yelp
 - Netlify

What is Netlify?

Netlify is the simplest way to build, deploy, and manage web projects on the JAMstack. We're changing the way the web is built by collapsing the modern front-end development process into a single, simplified workflow.



netlify

- full CI/CD
- prerendering
- content delivery
- lambda deployment
- routing layer
- split testing
- identity provider
- dns provider
- ...

What is Netlify?

Over

- *5 million sites*
- *4,000 requests/sec*
- *1,200 deploys/hour*



netlify

- full CI/CD
- prerendering
- content delivery
- lambda deployment
- routing layer
- split testing
- identity provider
- dns provider
- ...

What is Netlify?

Over

- *5 million sites*
- *4,000 requests/sec*
- *1,200 deploys/hour*



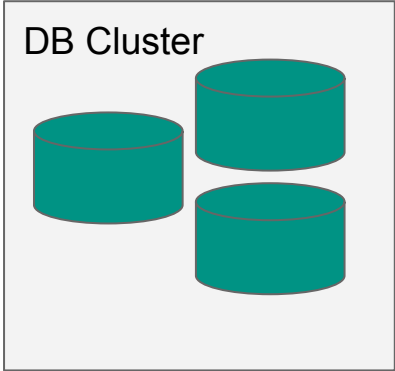
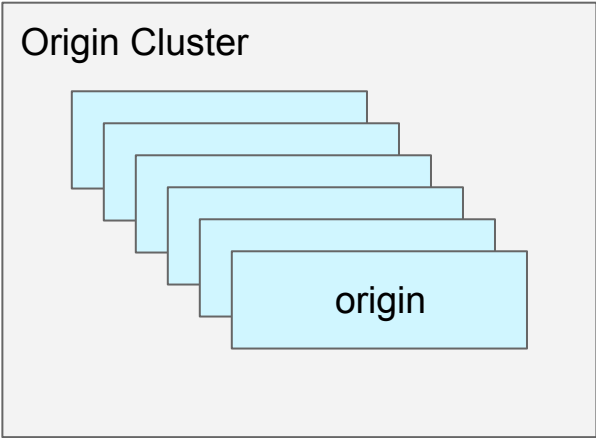
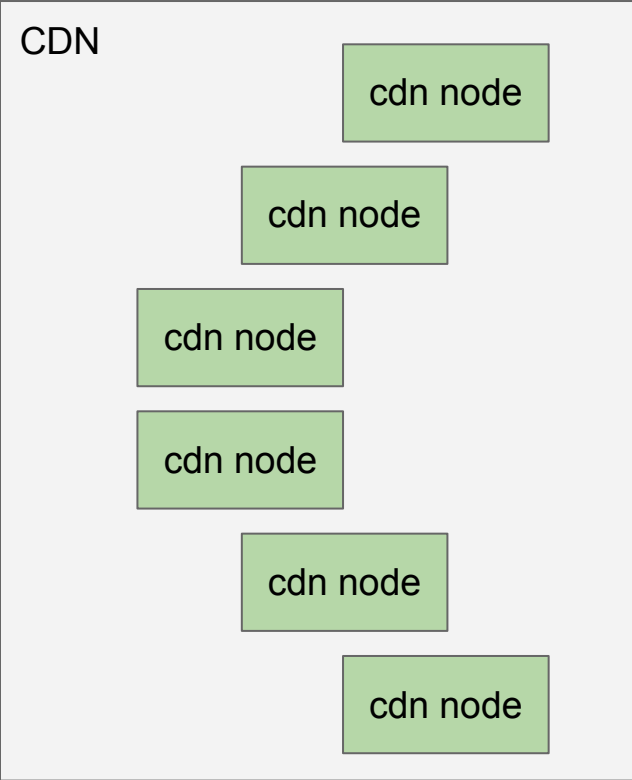
netlify

- full CI/CD
- prerendering
- **content delivery**
- lambda deployment
- routing layer
- split testing
- identity provider
- dns provider
- ...

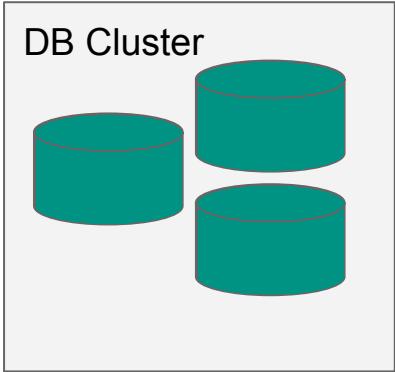
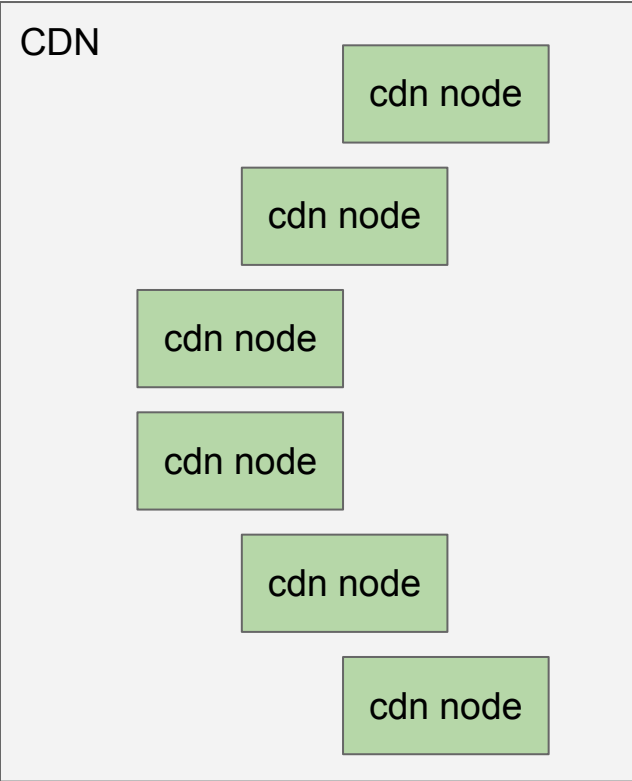
What am I going to talk about?

1. Intro to the system
2. Why we did all this work
3. How we accomplished it
4. The actual migration
5. Next steps

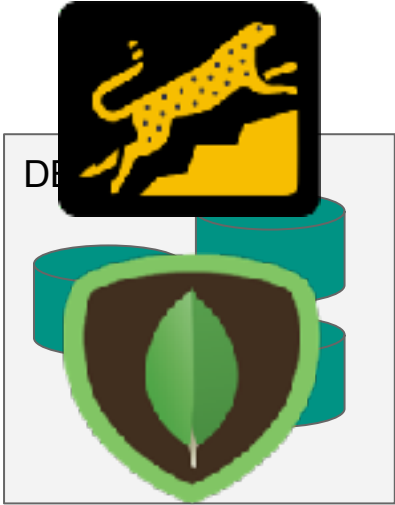
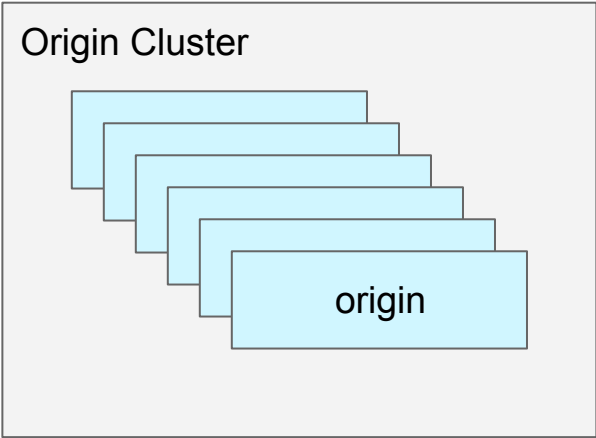
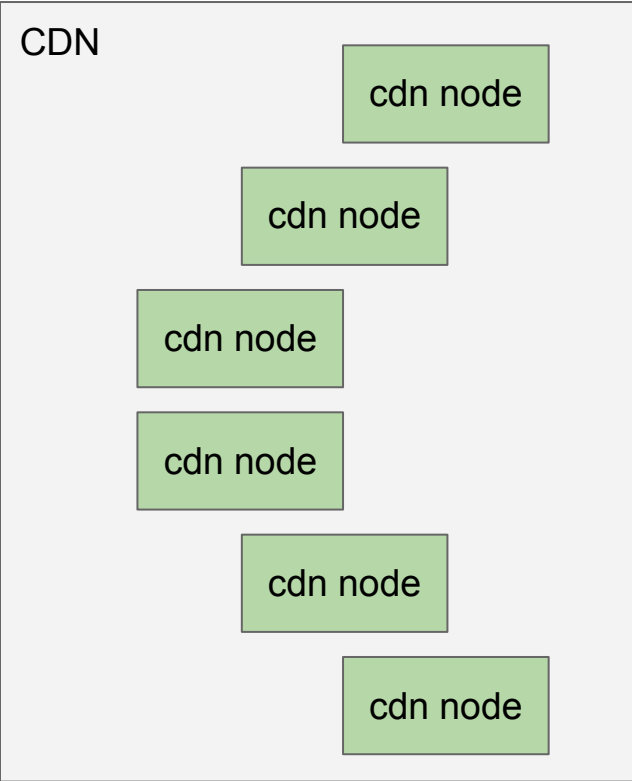
Content Delivery



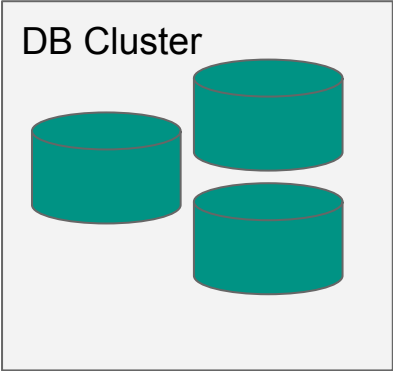
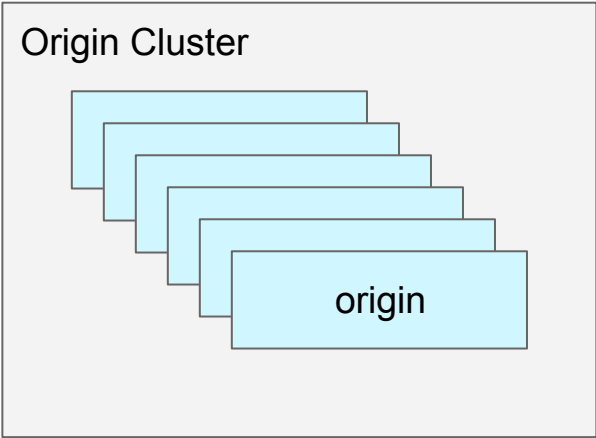
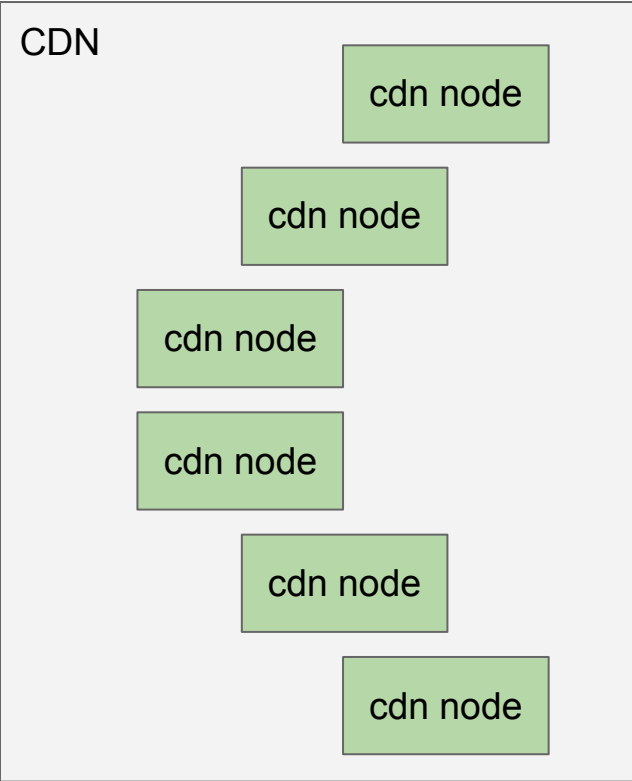
Content Delivery



Content Delivery



Content Delivery



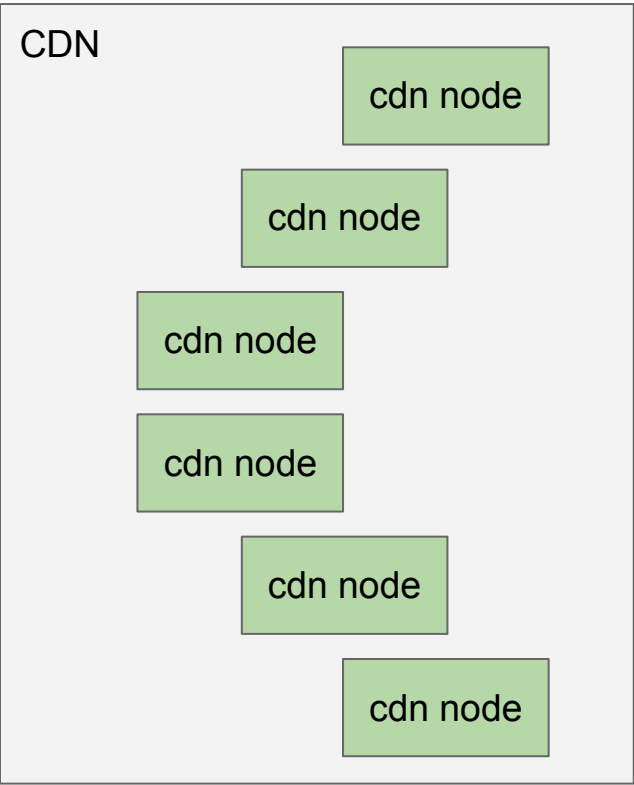
Plan for failure

- Redundancy is a priority
- Everything is horizontally scalable
- Everything runs in cluster
- Health checking for everything

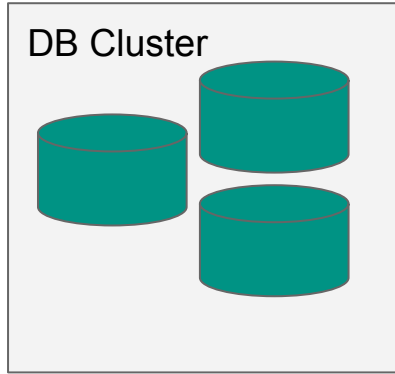
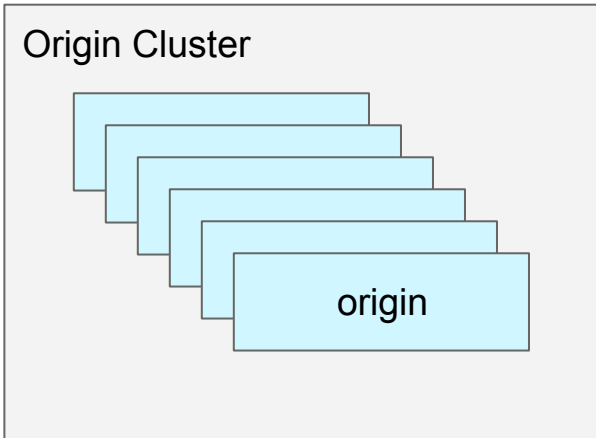
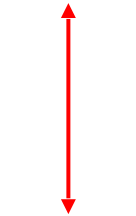
Getting Data into the system



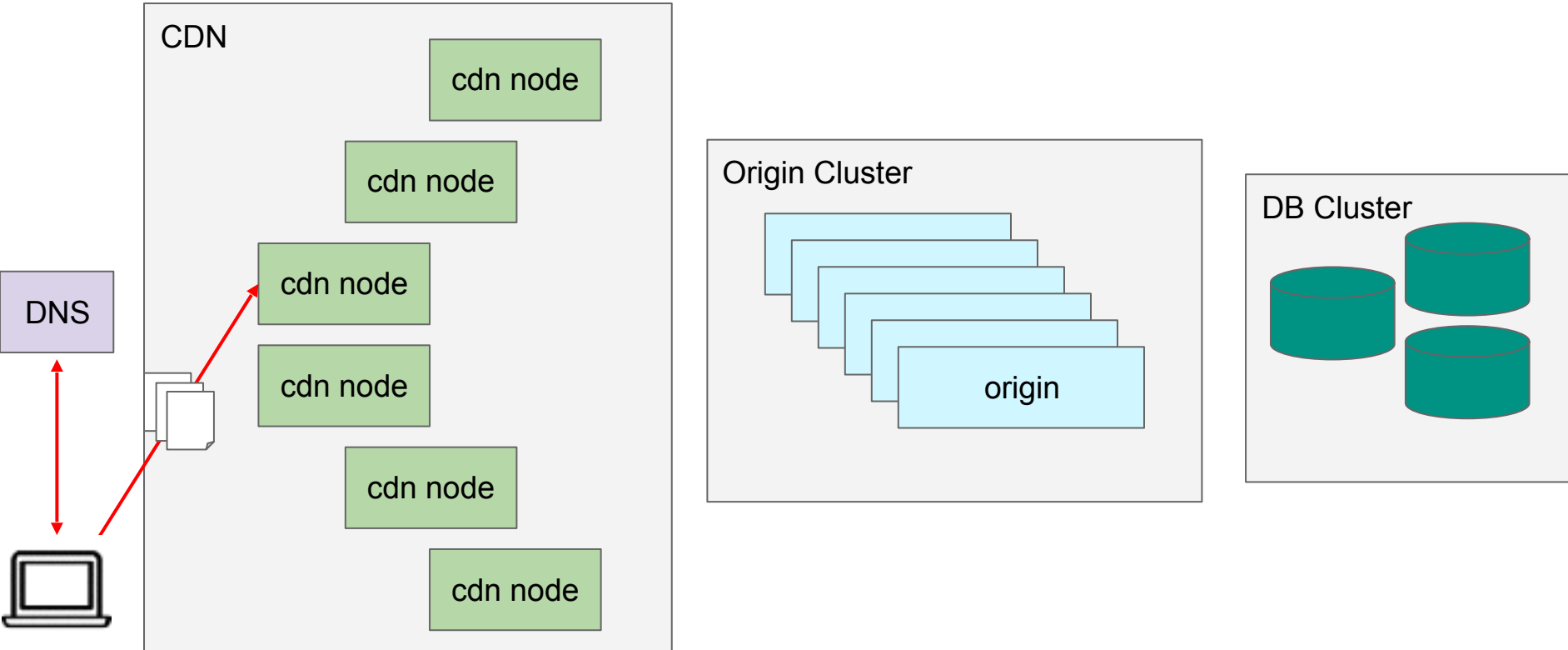
Content Delivery



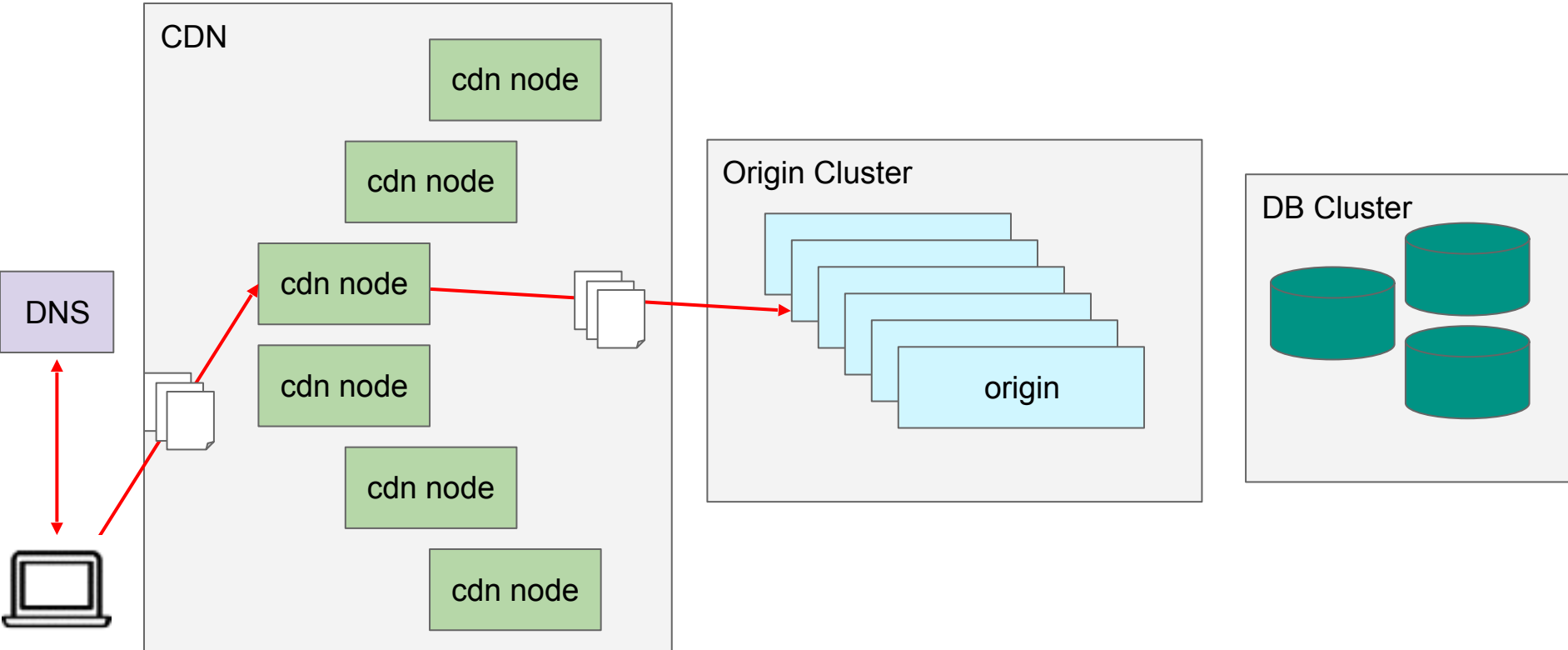
DNS



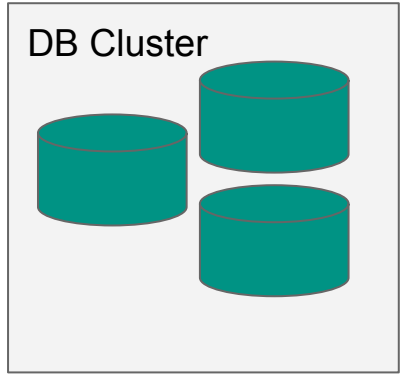
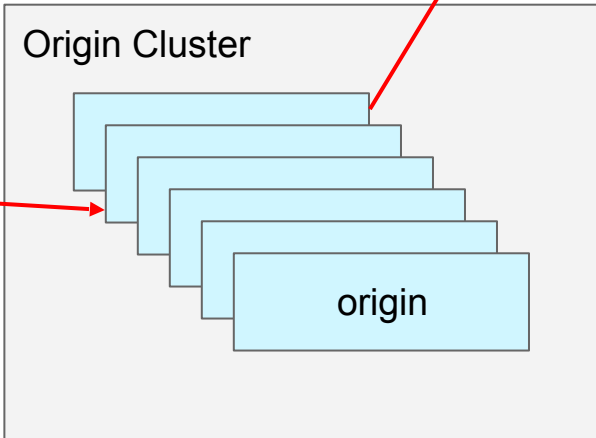
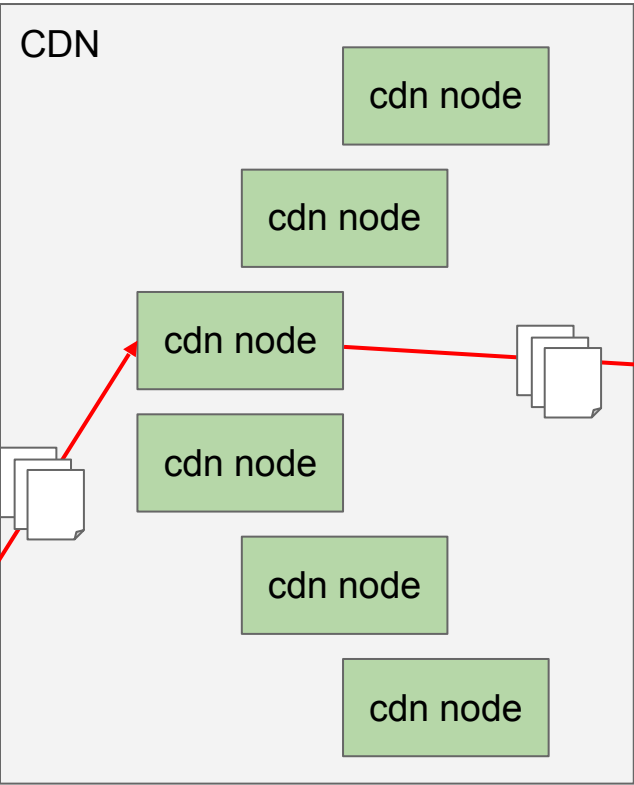
Content Delivery



