

## COUNTERPRODUCTIVE COMMUNICATION

What Doesn't Work

### BIG BANG THEORY







Counterproductive Communication

### **AGENDA**

- > Parts and best practices of verbal and nonverbal communication
- ➤ Reflective responding
- ➤ Barriers to communication





Fall 2023 - SOWK 486w





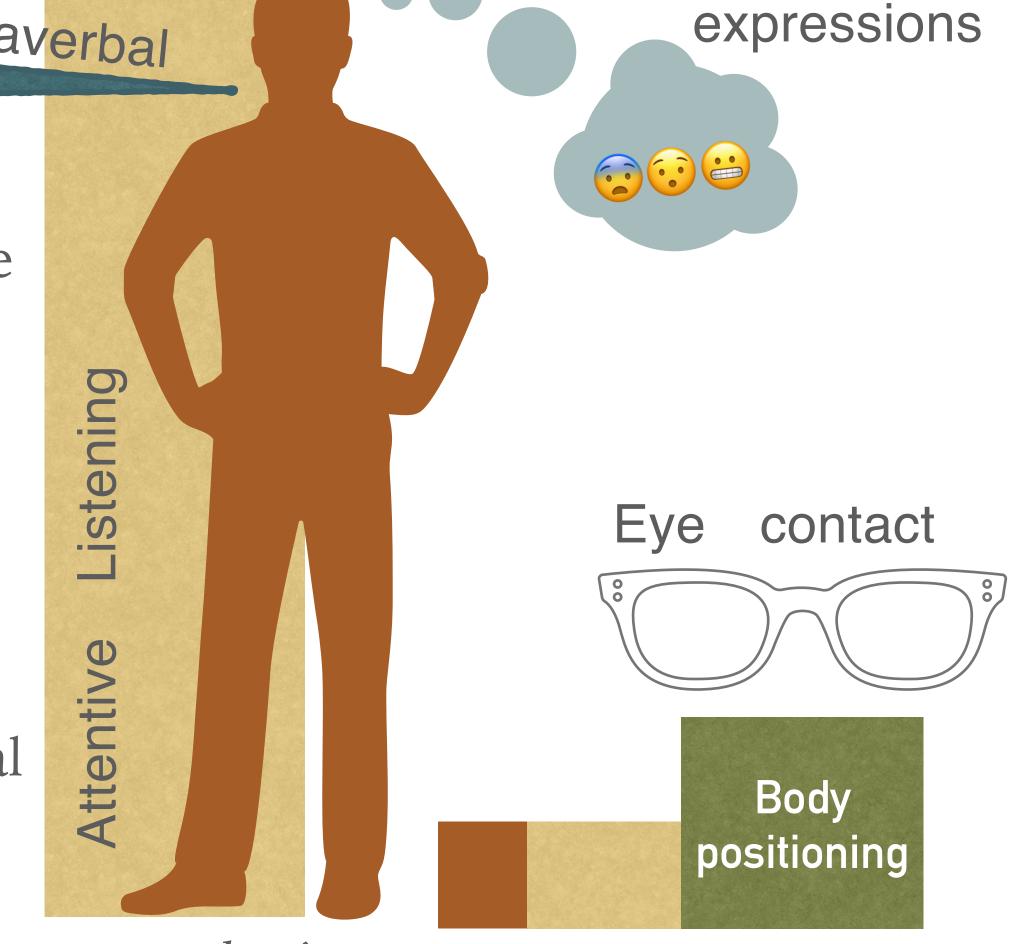


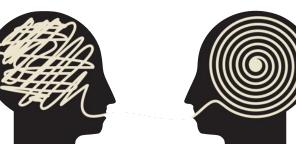
Counterproductive Communication

### VERBAL AND NONVERBAL BEHAVIOR

Facial Paraverbal Verbal

- (1) to assess your repetitive nonverbal behaviors
- (2) to eliminate nonverbal styles that hinder effective communication
- (3) to sustain and perhaps increase desirable nonverbal behaviors







