

weird browsers

code.talks 2015 — september 30th 2015

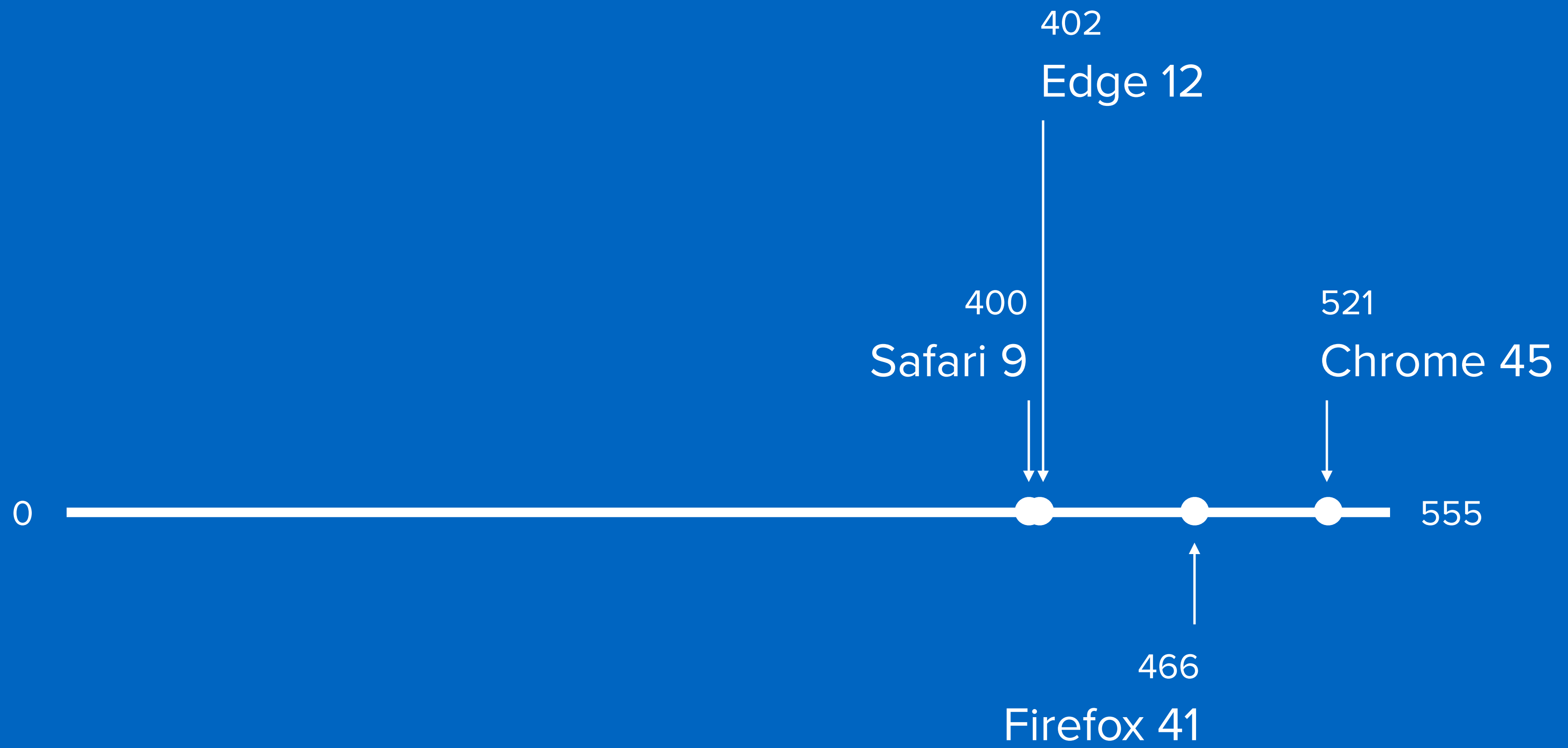




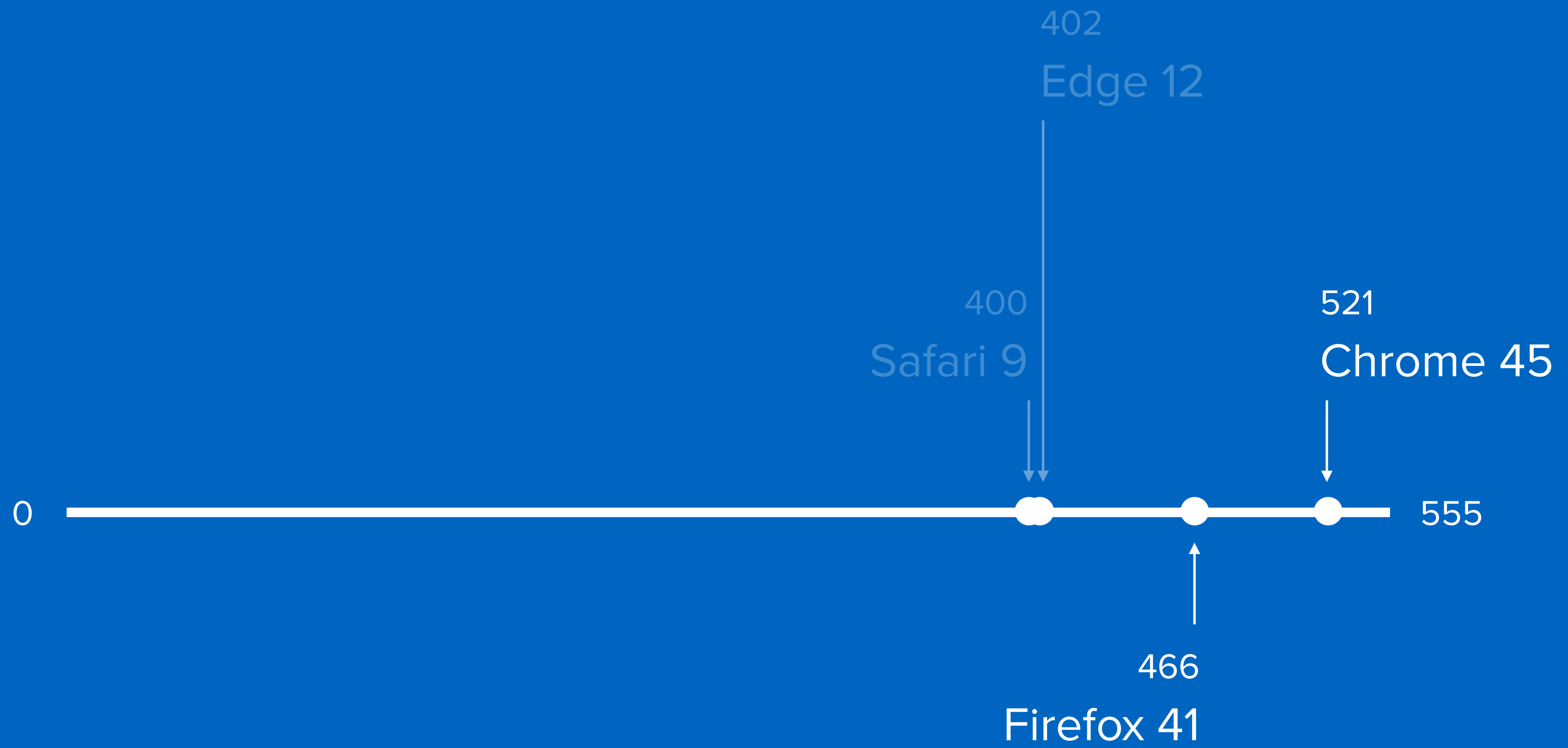
this slide is
inspirational as *fuck*



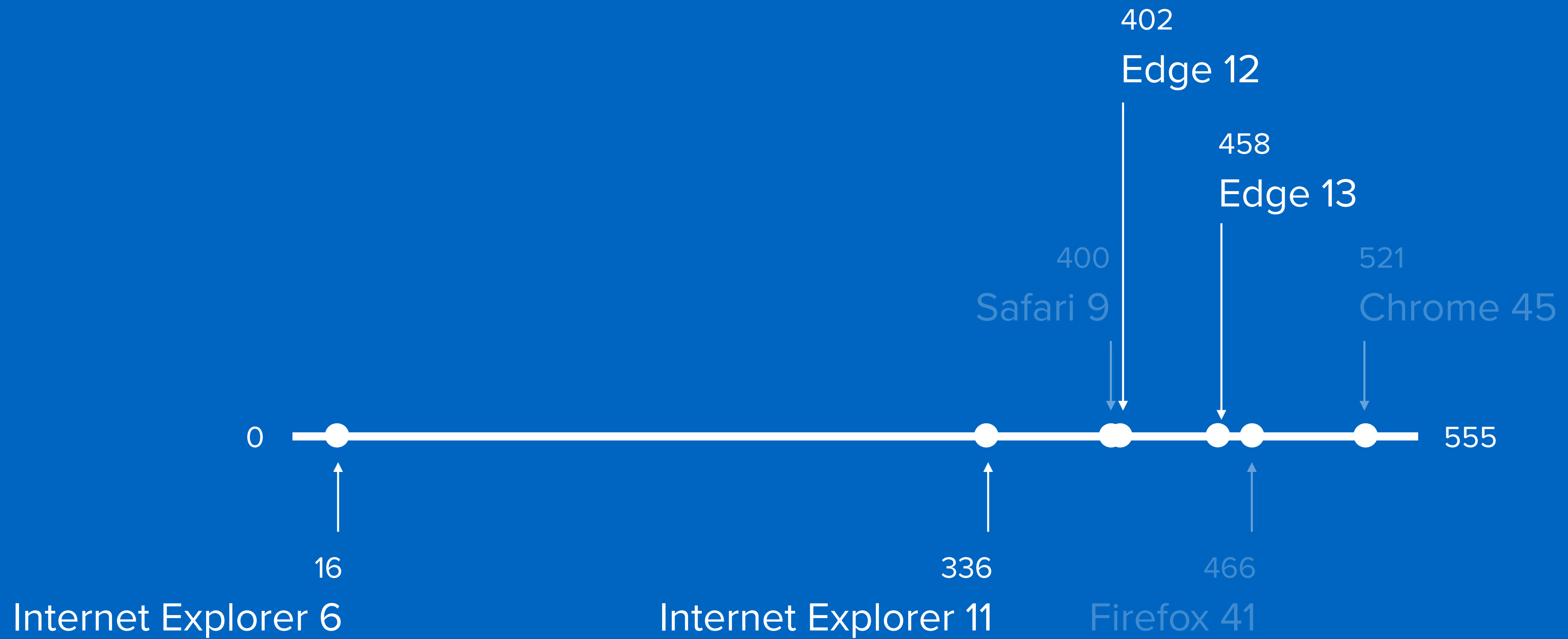




desktop browsers results on html5test.com



desktop browsers results on html5test.com



desktop browsers results on html5test.com

weird browsers

code.talks 2015 — september 30th 2015

**browsers and devices that do not
adhere to current expectations**


```
if ('ontouchstart' in window) {  
    element.addEventListener('touchstart', function(e) {  
        ...  
    });  
}  
else {  
    element.addEventListener('click', function(e) {  
        ...  
    });  
}
```

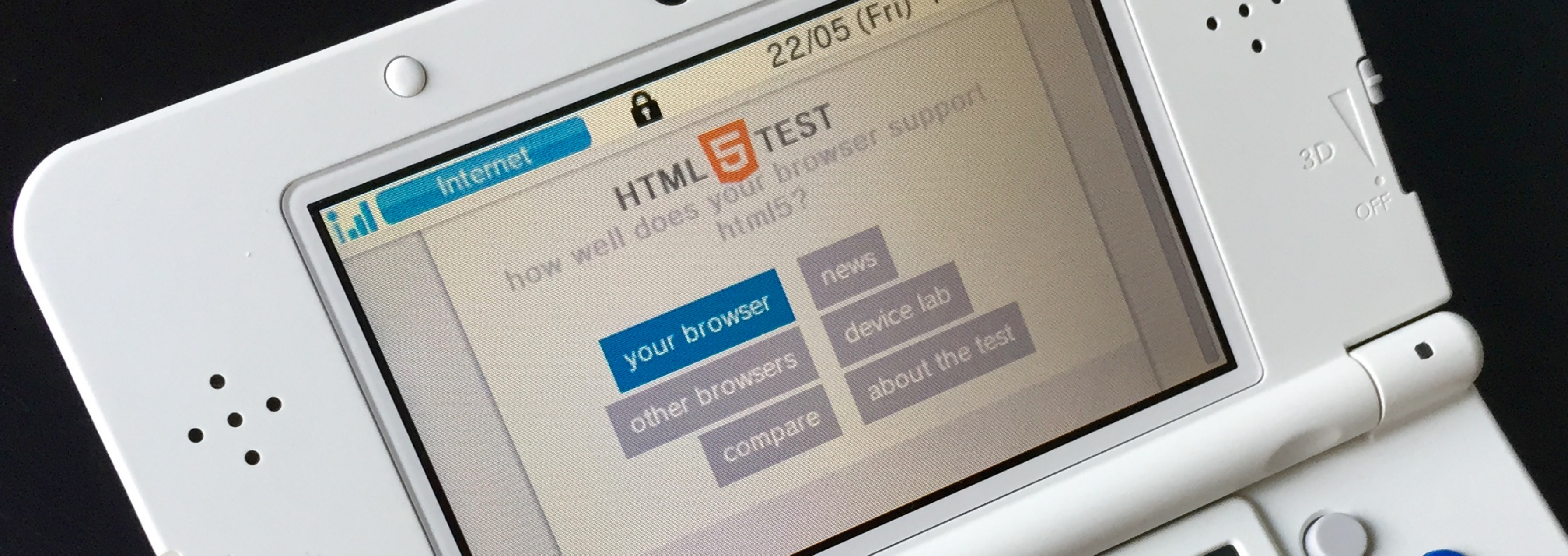



weird browsers

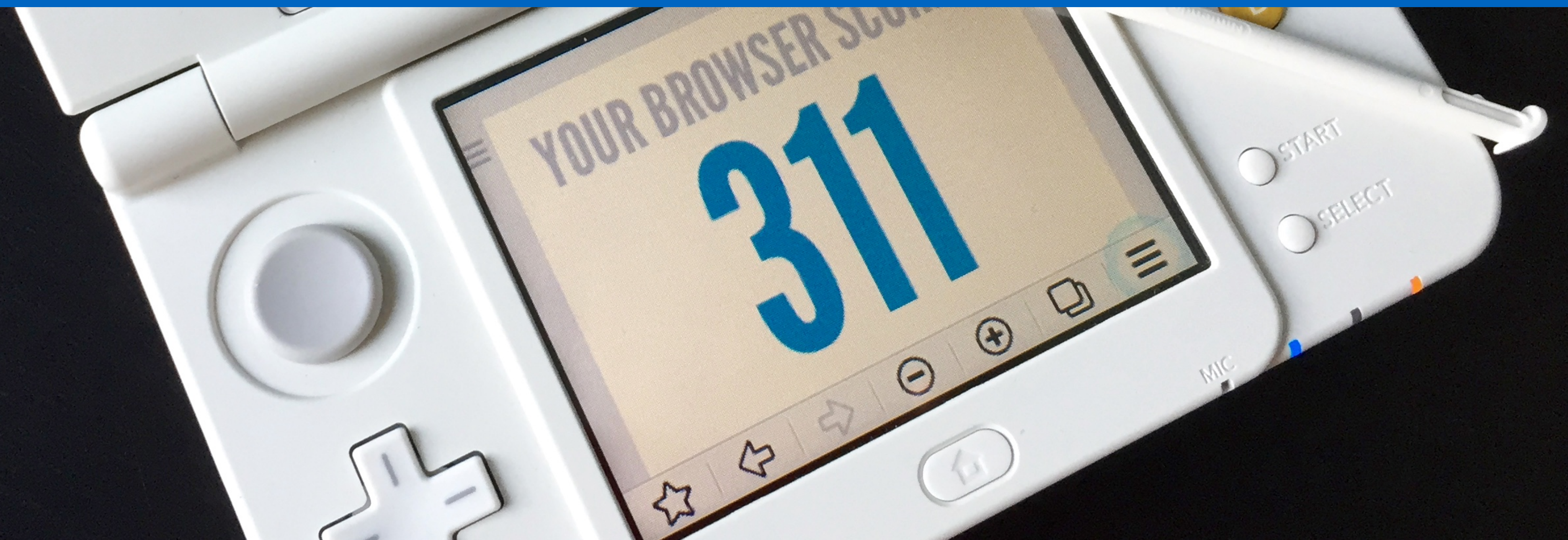
weird browsers?



game consoles



portable game consoles





smart tvs



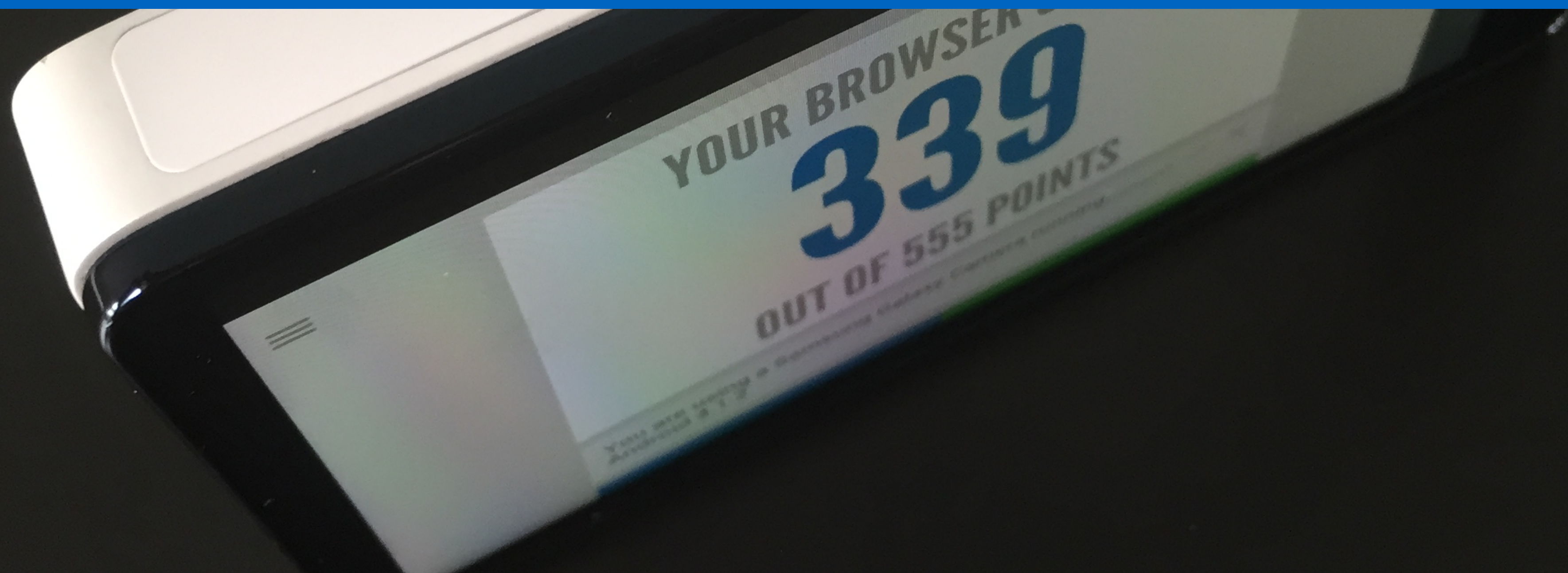
e-readers



smartwatches



photo cameras



YOUR BROWSER SCORES **216** OUT OF 555 POINTS

You are using a Tesla Model S

Correct? ✓ ✕

cars

semantics

Parsing rules

5

<!DOCTYPE html> triggers standards mode Yes ✓

HTML5 tokenizer Yes ✓

HTML5 tree building Yes ✓

HTML5 defines rules for embedding SVG and MathML inside a regular HTML document. The following tests only check if the browser is following the HTML5 parsing rules for inline SVG and MathML, not if the browser can actually understand and render it.

Parsing inline SVG Yes ✓

multimedia

Video

0/35

video element No ✕

Subtitles No ✕

Audio track selection No ✕

Video track selection No ✕

Poster images No ✕

Codec detection No ✕

Advanced

DRM support No ✕

**comparable with mobile before
the iphone and android**

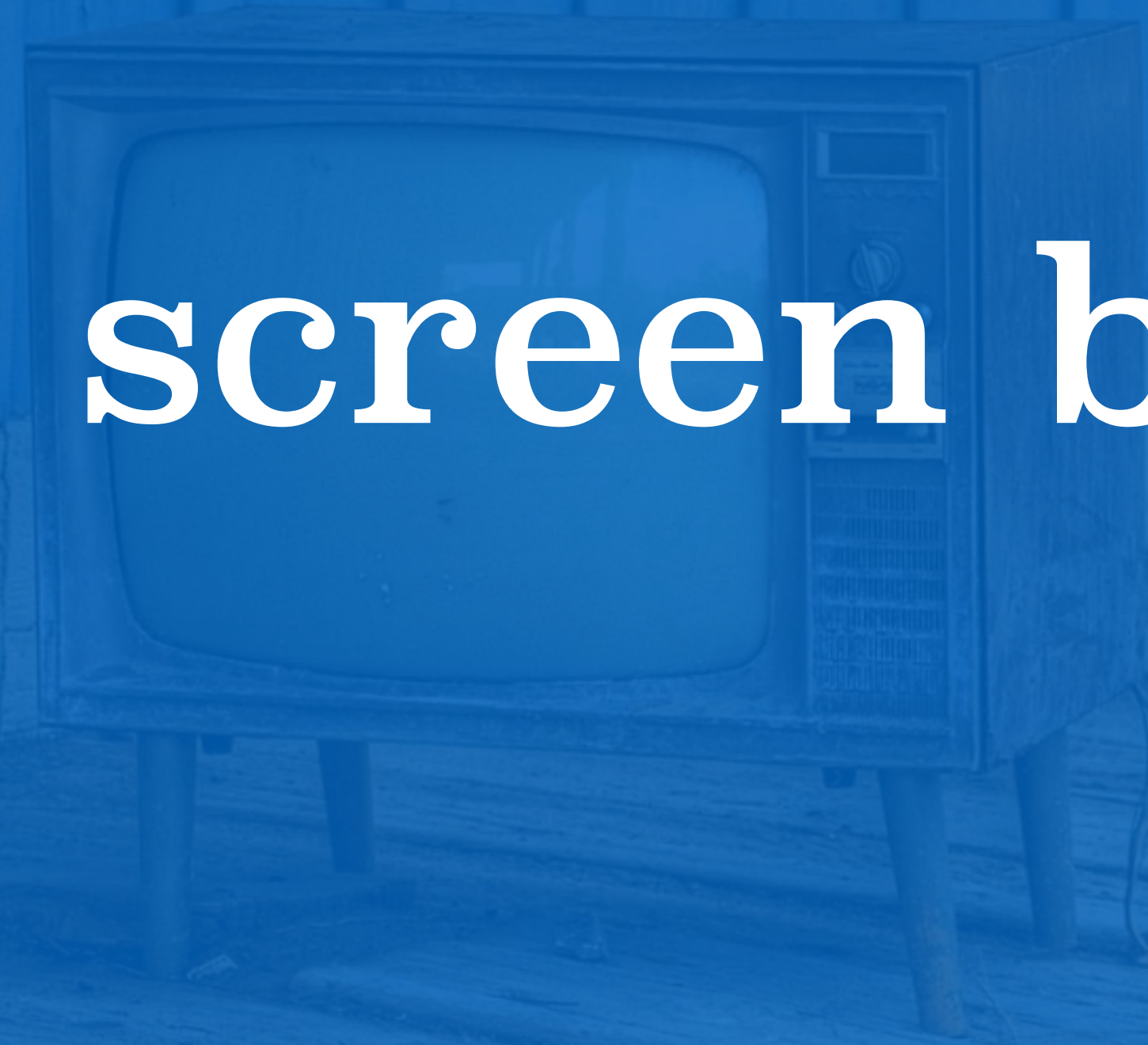
everybody is trying to figure it out



A vintage television set with a wooden cabinet and four legs sits on a wooden deck. In the background, there is a wooden door and a metal utility box. The entire image is covered with a semi-transparent blue overlay.