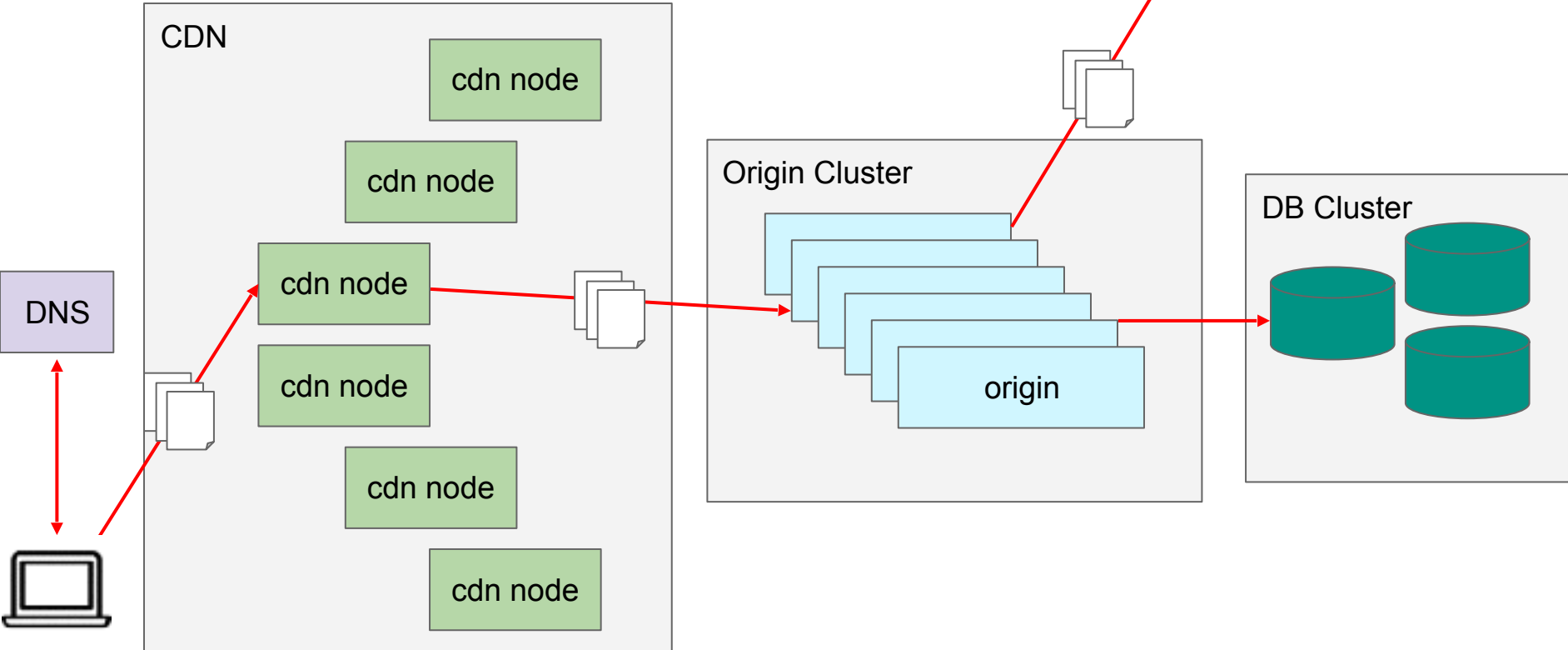
Content Delivery



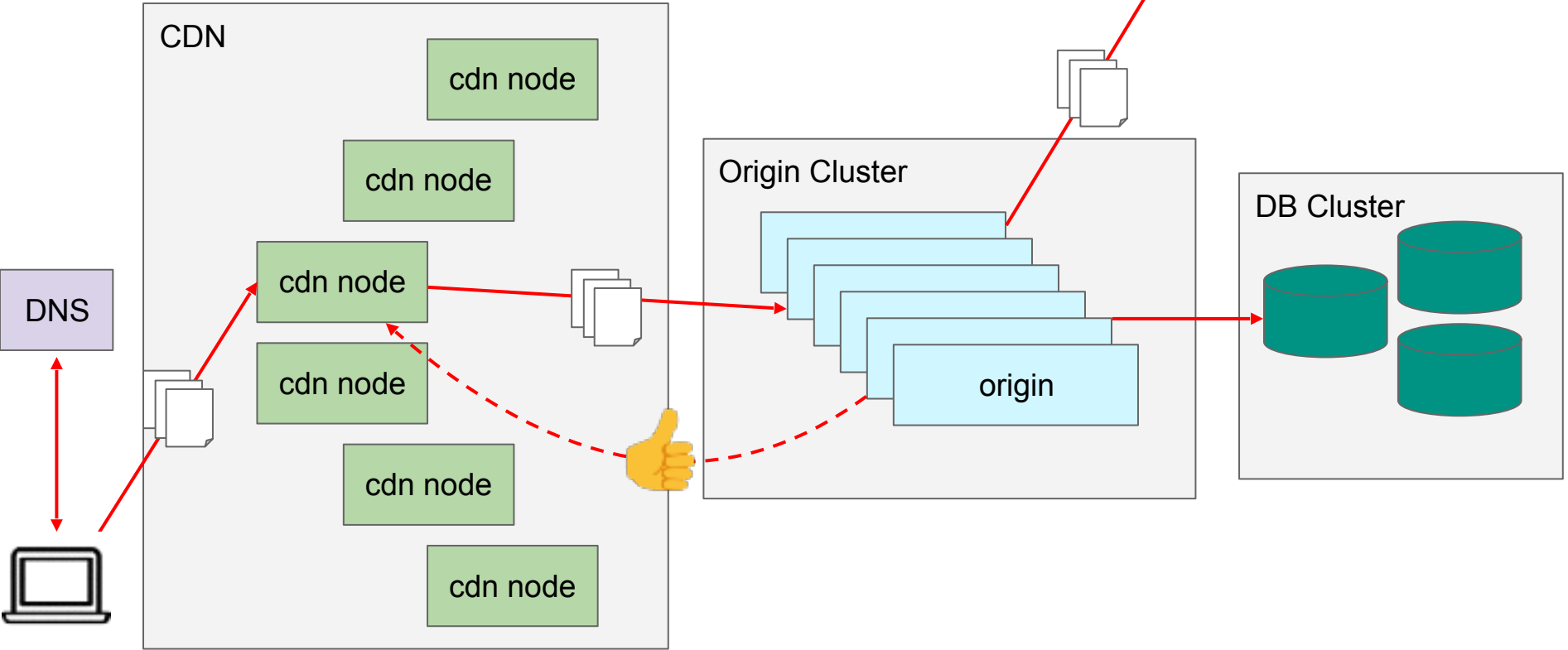
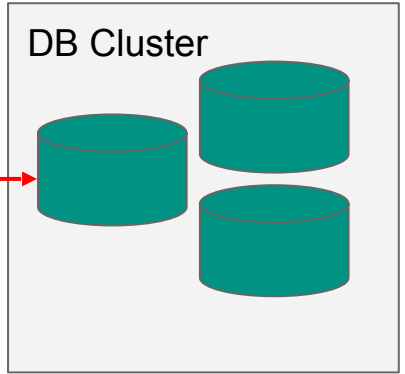
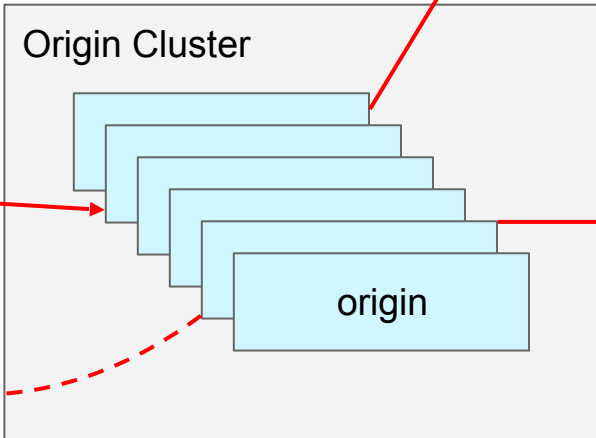
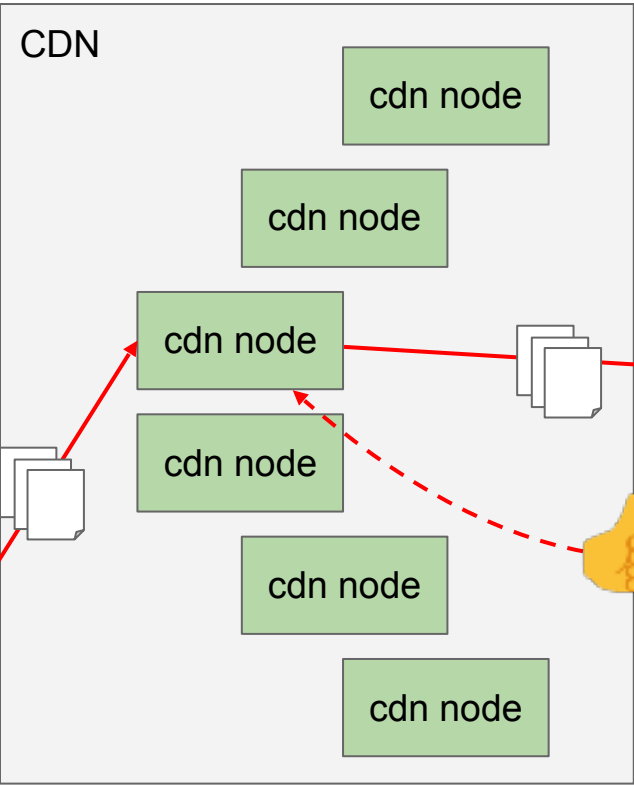
Content Delivery



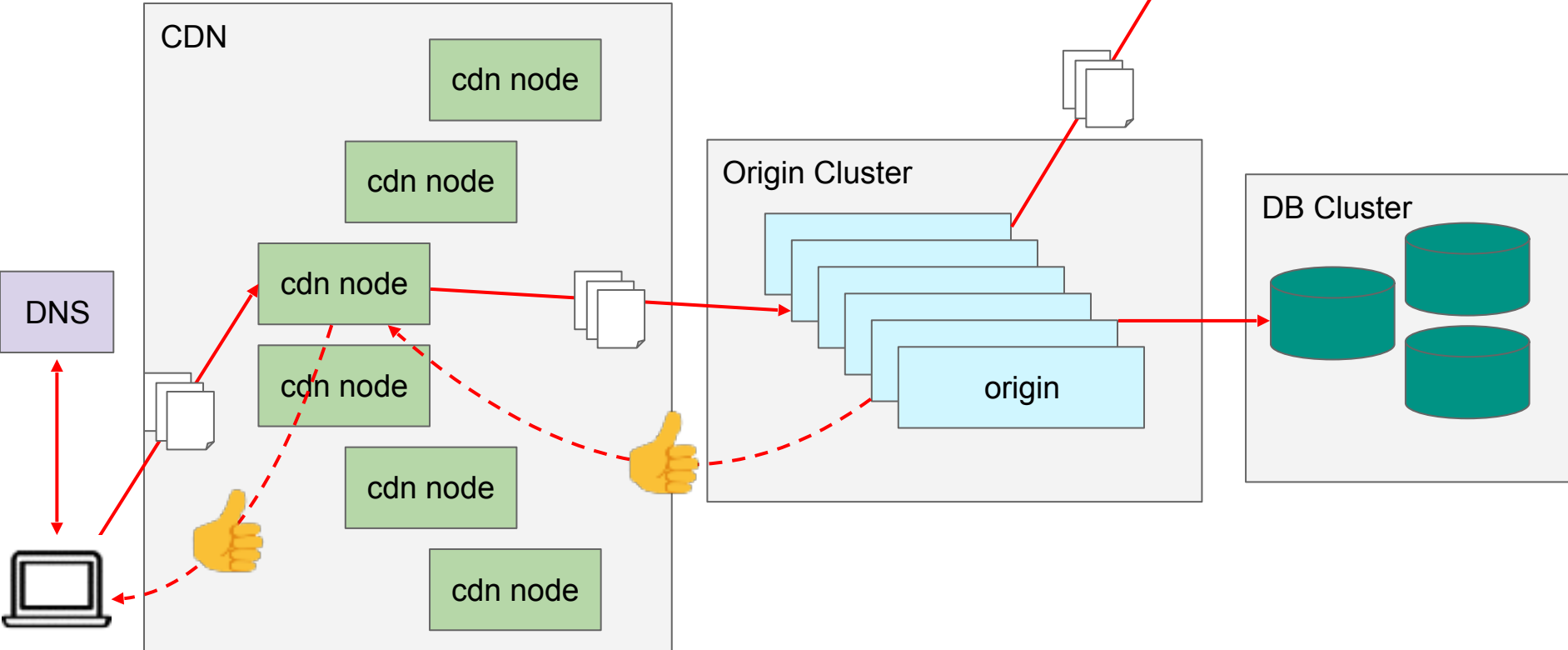
Content Delivery



Content Delivery



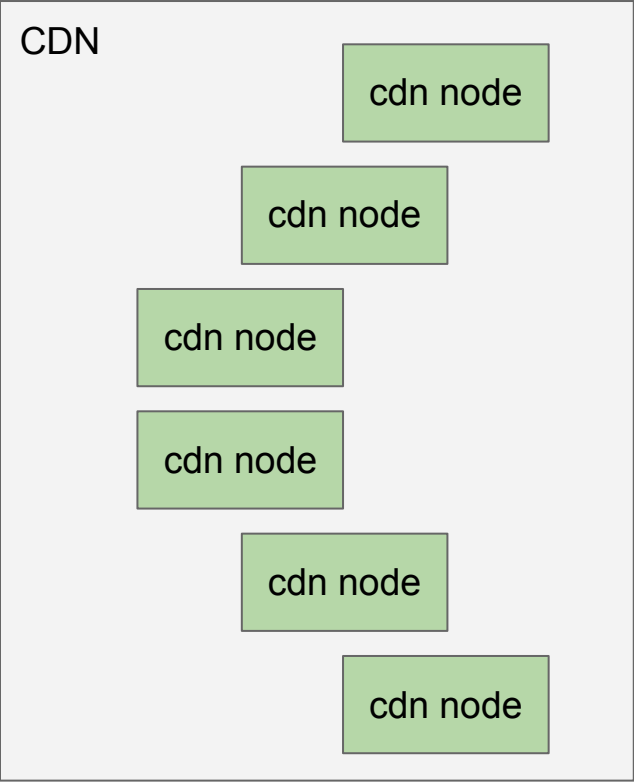
Content Delivery



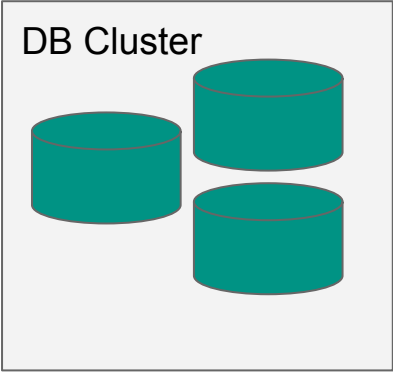
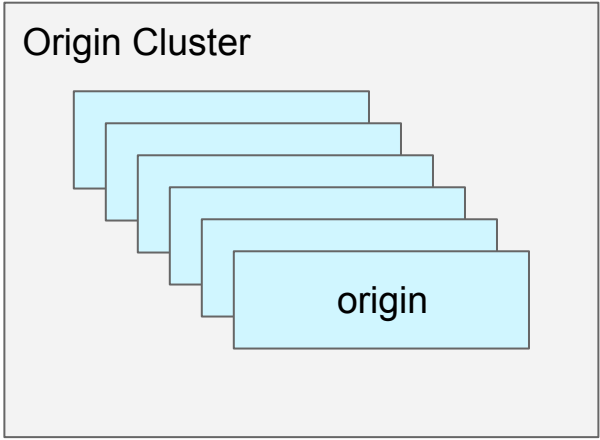
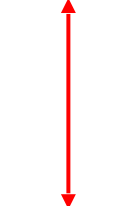
Getting Data out of
the system

A dark blue background on the left side of the slide, separated from a white background on the right by a thin white diagonal line that slopes upwards from left to right.