Counterproductive Communication

### THE OPPOSITE OF TALKING ISN'T LISTENING. THE OPPOSITE OF TALKING IS WAITING.

Fran Lebowitz

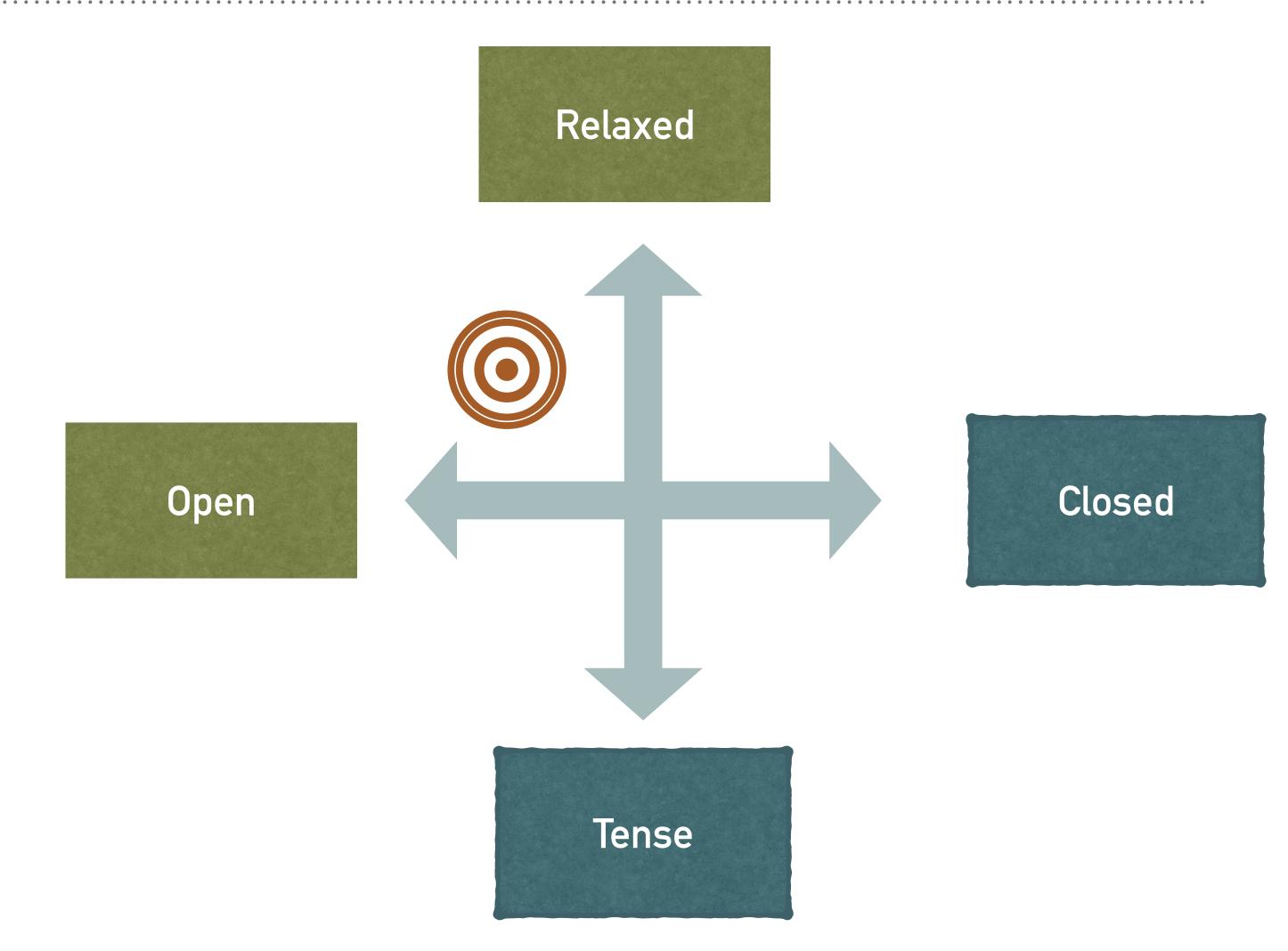






### PSYCHOMOTOR BEHAVIOR (BODY POSITIONING/POSTURE)

Our posture and body positioning is important in thinking about is one way that we provide information to others.