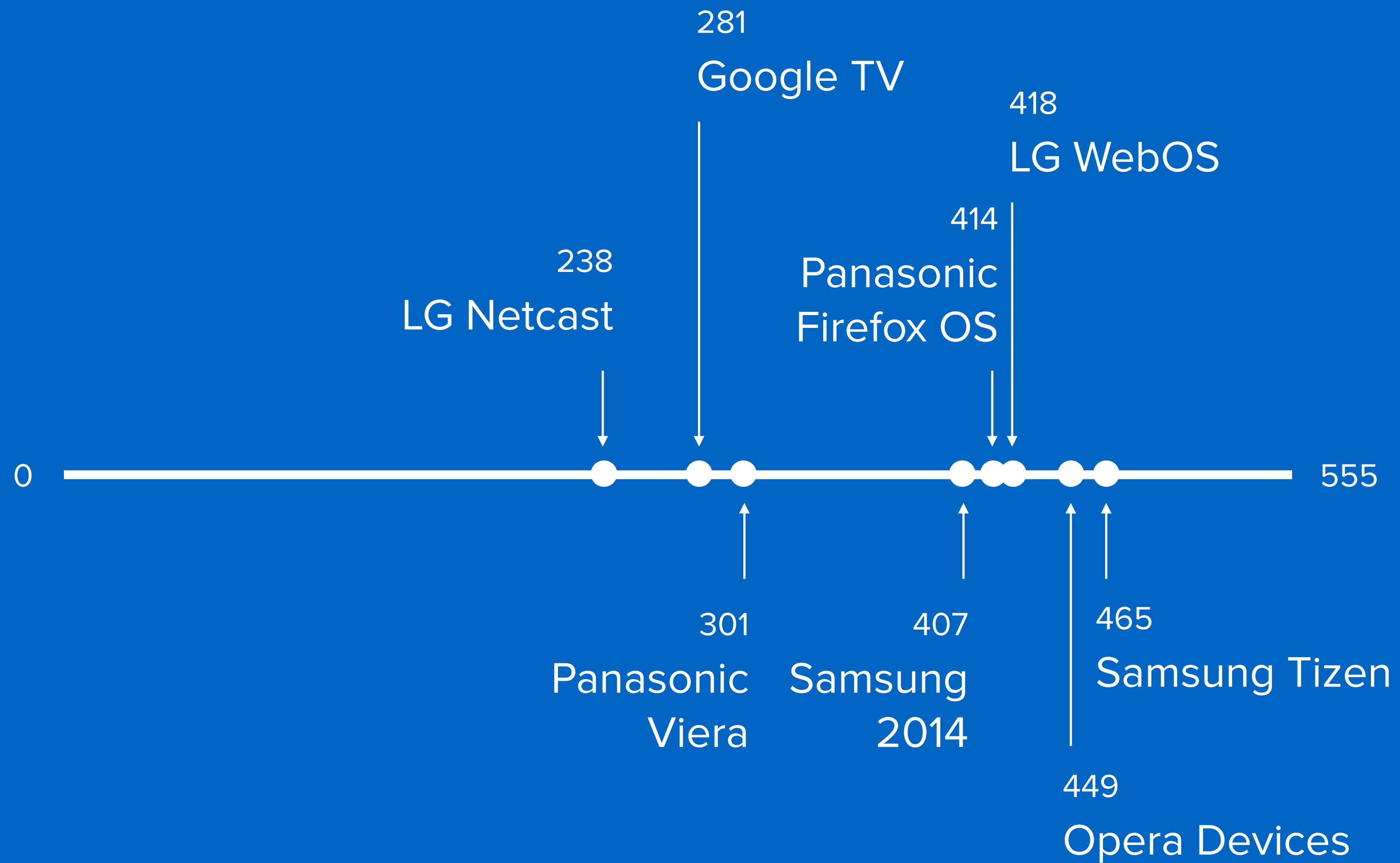
smart tvs, set-top boxes
and consoles

“big screen browsers”

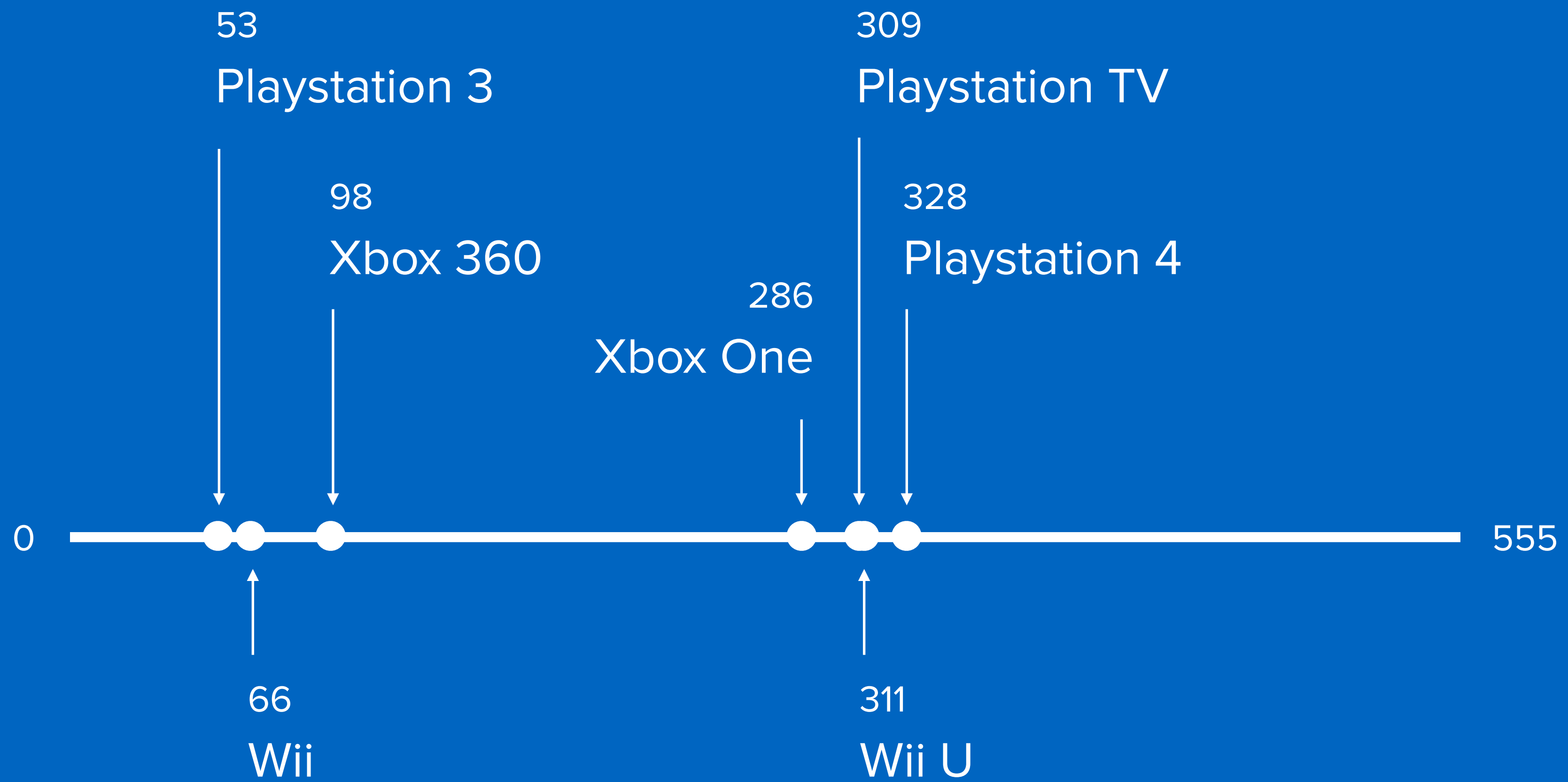


television browsers are pretty good

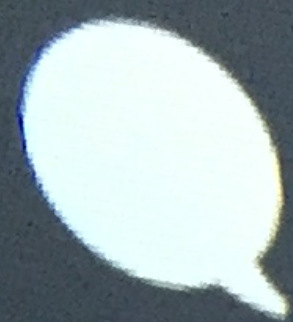
**the last generation of television sets use
operating systems that originate from mobile**



smart tv results on html5test.com



console results on html5test.com



Out of Memory. App is closed.

1

control

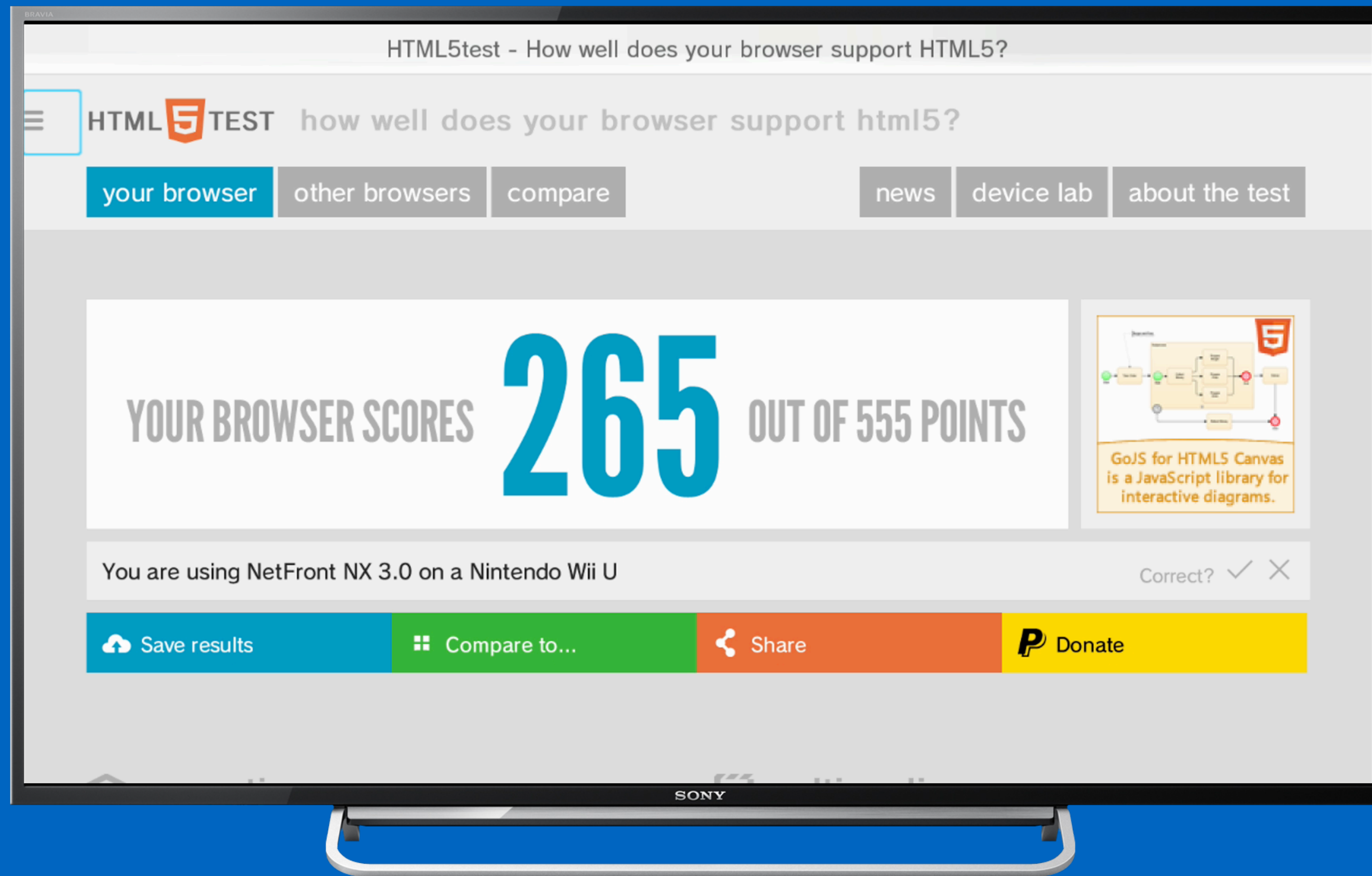
**the biggest challenge of
of television browsers**

navigation
(without mouse or touchscreen)



d-pad





navigation with the d-pad

**but it can be worse:
moving the cursor with the arrow keys**

alternatives



analog controllers



remotes with trackpad





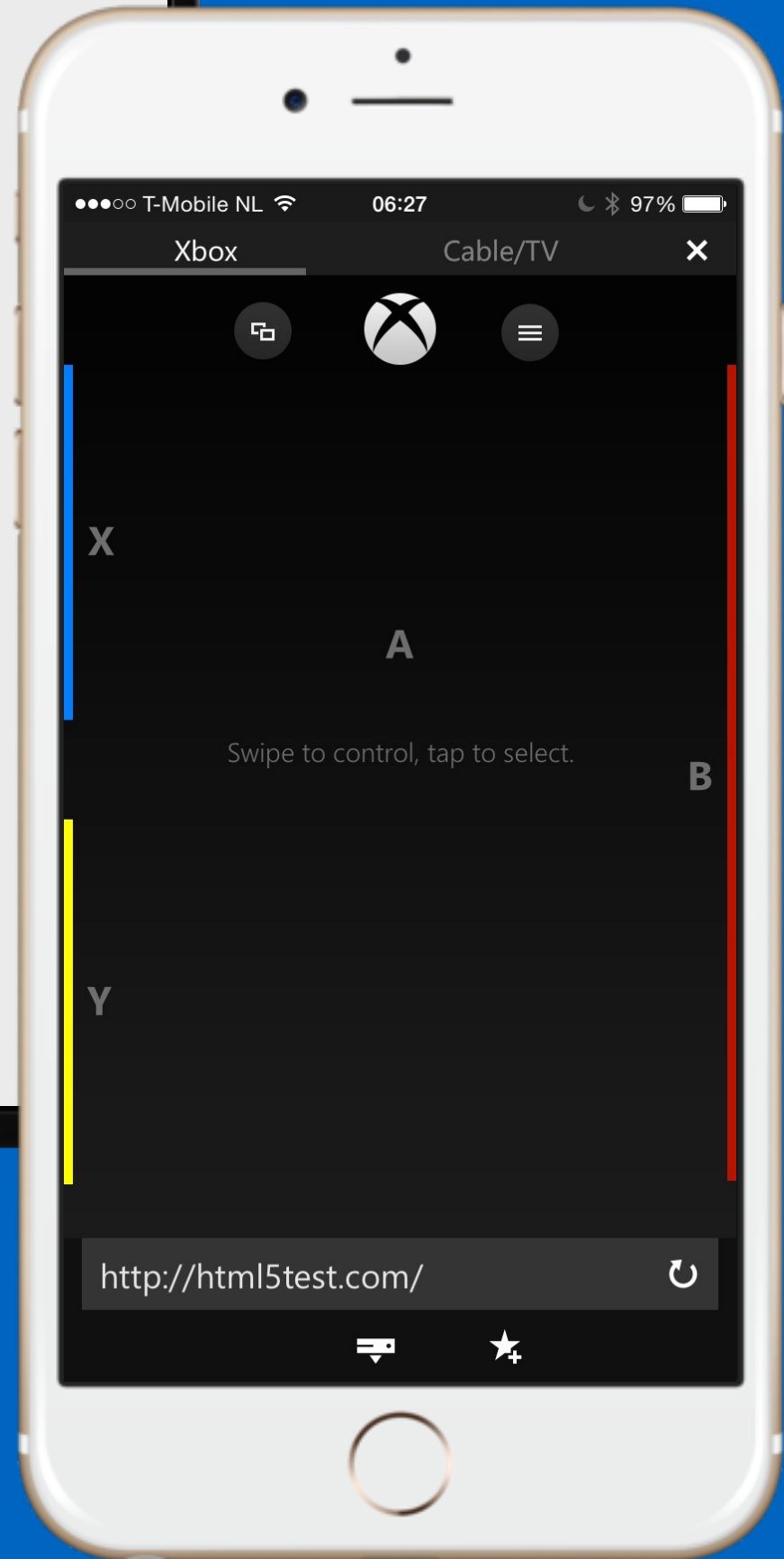
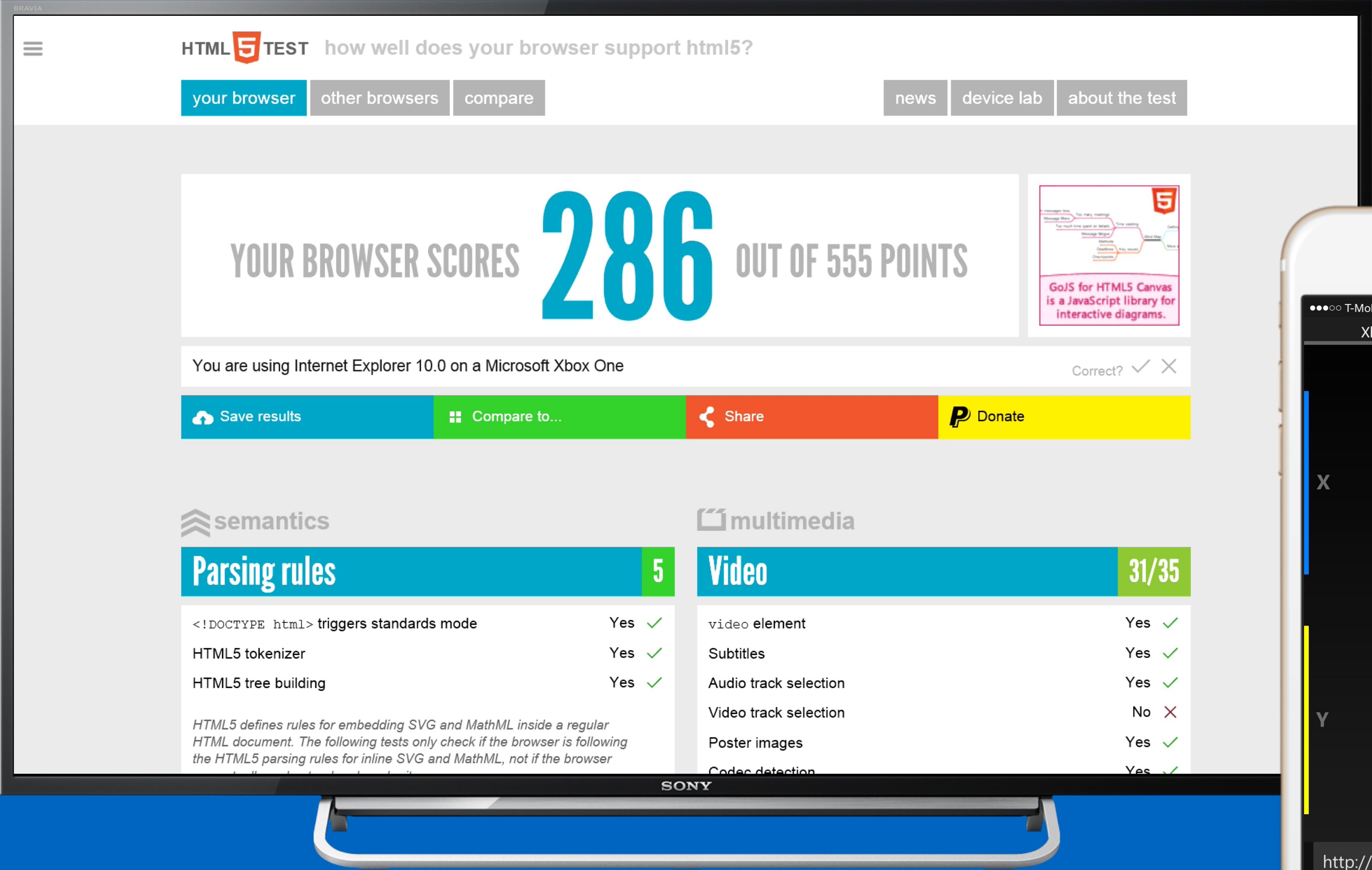
remotes with airmouse

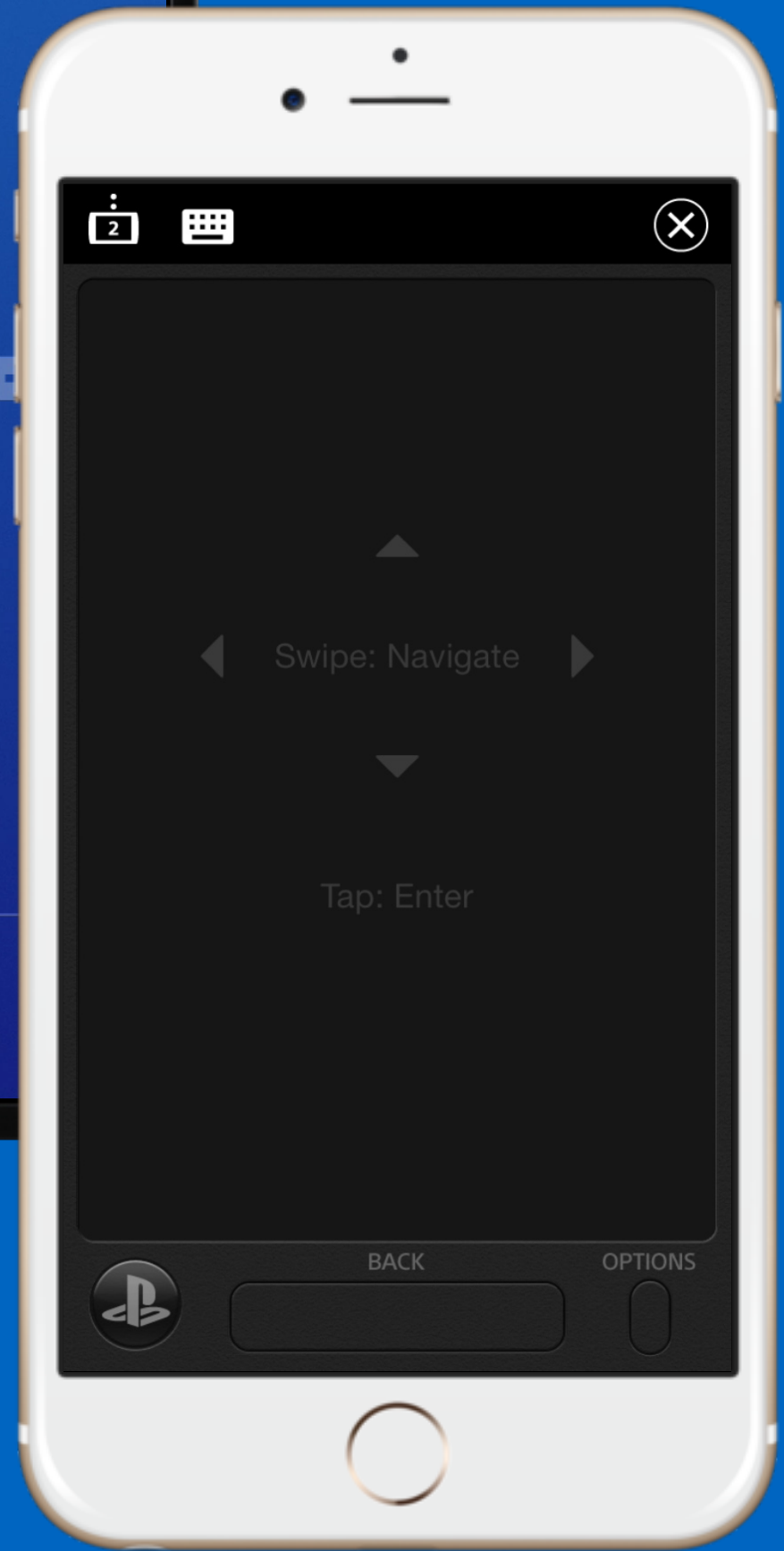
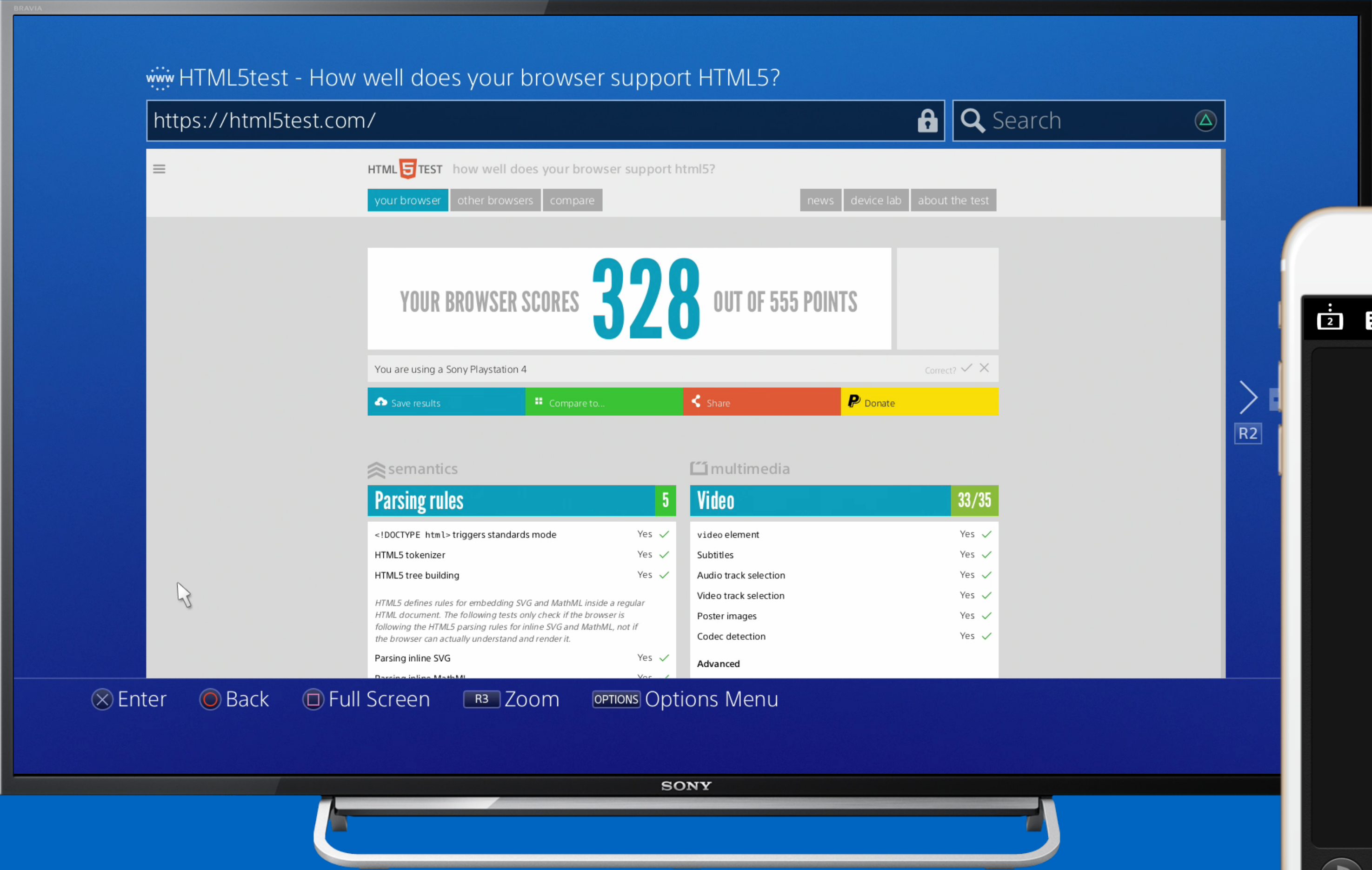