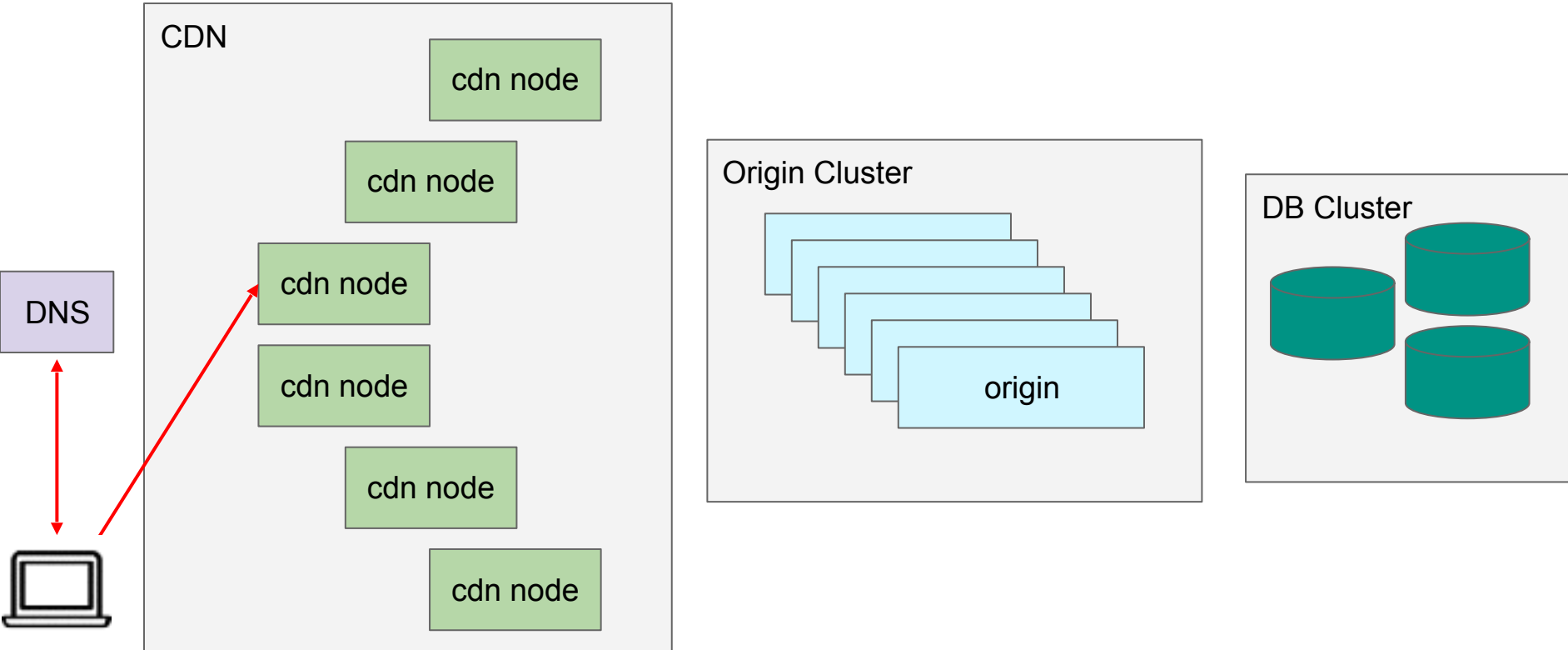
Content Delivery



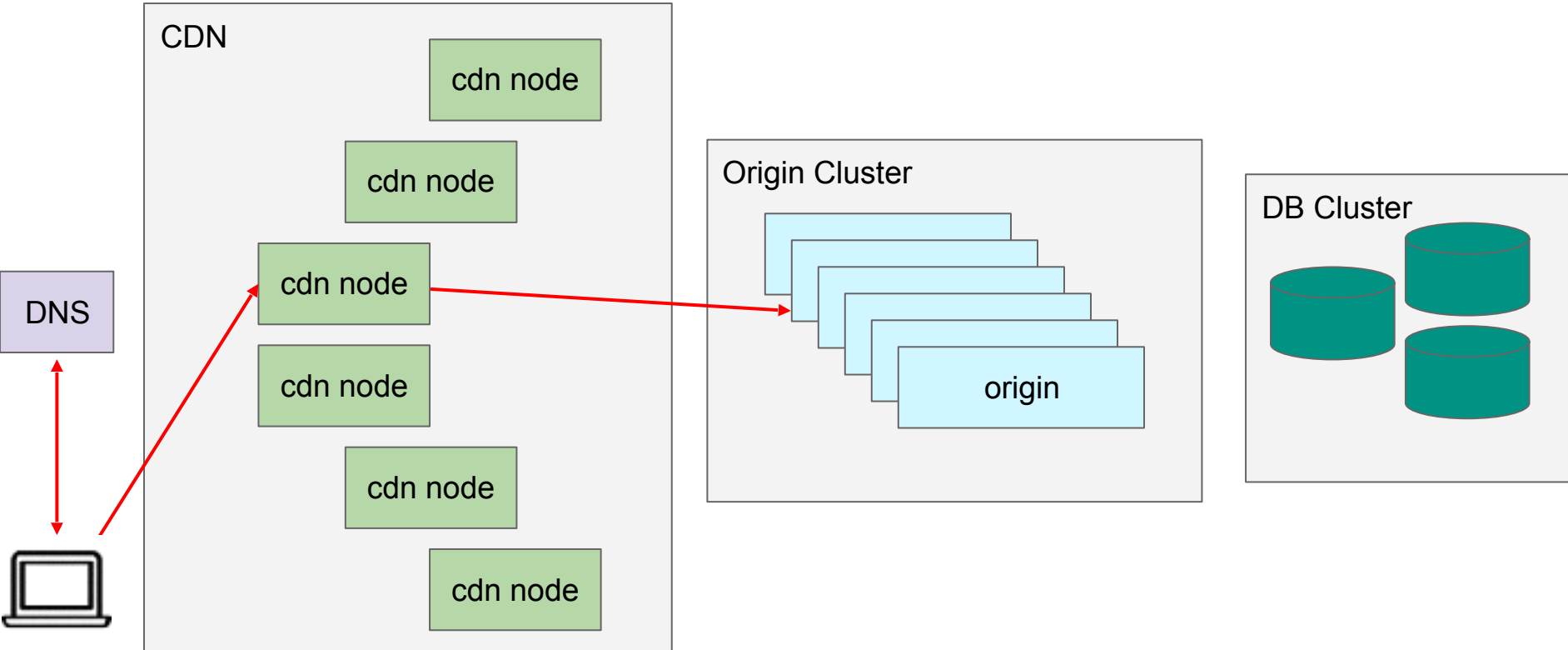
DNS



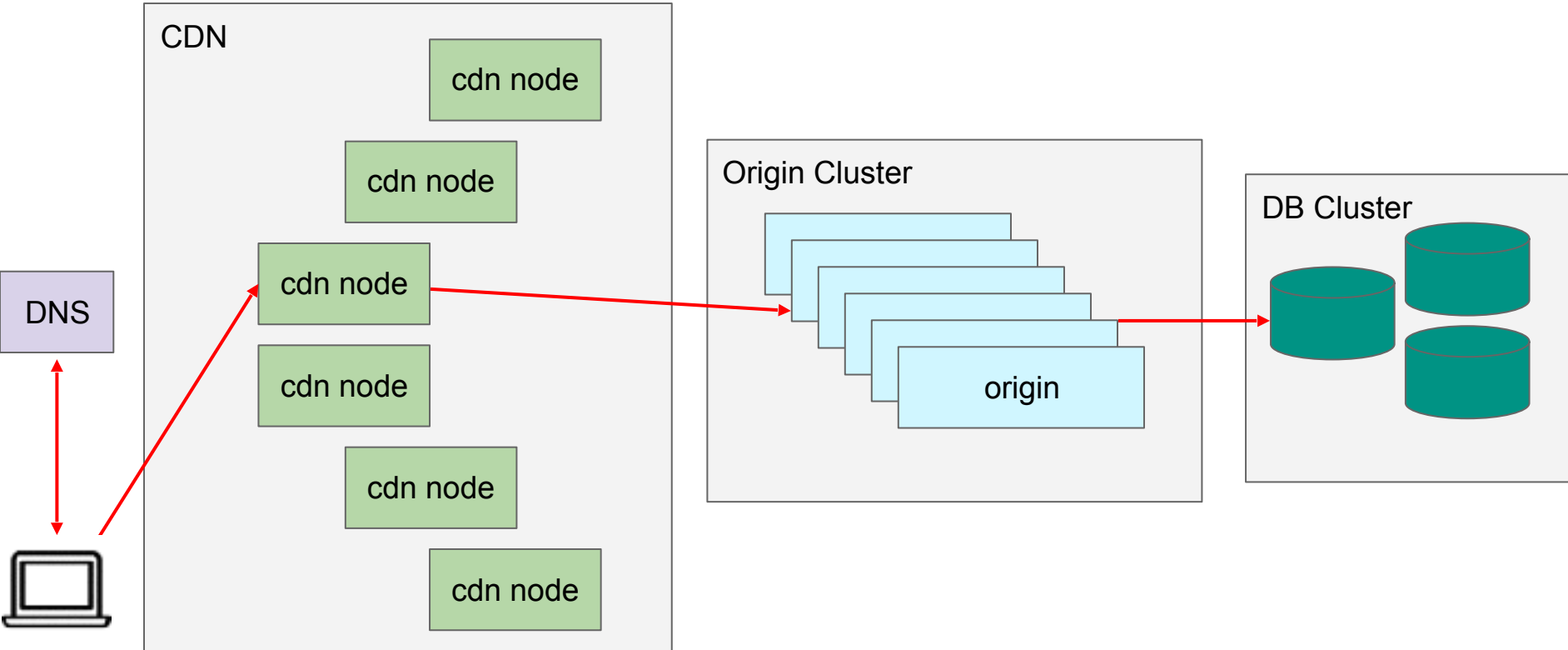
Content Delivery



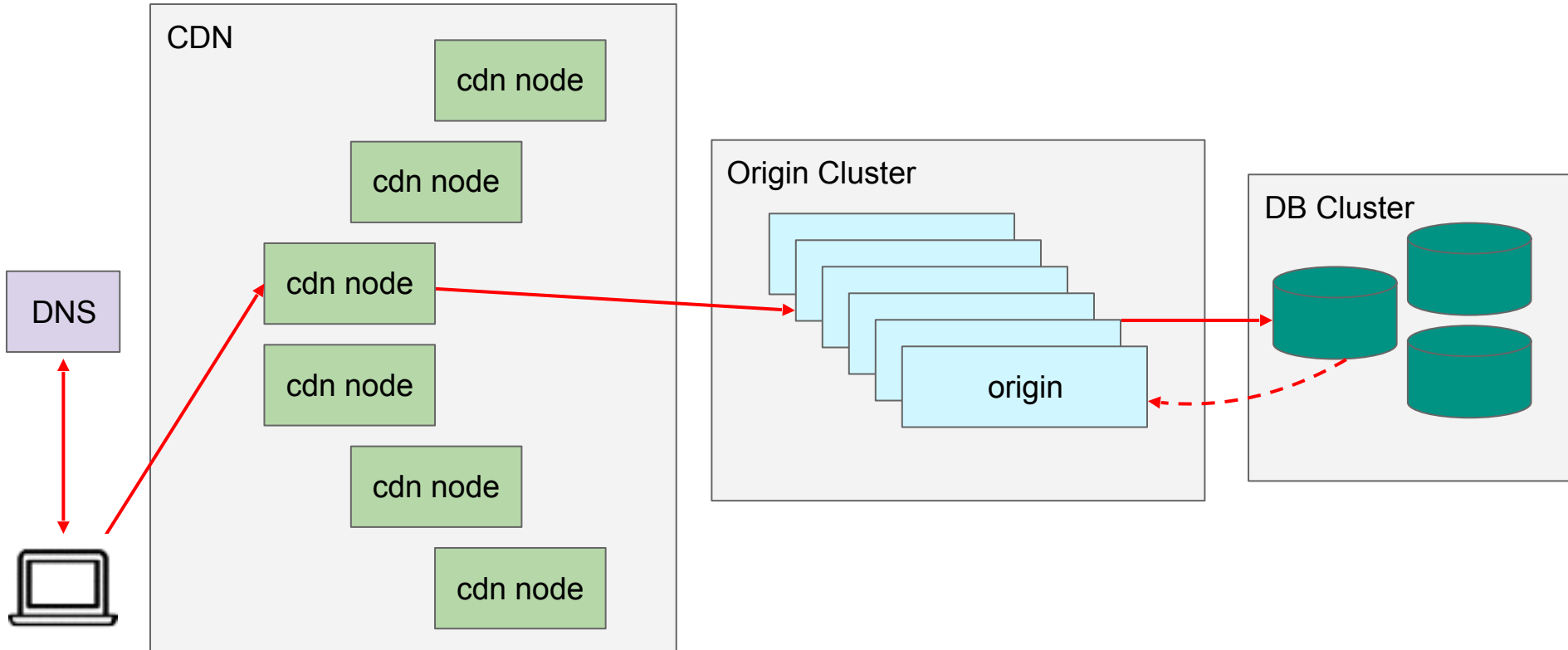
Content Delivery



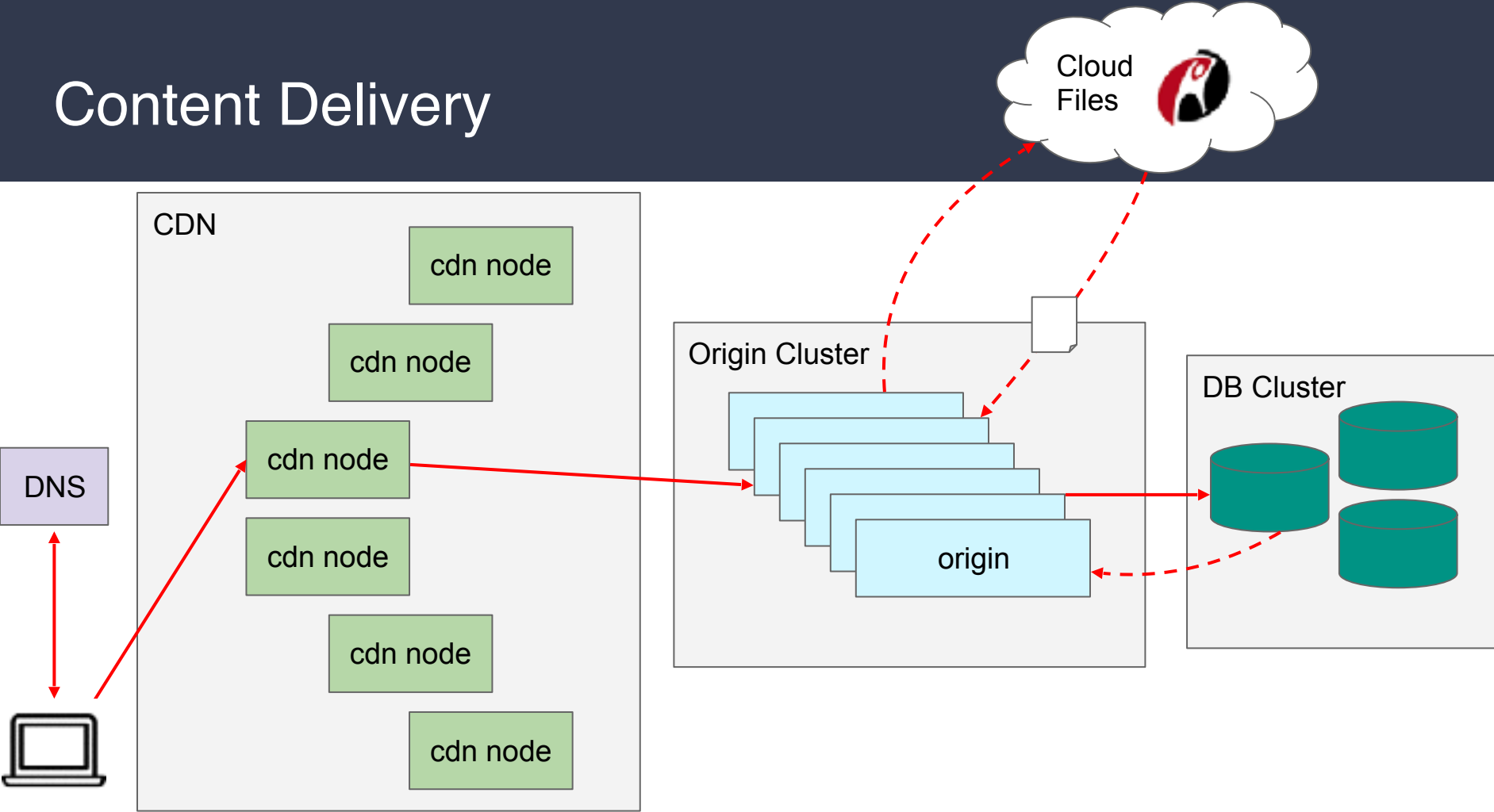
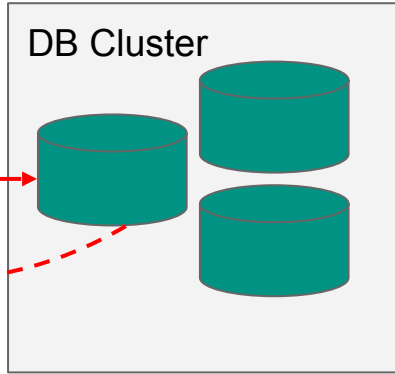
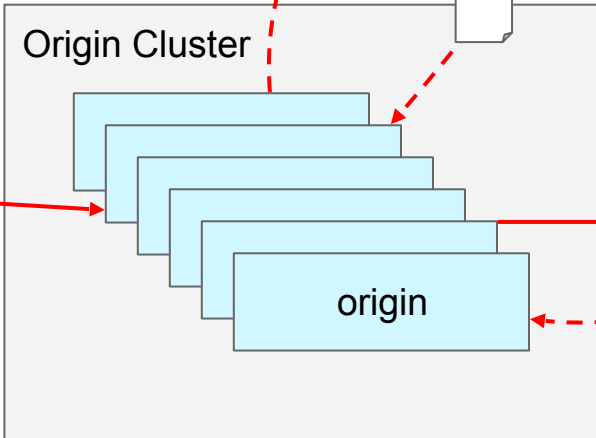
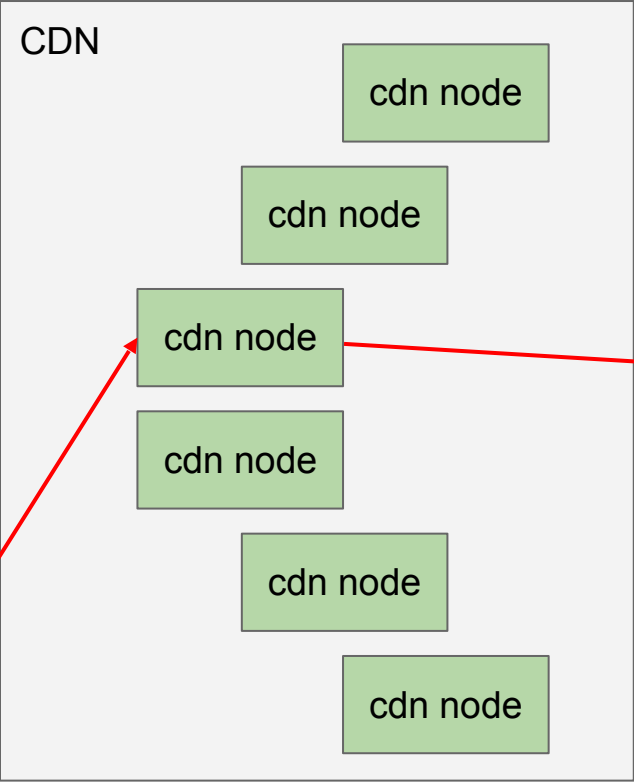
Content Delivery



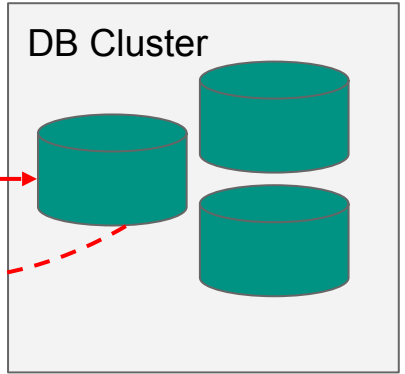
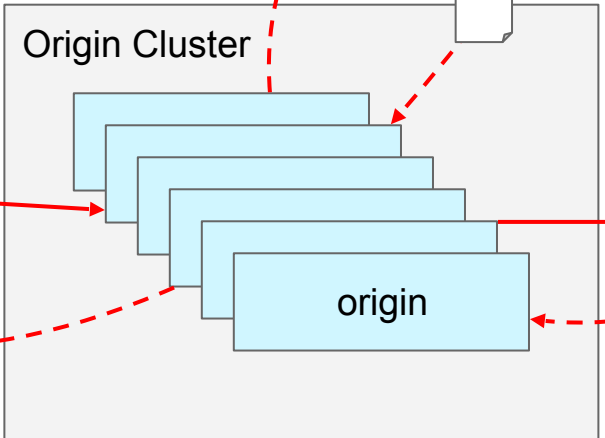
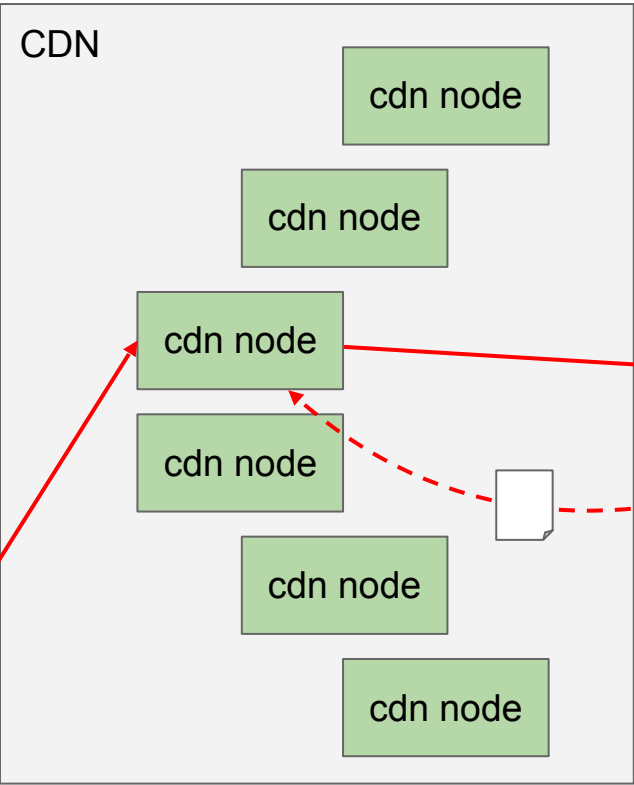
Content Delivery