### POSTURE

Recommended	Not Recommended
<ul> <li>Arms and hands moderately expressive; appropriate gestures</li> <li>Body leaning slightly forward; attentive but relaxed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rigid body position; arms tightly folded</li> <li>Body turned at an angle to client</li> <li>Fidgeting with hands</li> <li>Squirming or rocking in chair</li> <li>Leaning back or placing feet on desk</li> <li>Hand or fingers over mouth</li> <li>Pointing finger for emphasis</li> </ul>





### EYE CONTACT

- > Eye contact is important in establishing rapport with clients
- ➤ It is important to remember that eye contact varies among different cultural backgrounds.



No Eye Contact Moderate Eye Contact

Constant Eye Contact





### FACIAL FEATURES

Disgust Surprise Sadness





Counterproductive Communication

(Mizgajski & Morzy, 2019)

### FACIAL EXPRESSIONS

#### Recommended

- Direct eye contact (except when culturally proscribed)
- Warmth and concern reflected in facial expression
- > Eyes at same level as client's
- Appropriately varied and animated facial expressions
- ➤ Mouth relaxed; occasional smiles

- ➤ Avoidance of eye contact
- > Staring or fixating on person or object

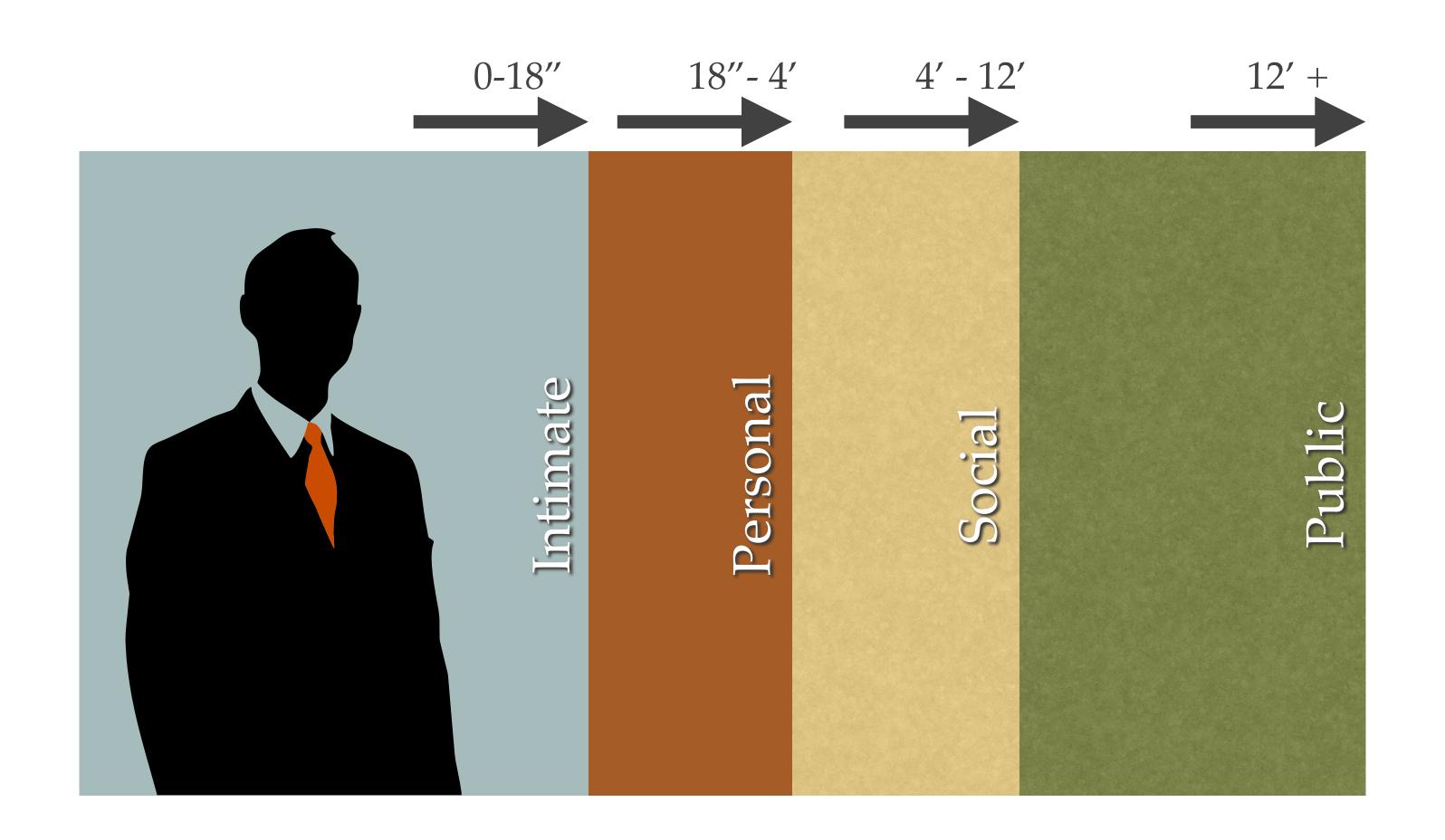
Not Recommended

- ➤ Lifting eyebrow critically
- > Eye level higher or lower than client's
- Nodding head excessively
- > Yawning
- ➤ Frozen or rigid facial expressions Inappropriate slight smile
- Pursing or biting lips





### **BODY POSITIONING**







### PHYSICAL PROXIMITY

Not Recommended Recommended ➤ Excessive closeness or distance ➤ Three to five feet between chairs ➤ Talking across desk or other barrier





### PARAVERBAL COMMUNICATION

Volume Cadence Tone





# HOW CAN I HELP YOU





# HOW CAN I HELP YOU





# HOW CAN HELP YOU





# HOW CAN I HELP YOU





# HOW CAN I HELP YO





### VOICE

#### Recommended Not Recommended Mumbling or speaking inaudibly ➤ Monotonic voice ➤ Halting speech Clearly audible but not loud > Frequent grammatical errors > Warmth in tone of voice Prolonged silences Voice modulated to reflect nuances of feeling > Excessively animated speech and emotional tone of client messages > Slow, rapid, or staccato speech Moderate speech tempo ➤ Nervous laughter Consistent clearing of throat > Speaking loudly