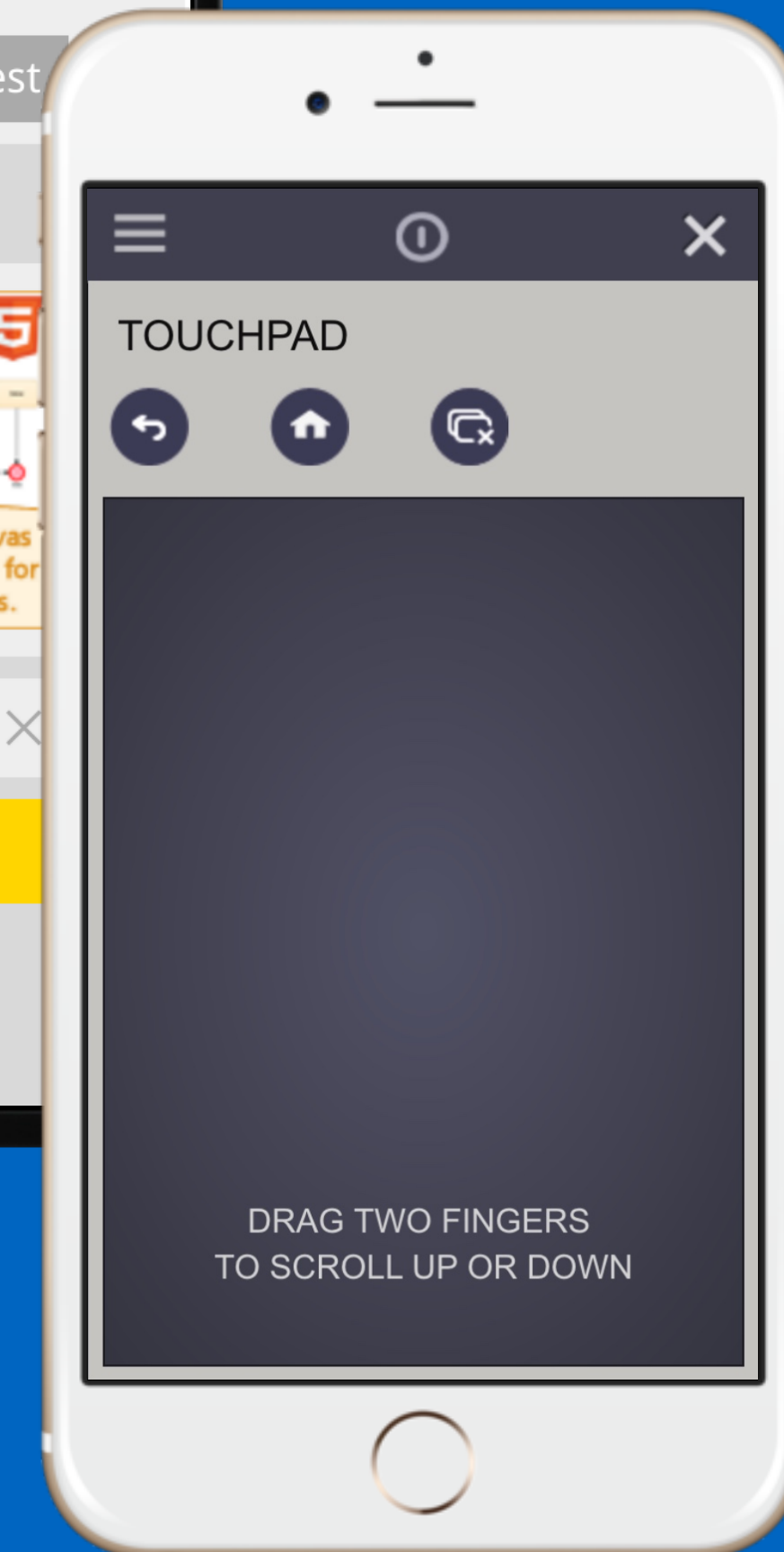
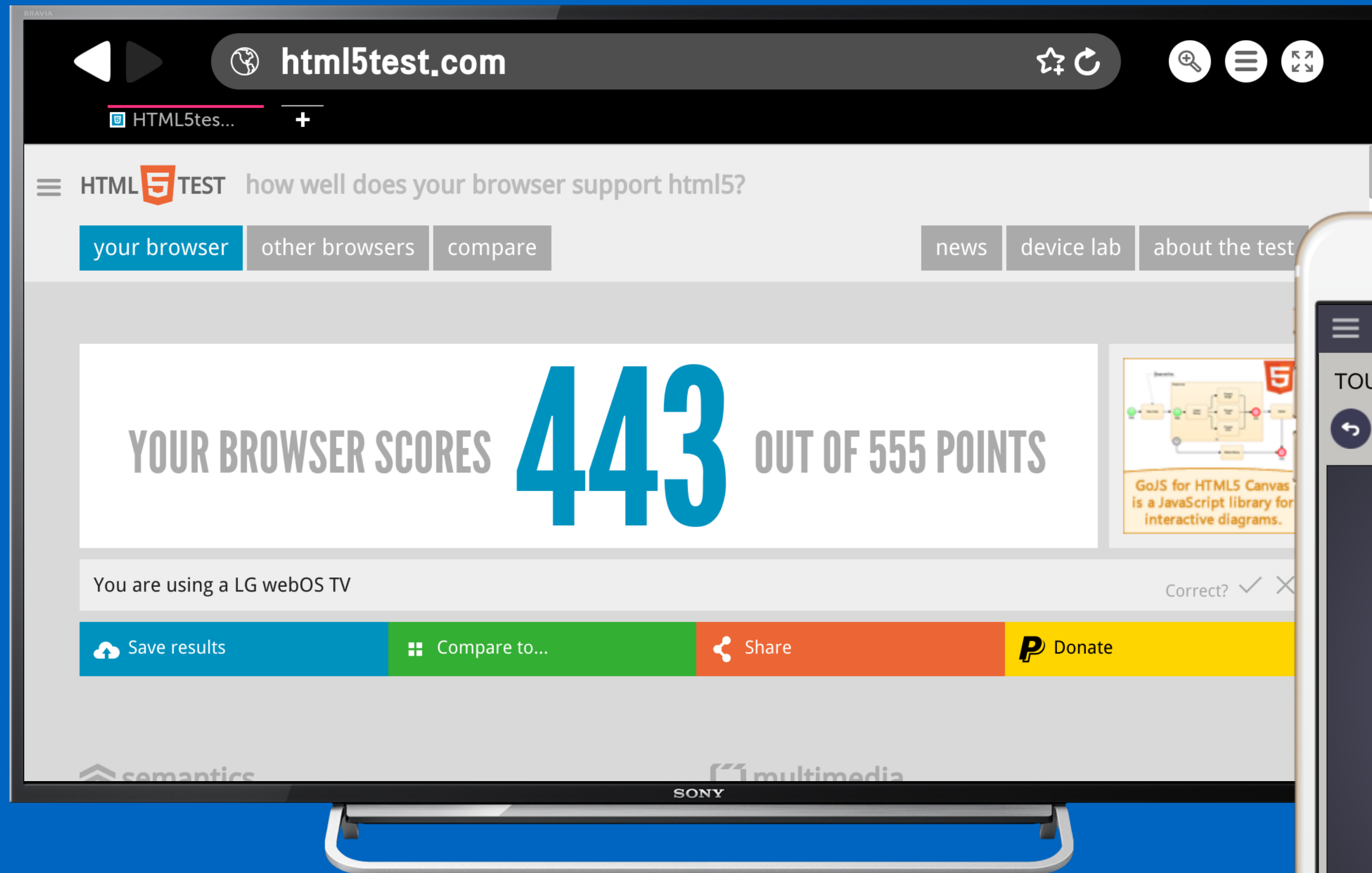


second screen

**many manufacturers also create apps for
controlling the smart tv, console or set-top box**





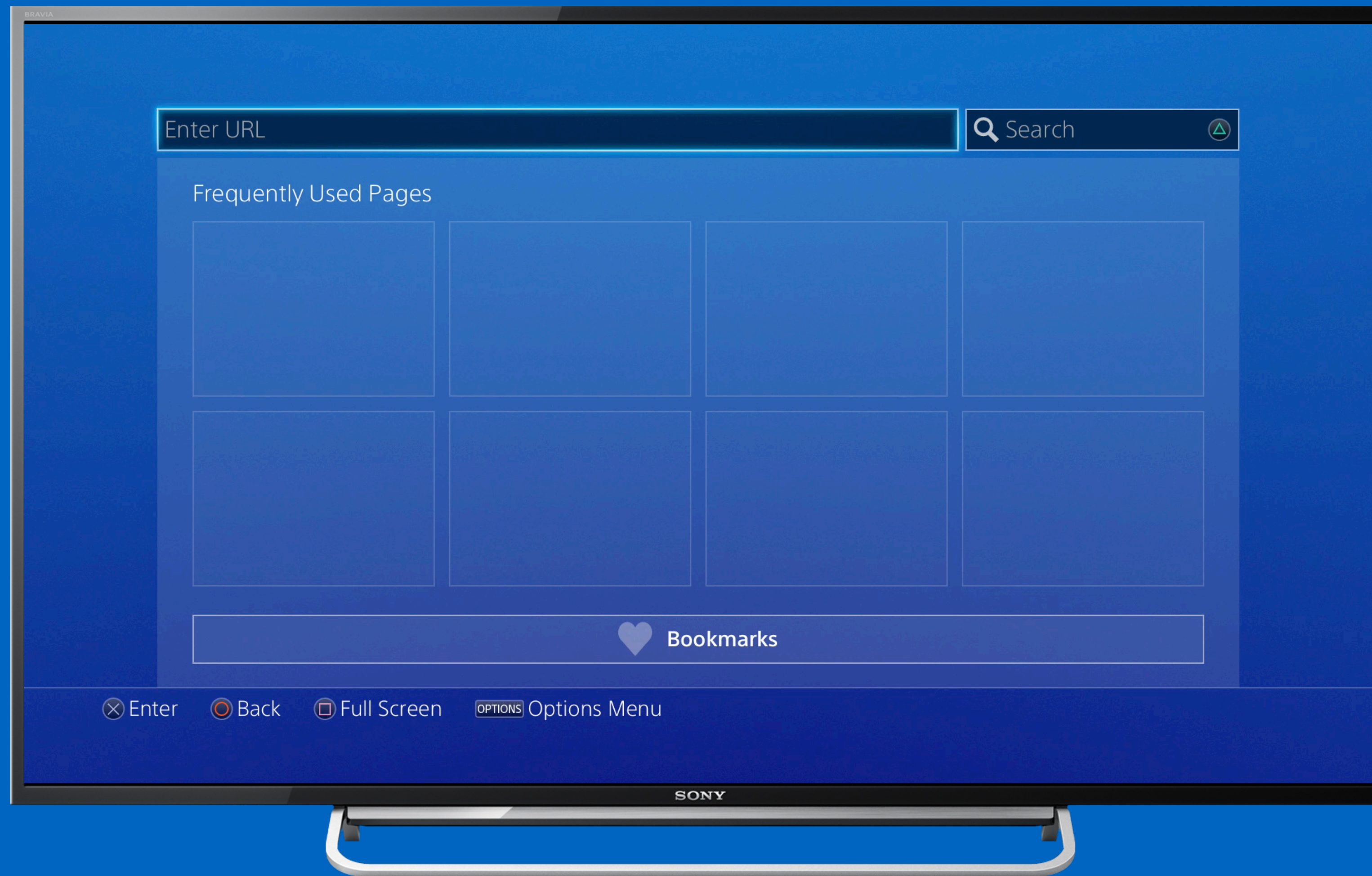


text input
(without keyboard)



d-pads





text input with the d-pad

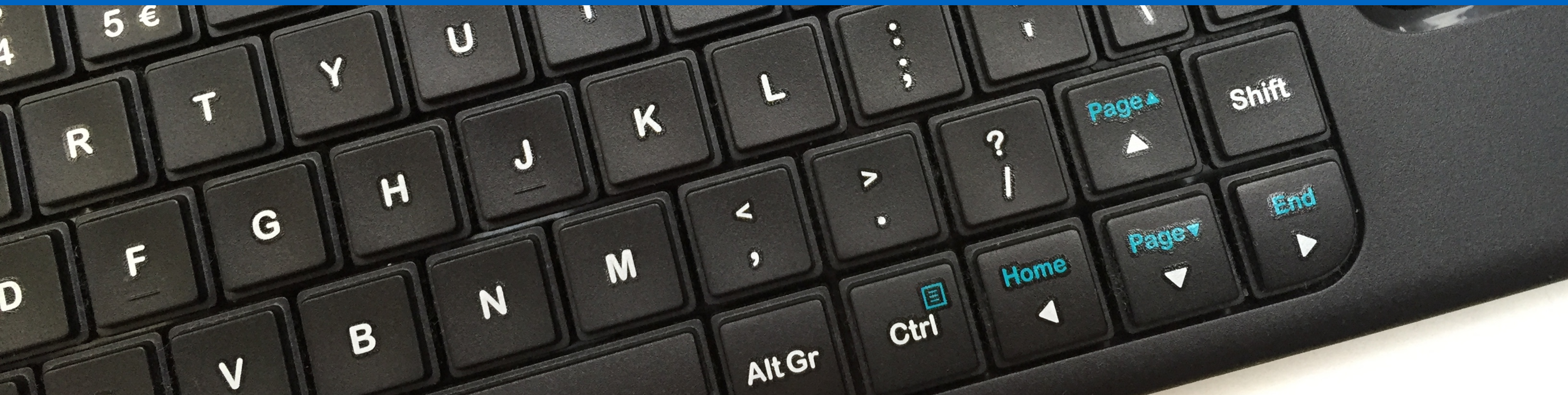
alternatives



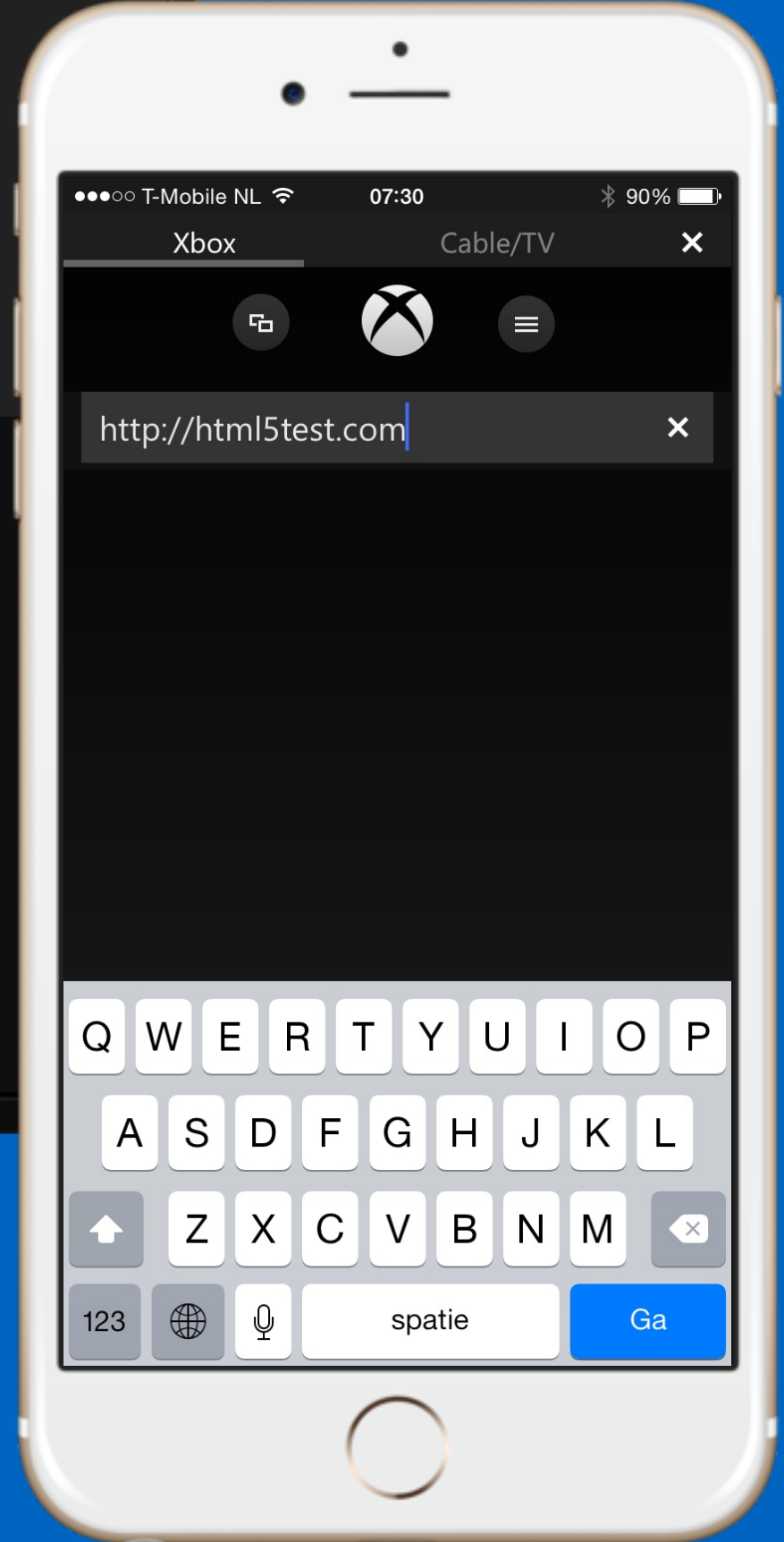
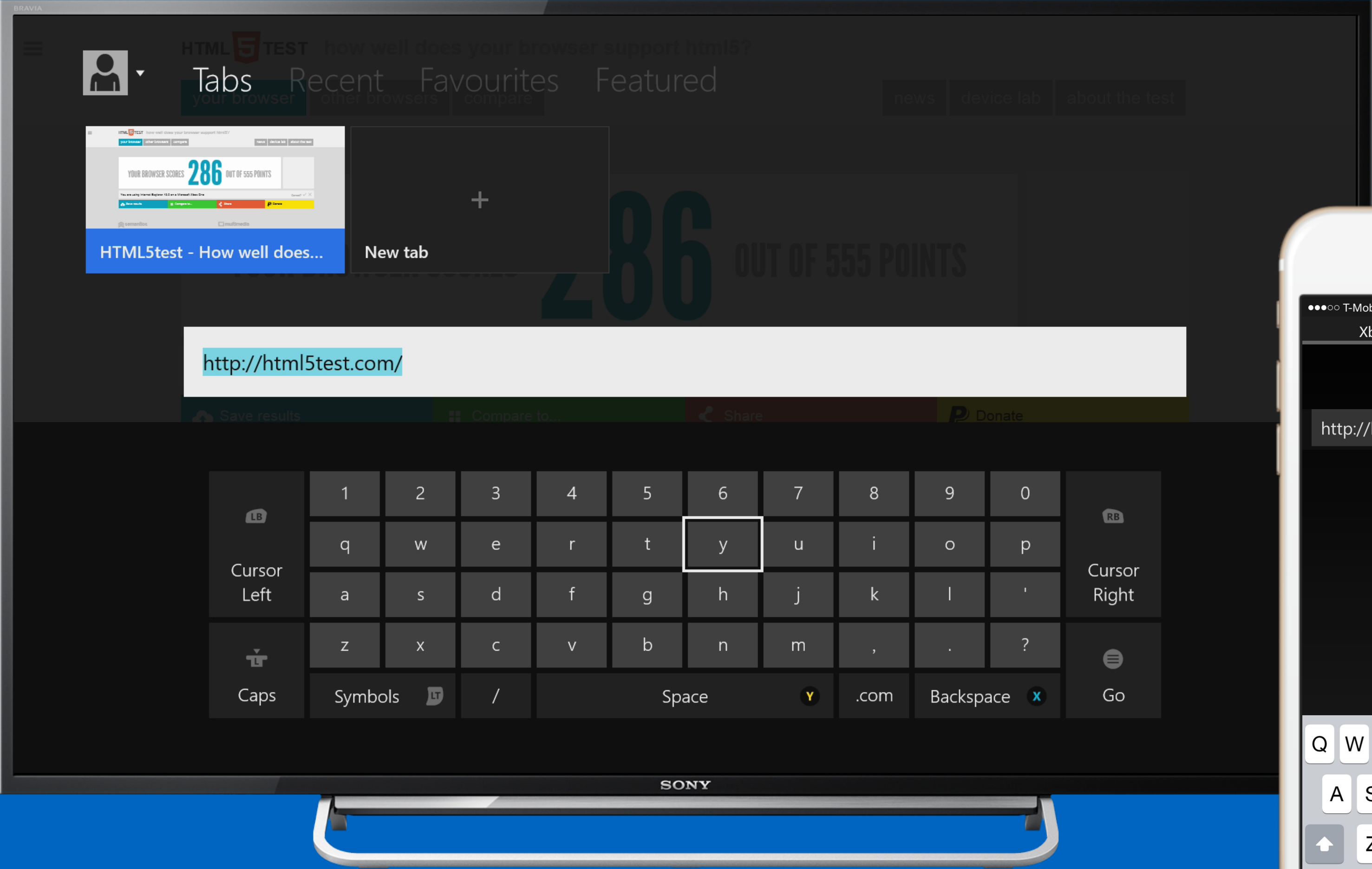
remotes with keyboards