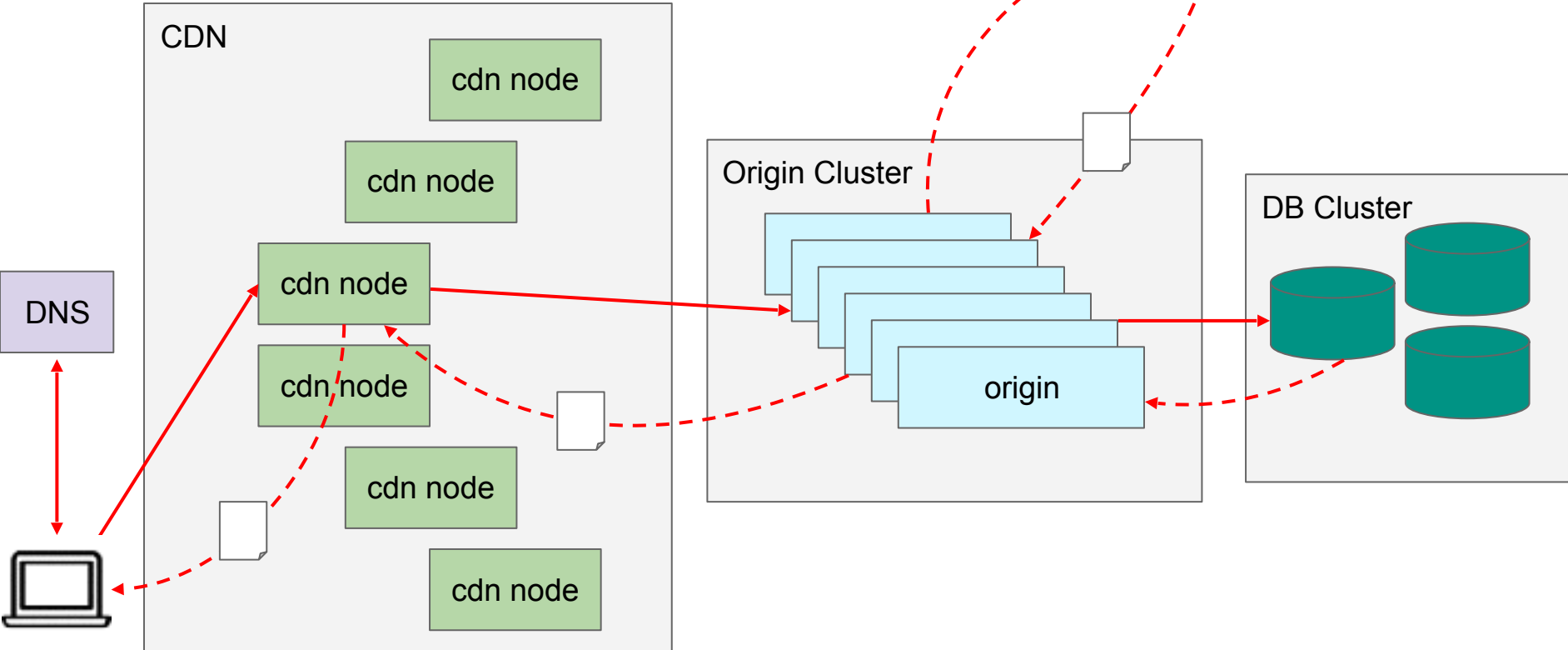
Content Delivery



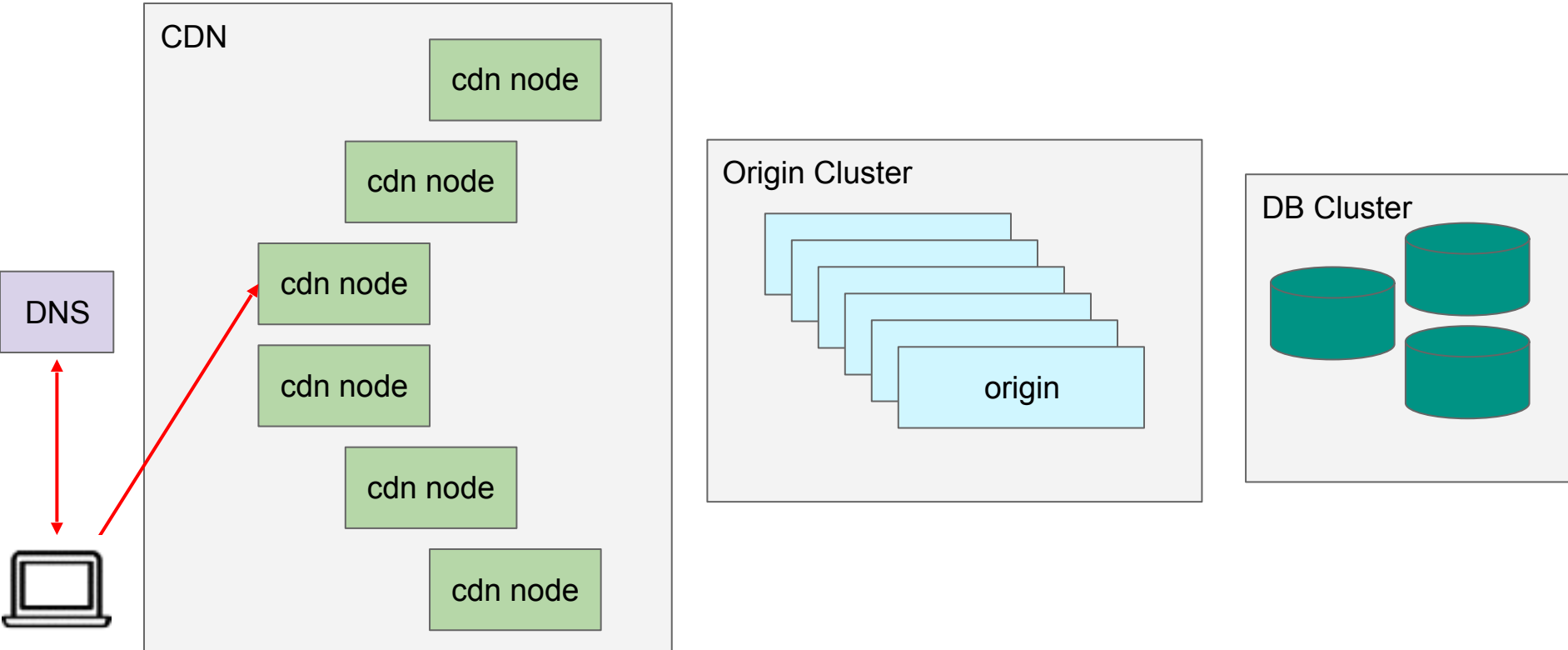
Content Delivery



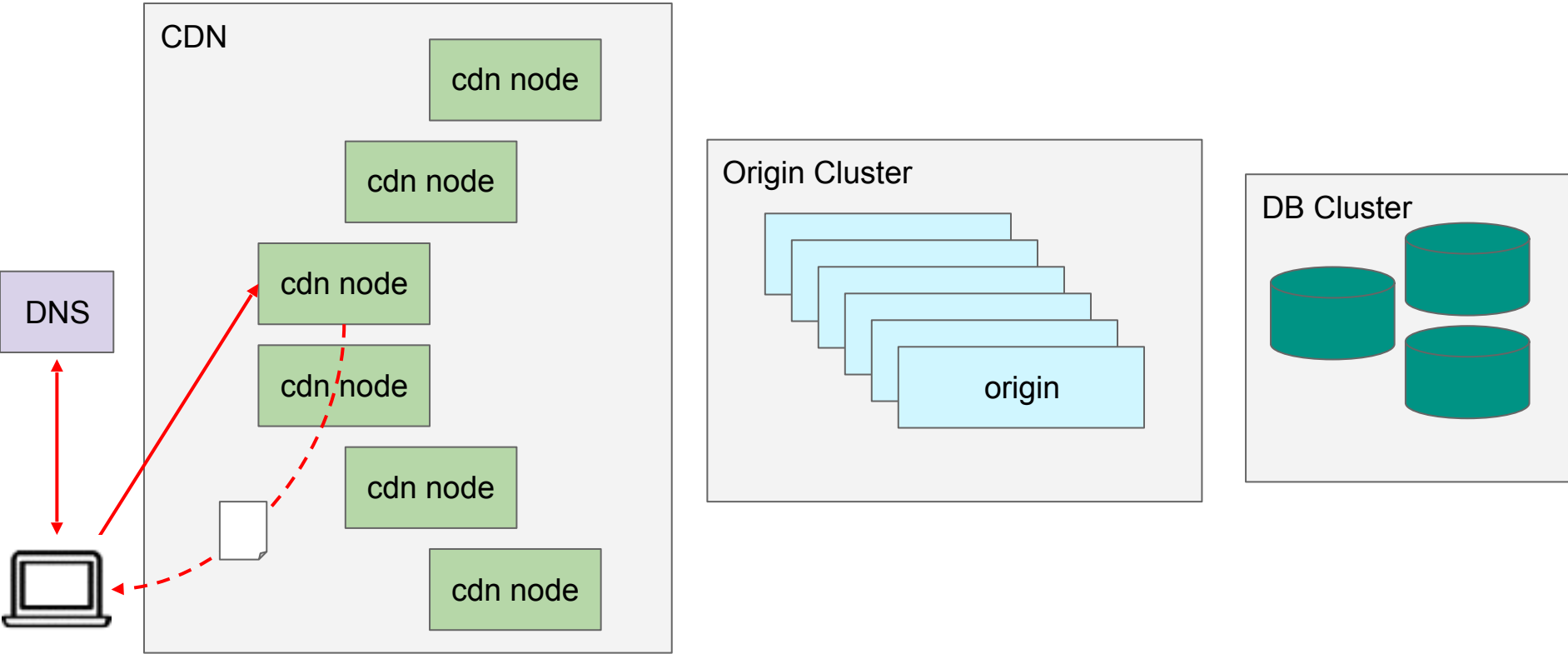
Content Delivery




Content Delivery



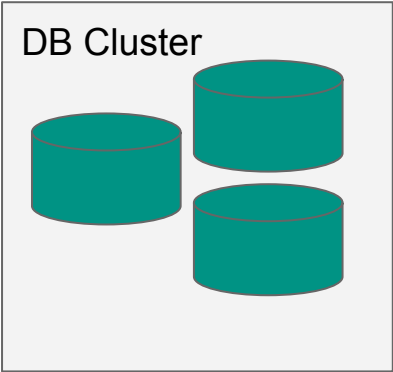
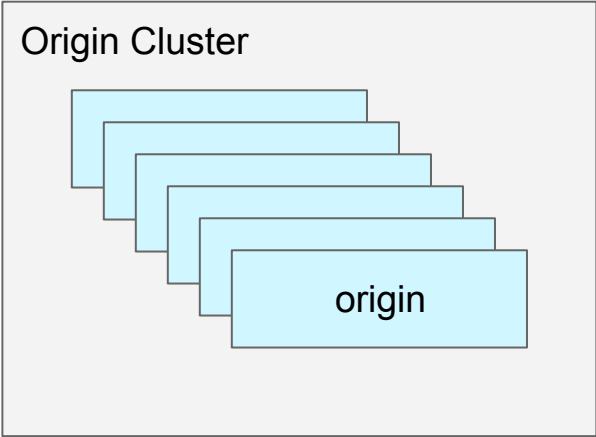
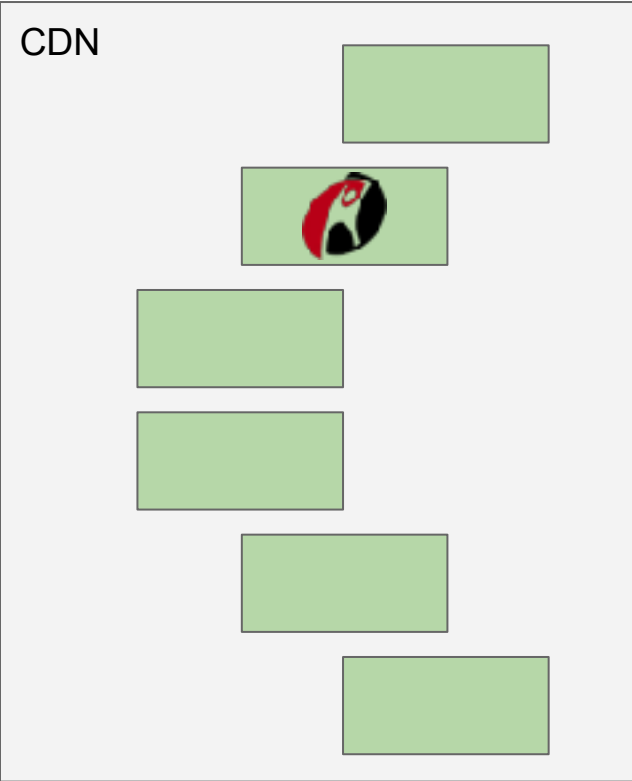
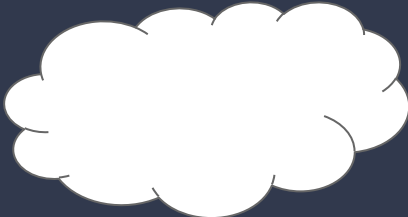
Content Delivery



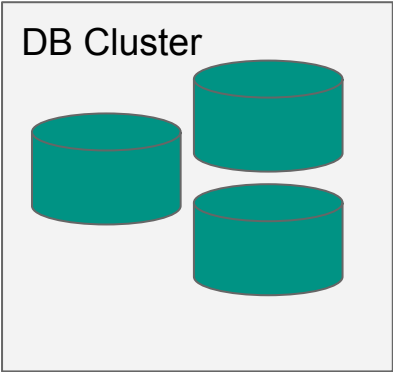
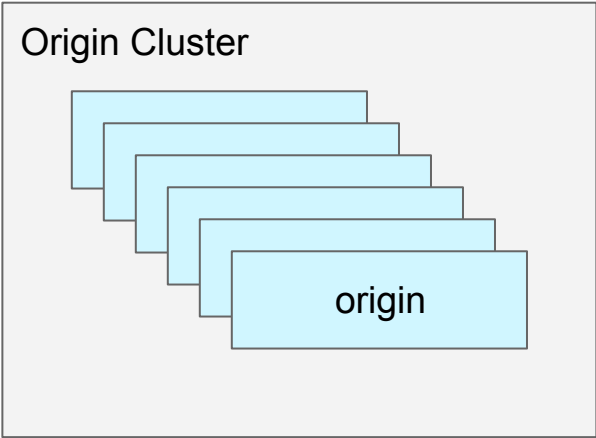
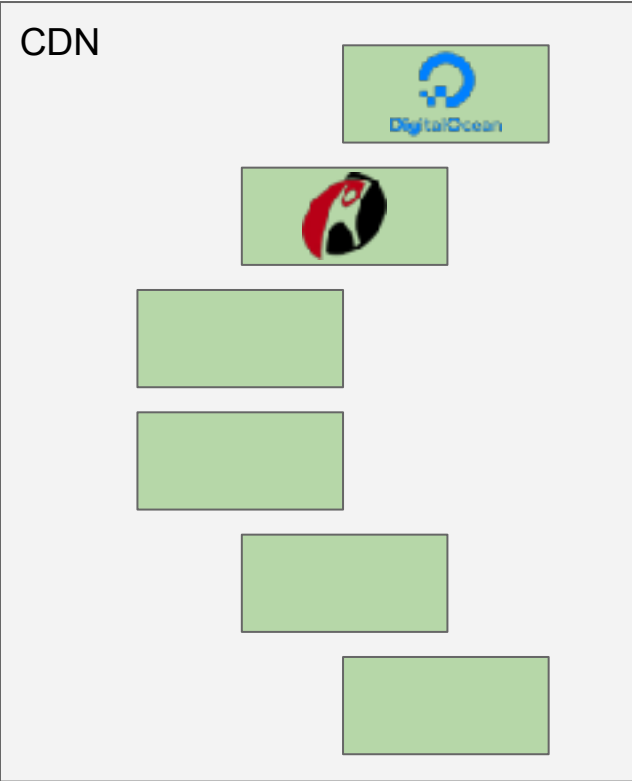
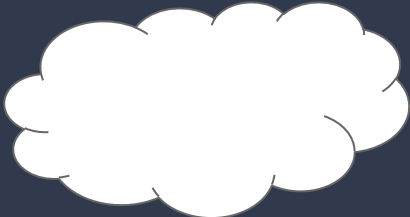
Cool, but *where*
are the actual
servers?



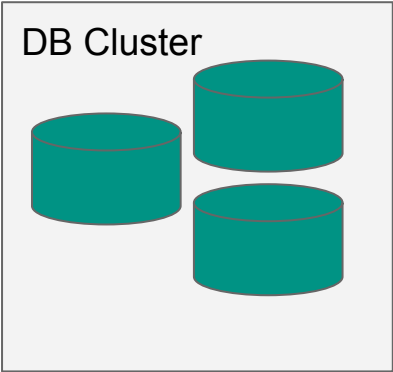
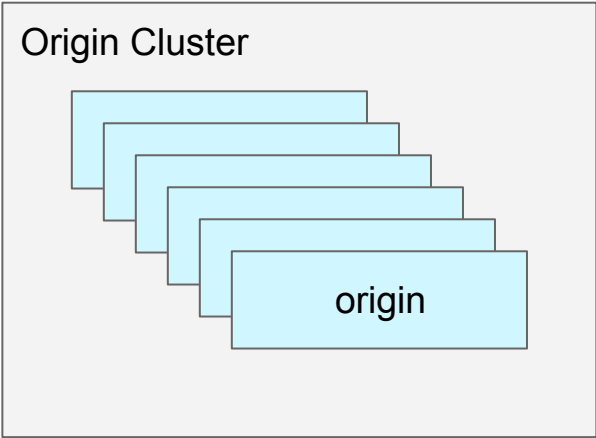
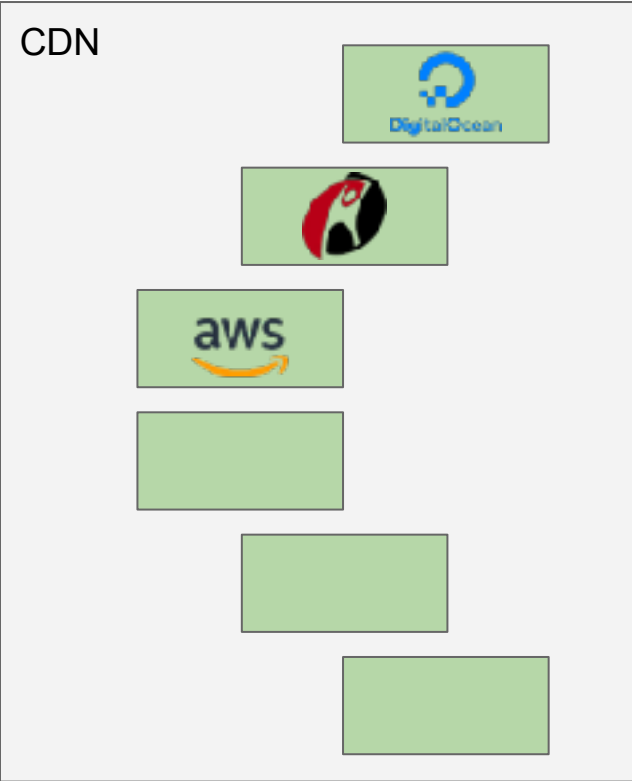
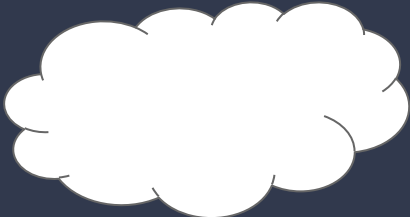
But where does it live?



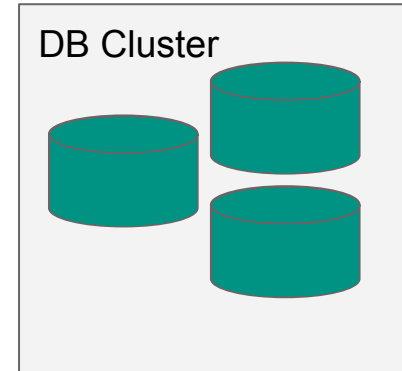
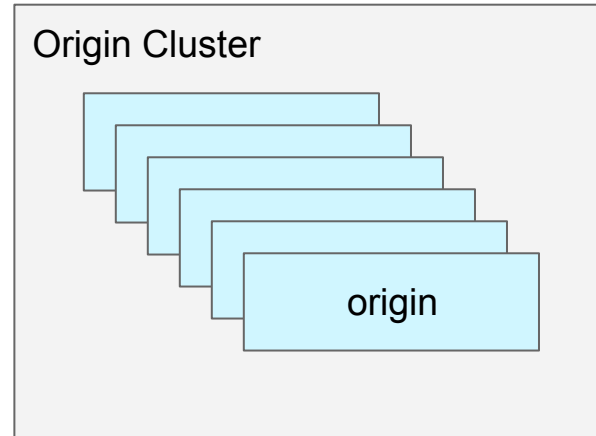
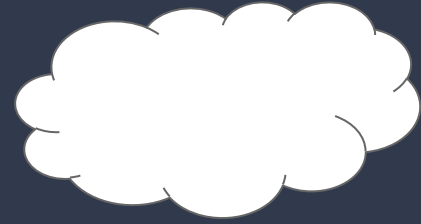
But where does it live?



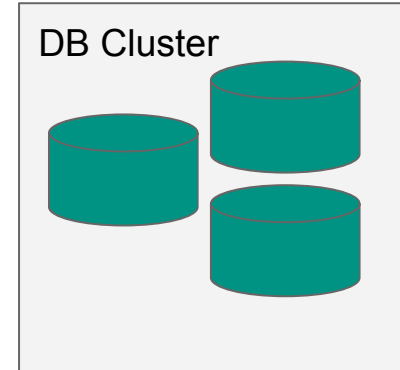
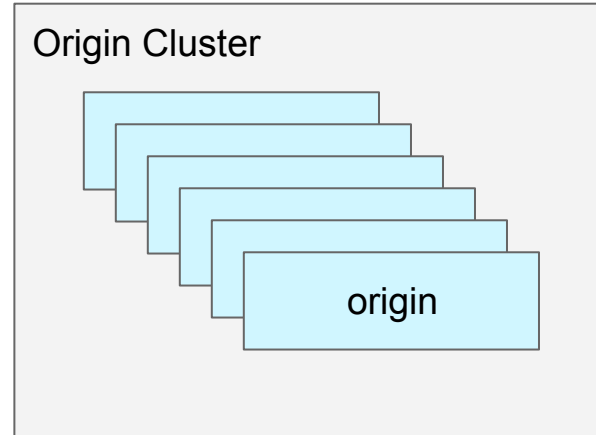
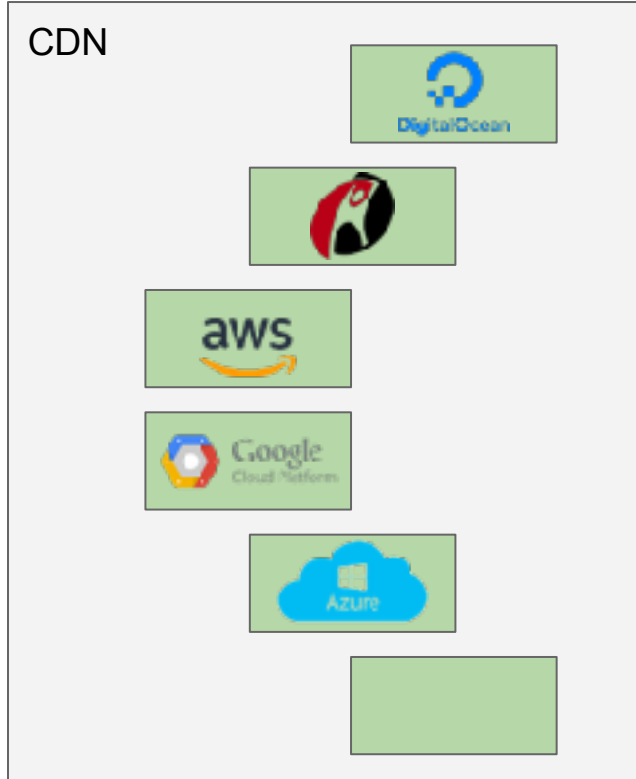
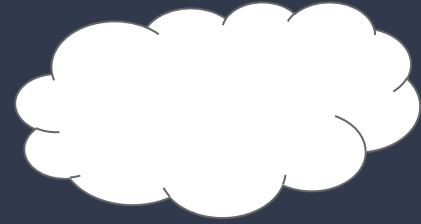
But where does it live?



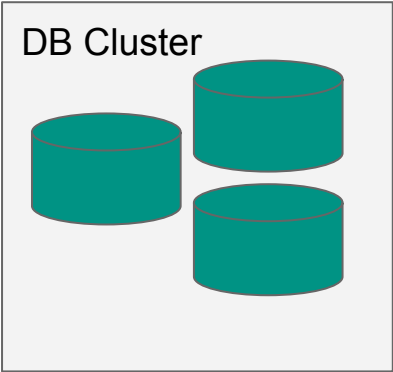
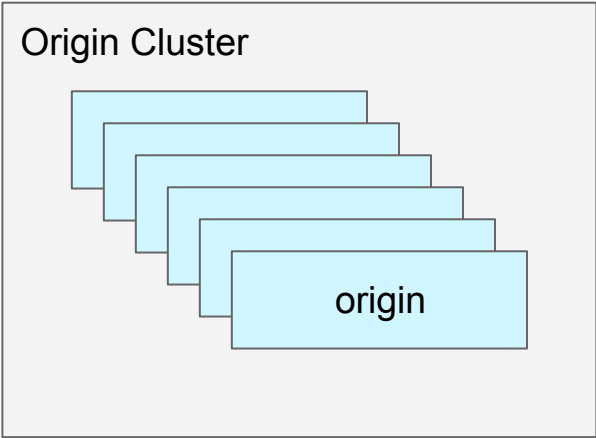
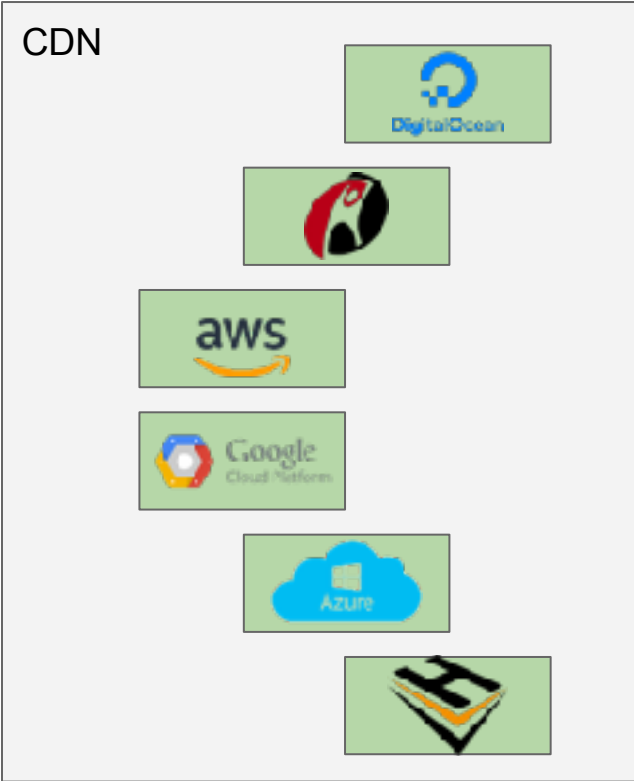
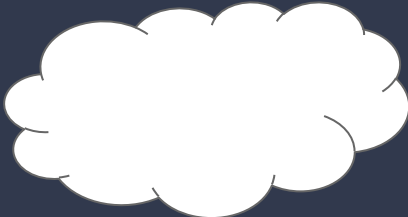
But where does it live?



But where does it live?



But where does it live?



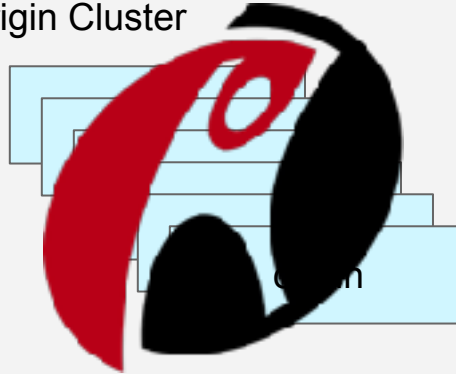
But where does it live?



CDN



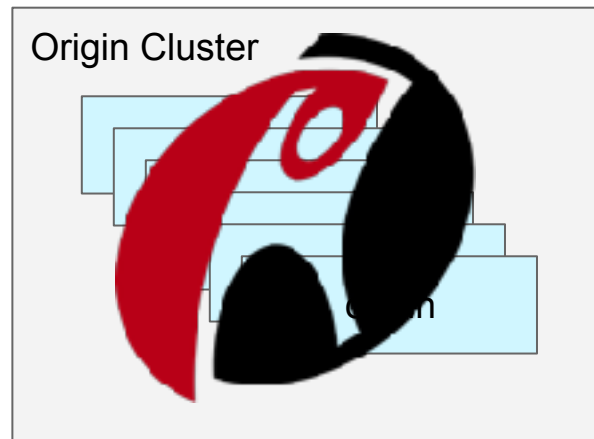
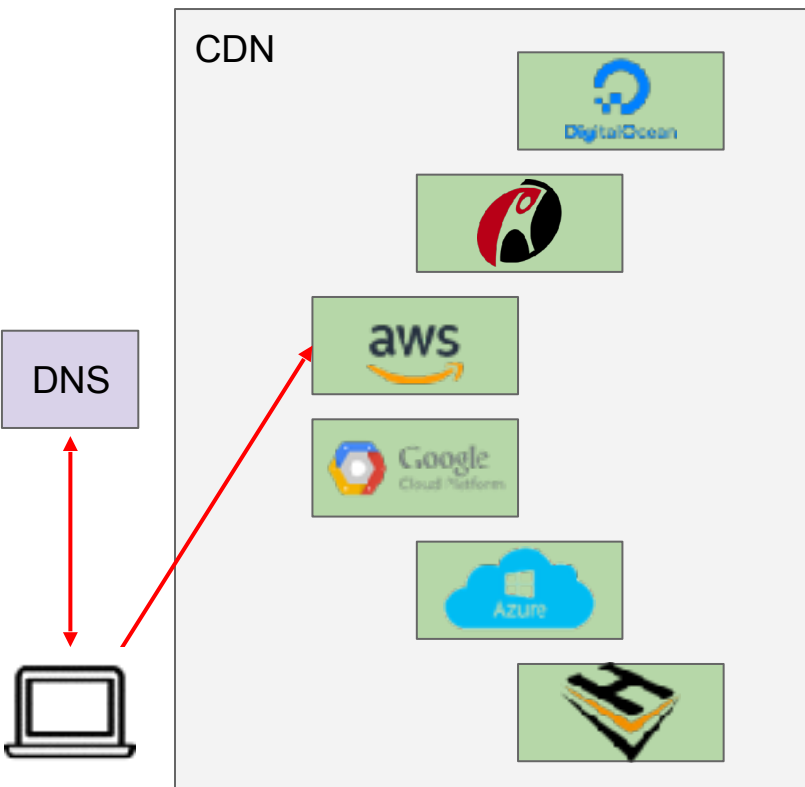
Origin Cluster