### VERBAL COMMUNICATION

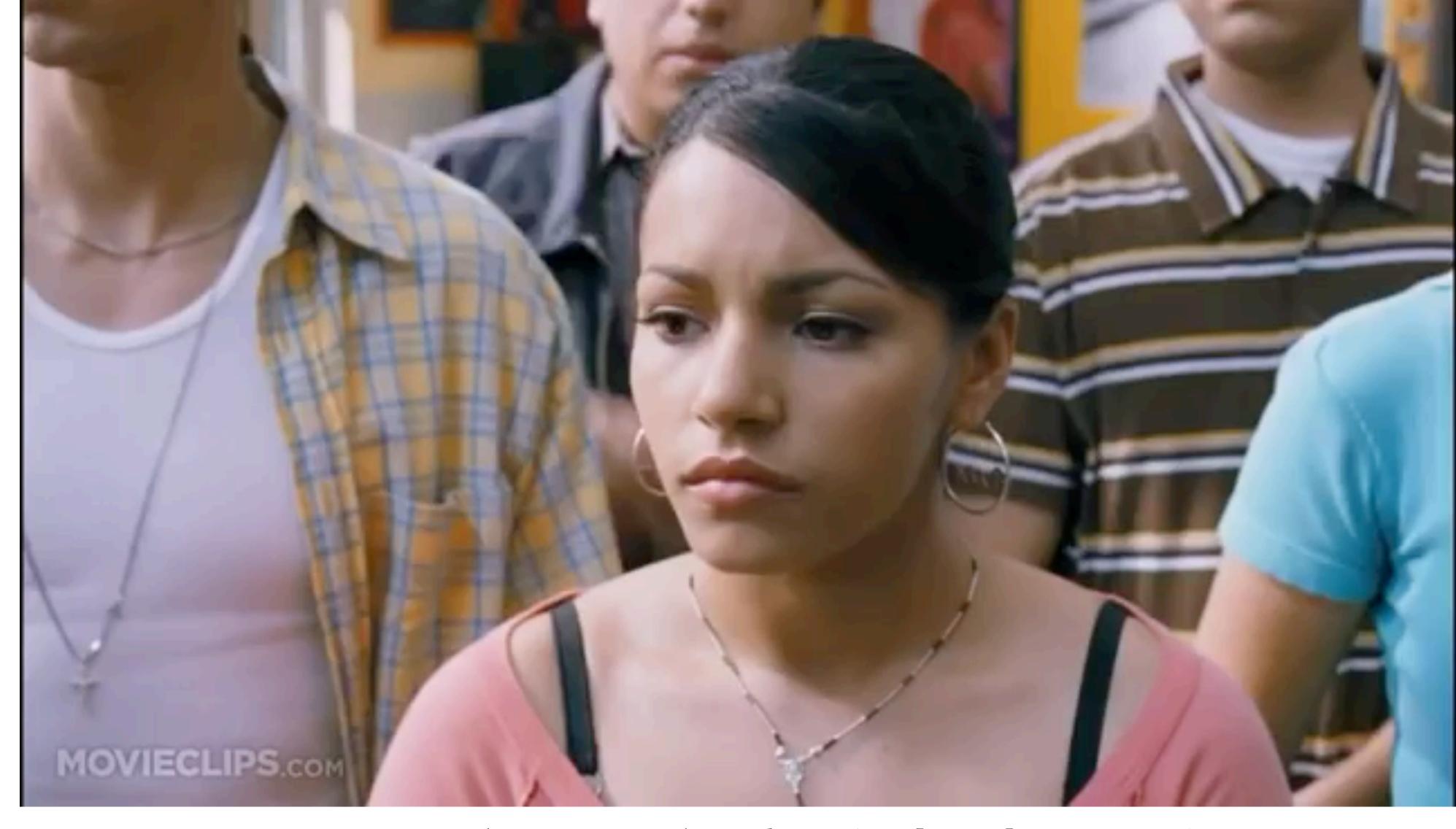
External In Impact In Intent Environment Lack of Clarity **Divided Attention** Vagueness **Other Concerns** Barriers Noise and **Cultural Difference** Biases Distractions Message **Impact** Intent





#### I am Home

EXAMPLE OF SOMEBODY SHARING INTENSE FEELINGS



From LaGravenese, R. (2007, January 5). Freedom Writers [Drama]. Paramount Pictures.