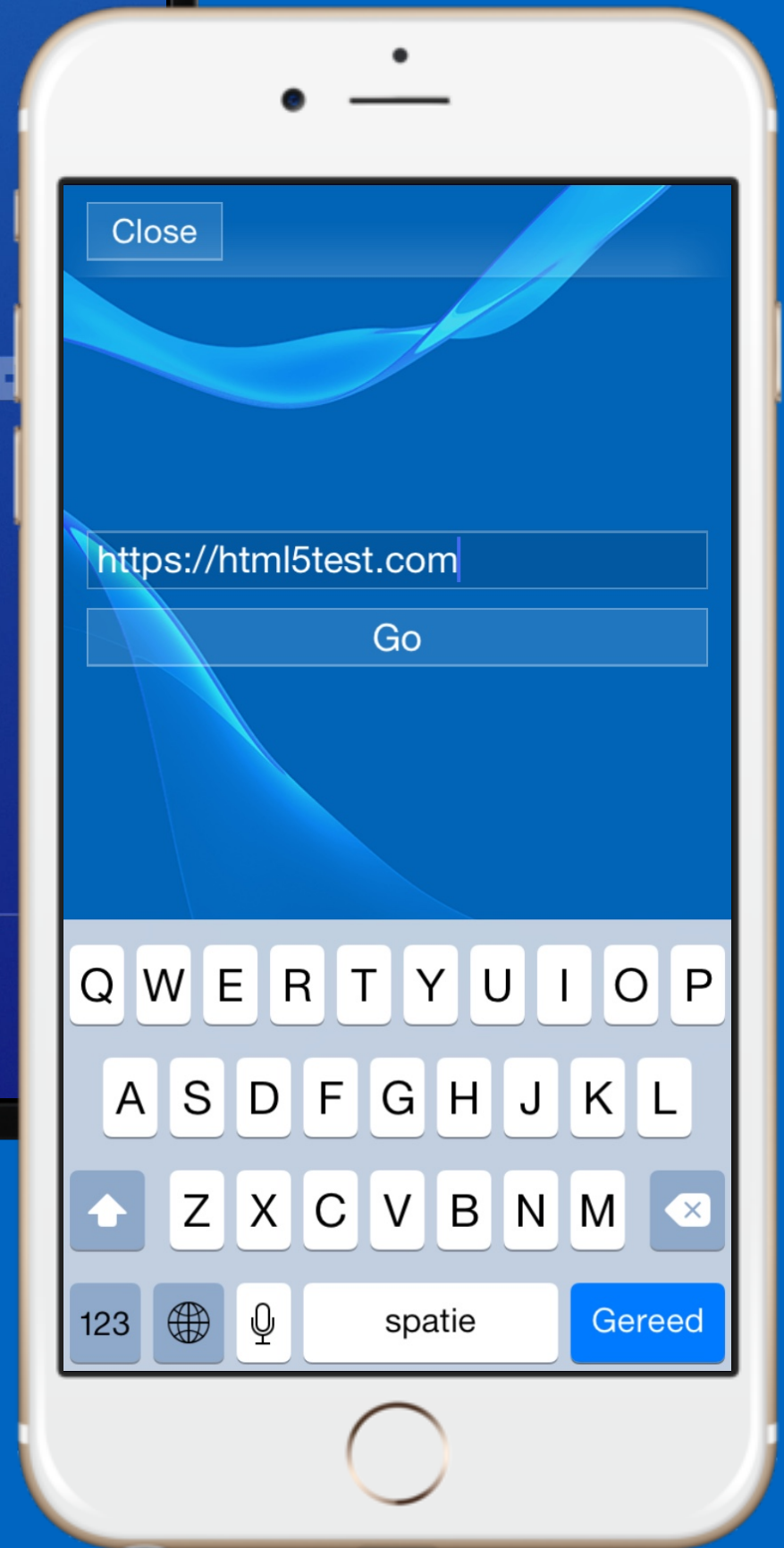
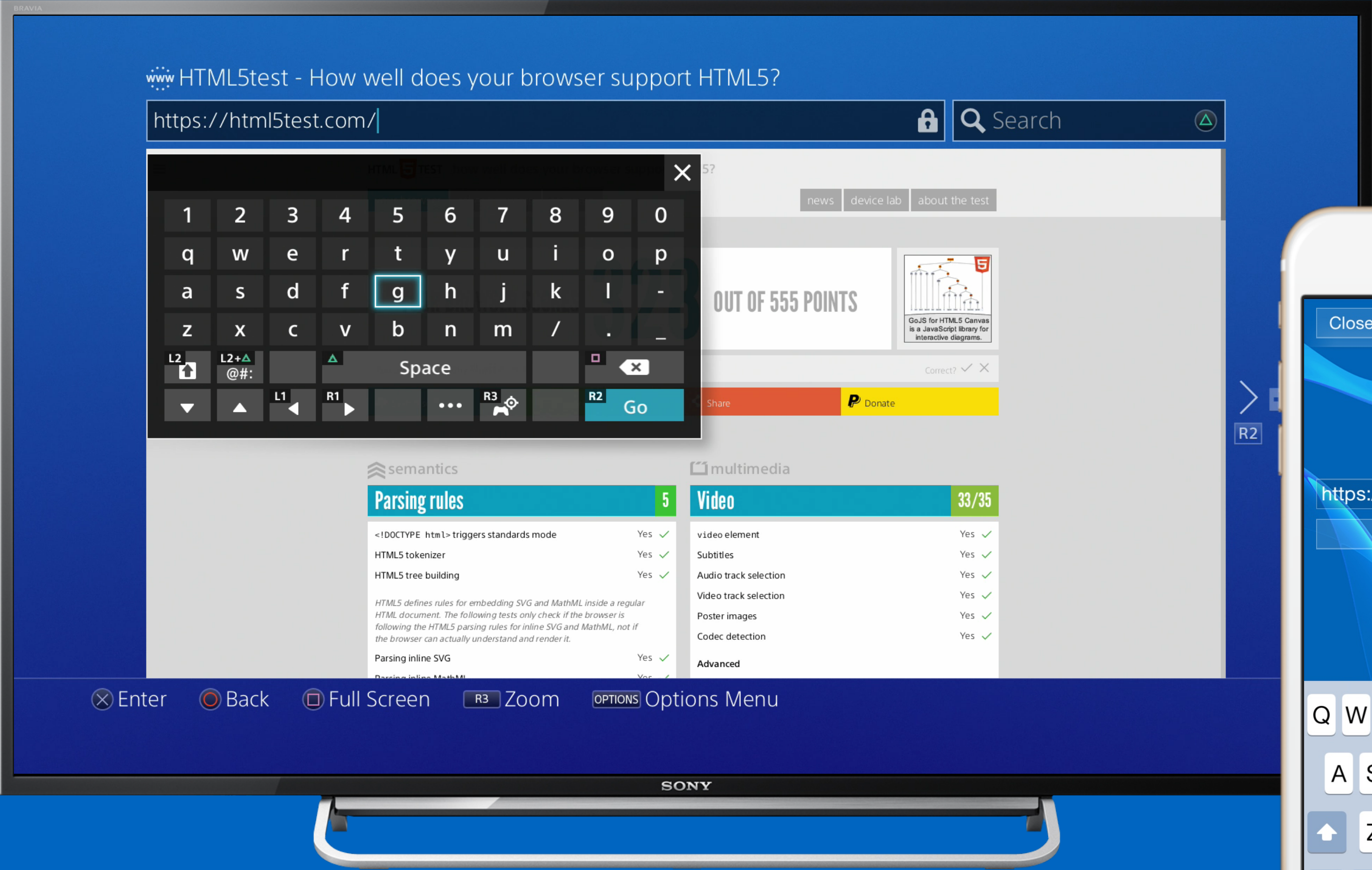


wireless keyboards



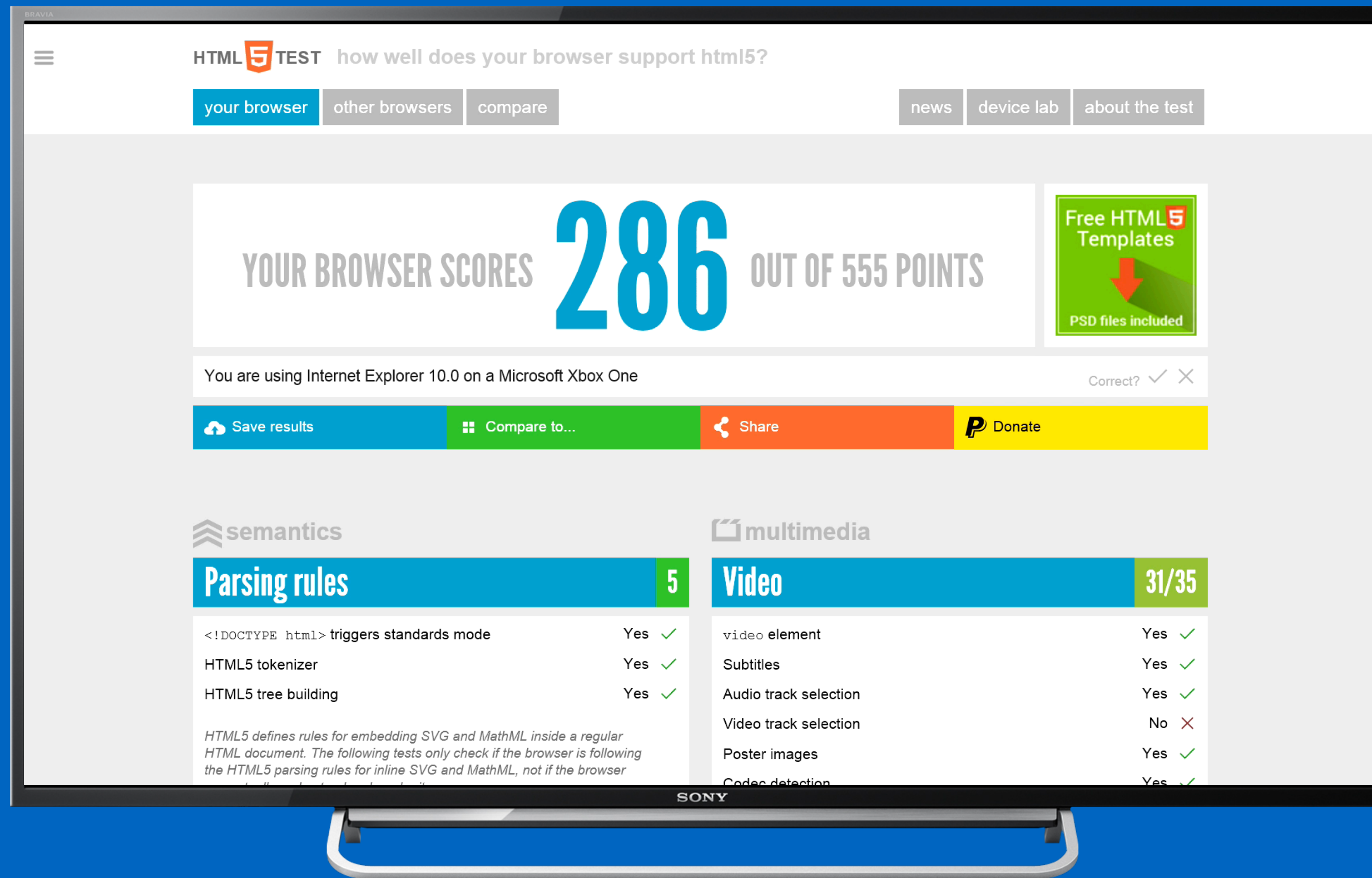
and apps





gesture control

(throw your hands up in the air,
and wave 'em like you just don't care)



navigation with gesture control

can we control these input methods
directly from javascript?

the d-pad
maybe

1 keyboard events

```
window.addEventListener("keypress", function(e) {  
    e.preventDefault(); // no navigation  
    ...  
});
```


the gamepad
maybe

1 the gamepad api

```
var gamepads = navigator.getGamepads();  
for (var i = 0; i < gamepads.length; i++) {  
    ...  
}
```


2

wii u api

```
window.setInterval(function() {  
    var state = window.wiiu.gamepad.update();  
    ...  
}, 100);
```


the webcam

no*

gestures

no*

2

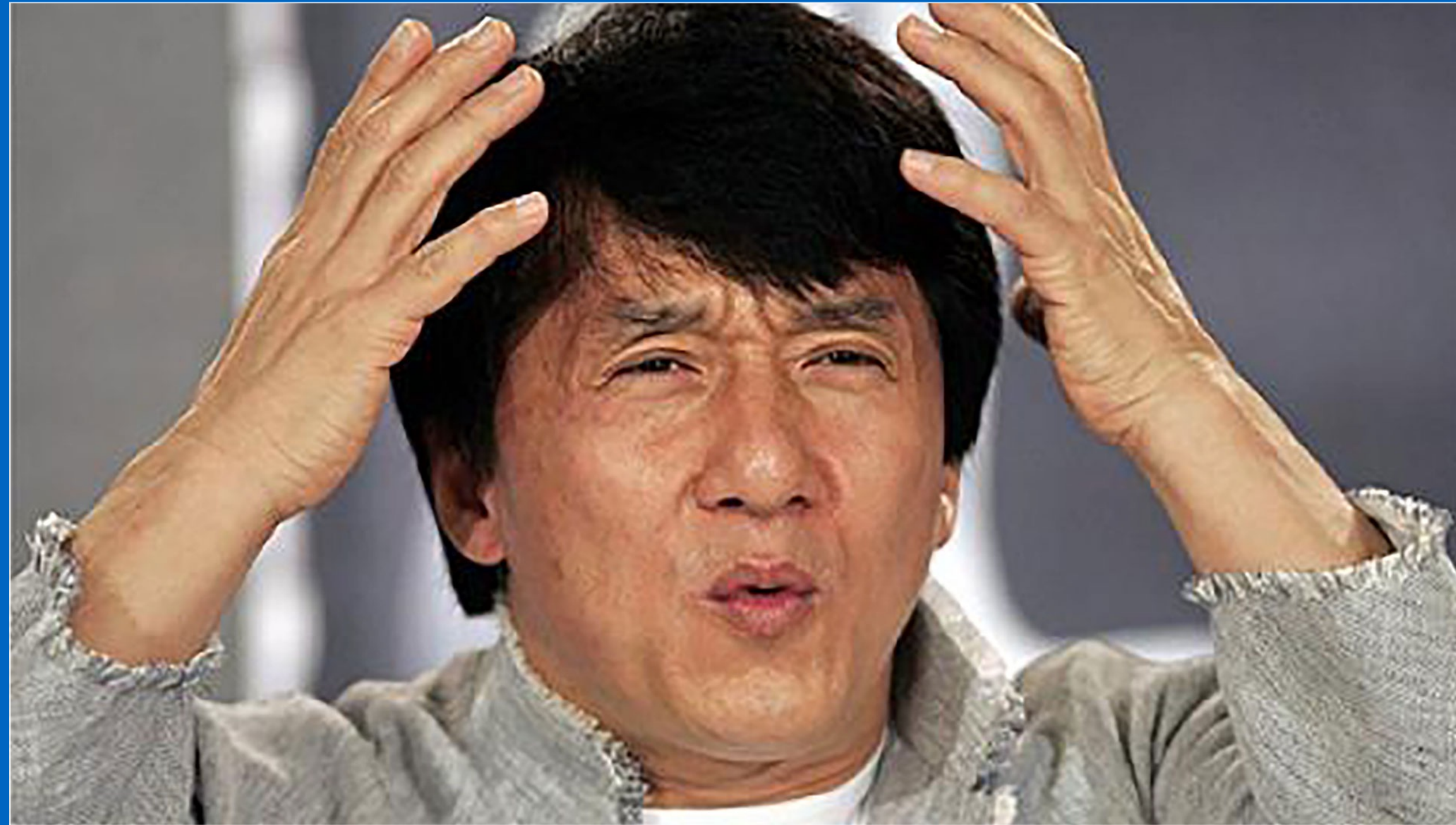
the difference between
a television and a monitor

overscan

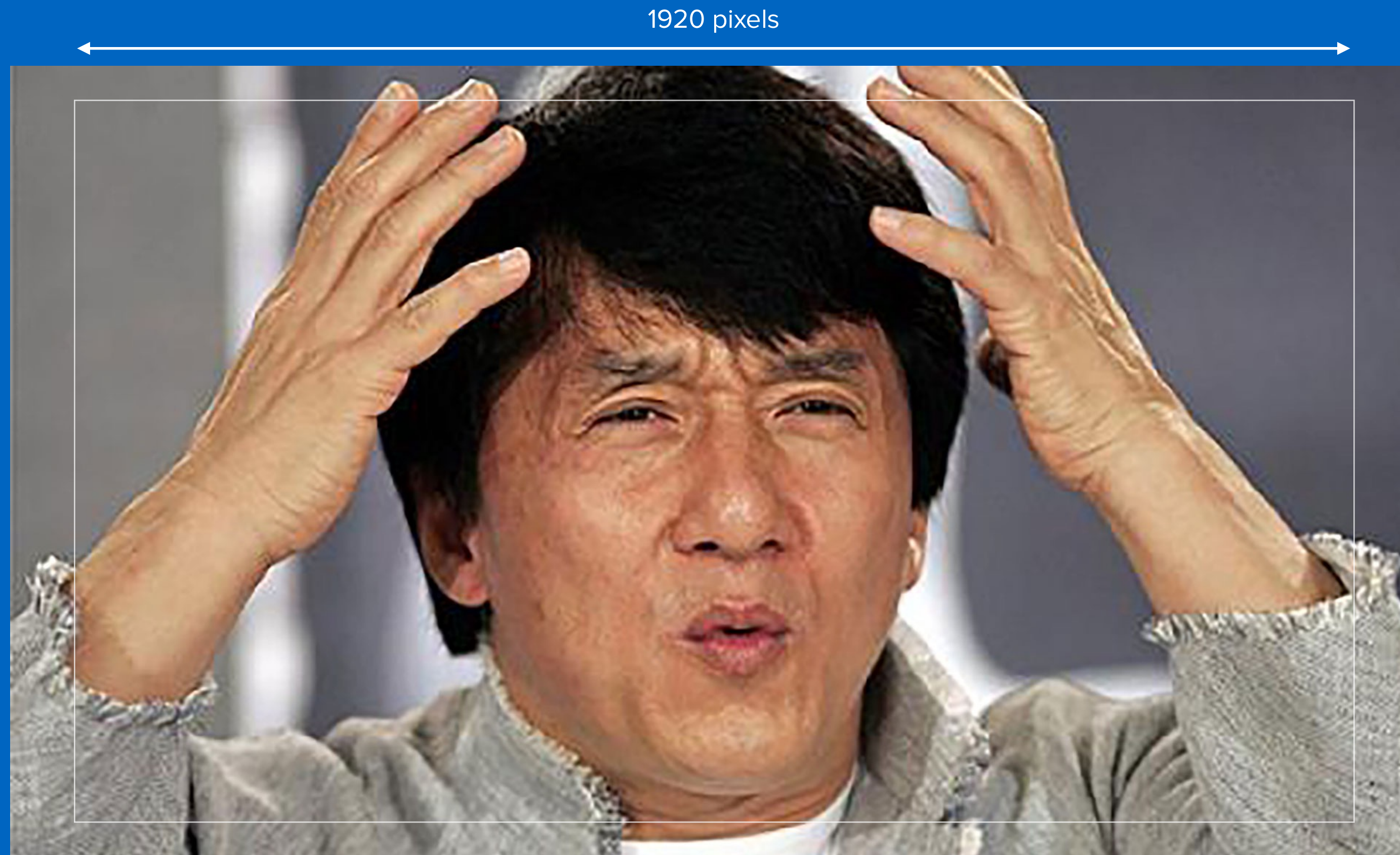
(let's make it a bit more complicated)

**due to historical reasons televisions will
not show the borders of the image**

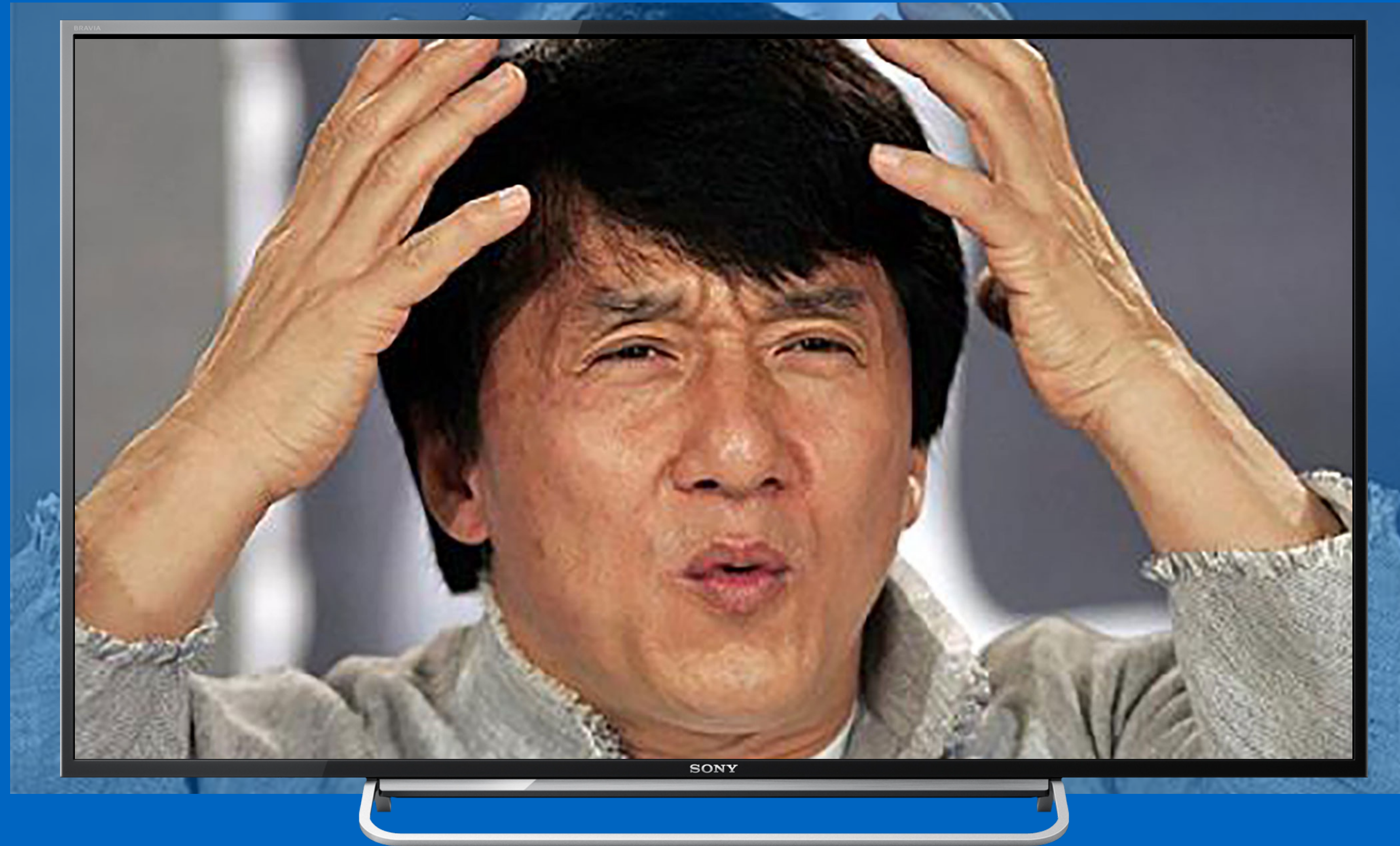
1920 pixels



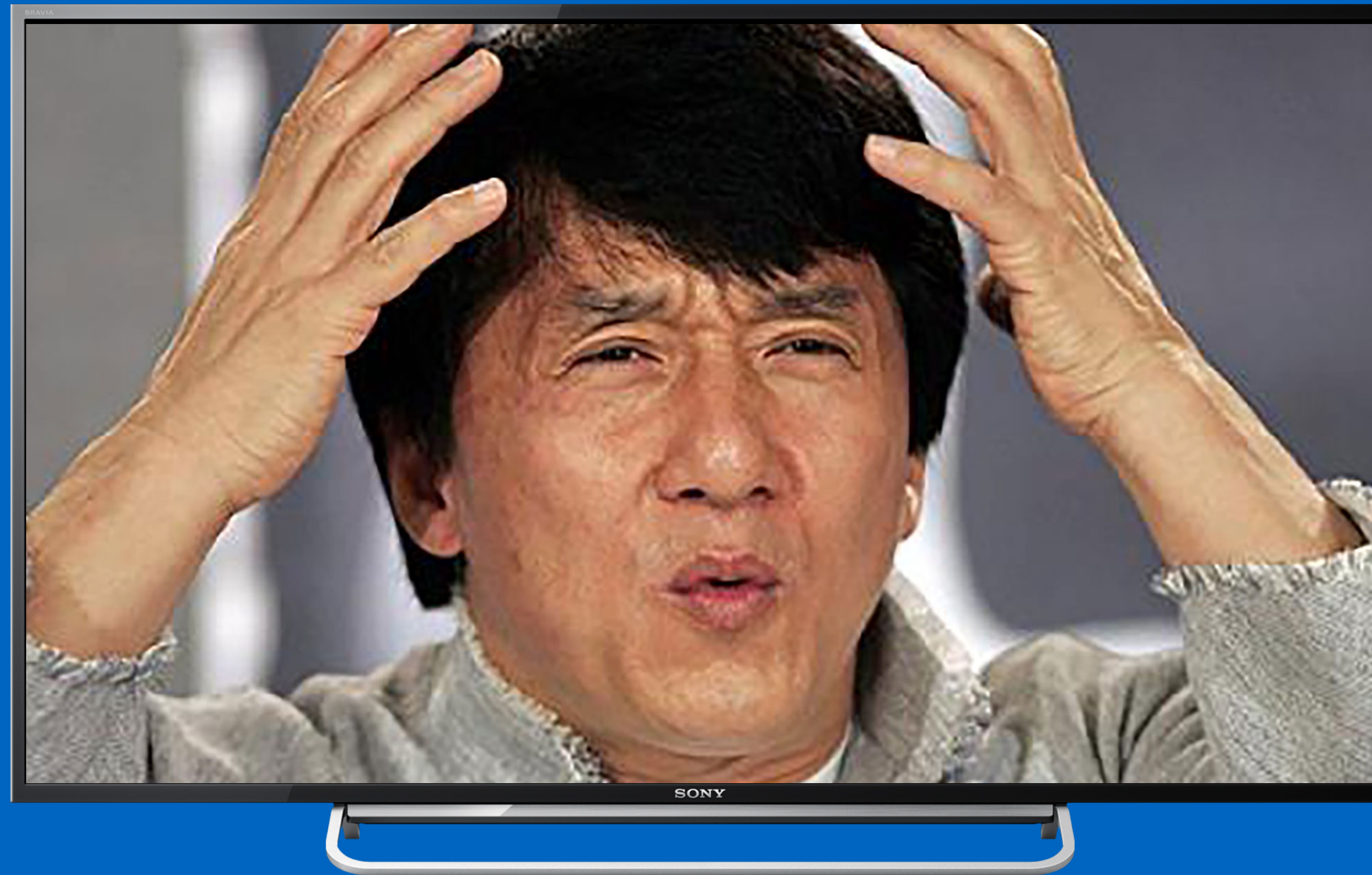
**the television enlarges all images
from the hdmi input by 5%**