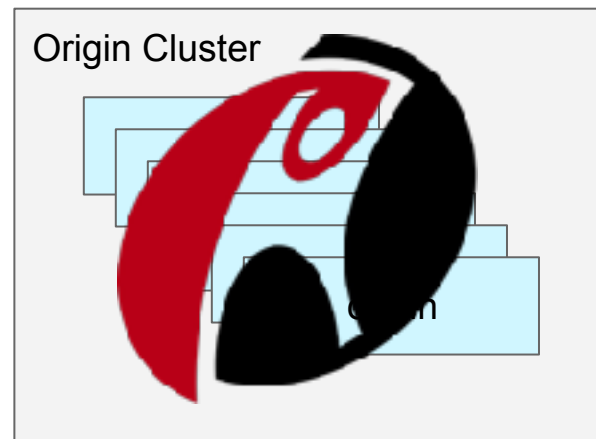
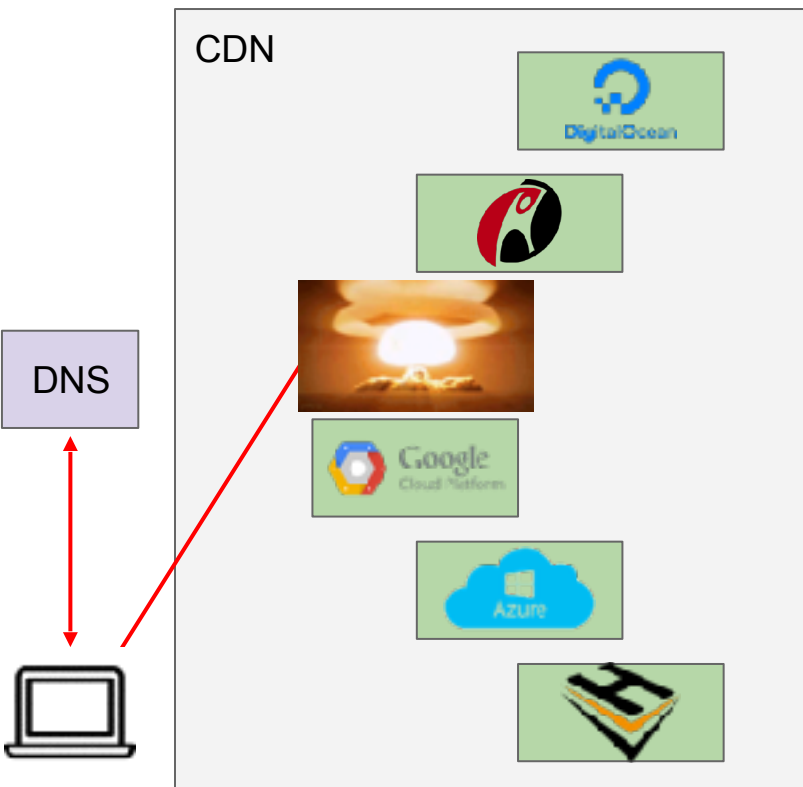
DB Cluster



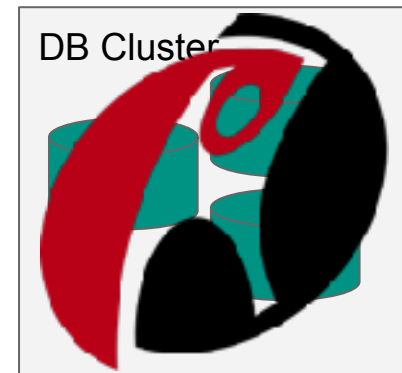
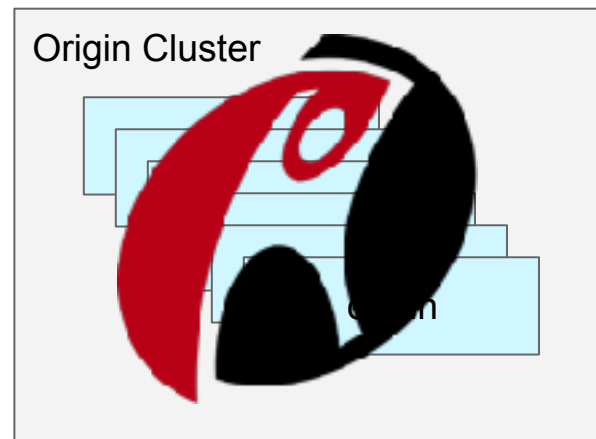
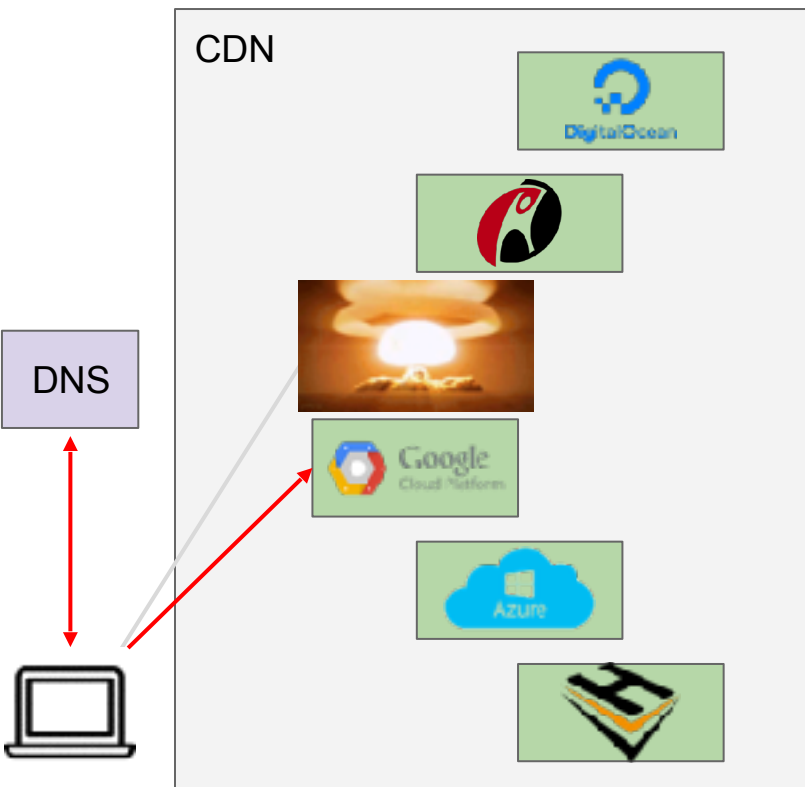
And when it fails?



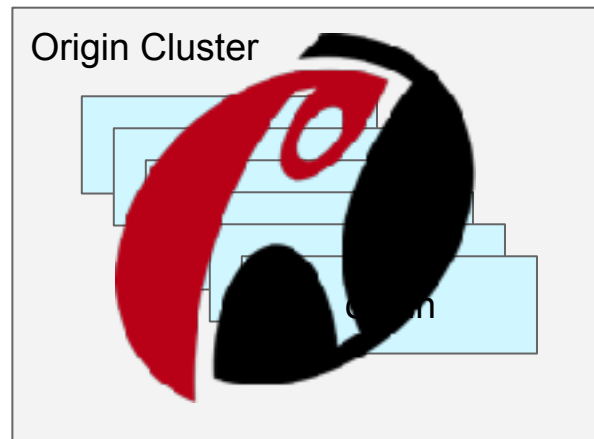
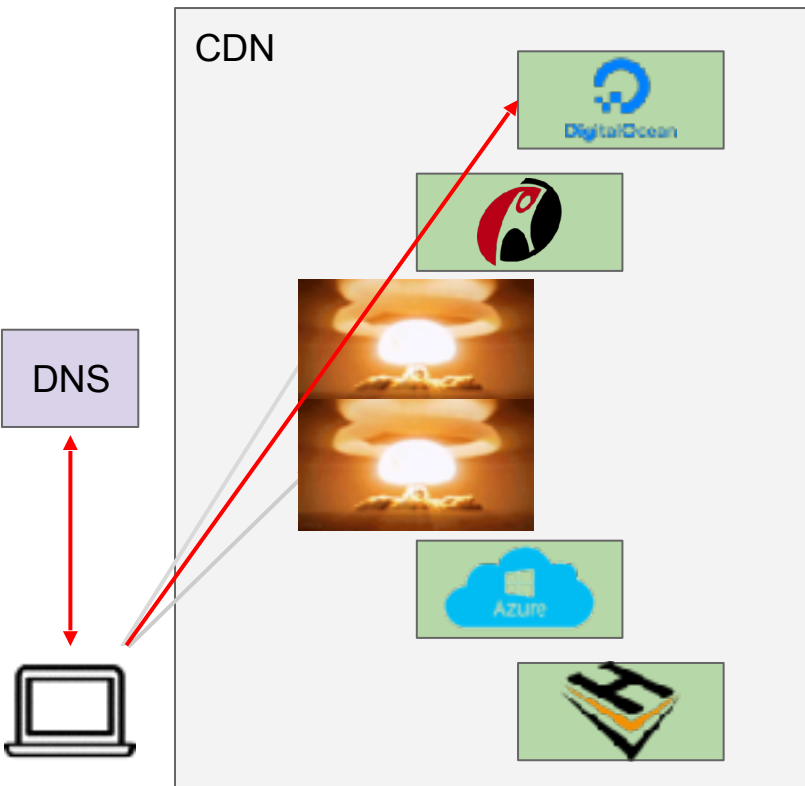
And when it fails?



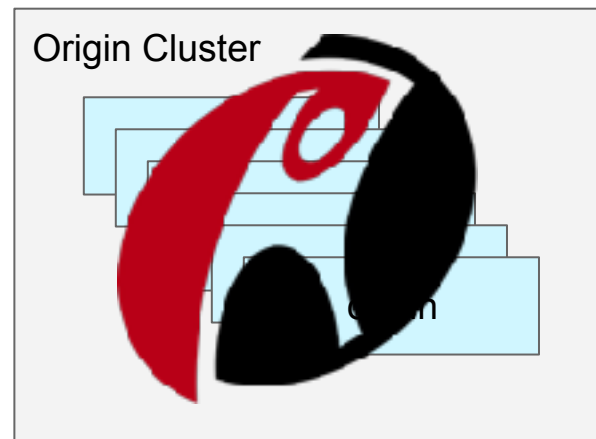
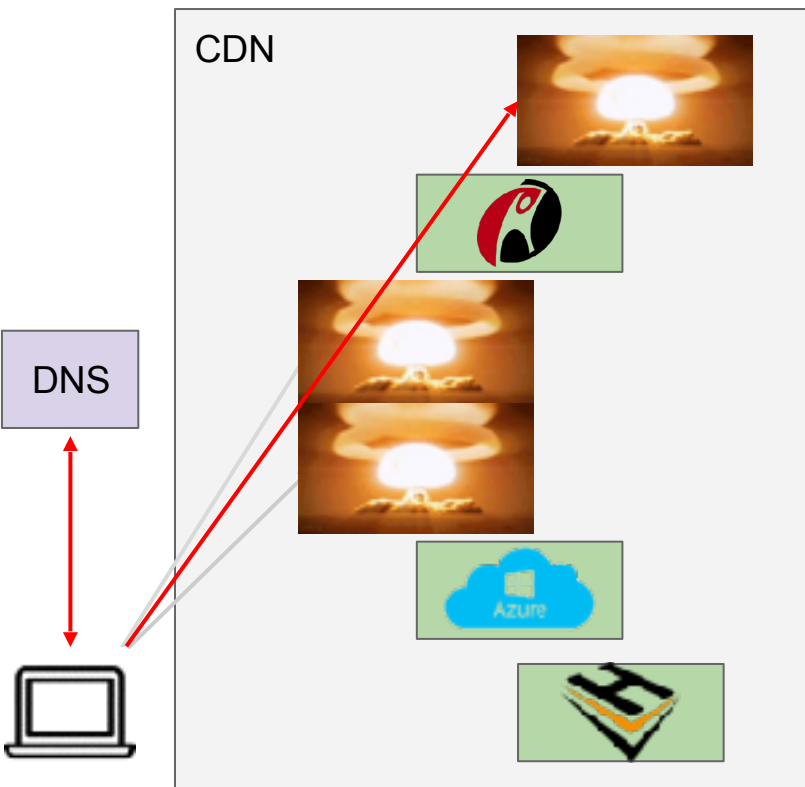
And when it fails?



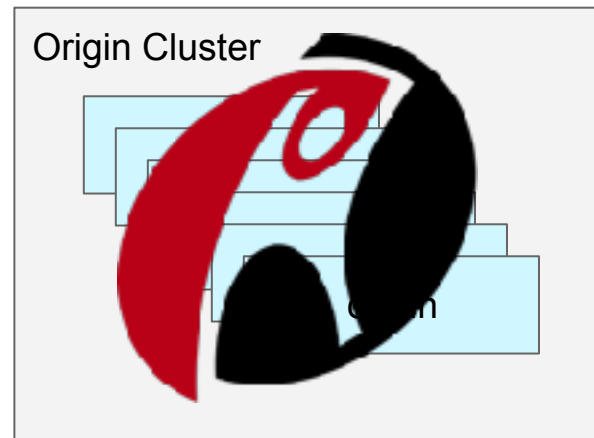
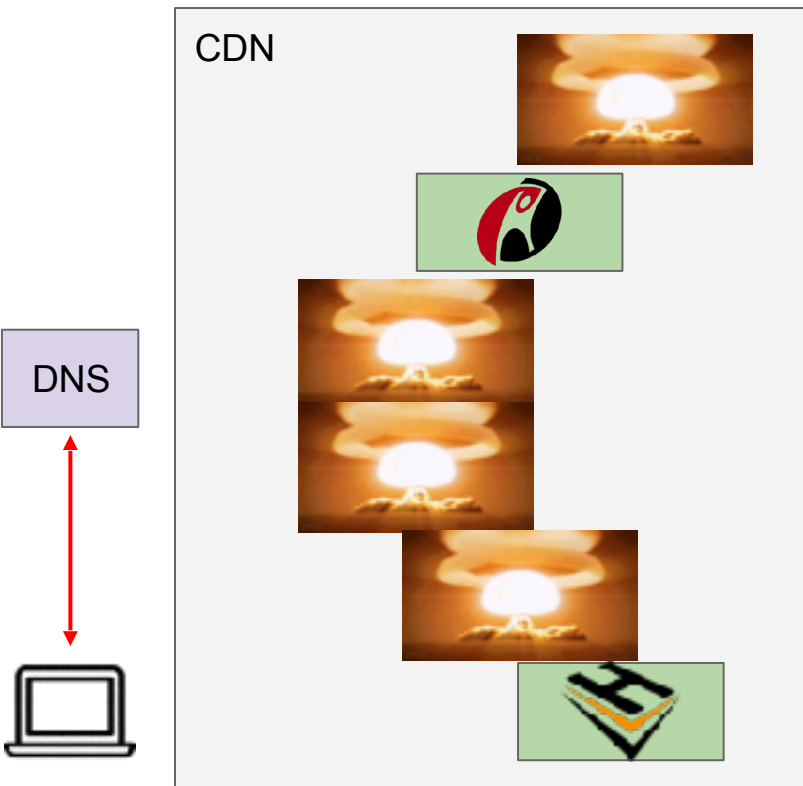
And when it fails?



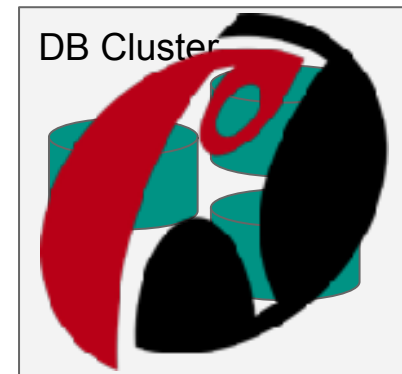
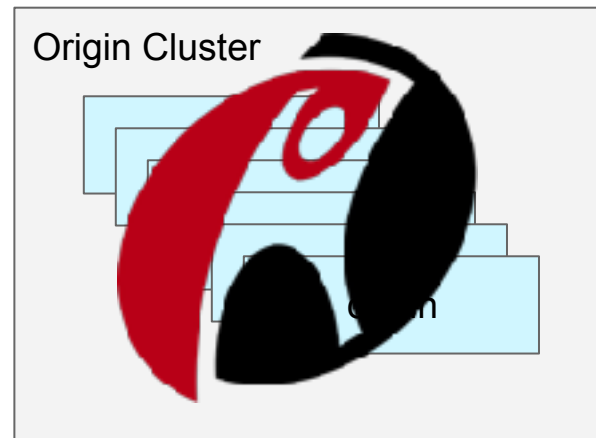
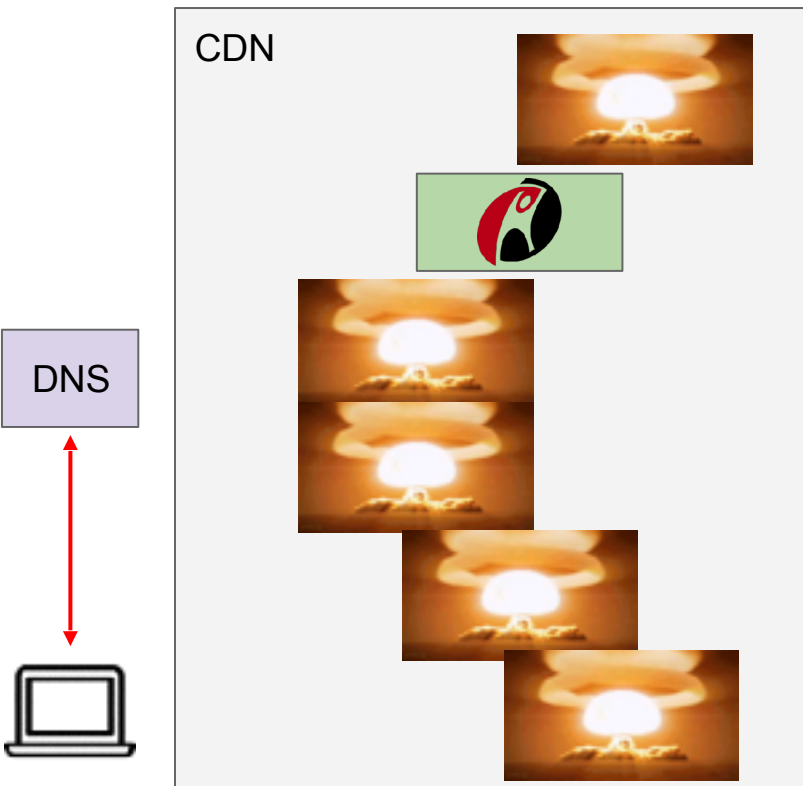
And when it fails?



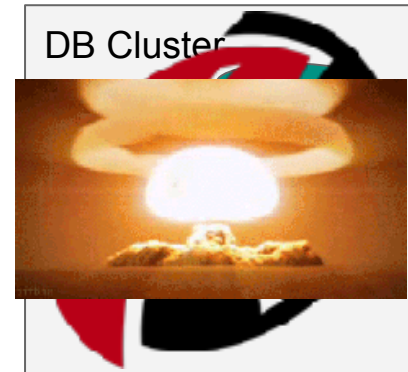
And when it fails?



And when it fails?

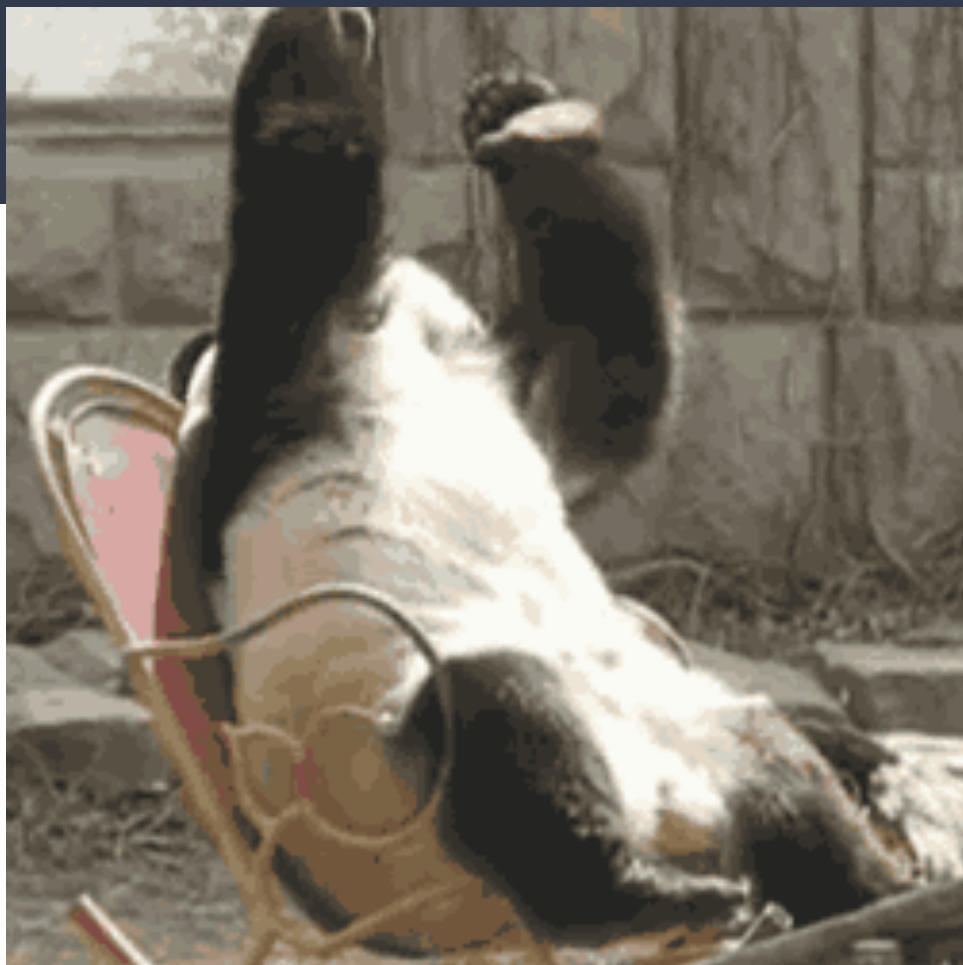


And when it fails?

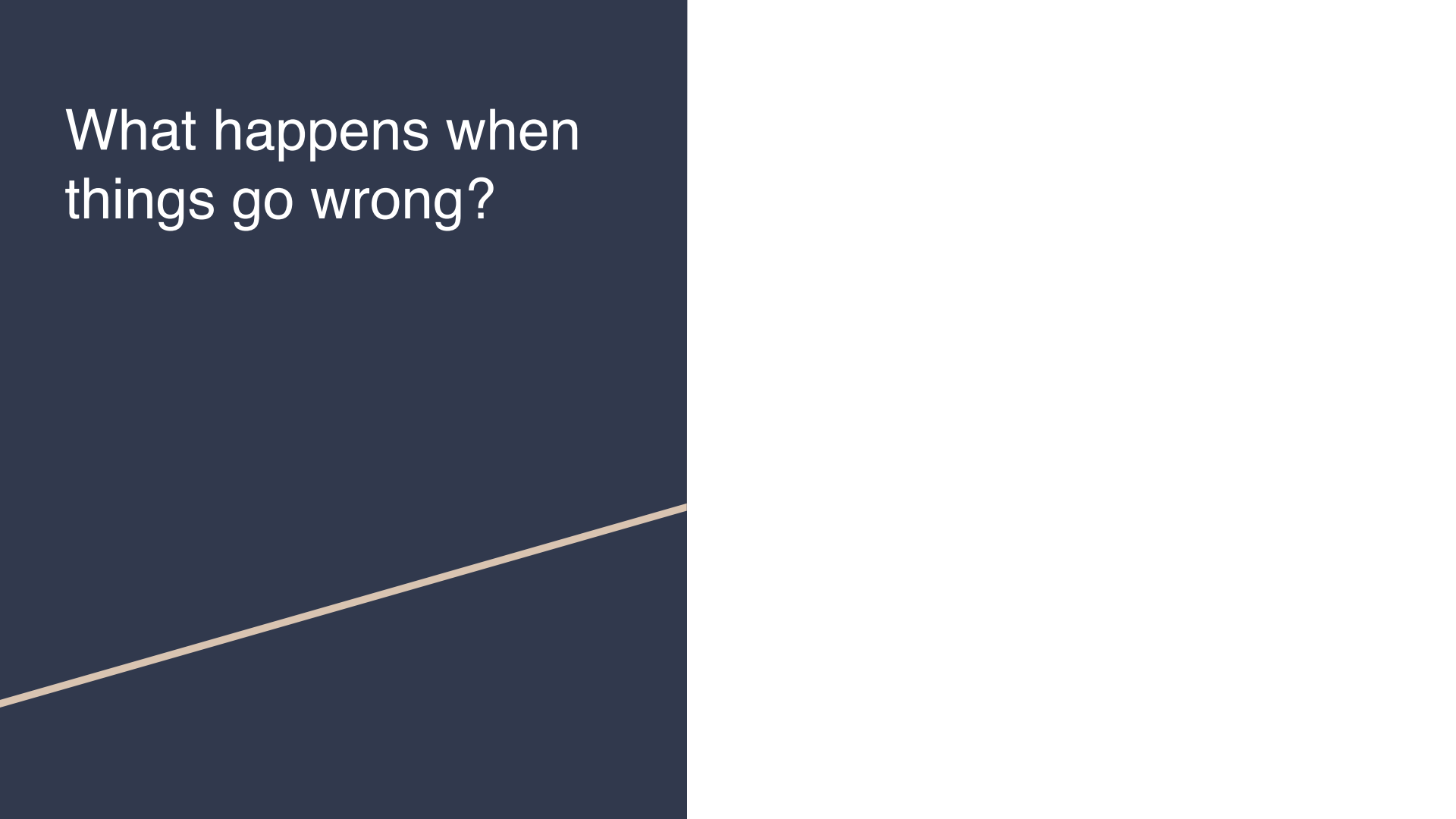


DNS





What happens when
things go wrong?