Counterproductive Communication

Jacob Campbell, Ph.D. LICSW at Heritage University

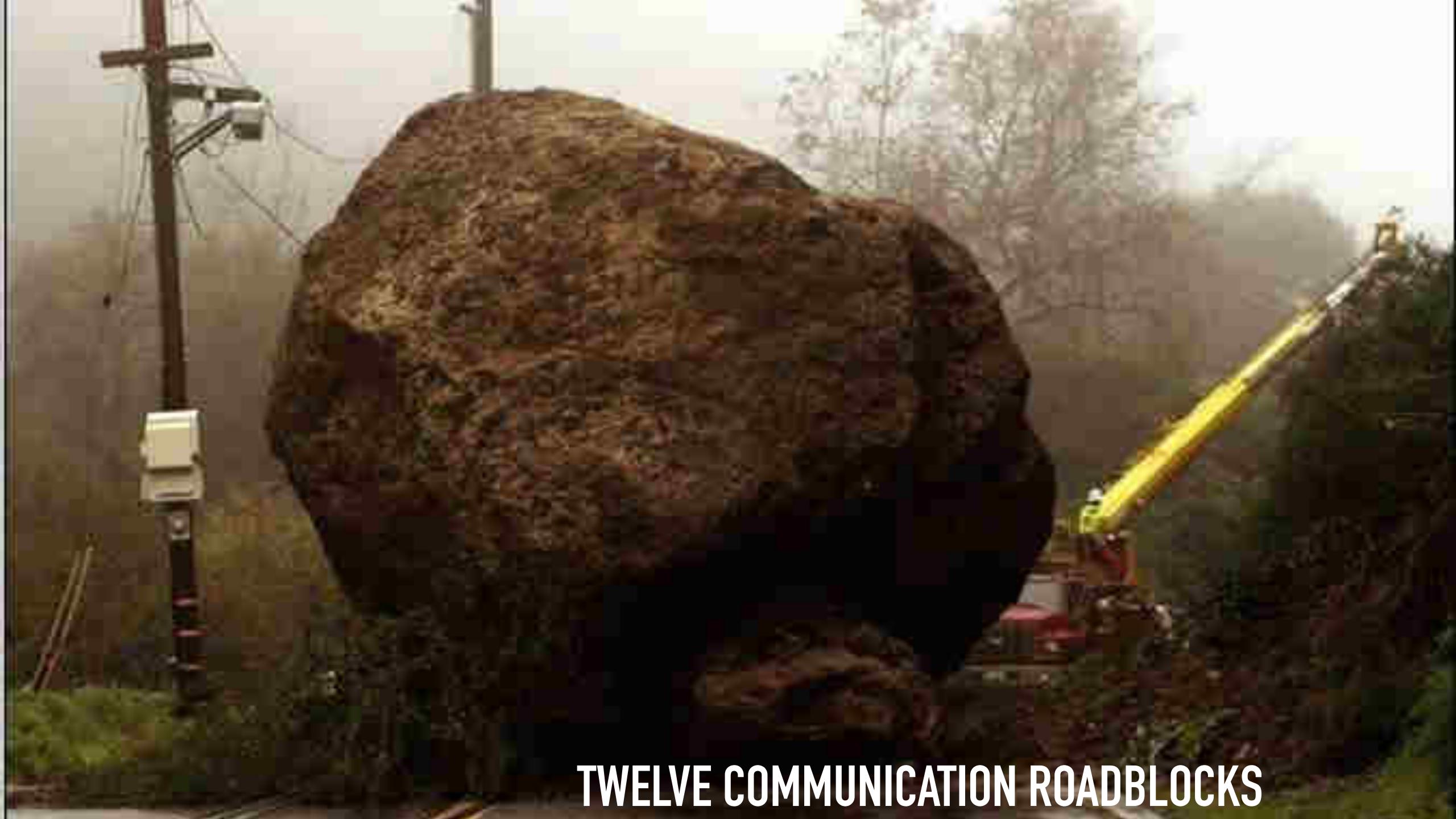
#### Reflection of Content

#### Reflection of Affect

- Simple Reflections: which identify the emotions expressed by the client, are carried over from nondirective, client-centered counseling
- Complex Reflections: go beyond what the client has directly stated or implied, adding substantial meaning or emphasis to convey a more complex picture
- Reframing: is another form of adding content. Here, the social worker puts the client's response in a different light beyond what the client had considered







### TWELVE COMMUNICATION ROADBLOCKS

- 1. Ordering, directing, commanding
- 2. Warning, admonishing, threatening
- 3. Exhorting, moralizing, preaching
- 4. Advising and giving solutions or suggestions
- 5. Lecturing, teaching, giving logical arguments
- 6. Judging, criticizing, disagreeing, blaming





### TWELVE COMMUNICATION ROADBLOCKS

- 7. Praising, agreeing
- 8. Name calling, ridiculing, shaming
- 9. Interpreting, analyzing, diagnosing
- 10. Reassuring, sympathizing, consoling, supporting
- 11. Probing, questioning, interrogating
- 12. Withdrawing, distracting, humoring, diverting







### INAPPROPRIATE INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUE BARRIERS

- Stacking questions
- ➤ Asking leading questions
- ➤ Interrupting inappropriately or excessively
- > Dominating the interaction
- Keeping discussion focused on safe topics
- Responding infrequently

- ➤ Parroting or overusing certain phrases or clichés
- ➤ Vague effusive positivity
- Dwelling on the remote past
- ➤ Tangential exploration
- ➤ Failing to be aware of implicit and cognitive bias