**the television enlarges all images
from the hdmi input by 5%**

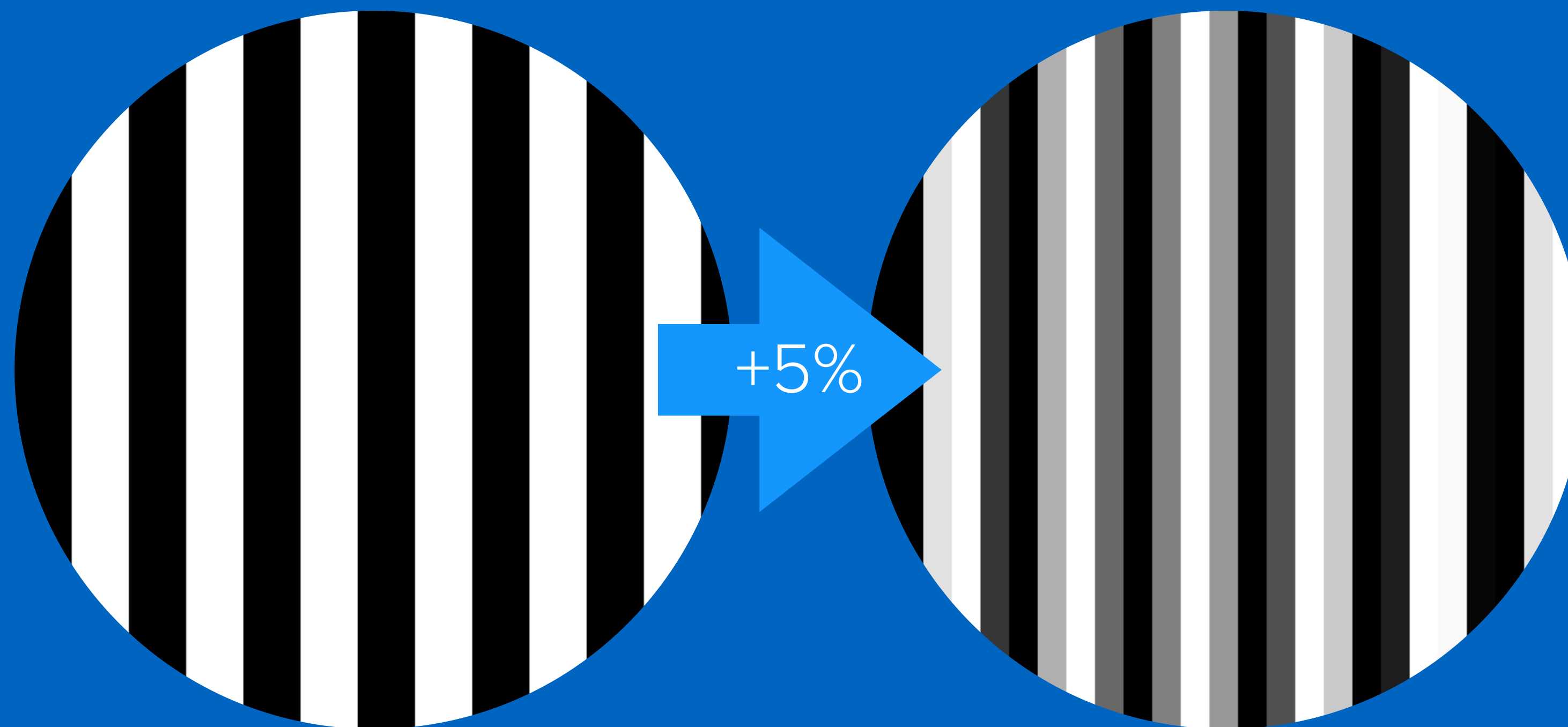


**the image is then cropped to
1920 by 1080 pixels**



**the image is then cropped to
1920 by 1080 pixels**

overscan causes blurry output



solution 1

overscan correction

1920 pixels

HTML5 TEST how well does your browser support html5?

your browser other browsers compare news device lab about the test

YOUR BROWSER SCORES **286** OUT OF 555 POINTS

You are using Internet Explorer 10.0 on a Microsoft Xbox One Correct? ✓ ✕

Save results Compare to... Share Donate

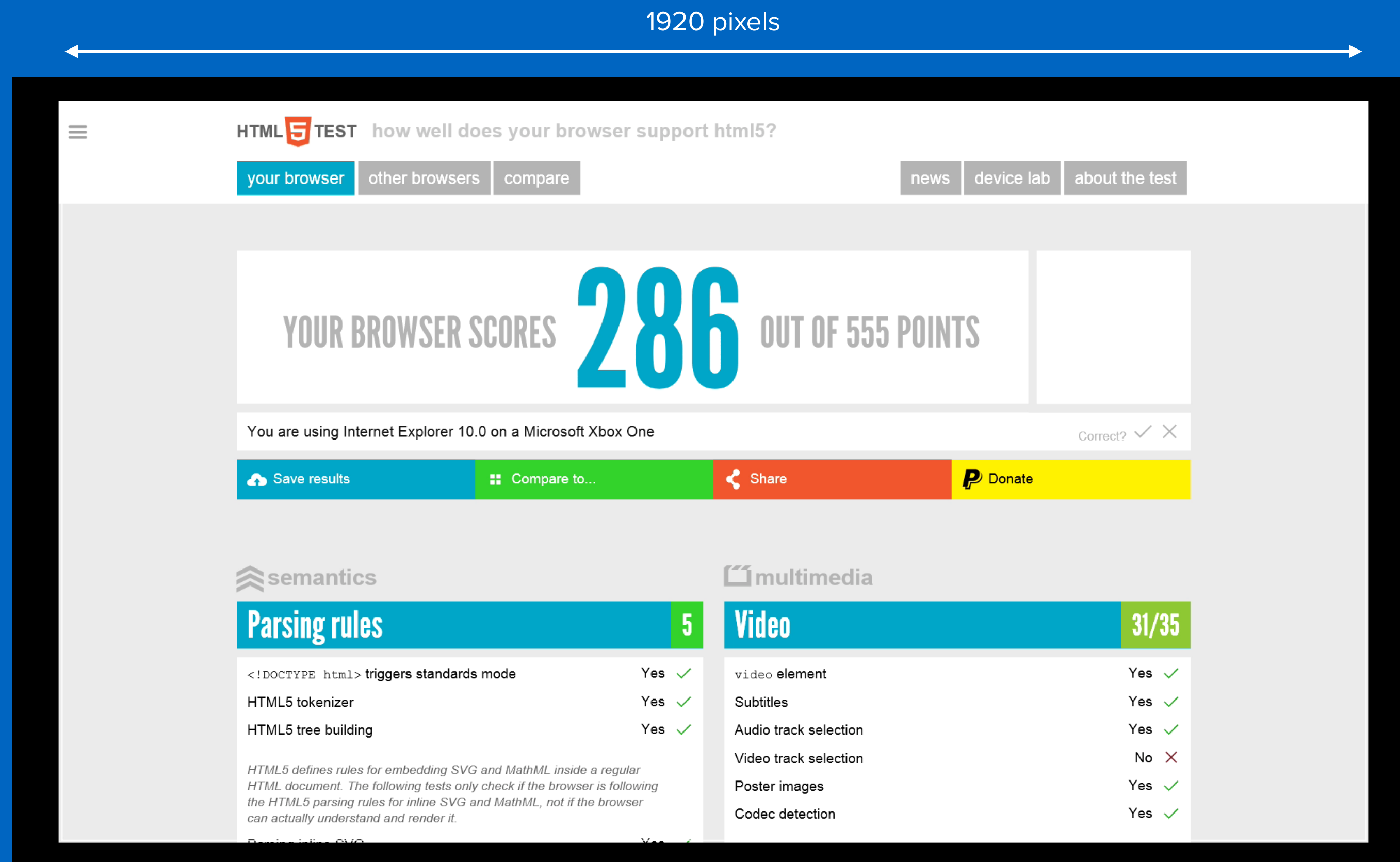
semantics

Parsing rules	5
<!DOCTYPE html> triggers standards mode	Yes ✓
HTML5 tokenizer	Yes ✓
HTML5 tree building	Yes ✓
<small>HTML5 defines rules for embedding SVG and MathML inside a regular HTML document. The following tests only check if the browser is following the HTML5 parsing rules for inline SVG and MathML, not if the browser can actually understand and render it.</small>	
Parsing inline SVG	Yes ✓

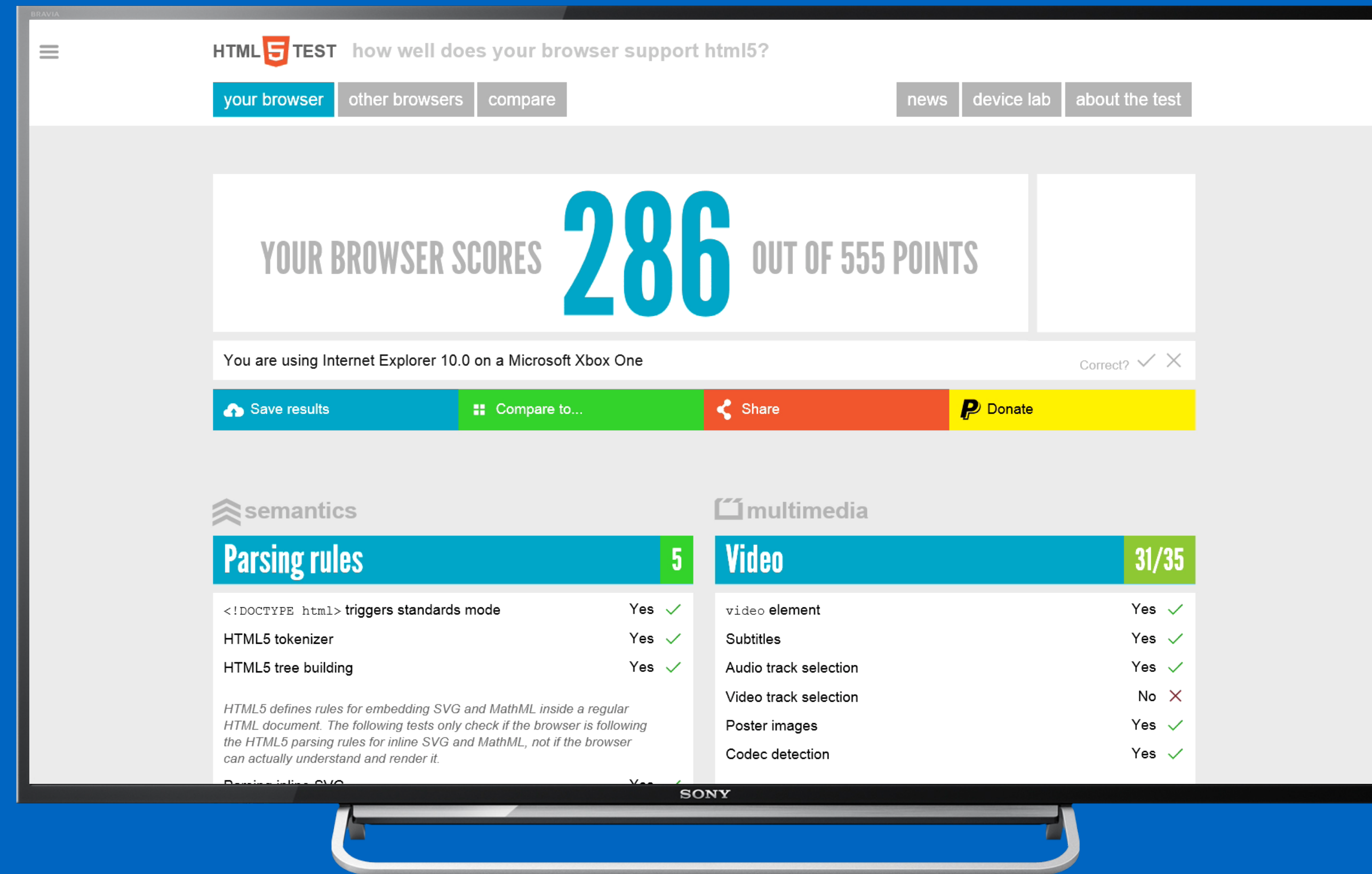
multimedia

Video	31/35
video element	Yes ✓
Subtitles	Yes ✓
Audio track selection	Yes ✓
Video track selection	No ✕
Poster images	Yes ✓
Codec detection	Yes ✓

the browser does not use
the edges of the image



the television will enlarge
the image by 5%

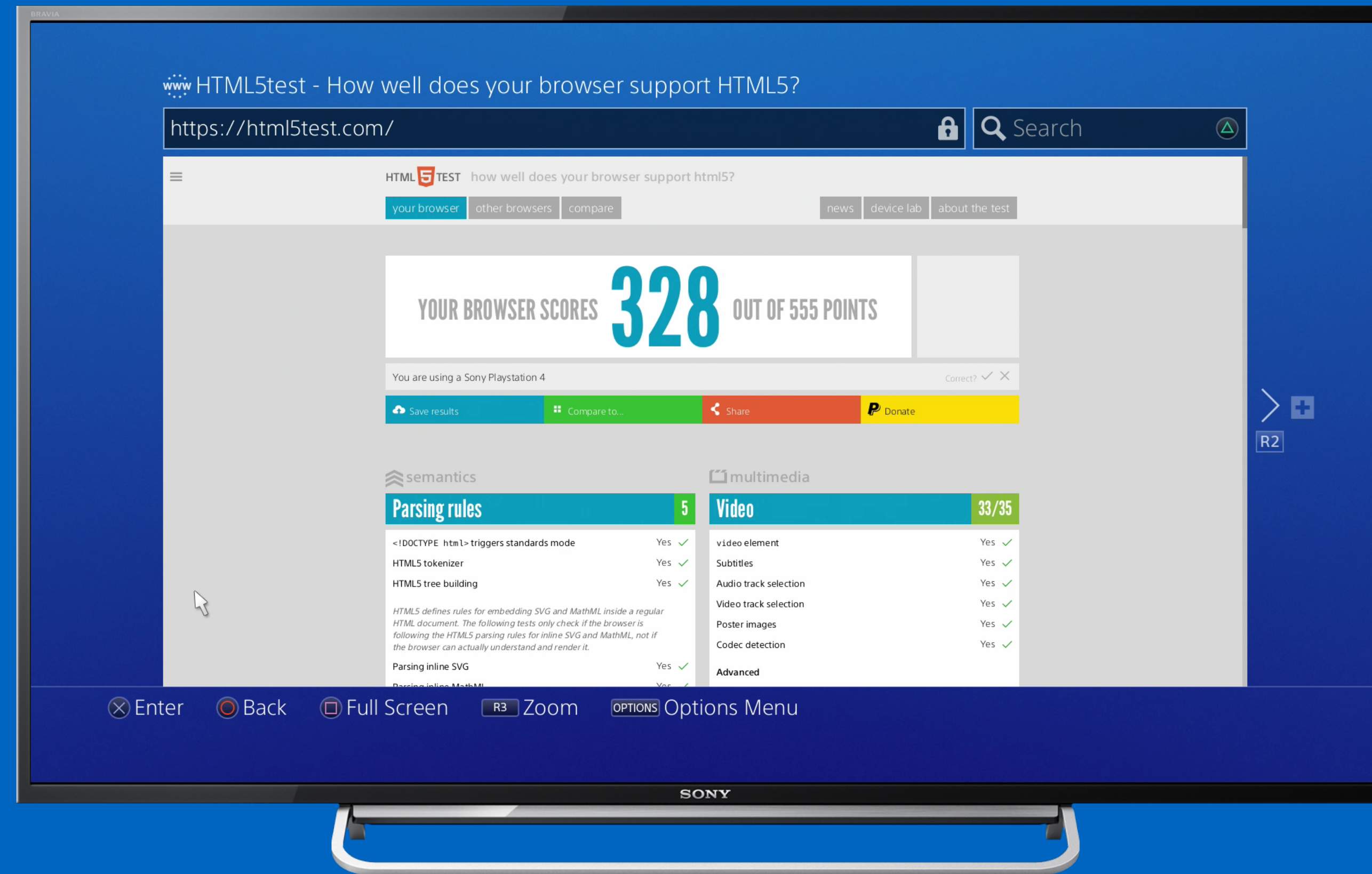


and the content is now fully visible, the unused border is cropped out of the final image

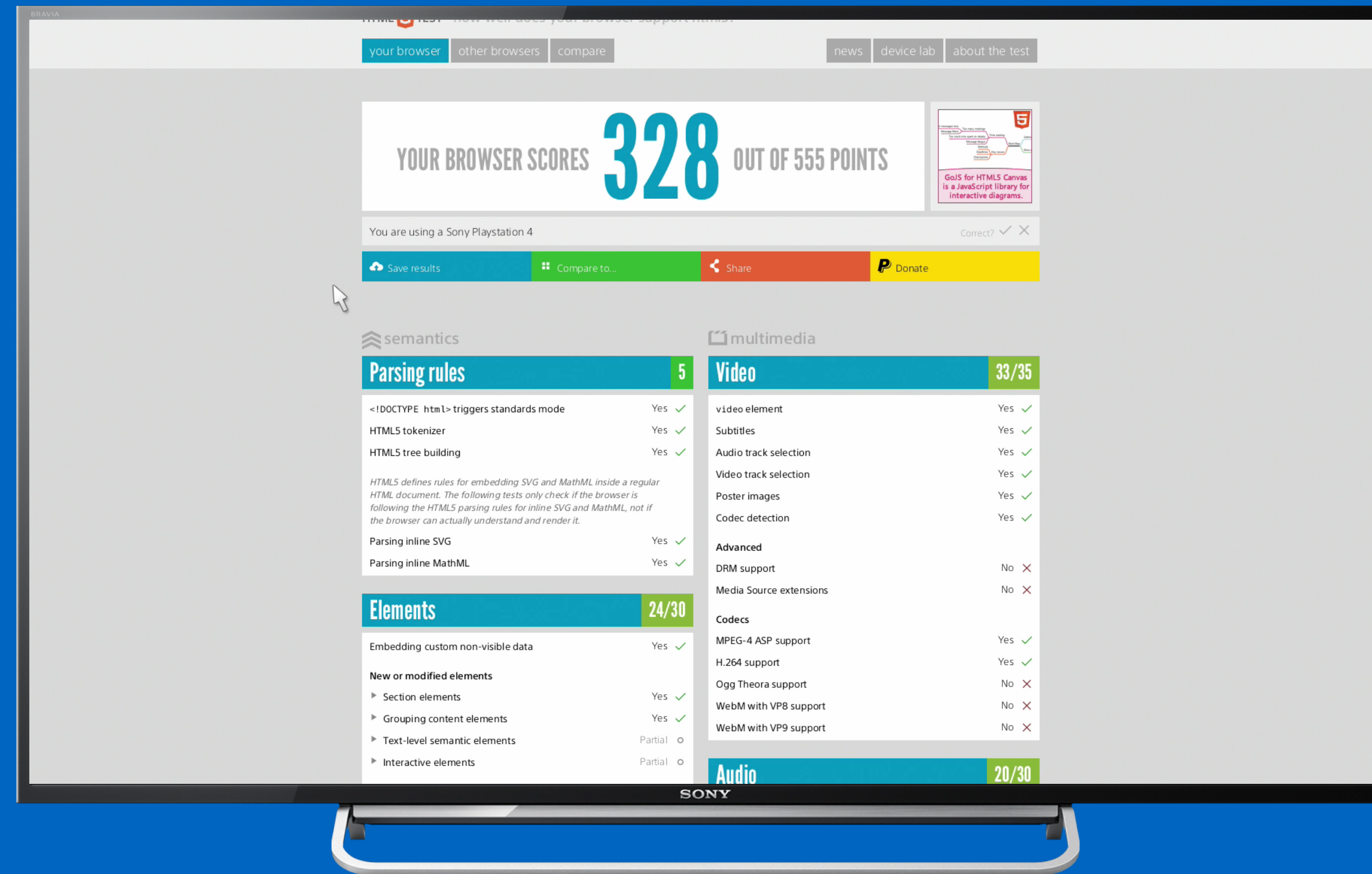
**but not every television set enlarges the
image by exactly 5%, this can vary between
manufacturers and models**



**configure the correct overscan correction
in the system preferences**



the playstation 4 will always show the browser without overscan correction in full screen mode

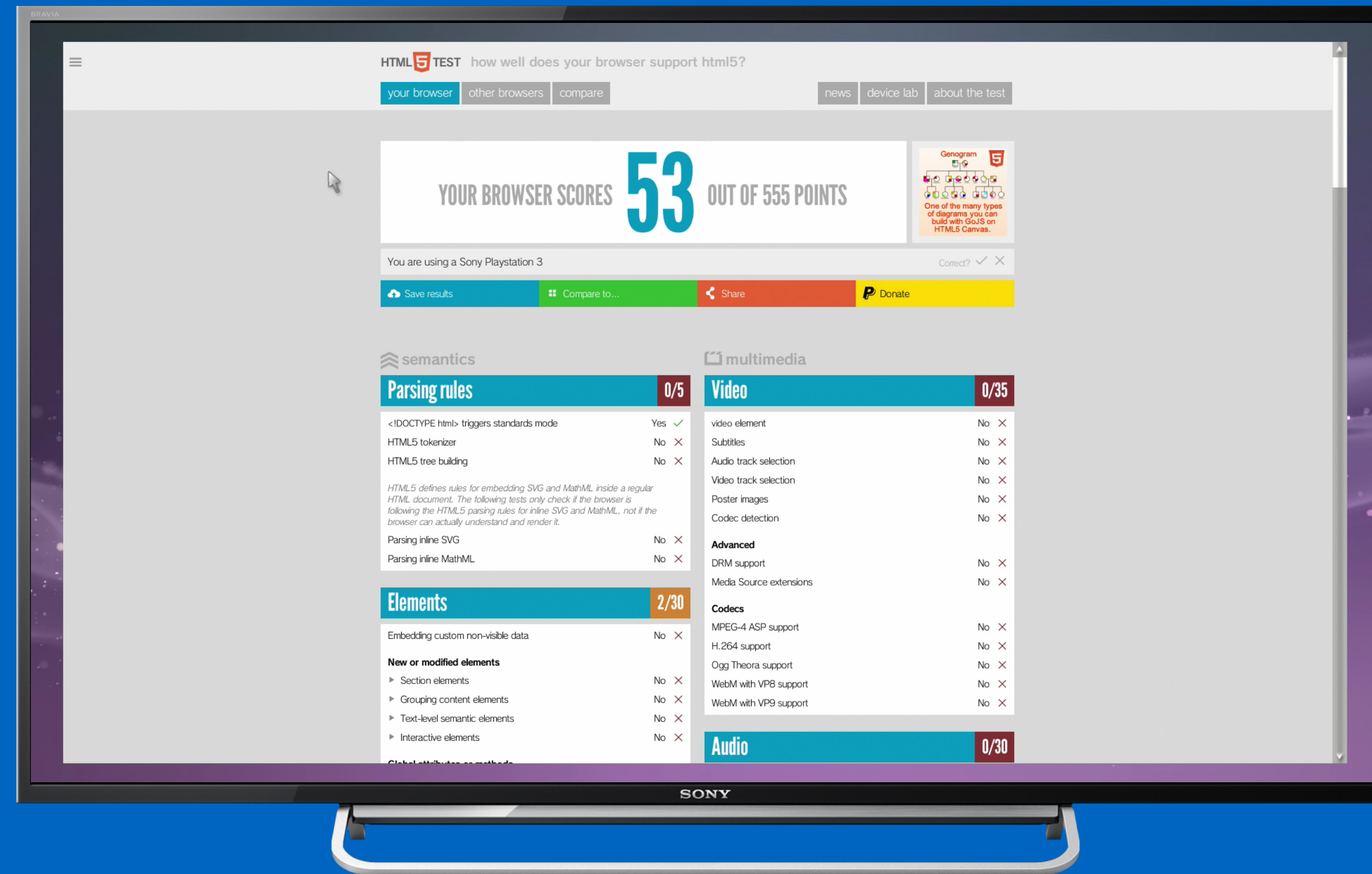


the playstation 4 will always show the browser without overscan correction in full screen mode

solution 2
no overscan

**it is possible to disable overscan
on many television sets**

‘screen fit’, ‘pixel perfect’ or ‘just scan’



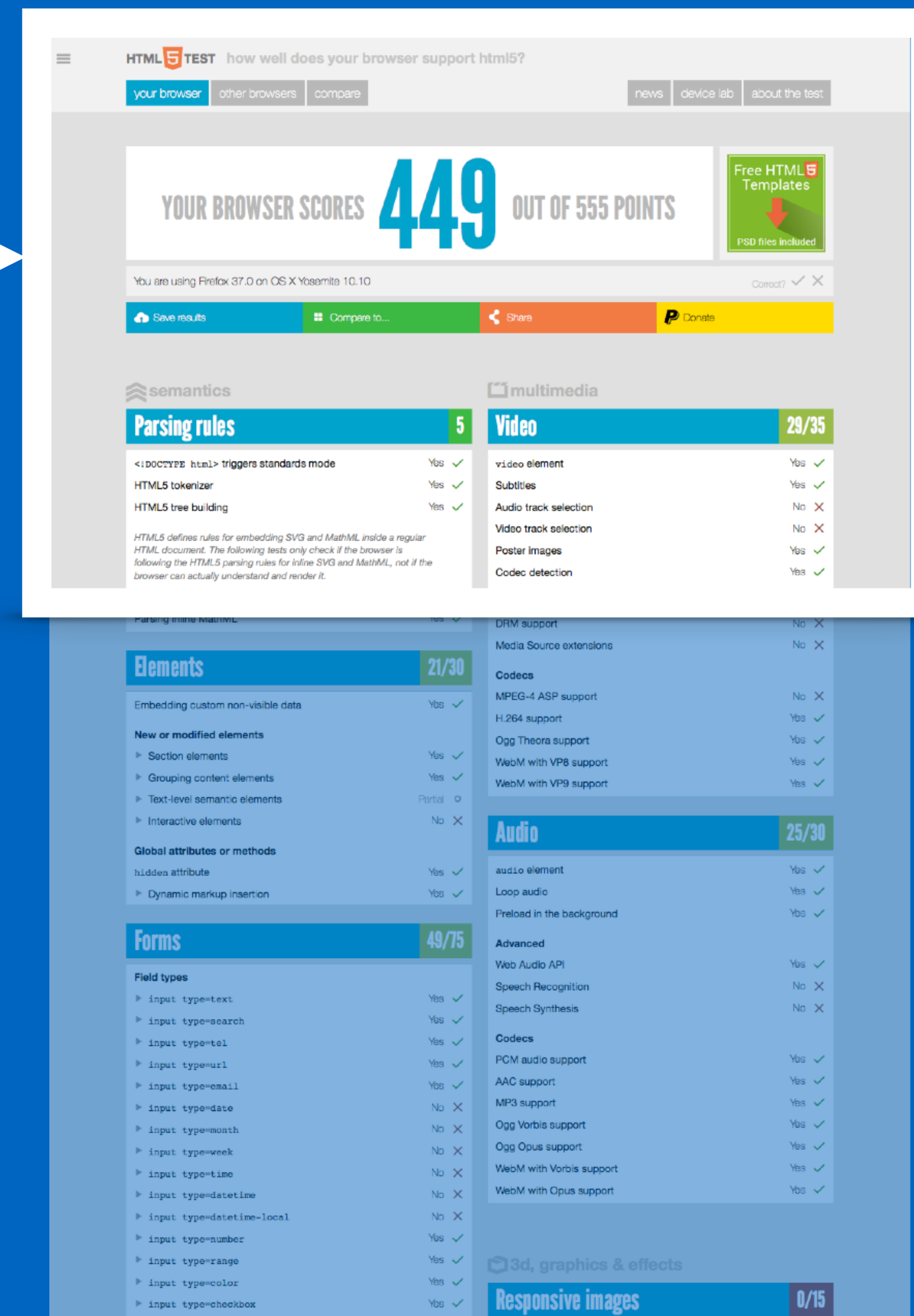
the playstation 3 always shows the
browser with overscan correction

the viewport
(i really need some aspirine!)