What happens when things go wrong?

- **CDN stays up**
- Keep serving cached content
- Higher traffic sites are going to be happier

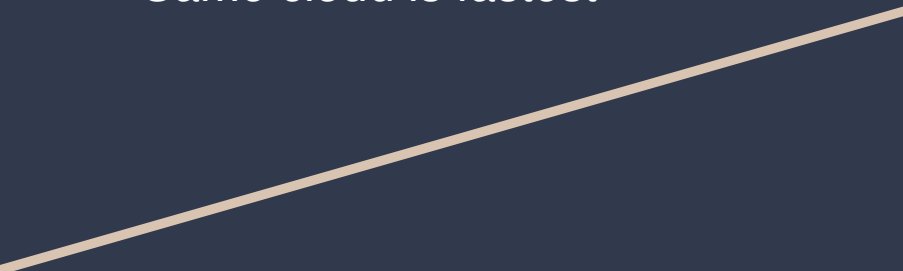
What happens when things go wrong?

- CDN stays up
- Keep serving cached content
- Higher traffic sites are going to be happier

What happens when things go wrong?

- CDN stays up
- Keep serving cached content
- Higher traffic sites are going to be happier

Multicloud Setup

- Providers fail with no notice
 - Degraded perf > outage
 - Same cloud is fastest
- 


Multicloud Setup

- Providers fail with no notice
- Degraded perf > outage
- Same cloud is fastest

- RAX
 - Cloud Servers
 - Cloud Files
- AWS
 - Elastic Compute Cloud
 - S3
- GCP
 - Compute Engine
 - Cloud Storage

Multicloud Setup

- Providers fail with no notice
- Degraded perf > outage
- Same cloud is fastest

-  ~~RAID~~
 - Cloud Servers
 - Cloud Files
- AWS
 - Elastic Compute Cloud
 - S3
- GCP
 - Compute Engine
 - Cloud Storage



Why do all of this?

Because clouds fail

Summary of the Amazon S3 Service Disruption in the Northern Virginia (US-EAST-1) Region

We'd like to give you some additional information about the service disruption that occurred in the Northern Virginia (US-EAST-1) Region on the morning of February 28th, 2017. The

[RESOLVED] Internet Connectivity

12:48 AM PDT We are currently investigating connectivity issues in the US-EAST-2 Region.

12:59 AM PDT Between 12:11 AM and 12:45 AM PDT we experienced impaired internet connectivity in the US-EAST-2 Region. This has been resolved and the service is operating normally.

Google Compute Engine

GCE18004 Began 16 May 2018, lasting 1 hour 5 minutes

Began 16 March 2018, lasting 1 hour 53 minutes

Began 10 March 2018, lasting 42 minutes

Began 31 January 2018, lasting 1 hour 28 minutes

Began 08 June 2017, lasting 1 hour 6 minutes

Google Cloud Storage

GCS18002 Began 31 January 2018, lasting 1 hour 30 minutes

GCS18001 Began 25 January 2018, lasting 1 hour 19 minutes

GCS17006 Began 30 November 2017, lasting 3 hours 48 minutes

GCS17005 Began 12 October 2017, lasting 21 hours 25 minutes

GCS17004 Began 06 October 2017, lasting 1 hour 12 minutes

But how do we build around that?



But how do we build around that?



HashiCorp

Terraform



kubernetes



ANSIBLE



CONSUL

Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
2. Replicate all the objects
3. Prepare the database
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
5. Test everything
6. Do the actual cutover

Steps to Multicloud

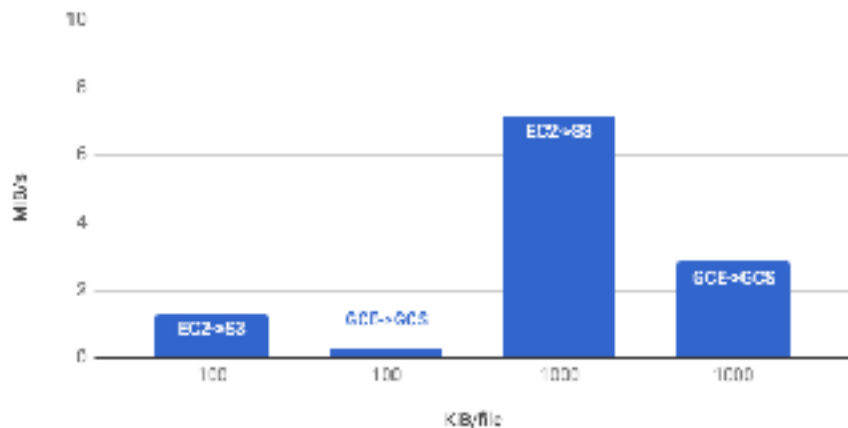
1. **Double check assumptions**
2. Replicate all the objects
3. Prepare the database
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
5. Test everything
6. Do the actual cutover

Assumption Checking

<https://github.com/rybit/cloud-bench>

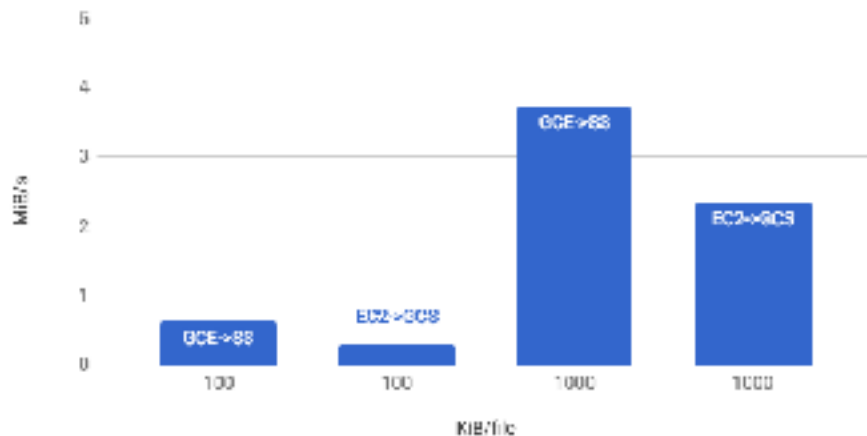
Same Cloud Throughput

100 workers, 10,000 files



Cross Cloud Throughput

100 workers, 10,000 files

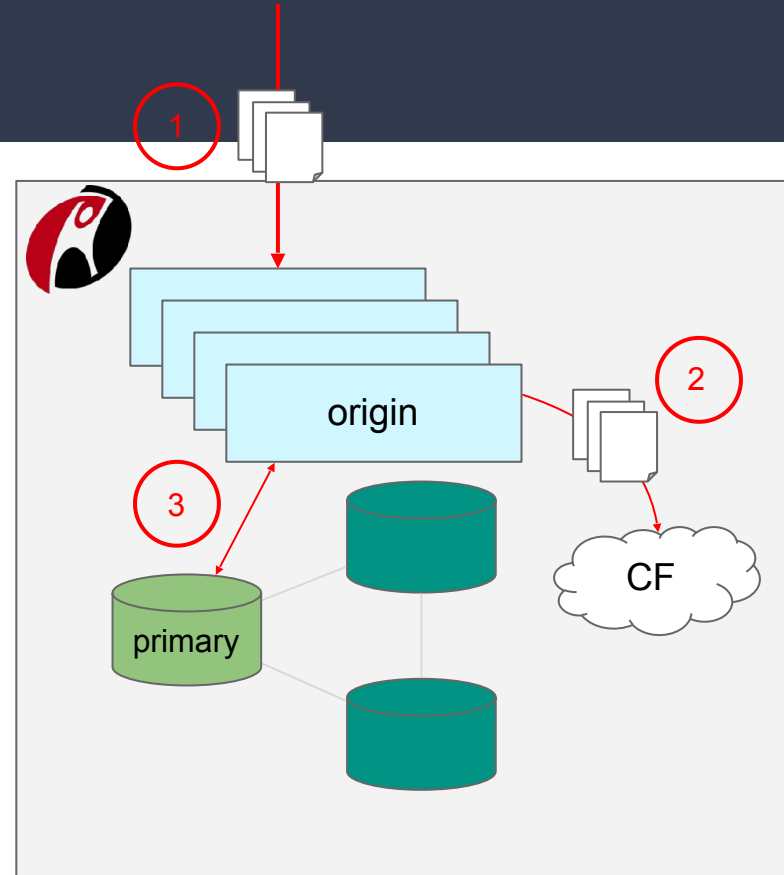


Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
- 2. Replicate all the objects**
3. Prepare the database
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
5. Test everything
6. Do the actual cutover

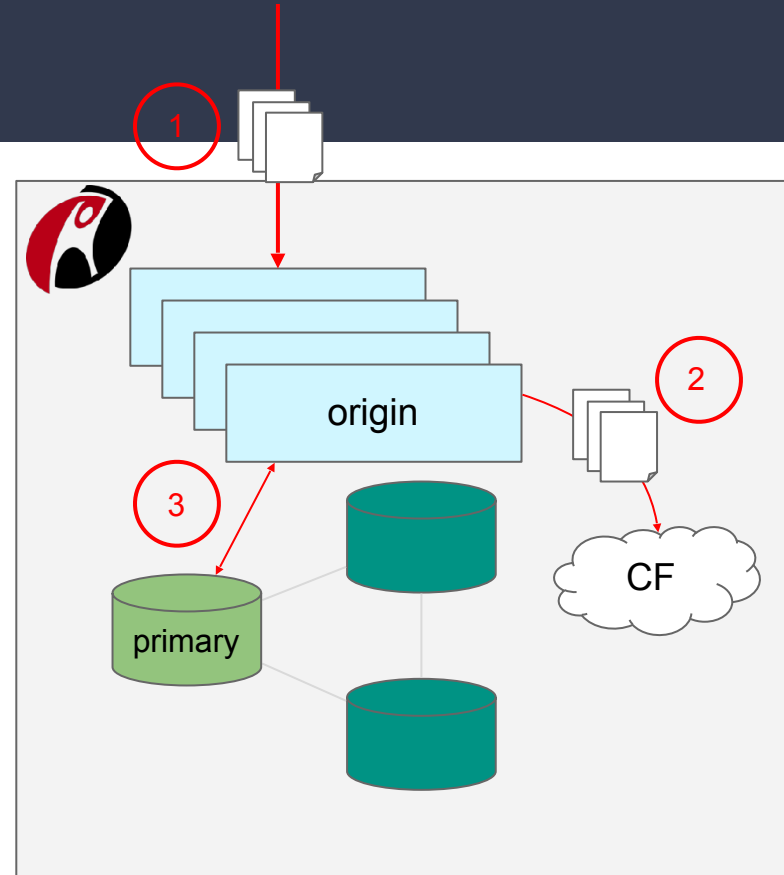
Replicate it all

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
}
```



Replicate it all

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
}
```



Replicate it all

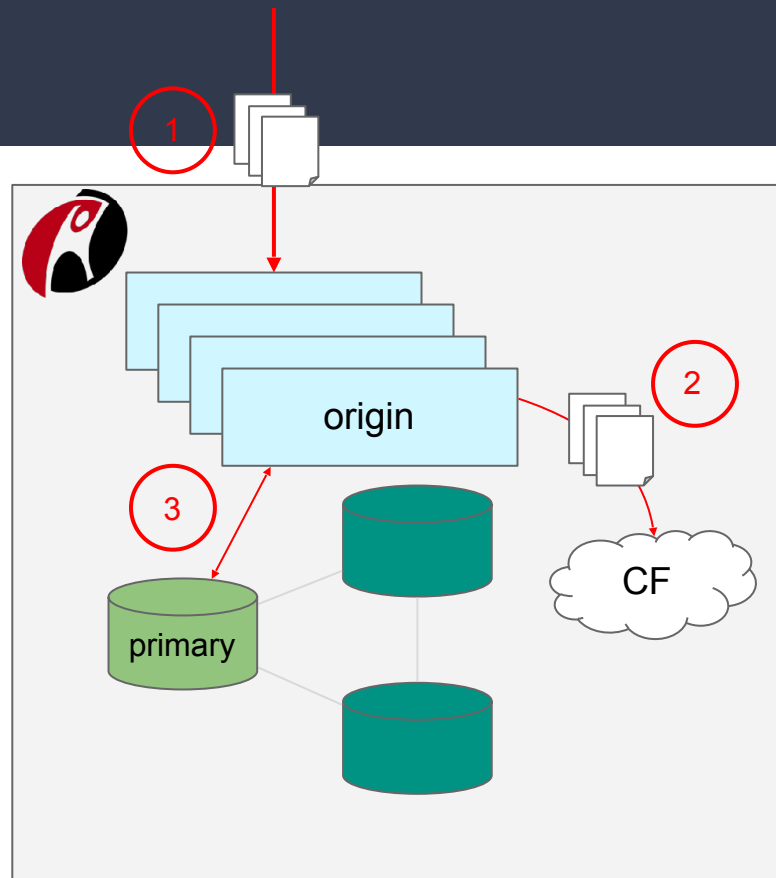
```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m": 1  
}
```

Upload mask

RAX = 1
AWS = 2
GCP = 4

Example:

m = 6 → AWS & GCP
m = 3 → AWS & RAX
m = 1 → RAX only



BlobSync

- Done out of band from the request cycle
- Constantly queries for unreplicated blobs
- Pulls object down, pushes to the other clouds
- Records progress and errors

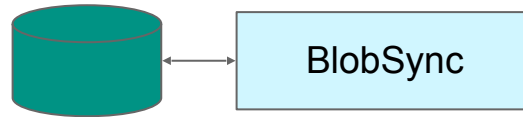


BlobSync

BlobSync

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 1  
}
```

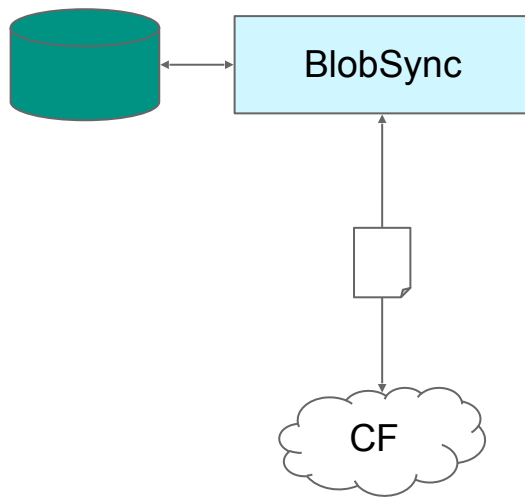
- Done out of band from the request cycle
- Constantly queries for unreplicated blobs
- Pulls object down, pushes to the other clouds
- Records progress and errors



BlobSync

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 1  
}
```

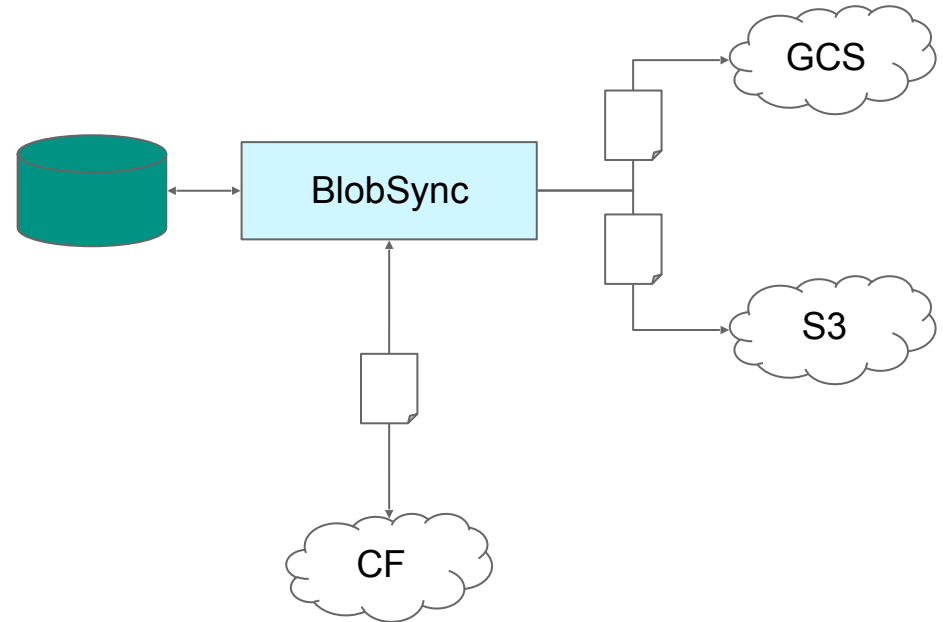
- Done out of band from the request cycle
- Constantly queries for unreplicated blobs
- Pulls object down, pushes to the other clouds
- Records progress and errors



BlobSync

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 1  
}
```

- Done out of band from the request cycle
- Constantly queries for unreplicated blobs
- Pulls object down, pushes to the other clouds
- Records progress and errors

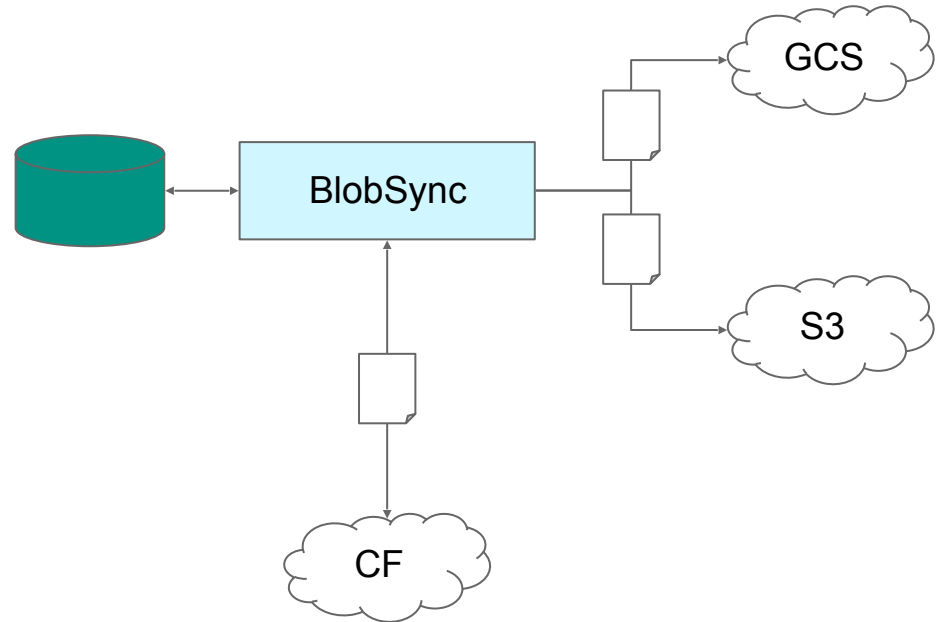


BlobSync

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 1  
}
```

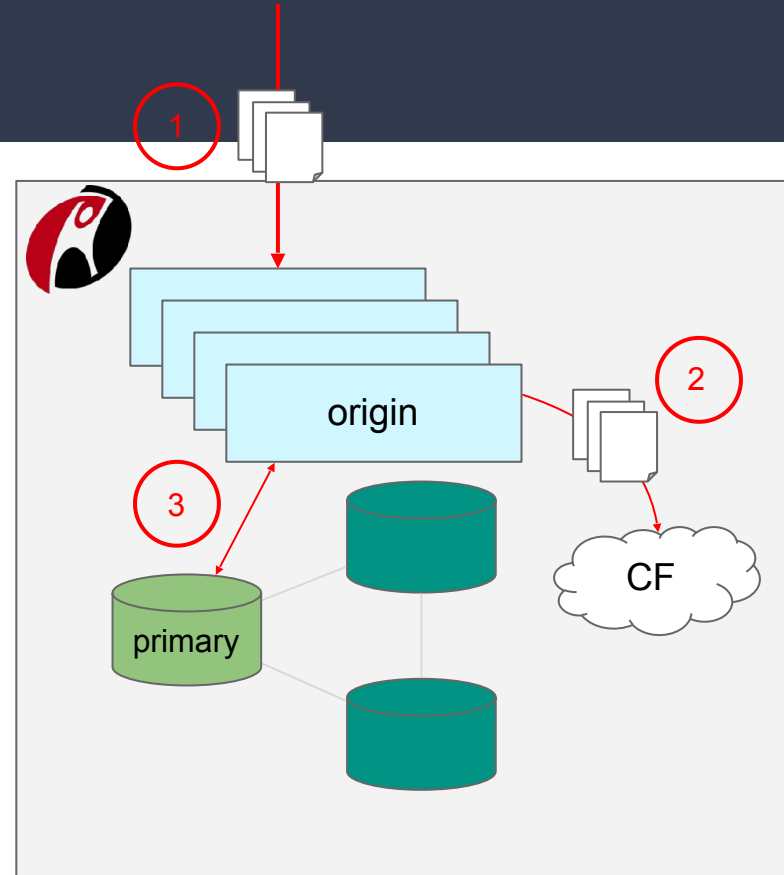
```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 7  
}
```

- Done out of band from the request cycle
- Constantly queries for unreplicated blobs
- Pulls object down, pushes to the other clouds
- Records progress and errors



Replicate it all

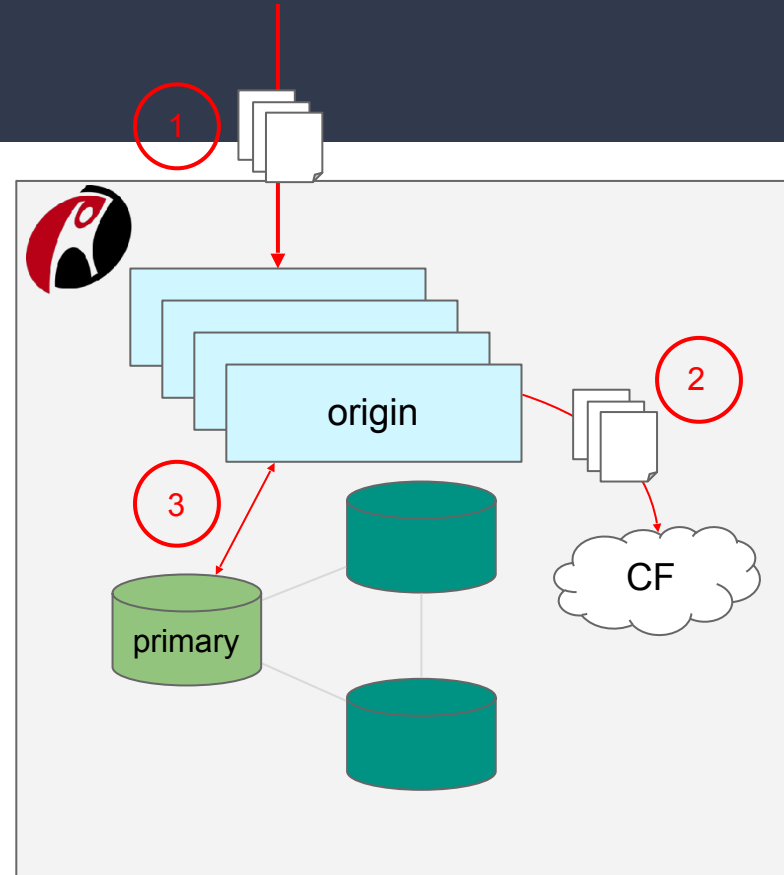
```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m": 1  
}
```