the visual viewport

the visual viewport
determines which
part of the website
will be visible

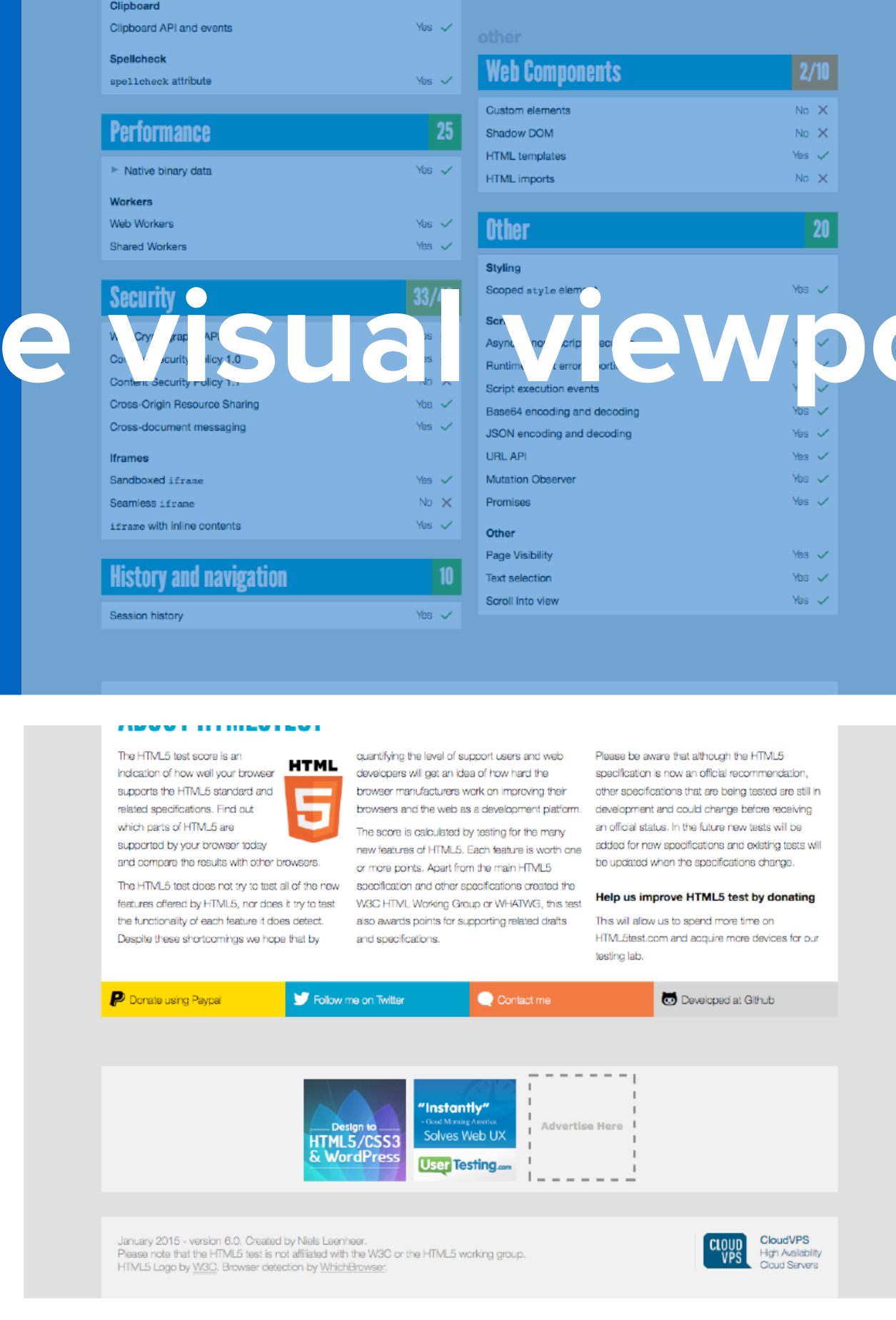
measured in
device pixels



the visual viewport

the visual viewport
determines which
part of the website
will be visible

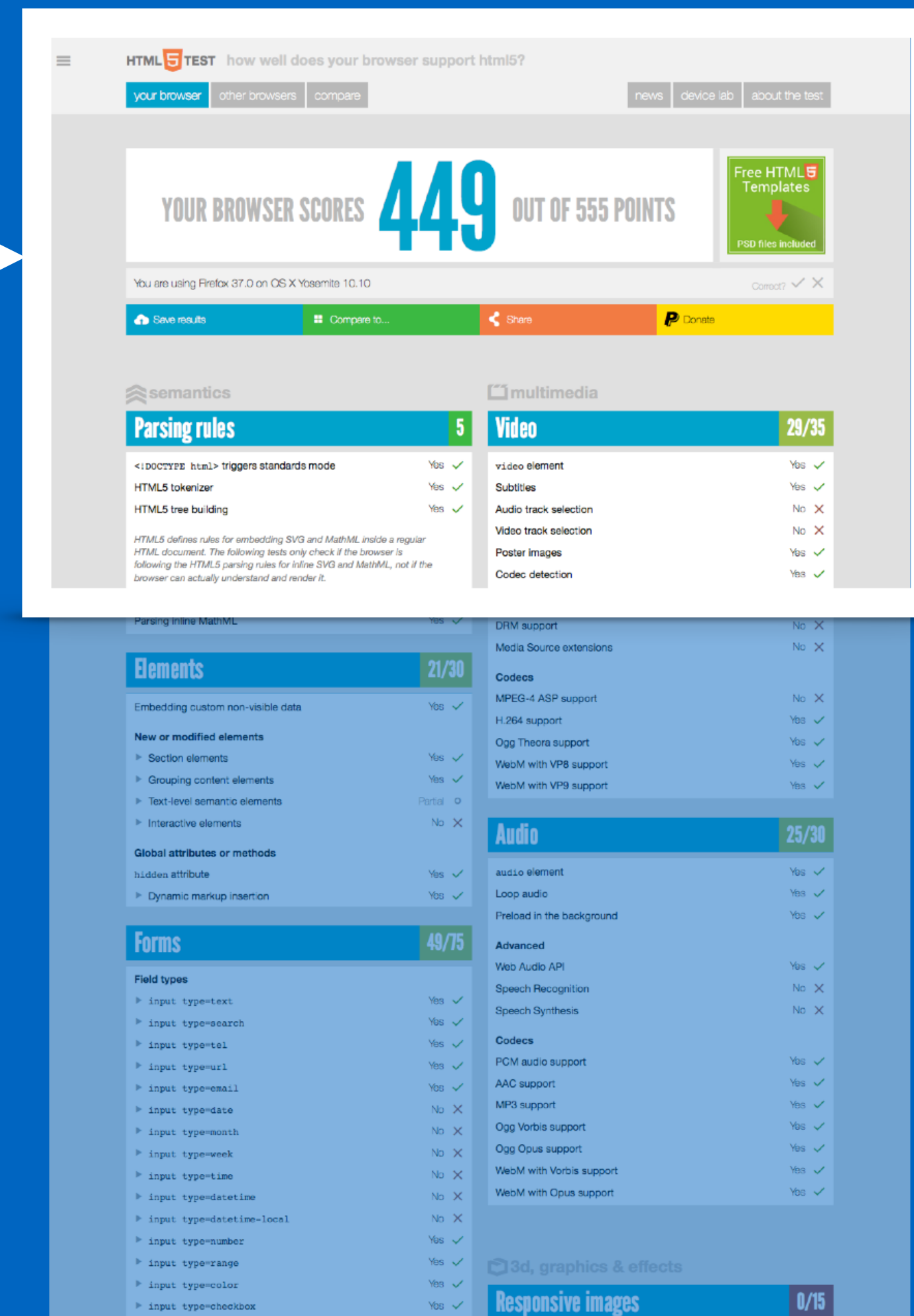
measured in
device pixels



the visual viewport

the visual viewport
determines which
part of the website
will be visible

measured in
device pixels



the layout viewport



the layout viewport
determines the
width in css pixels
on which the site
will be rendered

HTML5 TEST how well does your browser support html5?

your browser | other browsers | compare | news | device lab | about the test

YOUR BROWSER SCORES 449 OUT OF 555 POINTS

You are using Firefox 37.0 on OS X Yosemite 10.10

Save results | Compare to... | Share | Donate

semantics

Parsing rules 5

<!DOCTYPE html> triggers standards mode	Yes	✓
HTML5 tokenizer	Yes	✓
HTML5 tree building	Yes	✓
HTML5 defines rules for embedding SVG and MathML inside a regular HTML document. The following tests only check if the browser is following the HTML5 parsing rules for inline SVG and MathML, not if the browser can actually understand and render it.		
Parsing inline SVG	Yes	✓
Parsing inline MathML	Yes	✓

Elements 21/30

Embedding custom non-visible data	Yes	✓
New or modified elements		
▶ Section elements	Yes	✓
▶ Grouping content elements	Yes	✓
▶ Text-level semantic elements	Partial	○
▶ Interactive elements	No	✗
Global attributes or methods		
hidden attribute	Yes	✓
▶ Dynamic markup insertion	Yes	✓

Forms 49/75

Field types		
▶ input type=text	Yes	✓
▶ input type=search	Yes	✓
▶ input type=tel	Yes	✓
▶ input type=url	Yes	✓
▶ input type=email	Yes	✓
▶ input type=date	No	✗
▶ input type=month	No	✗
▶ input type=week	No	✗
▶ input type=time	No	✗
▶ input type=datetime	No	✗
▶ input type=datetime-local	No	✗
▶ input type=number	Yes	✓
▶ input type=range	Yes	✓
▶ input type=color	Yes	✓
▶ input type=checkbox	Yes	✓

multimedia

Video 29/35

video element	Yes	✓
Subtitles	Yes	✓
Audio track selection	No	✗
Video track selection	No	✗
Poster images	Yes	✓
Codec detection	Yes	✓
Advanced		
DRM support	No	✗
Media Source extensions	No	✗
Codecs		
MPEG-4 ASP support	No	✗
H.264 support	Yes	✓
Ogg Theora support	Yes	✓
WebM with VP8 support	Yes	✓
WebM with VP9 support	Yes	✓

Audio 25/30

audio element	Yes	✓
Loop audio	Yes	✓
Preload in the background	Yes	✓
Advanced		
Web Audio API	Yes	✓
Speech Recognition	No	✗
Speech Synthesis	No	✗
Codecs		
PCM audio support	Yes	✓
AAC support	Yes	✓
MP3 support	Yes	✓
Ogg Vorbis support	Yes	✓
Ogg Opus support	Yes	✓
WebM with Vorbis support	Yes	✓
WebM with Opus support	Yes	✓

3d, graphics & effects

Responsive images 0/15

the layout viewport



the layout viewport
determines the
width in css pixels
on which the site
will be rendered

HTML5 TEST how well does your browser support html5?

your browser other browsers compare news device lab about the test

YOUR BROWSER SCORES

449

OUT OF 555 POINTS

You are using Firefox 37.0 on OS X Yosemite 10.10

Save results Compare to... Share Donate

semantics

Parsing rules 5

<DOCTYPE html> triggers standards mode	Yes	✓
HTML5 tokenizer	Yes	✓
HTML5 tree building	Yes	✓
HTML5 defines rules for embedding SVG and MathML inside a regular HTML document. The following tests only check if the browser is following the HTML5 parsing rules for inline SVG and MathML, not if the browser can actually understand and render it.		
Parsing inline SVG	Yes	✓
Parsing inline MathML	Yes	✓

Elements 21/30

Embedding custom non-visible data	Yes	✓
New or modified elements		
Section elements	Yes	✓
Grouping content elements	Yes	✓
Text-level semantic elements	Partial	○
Interactive elements	No	✗
Global attributes or methods		
hidden attribute	Yes	✓
Dynamic markup insertion	Yes	✓

Forms 49/75

Field types		
input type=text	Yes	✓
input type=search	Yes	✓
input type=tel	Yes	✓
input type=url	Yes	✓
input type=email	Yes	✓
input type=date	No	✗
input type=month	No	✗
input type=week	No	✗
input type=time	No	✗
input type=datetime	No	✗

multimedia

Video 29/35

video element	Yes	✓
Subtitles	Yes	✓
Audio track selection	No	✗
Video track selection	No	✗
Poster images	Yes	✓
Codec detection	Yes	✓
Advanced		
DRM support	No	✗
Media Source extensions	No	✗
Codecs		
MPEG-4 ASP support	No	✗
H.264 support	Yes	✓
Ogg Theora support	Yes	✓
WebM with VP8 support	Yes	✓
WebM with VP9 support	Yes	✓

Audio 25/30

audio element	Yes	✓
Loop audio	Yes	✓
Preload in the background	Yes	✓
Advanced		
Web Audio API	Yes	✓
Speech Recognition	No	✗
Speech Synthesis	No	✗
Codecs		
PCM audio support	Yes	✓
AAC support	Yes	✓
MP3 support	Yes	✓
Ogg Vorbis support	Yes	✓
Ogg Opus support	Yes	✓
WebM with Vorbis support	Yes	✓
WebM with Opus support	Yes	✓

the layout viewport



the layout viewport
determines the
width in css pixels
on which the site
will be rendered

**the default layout viewport is different on
every smart tv, console or set-top box**

between 800 and 1920 css pixels

it is possible to change the width of the layout viewport with the 'meta viewport' tag

$$\frac{\text{physical device pixels}}{\text{device scale factor}}$$



```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
```

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=1024">
```


complication:

meta viewport is not supported

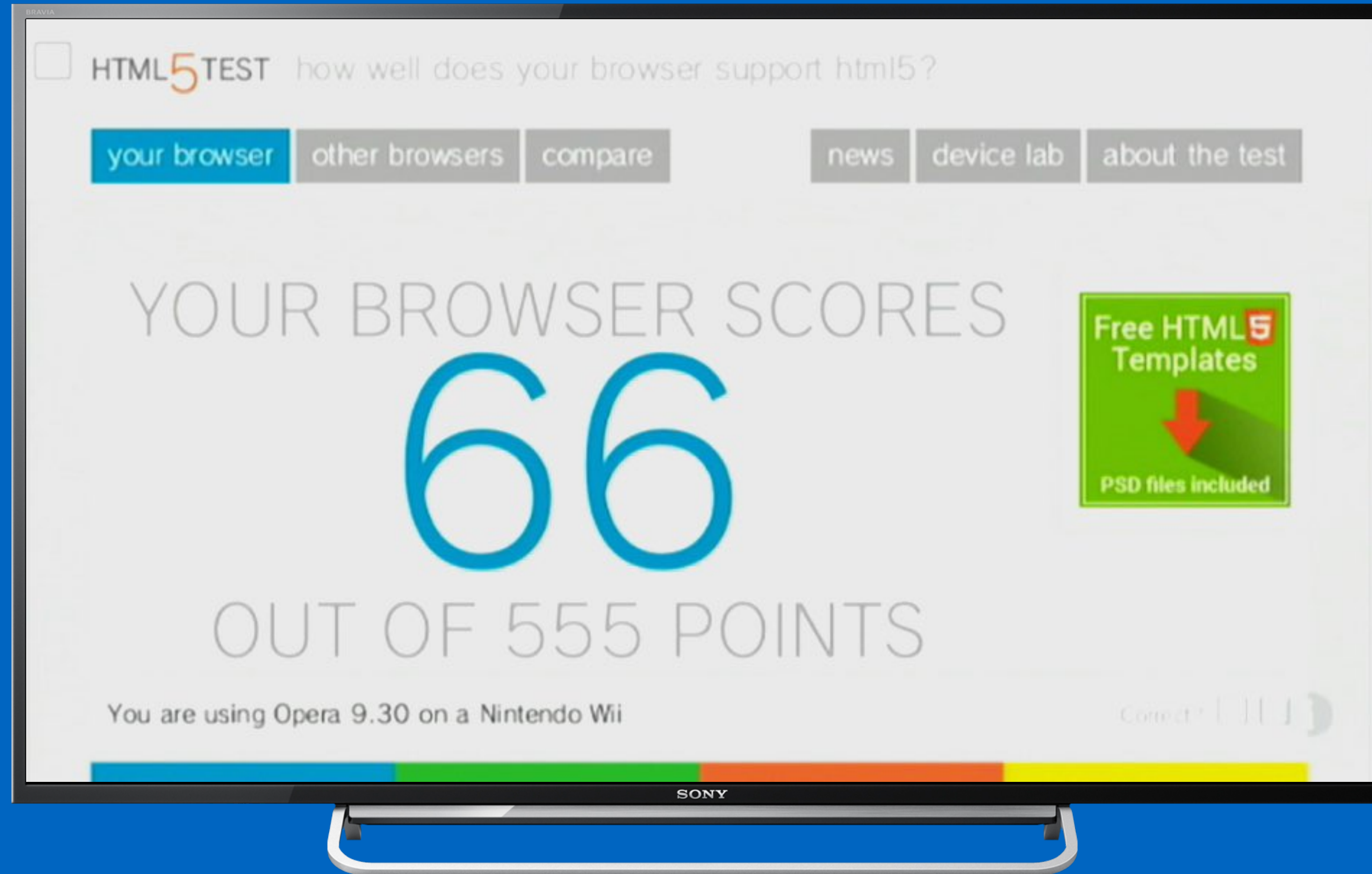
**it is not possible to get the same layout viewport
width in all of the different browsers**

complication:

device pixel ratio is not supported

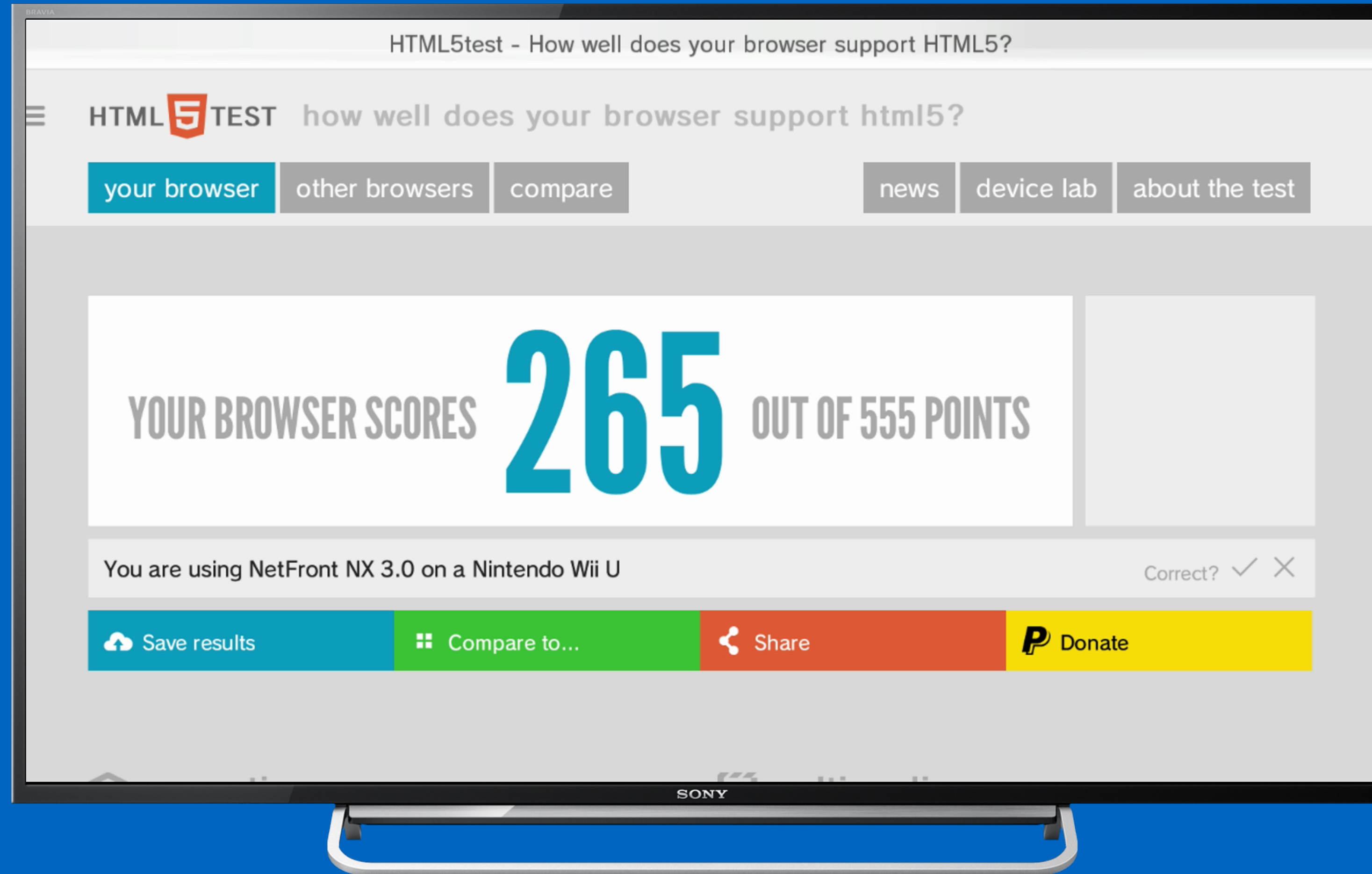
**there is no proper way to show images with the same
resolution as the physical screen**

800 pixels



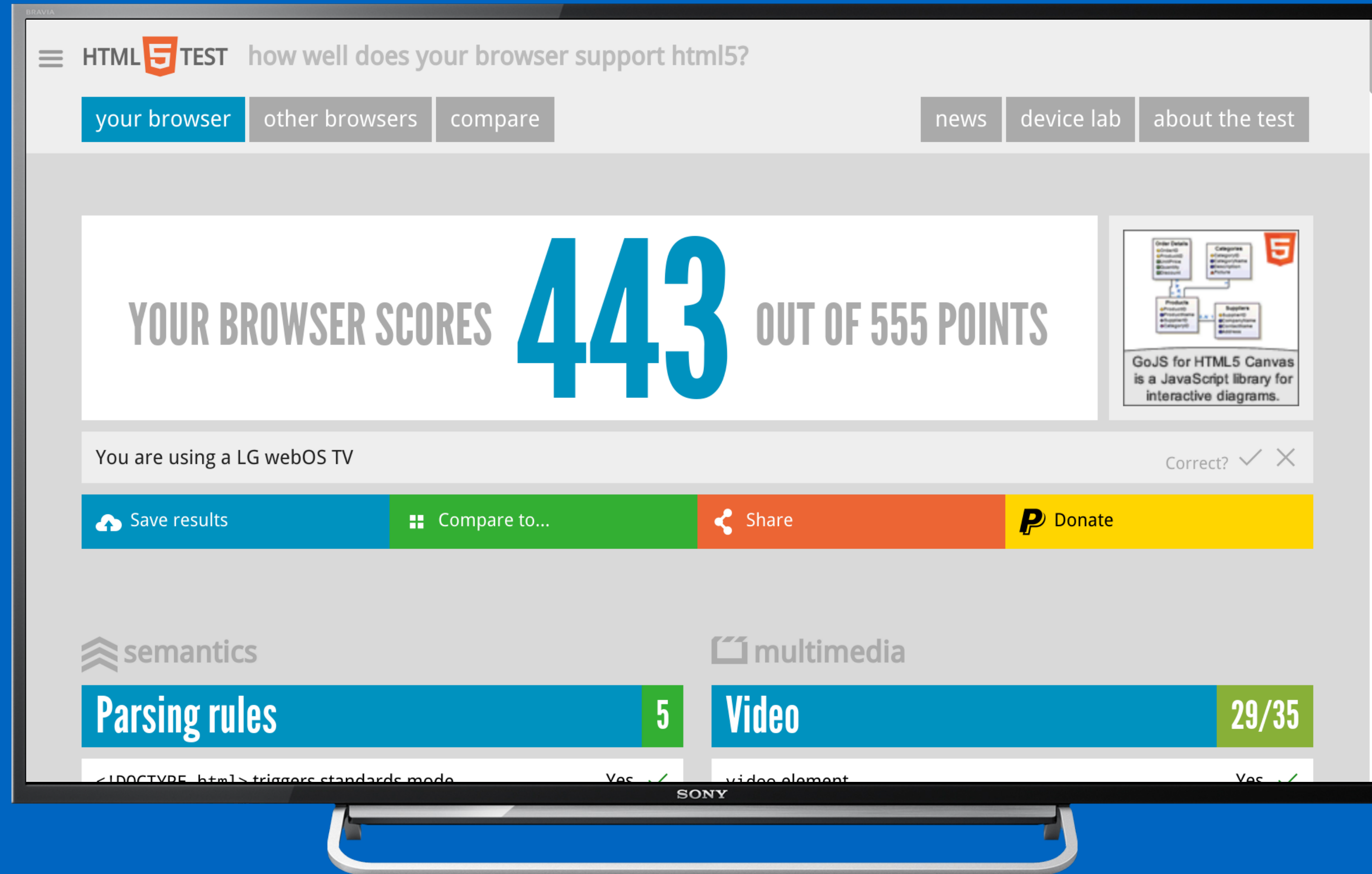
nintendo wii

980 pixels



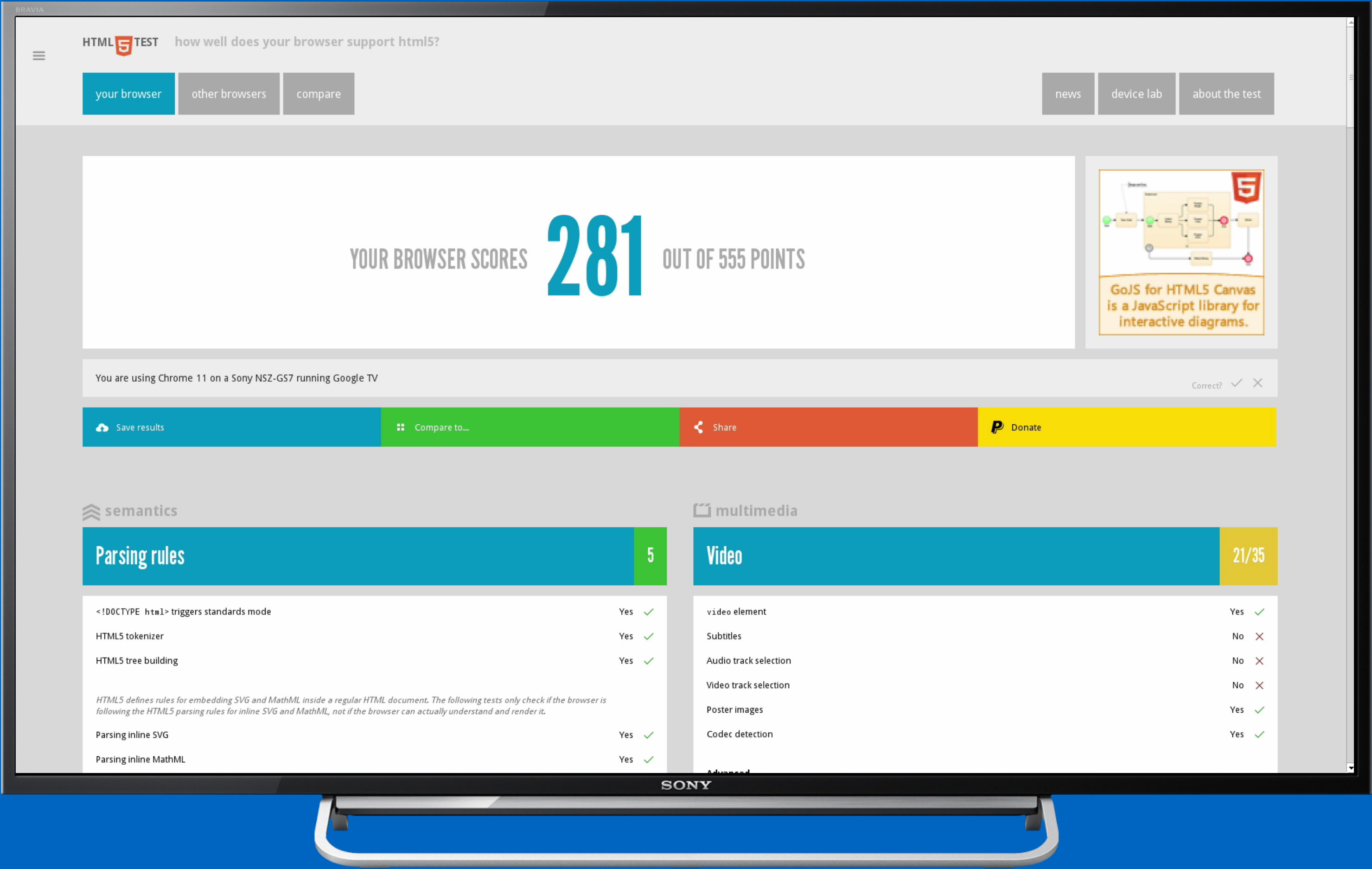
nintendo wii u

960 pixels



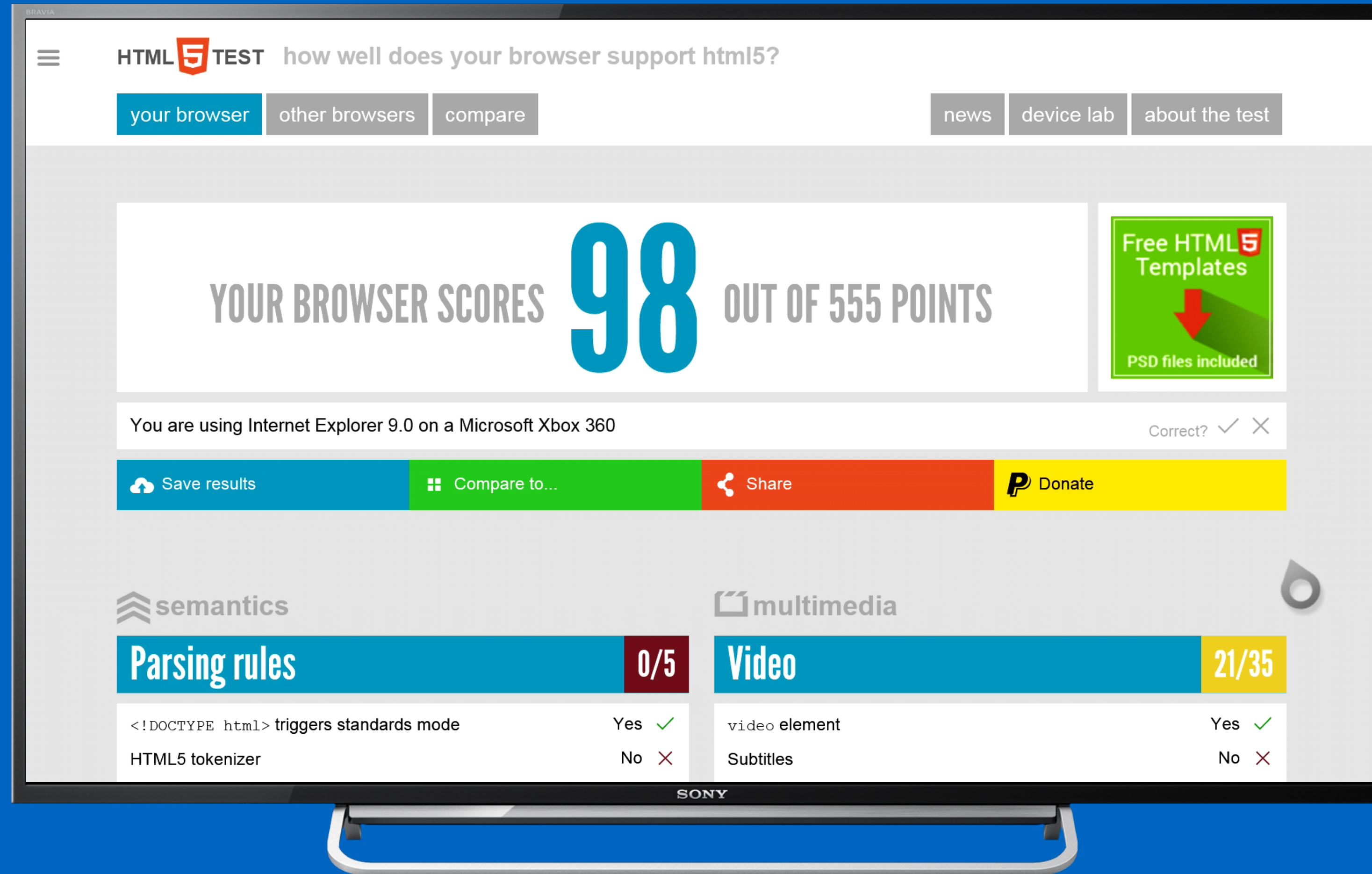
lg webos

1024 pixels



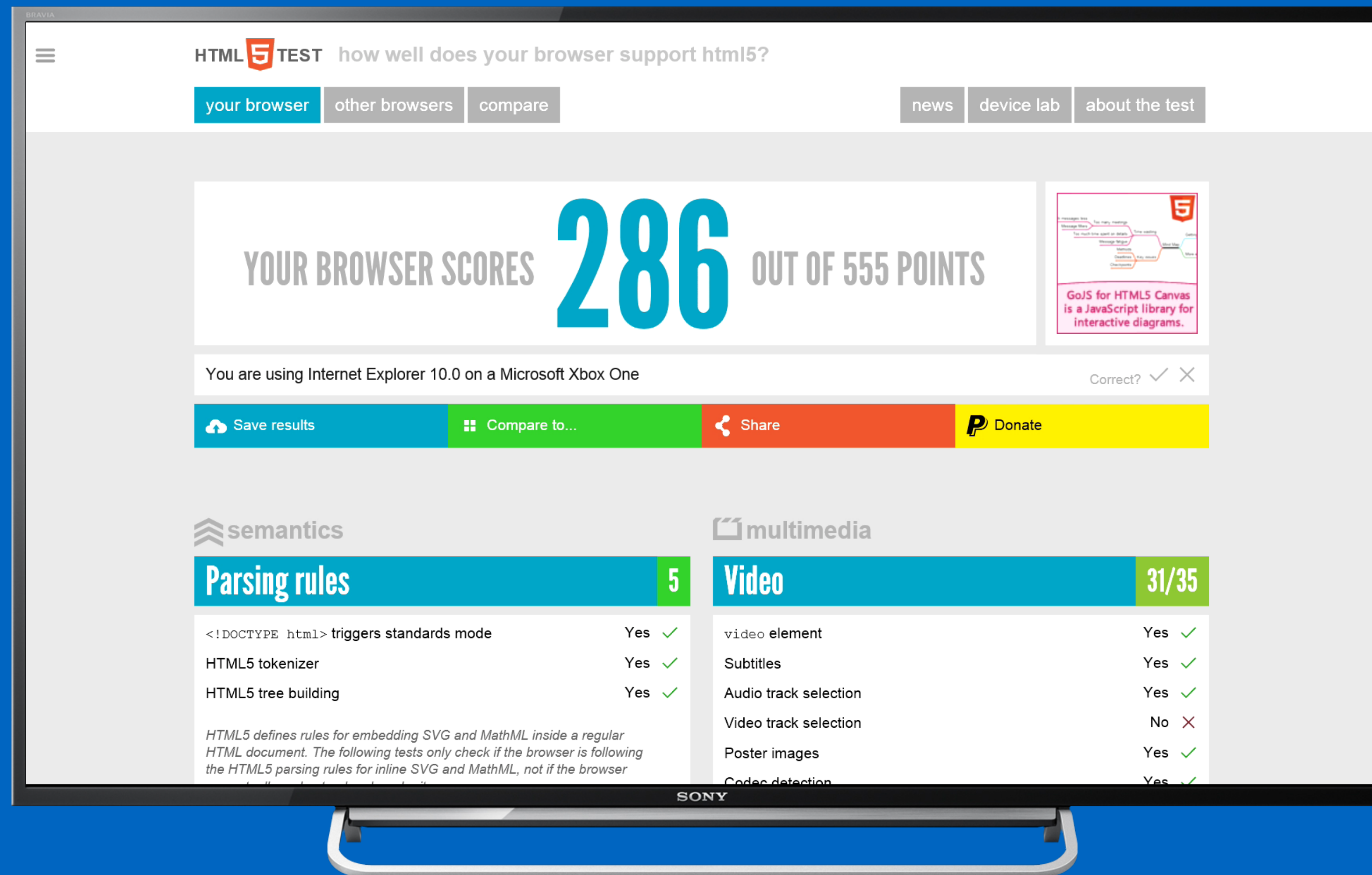
google tv

1041 of 1050 pixels



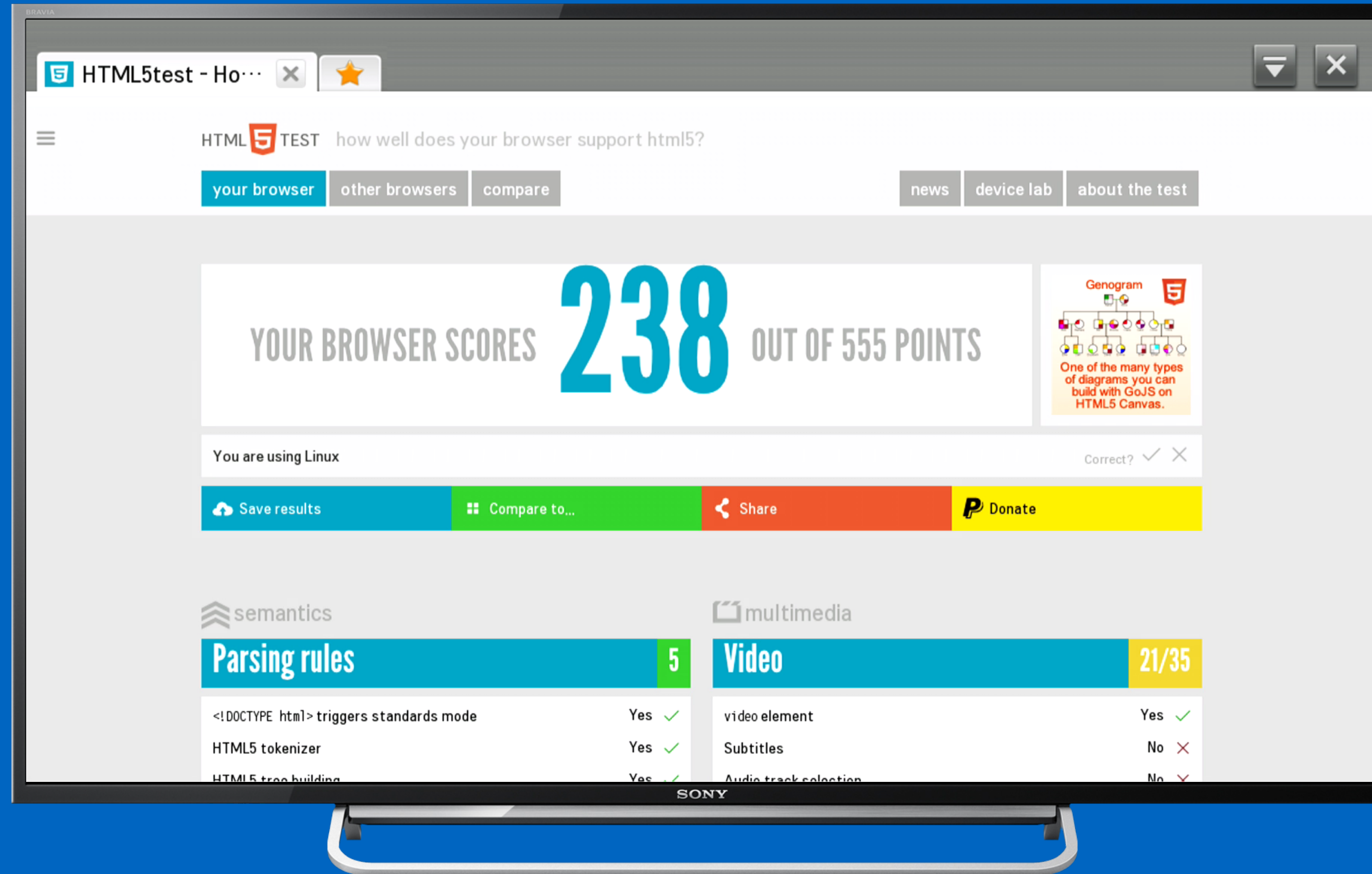
microsoft xbox 360

1200 of 1236 pixels



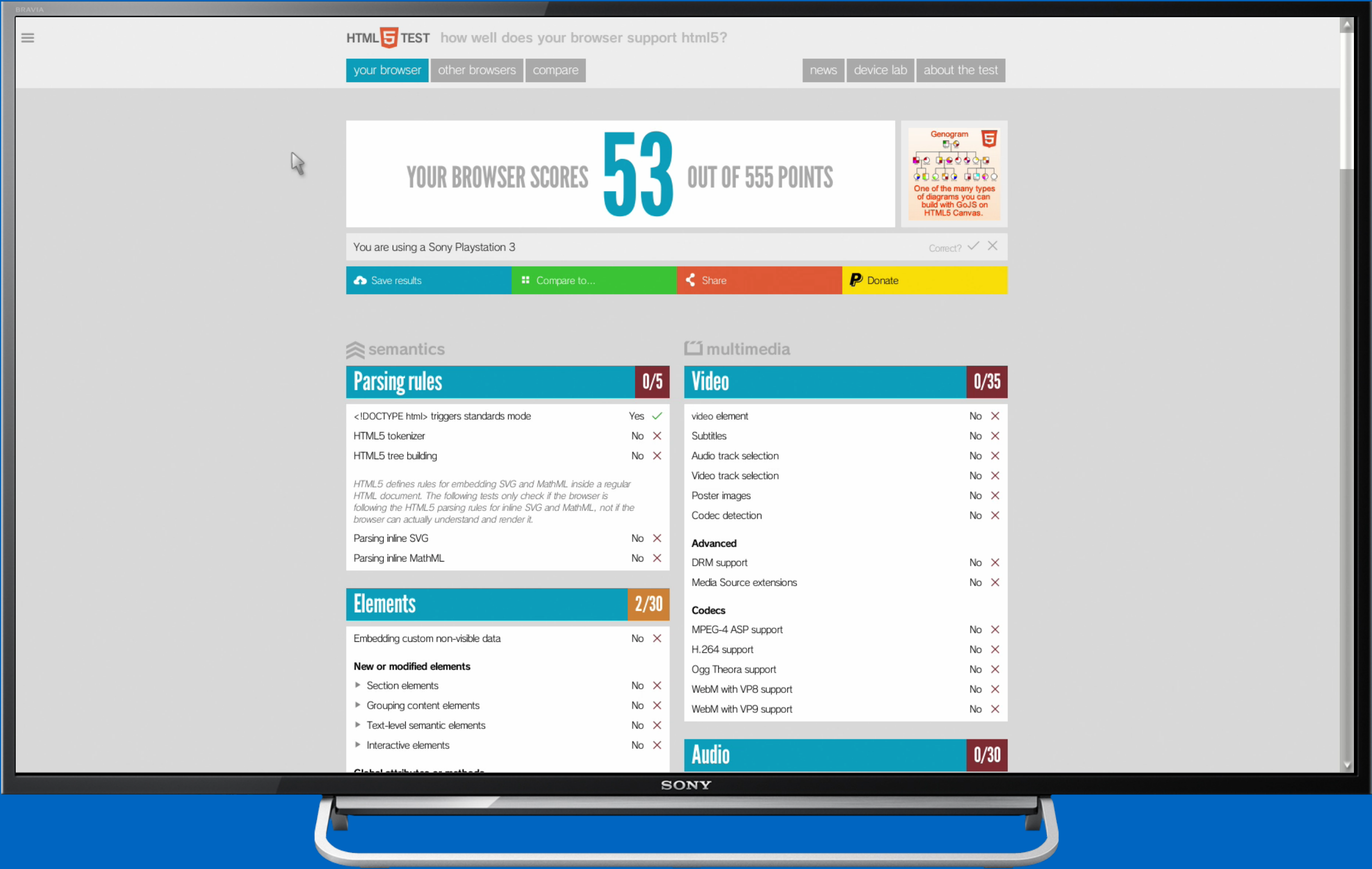
microsoft xbox one

1226 pixels



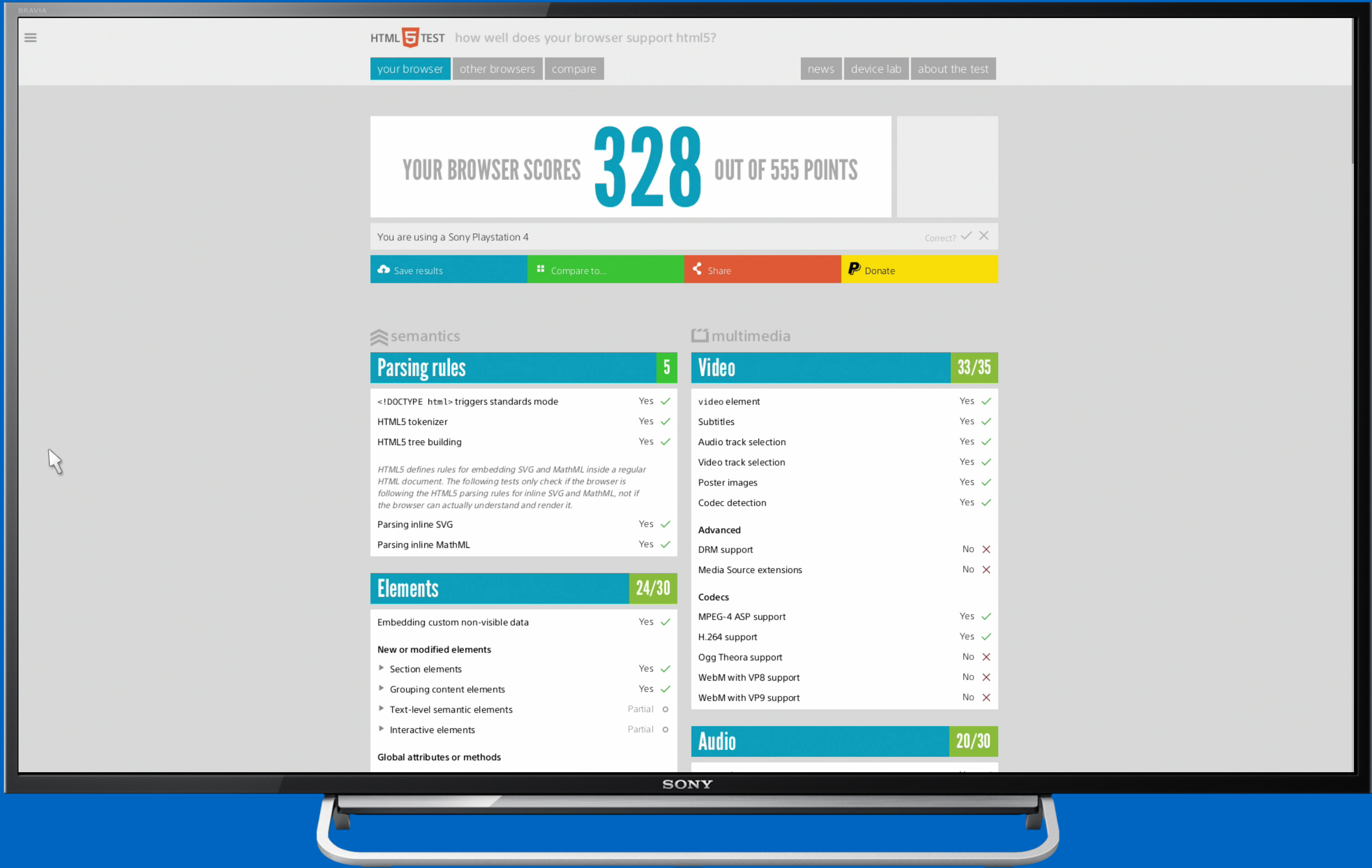
lg netcast

1824 pixels



sony playstation 3

1920 pixels



sony playstation 4

device pixels \neq device pixels
(of course not)

**sometimes devices pixels are not
physical devices pixels, but virtual device pixels**

**the browser renders in a lower resolution
which is upscaled to the resolution of the display**

3

distance to the screen

“Make fonts and graphics on the site larger to account for viewing distance. People sit proportionally farther from a TV than from a computer monitor of the same size.”

– **Internet Explorer for Xbox One Developer Guide**

fluid design++

the size of the contents is determined
by the width of the viewport

1 use percentages for positioning