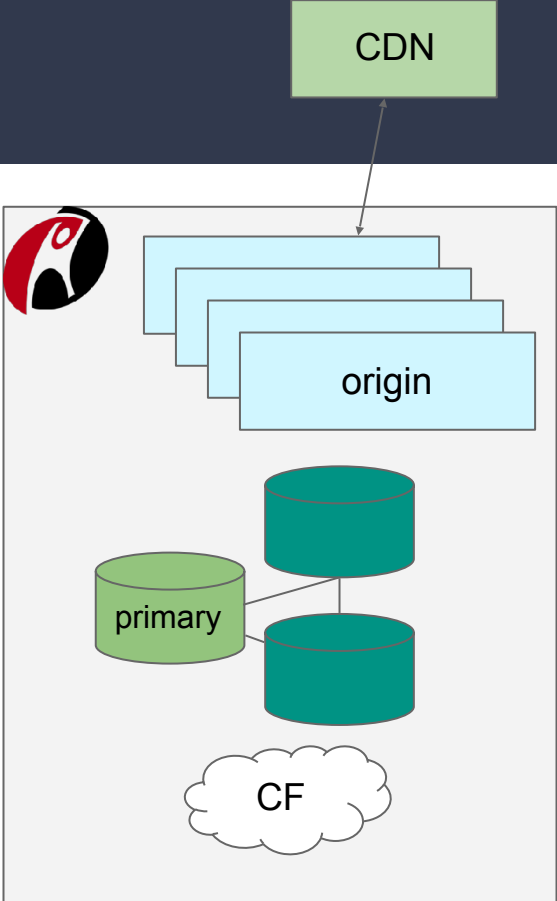
Replicate it all

```
{  
  "_id" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "size" : 9935,  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "created_at" : ISODate("2018-06-07T21:02:29.240Z"),  
  "m" : 1,  
  "r" : true  
}
```

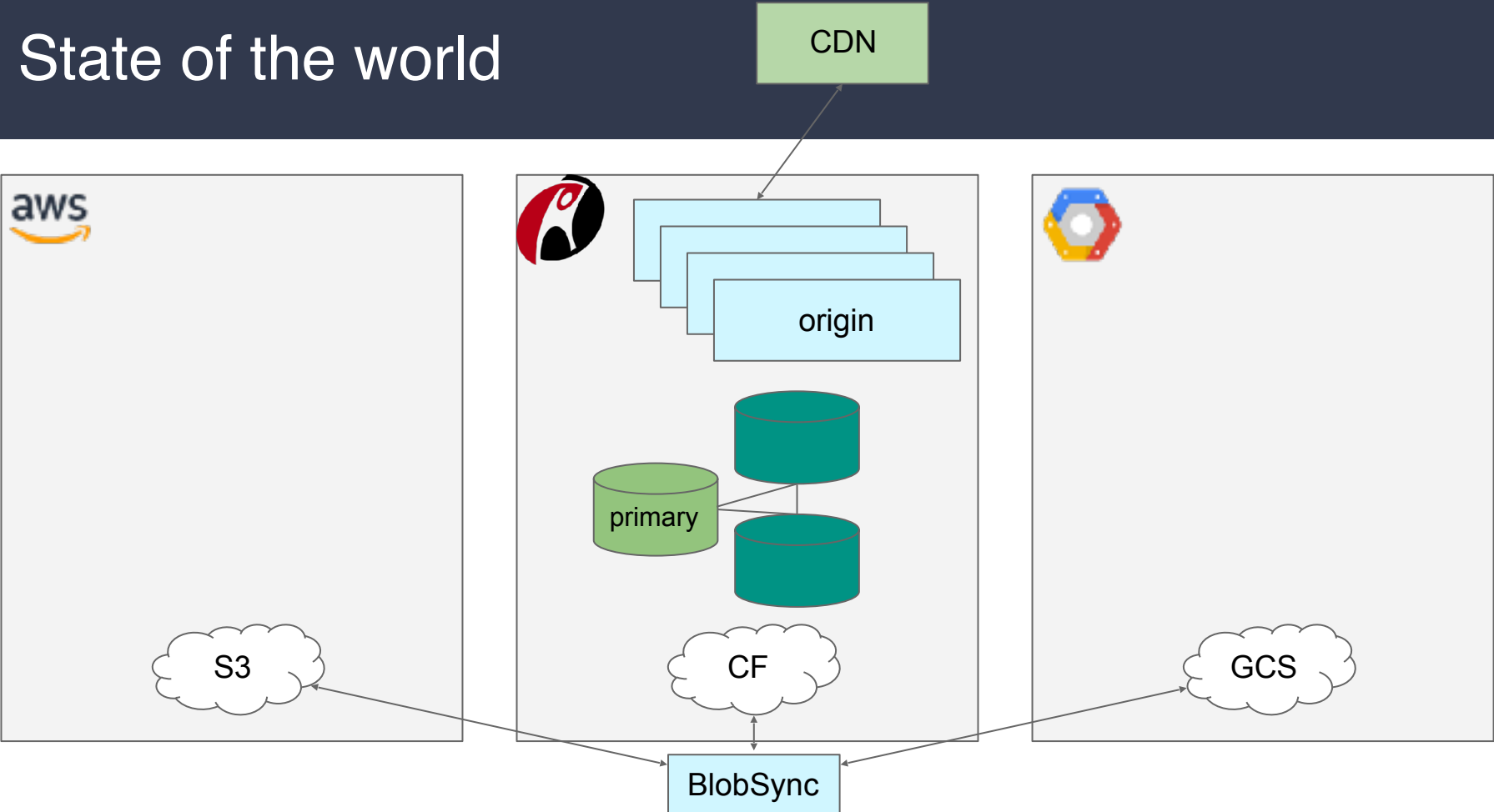
Replication Flag Spares index in mongo



State of the world



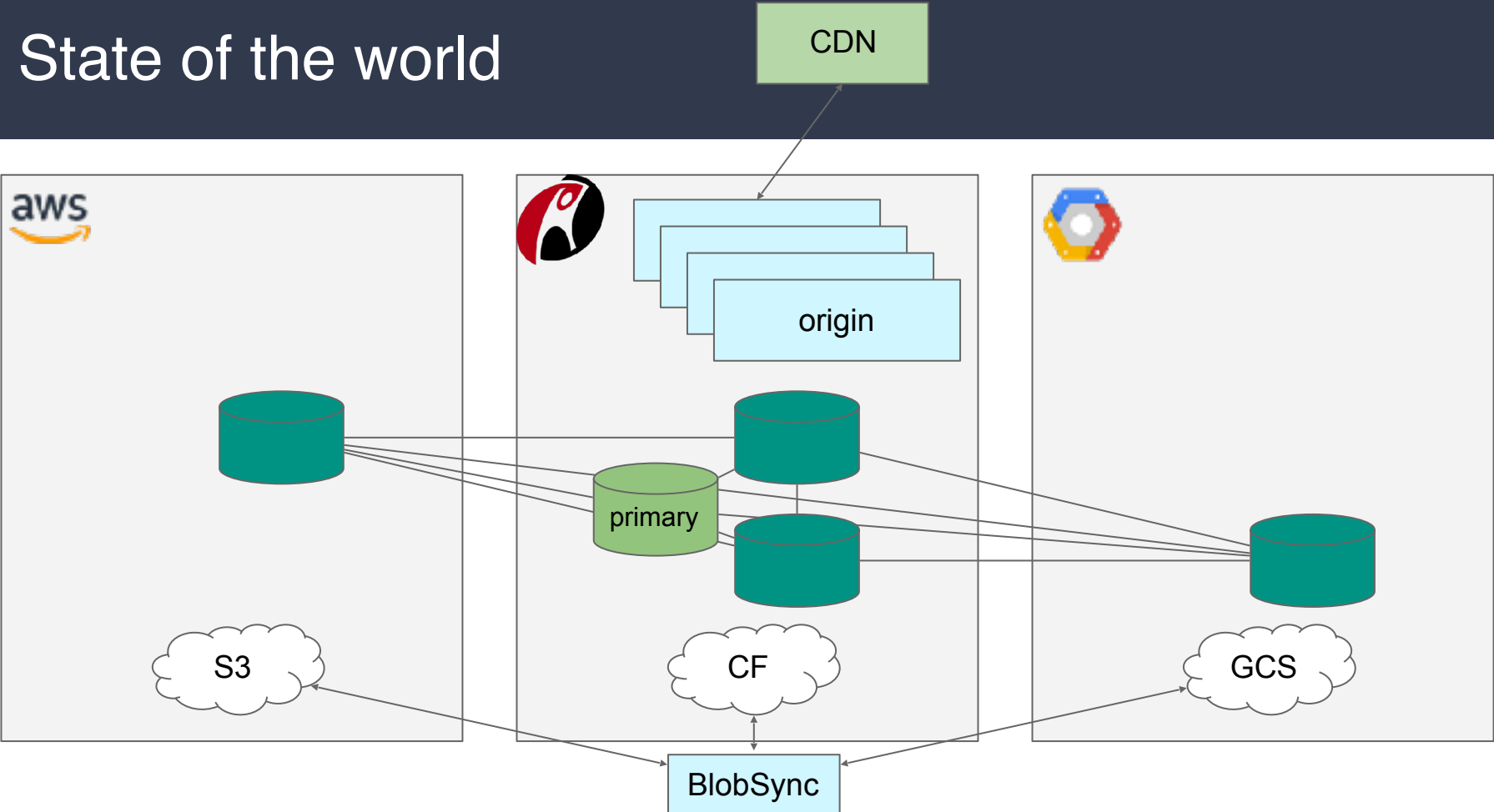
State of the world



Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
2. Replicate all the objects
- 3. Prepare the database**
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
5. Test everything
6. Do the actual cutover

State of the world



Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
2. Replicate all the objects
3. Prepare the database
- 4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic**
5. Test everything
6. Do the actual cutover

Cloud Agnostic Origin Services

- Generic cloud storage interface
- Automatic failover
- Prefer staying in cloud
- Forceable overrides

Smart Resolution

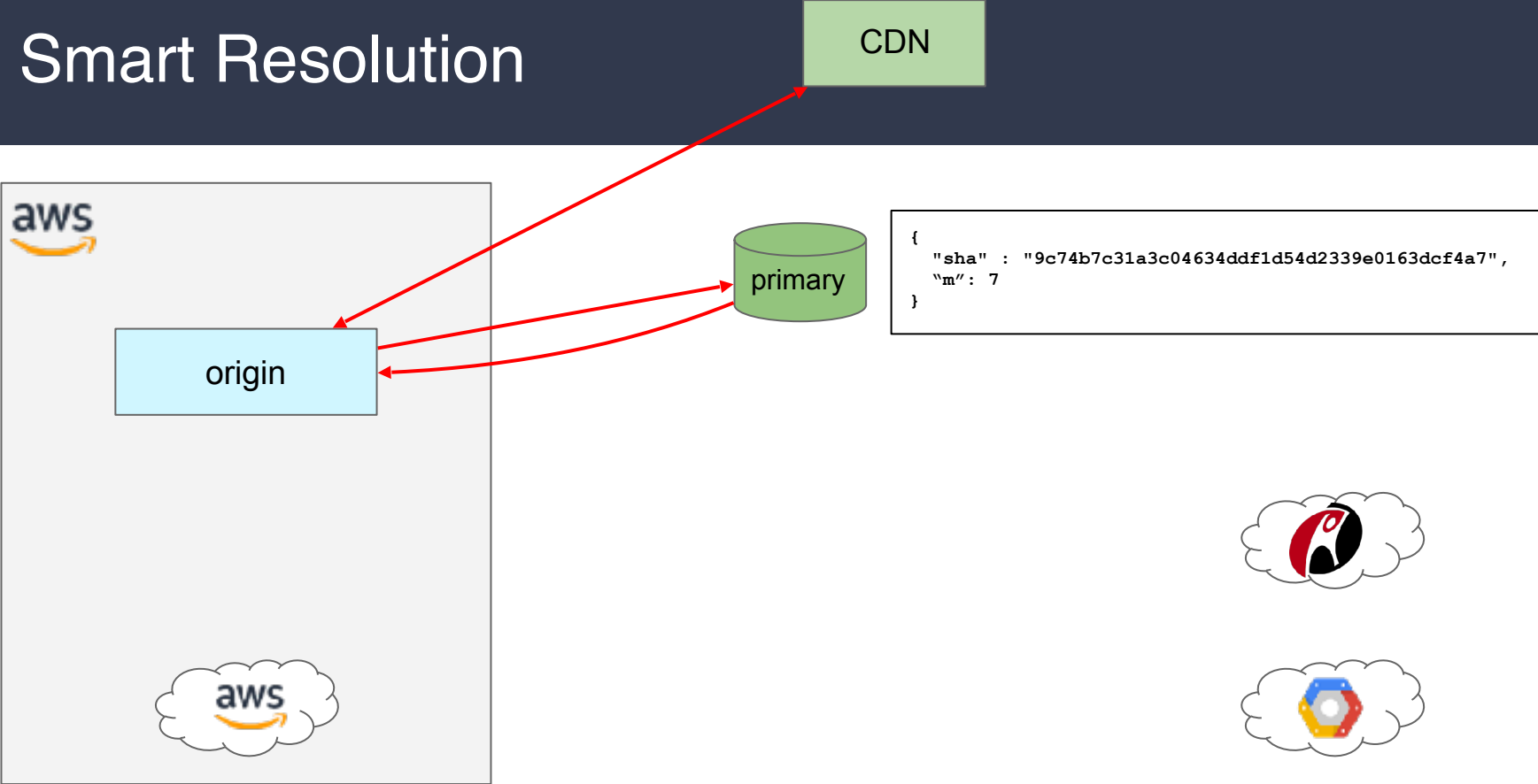
CDN



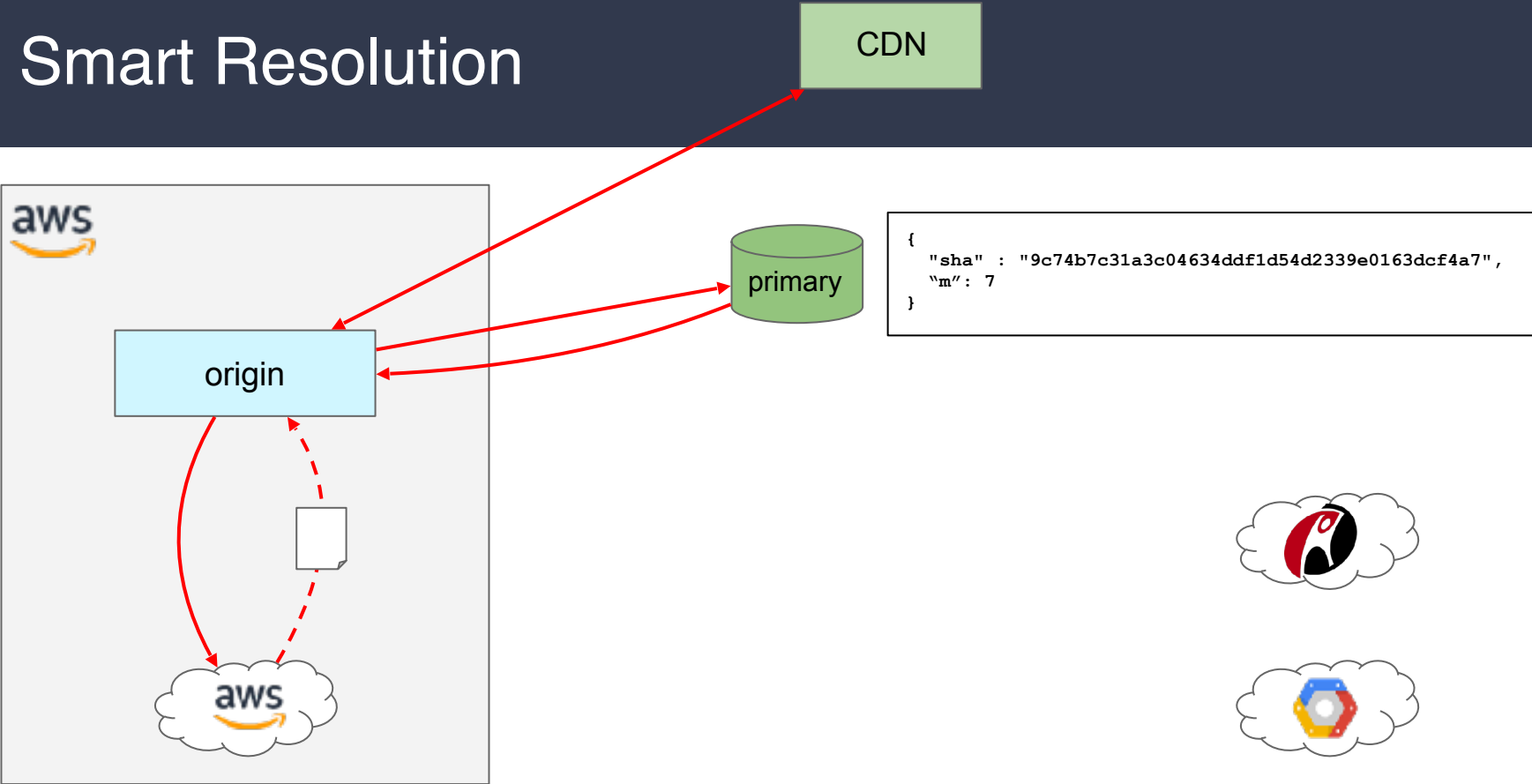
```
{  
  "sha" : "9c74b7c31a3c04634ddf1d54d2339e0163dcf4a7",  
  "m" : 7  
}
```



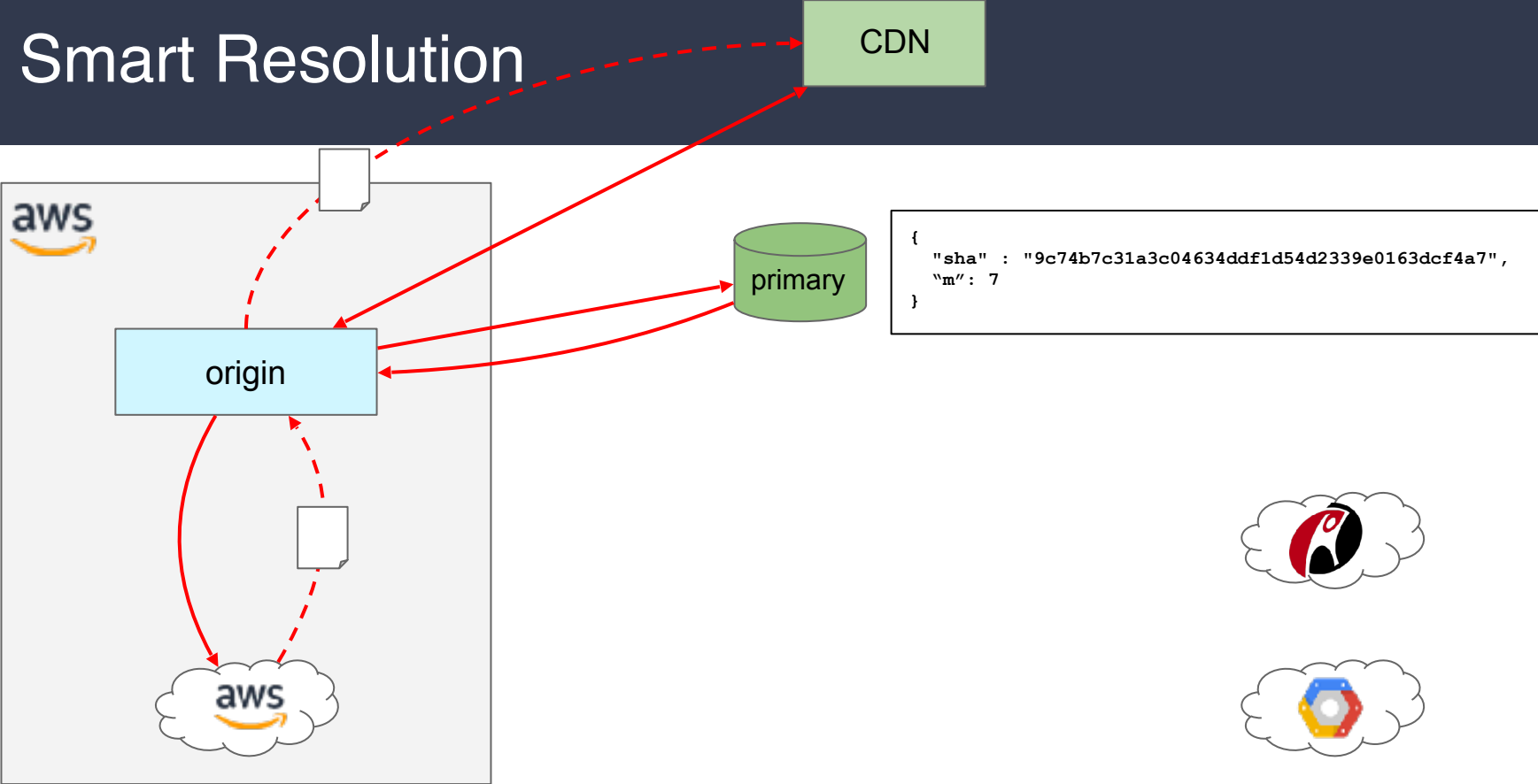
Smart Resolution



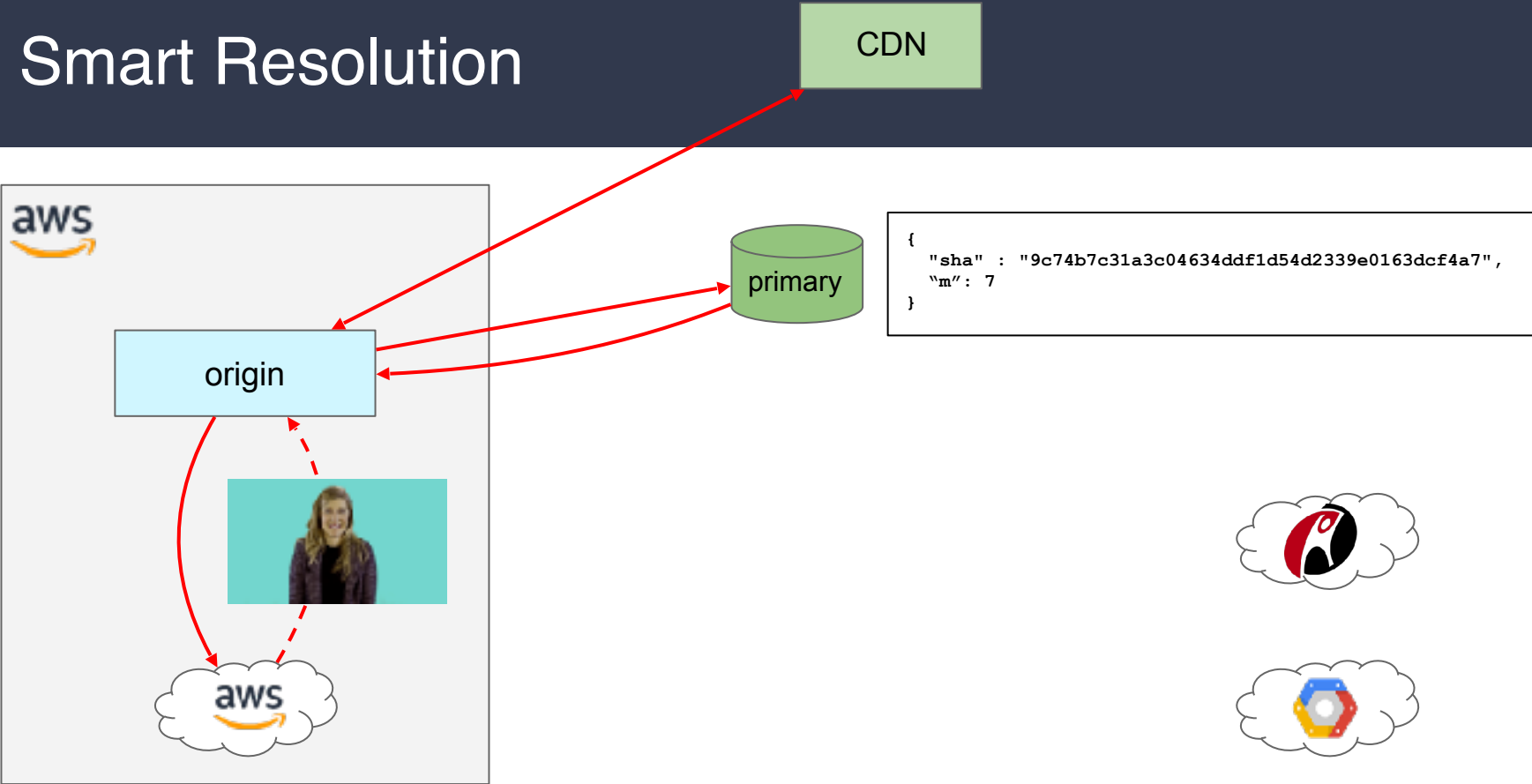
Smart Resolution



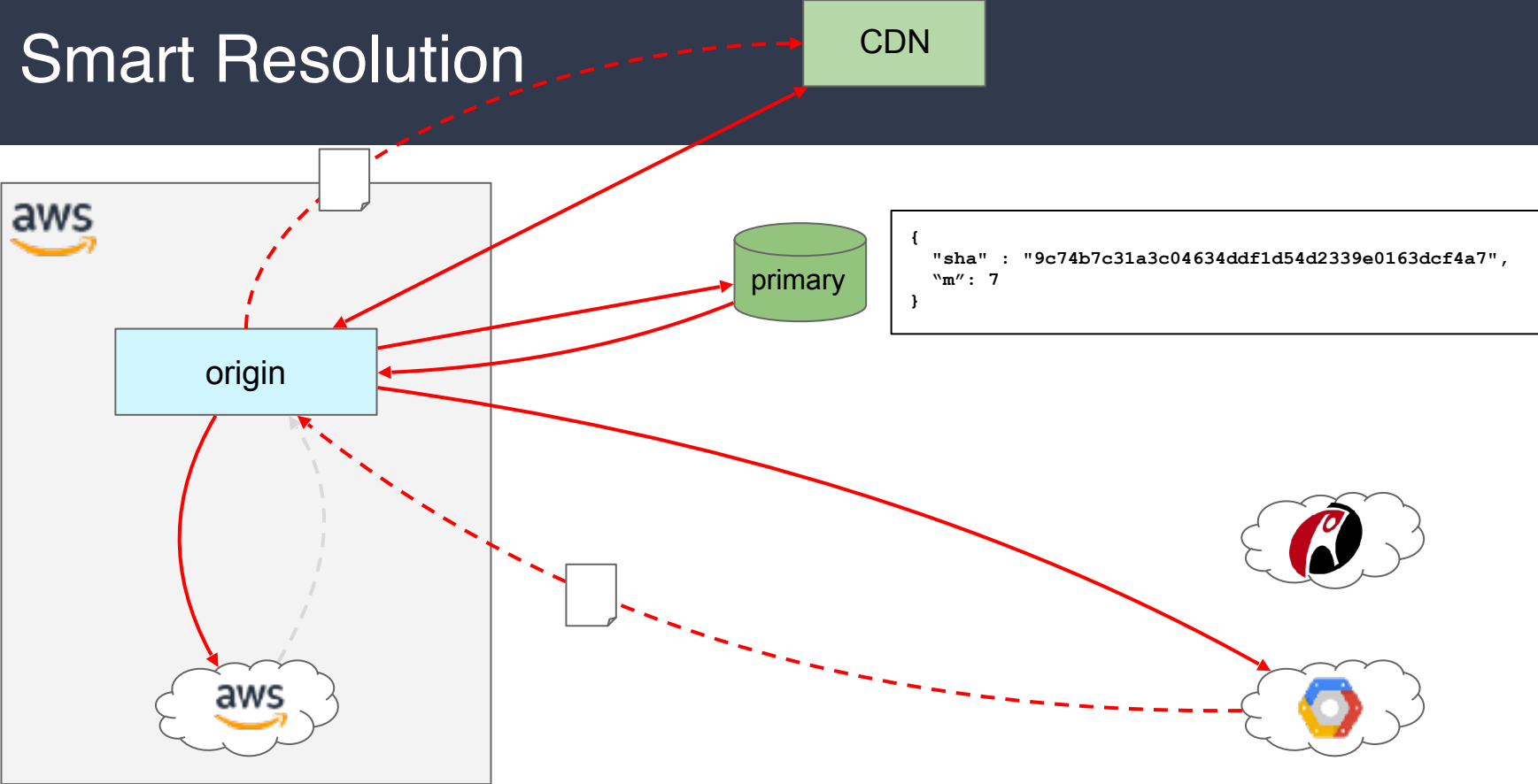
Smart Resolution



Smart Resolution



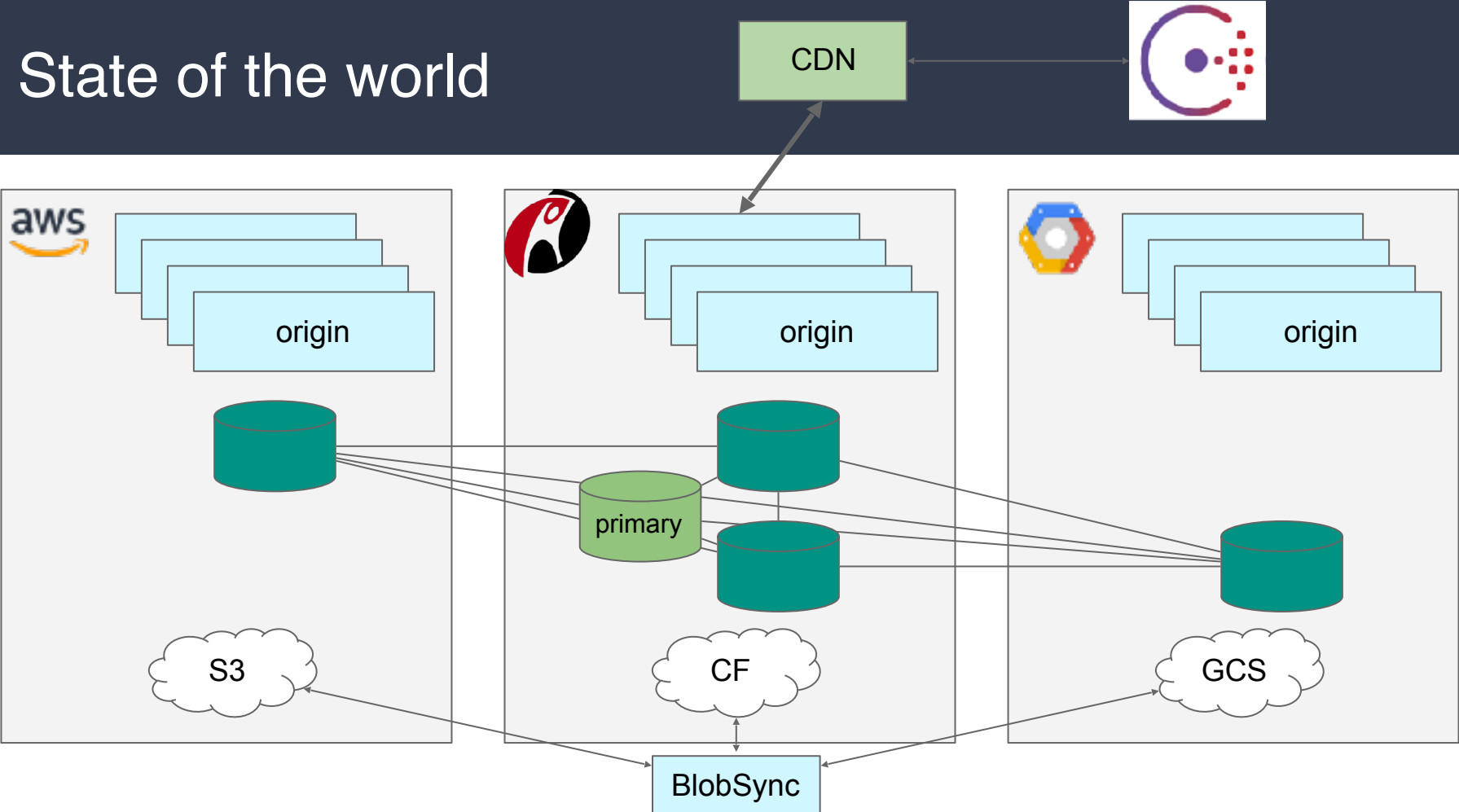
Smart Resolution



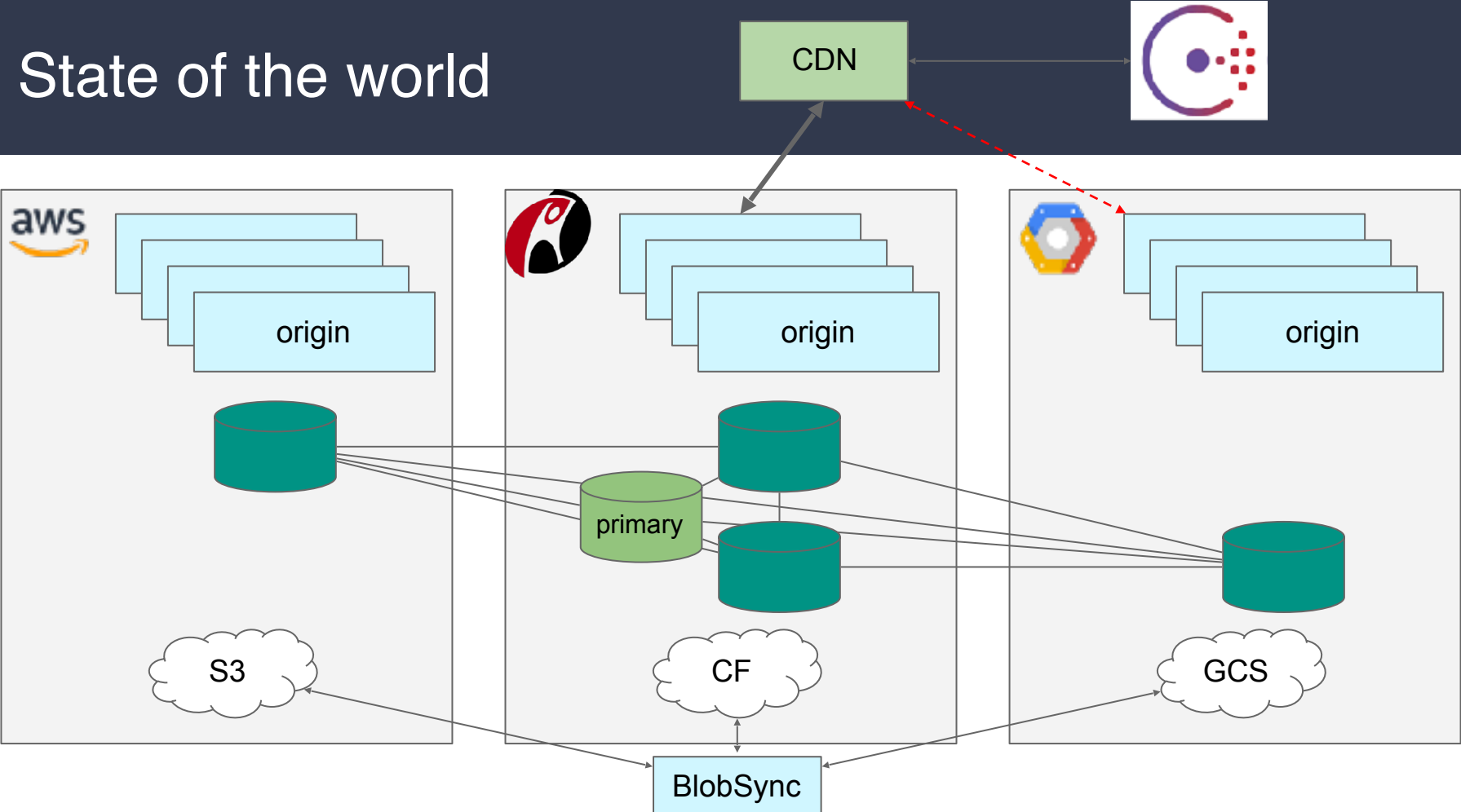
Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
2. Replicate all the objects
3. Prepare the database
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
- 5. Test everything**
6. Do the actual cutover

State of the world



State of the world



Steps to Multicloud

1. Double check assumptions
2. Replicate all the objects
3. Prepare the database
4. Make the origin services cloud agnostic
5. Test everything
6. **Do the actual cutover**

Steps to Multicloud

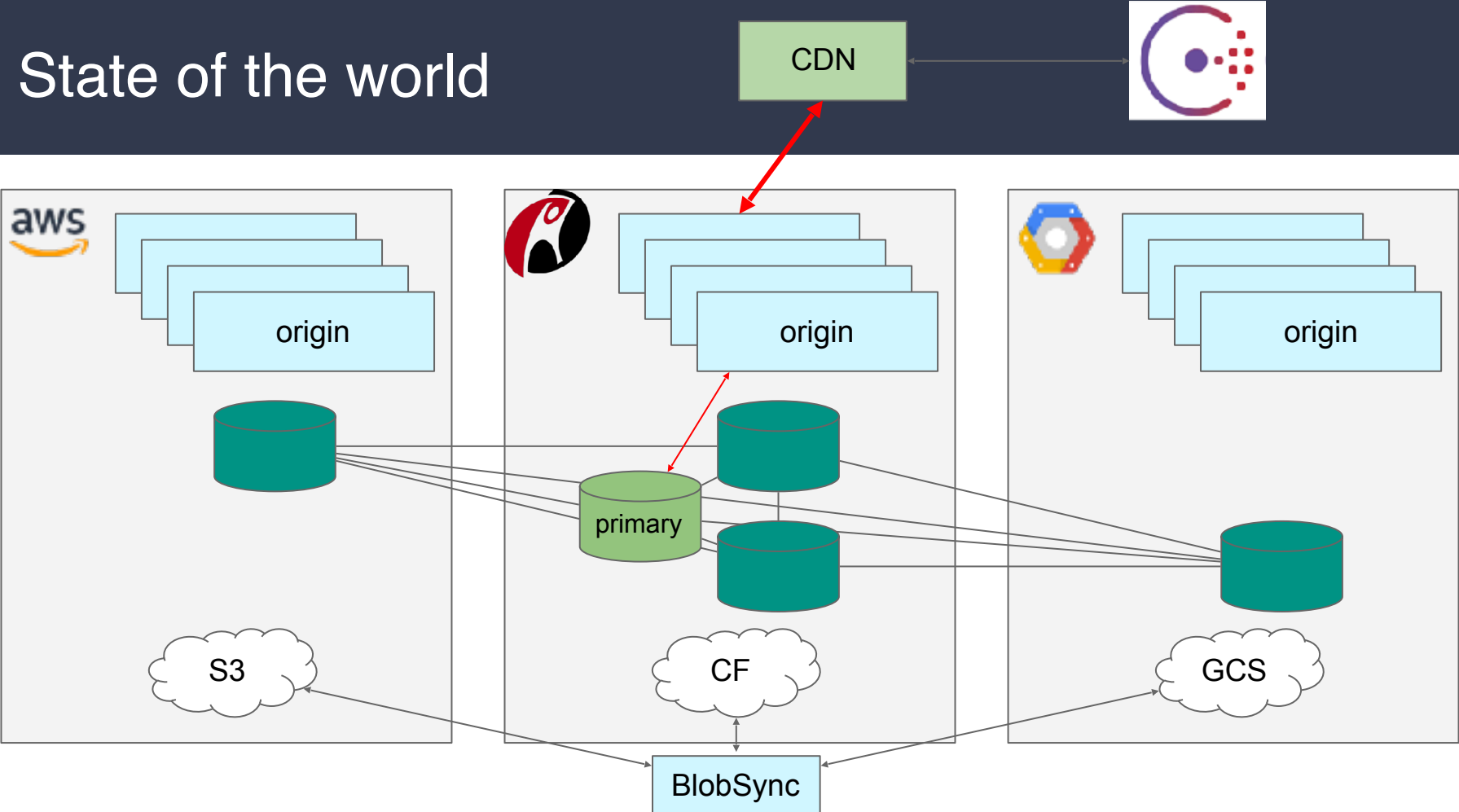


1. Double check assumptions
the objects
database
login services
c
ng
cutover

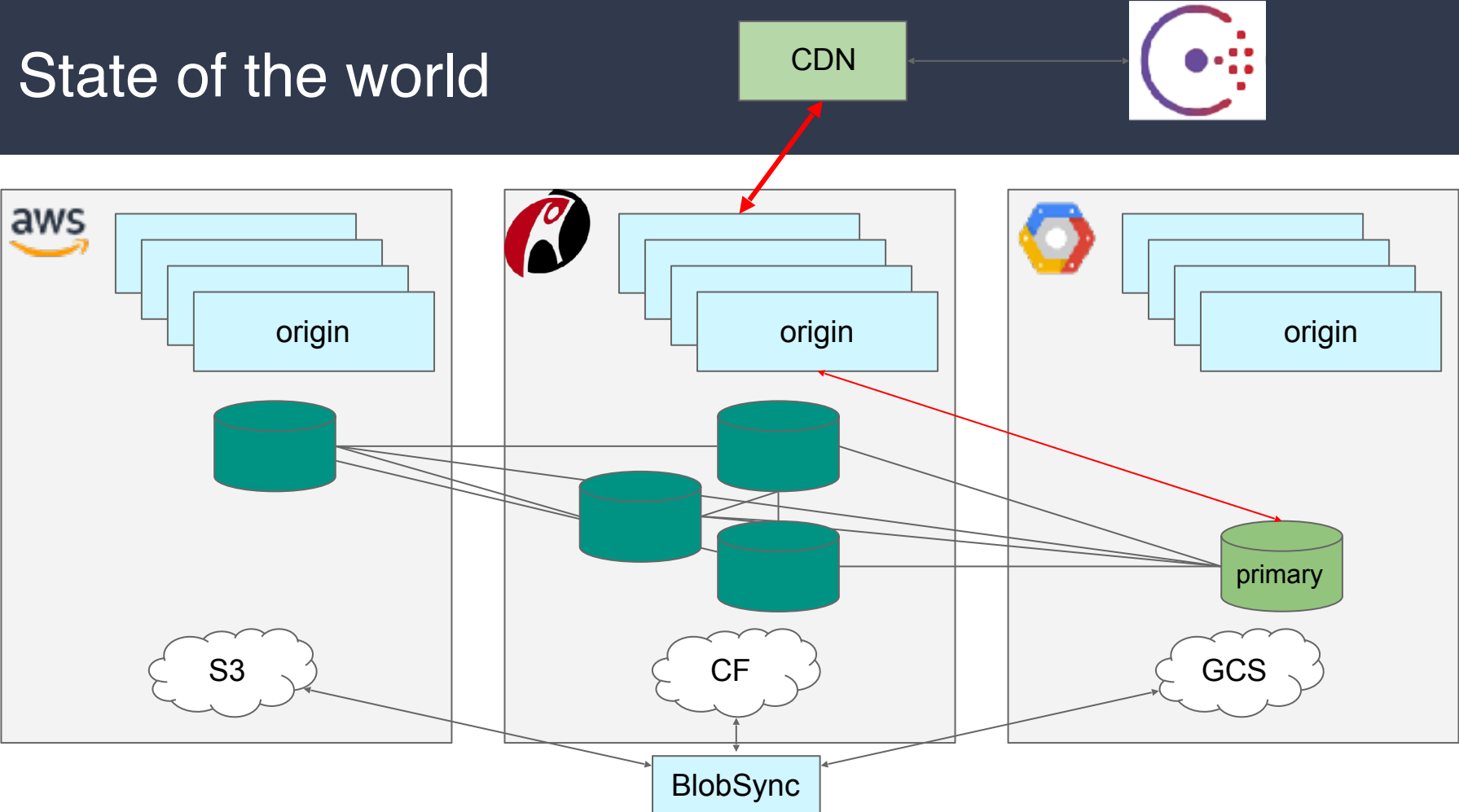
Pulling the trigger

1. Spin up enough origin services
2. Fail over the DB
3. Update the consul entry
4. Aggressively stare at monitors

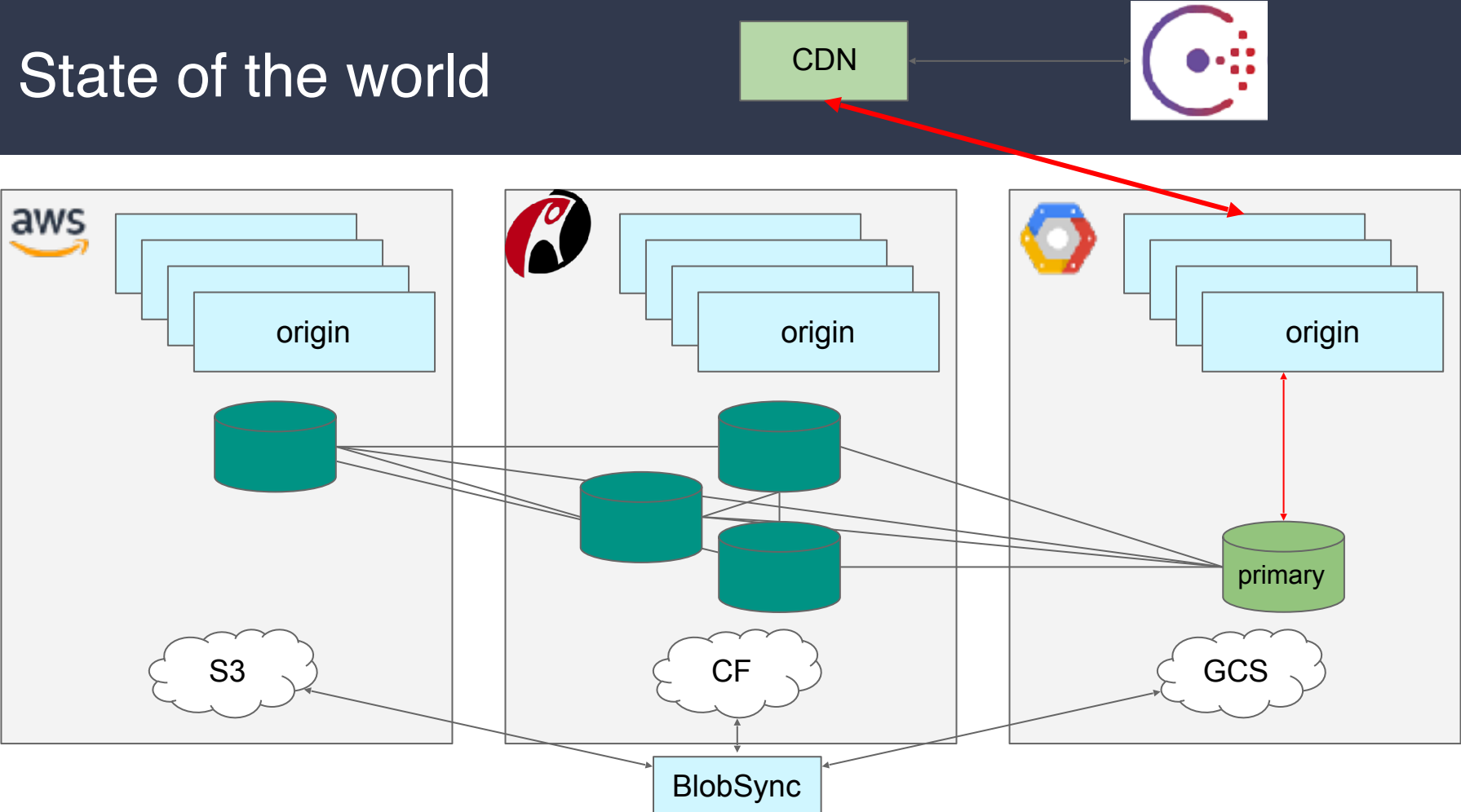
State of the world



State of the world



State of the world





david 9:58 PM

OOOOOOOOOOMMMMGGGGGG @salvadorgirones just switched all our origin traffic from RAX to GCP, a very smooth switch over of something very critical 🙌



phil 10:48 PM

EVERYEMOJI!!!

Bravo!

Summary

- Redundant everything
- Cloud agnostic origin and CDN
- Programmable infrastructure
- Out of band replication
- Smart routing
- Automated failover

So now what?

- Setup trickle of traffic to live standby
- Automate the traffic switch
- Speedup network scale up
- More monitoring

**WE
ARE
HIRING**

Find me to talk!



@ry_boflavin



rybit



ryan@