```
.left { width: 60%; }
```

```
.right { left: 60%; width: 40%; }
```


2

base the fontsize on the viewport

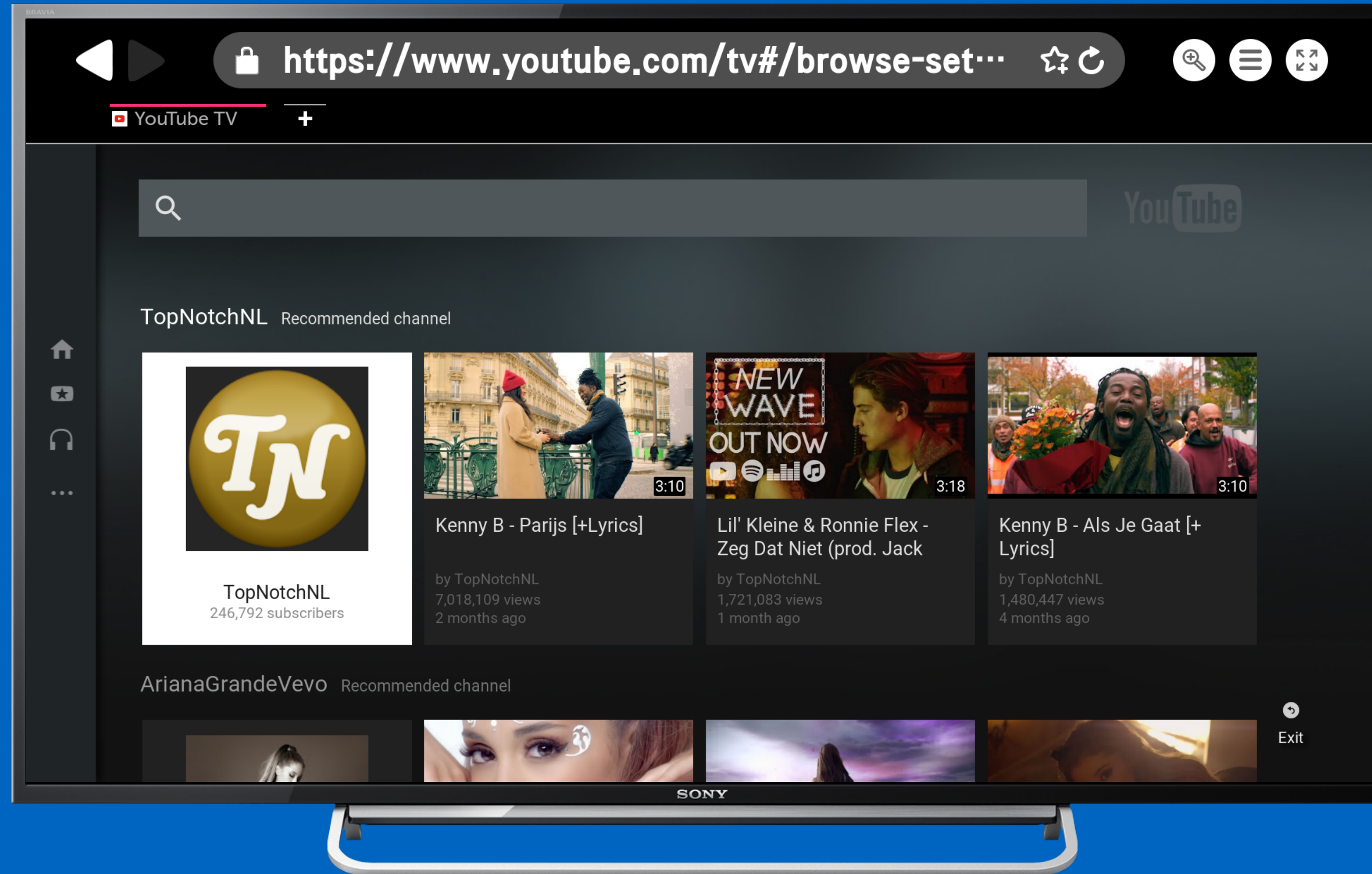
```
document.body.style.fontSize =  
    ((window.innerWidth / 1920) * 300) + '%';
```


3 or maybe use viewport units – with polyfill

```
body { font-size: 3vw; }  
.left { width: 60vw; height: 100vh; }  
.right { width: 40vw; height: 100vh; }
```


4 use a safe margin around the contents

```
body {  
    padding: 5%;  
}
```

youtube tv website

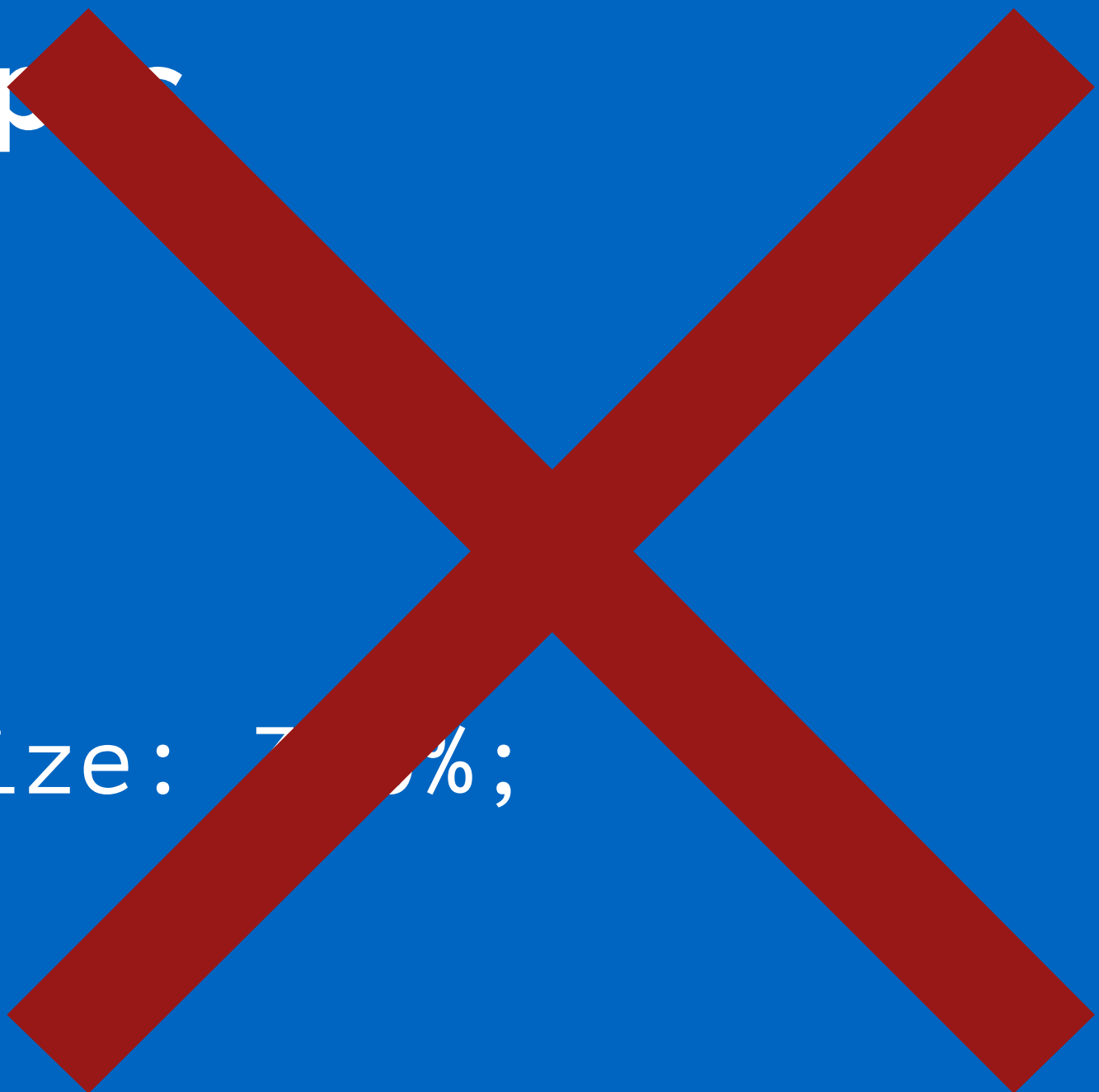
identifying smart tv's

(css for televisions)

1

css media type

```
@media tv {  
  body {  
    font-size: 70%;  
  }  
}
```



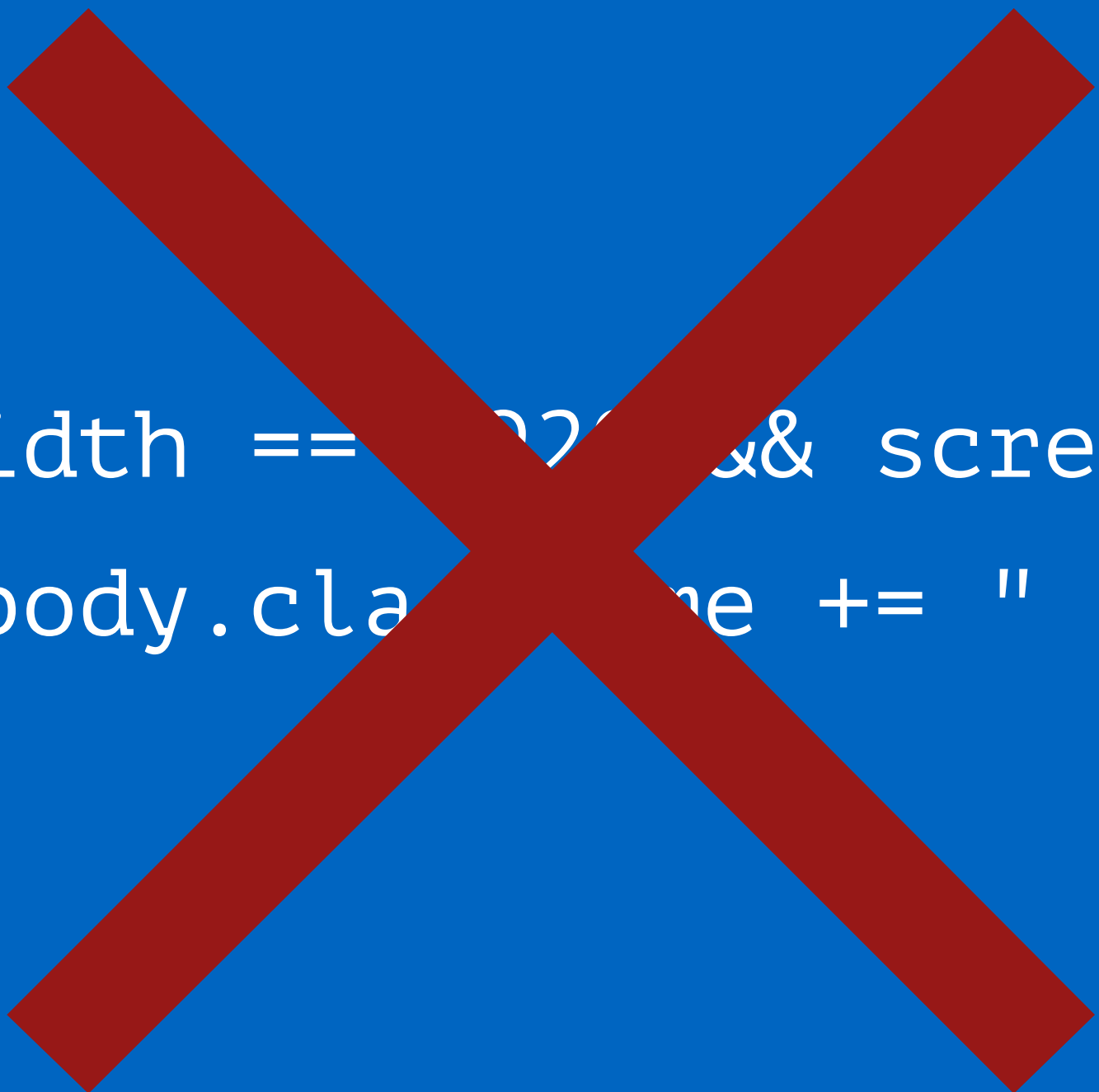
1 css media types

**all television browsers use the
css media type 'screen'**

2

screen size

```
if (screen.width == 1280 & screen.height == 1080) {  
    document.body.className += " television";  
}
```



2

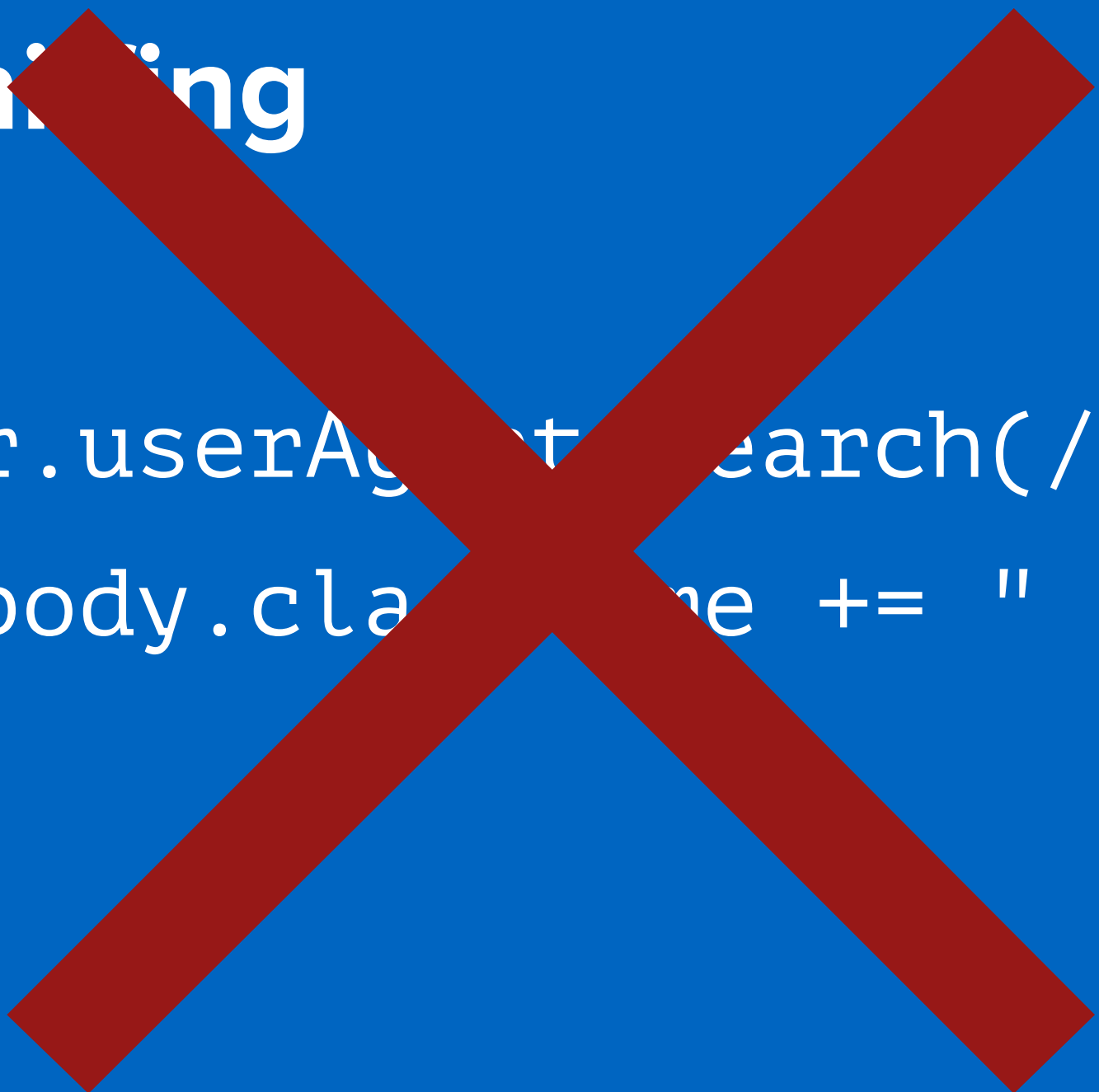
screen size

**monitors and phones often use
hd resolutions, television browsers
often use other resolutions**

3

useragent sniffing

```
if (navigator.userAgent.search(/TV/i) >= 0) {  
    document.body.className += " television";  
}
```



3 useragent sniffing

not all smart tv's are recognisable

Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux; ko-KR)

AppleWebKit/534.26+ (KHTML, like Gecko)

Version/5.0 Safari/534.26+

4 couch mode

**the only reliable way to optimise a website
for television is to make two different websites...**

**or give the user the ability to switch on
couch mode**

4

be careful with
feature detection

“Basically every feature that talks to the operating system or hardware, is suspect.”

– Me


```
if (!!navigator.geolocation) {  
    navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
        success, failure  
    );  
}  
else {  
    // alternative  
}
```



```
if (!!navigator.geolocation) {  
    navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
        success, failure  
    );  
}
```

- 1 failure is called with a “permission denied” error code
- 2 no callback at all to success or failure


```
if (!!navigator.geolocation) {  
    navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
        success, failure  
    );  
}
```

3

success is called with longitude = 0 and latitude = 0

4

**success is called with the coordinates of
Mountain View, USA**

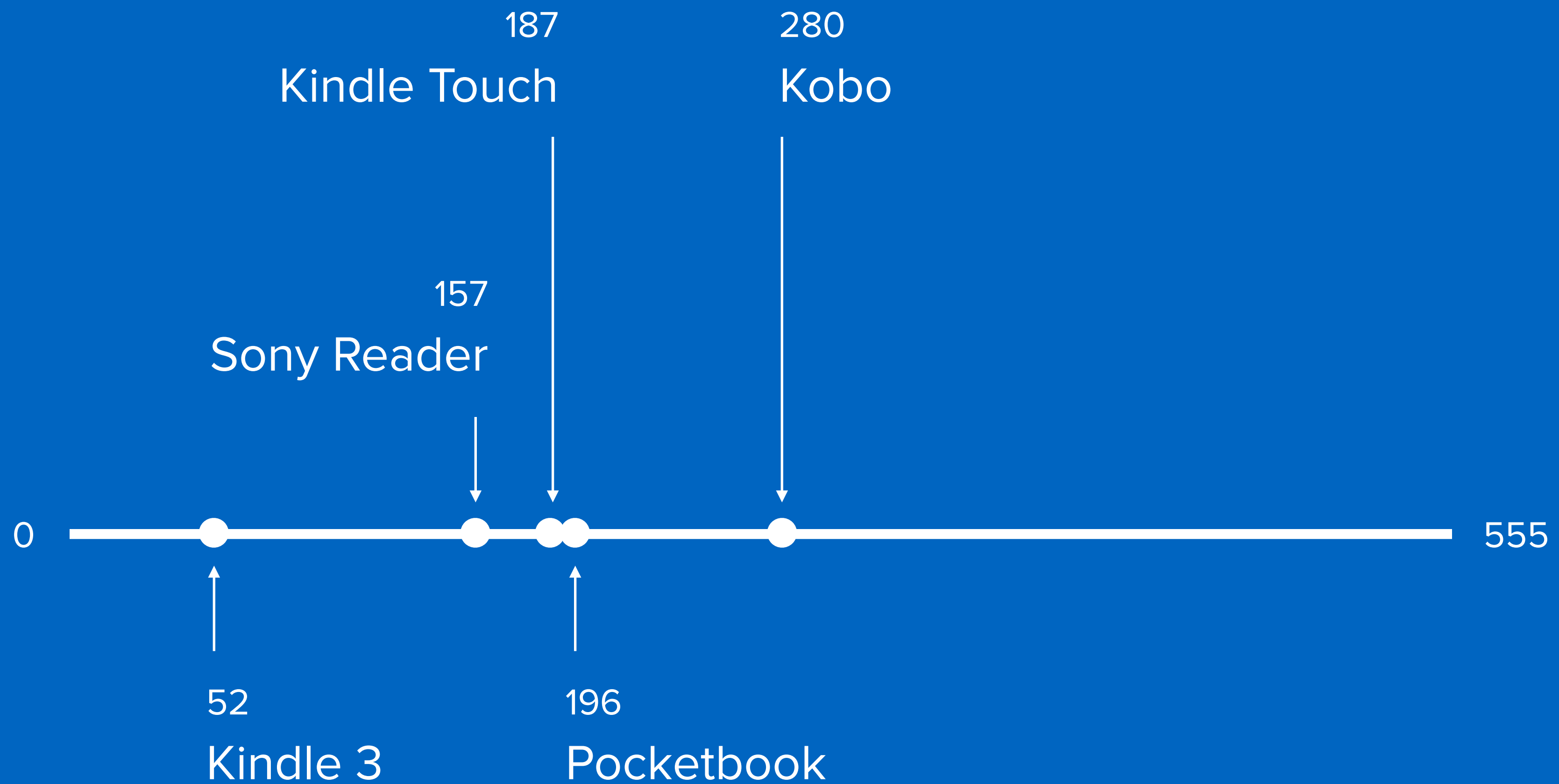
**is there a future for web apps
on the big screen?**



**the new apple tv does not ship
with a browser by default**

**android tv does not ship
with a browser by default**

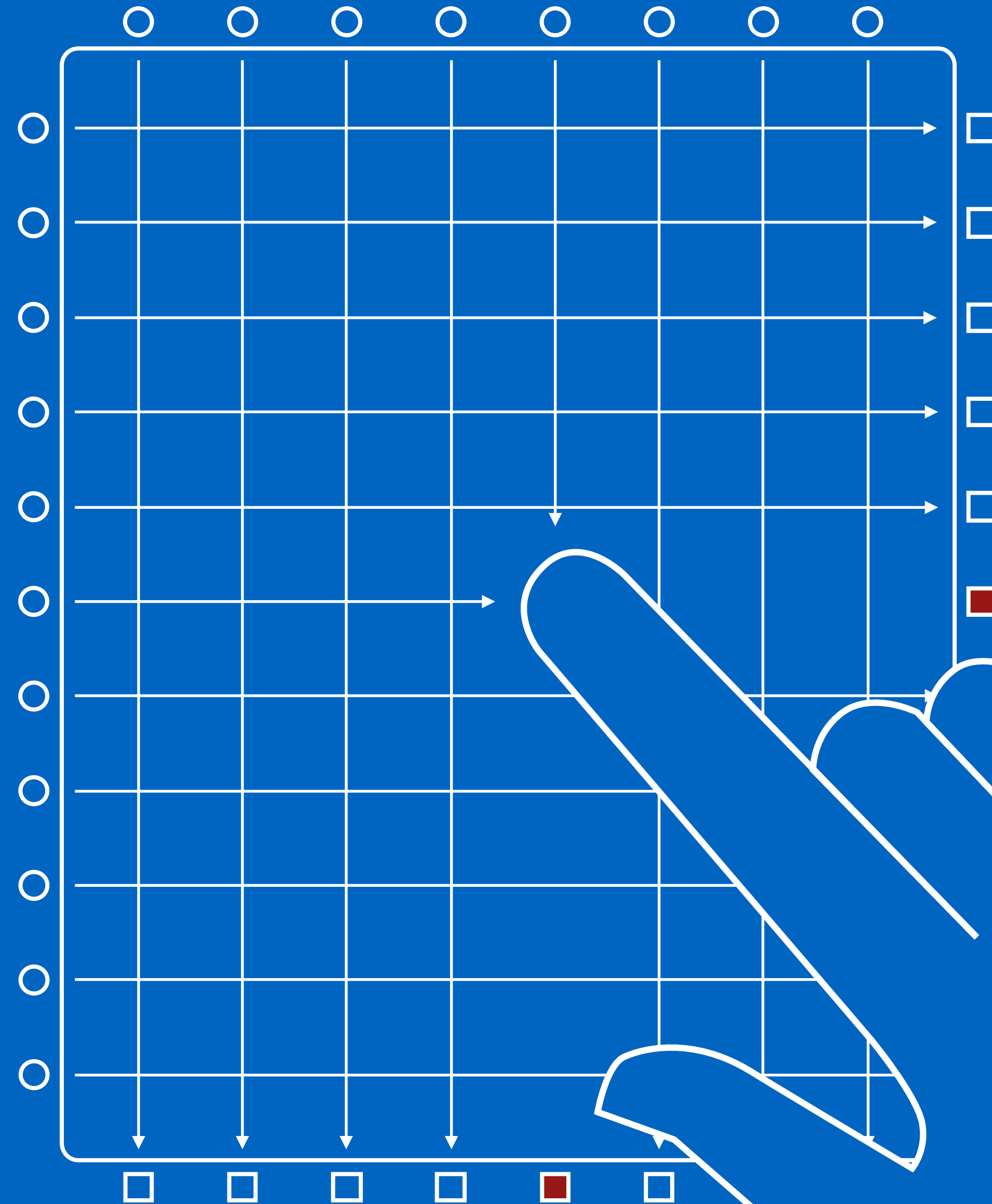
e-readers



e-reader results on html5test.com

infrared touch screen

led's

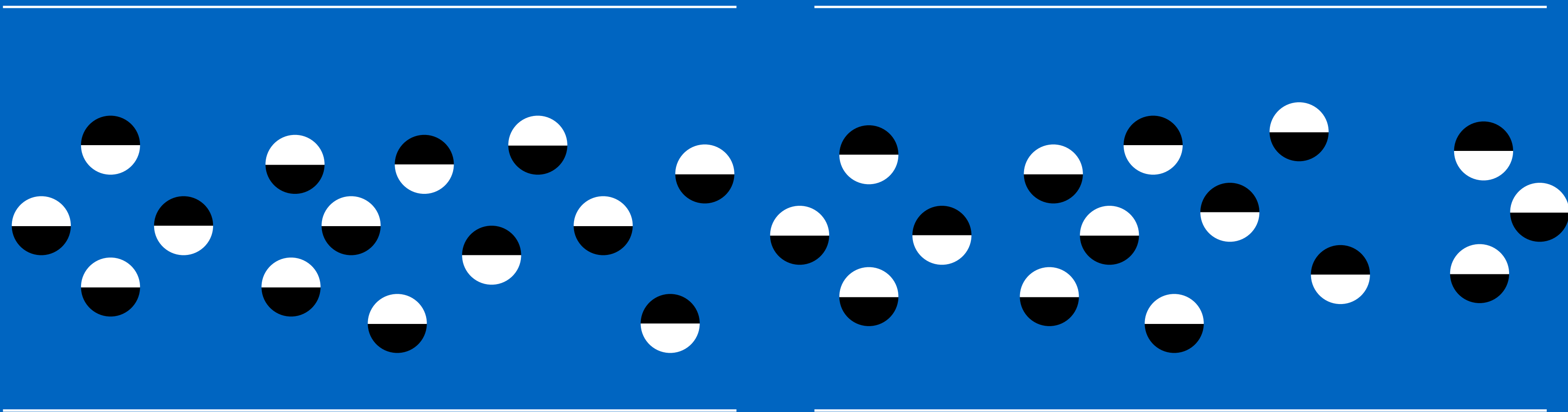


sensors

	mouse events		touch events
	down/up	move	
amazon kindle touch	yes		
pocketbook basic touch	yes		
kobo glow	yes	yes	
sony reader	yes	yes	1 finger

e-ink screens
(slow, slower, slowest)

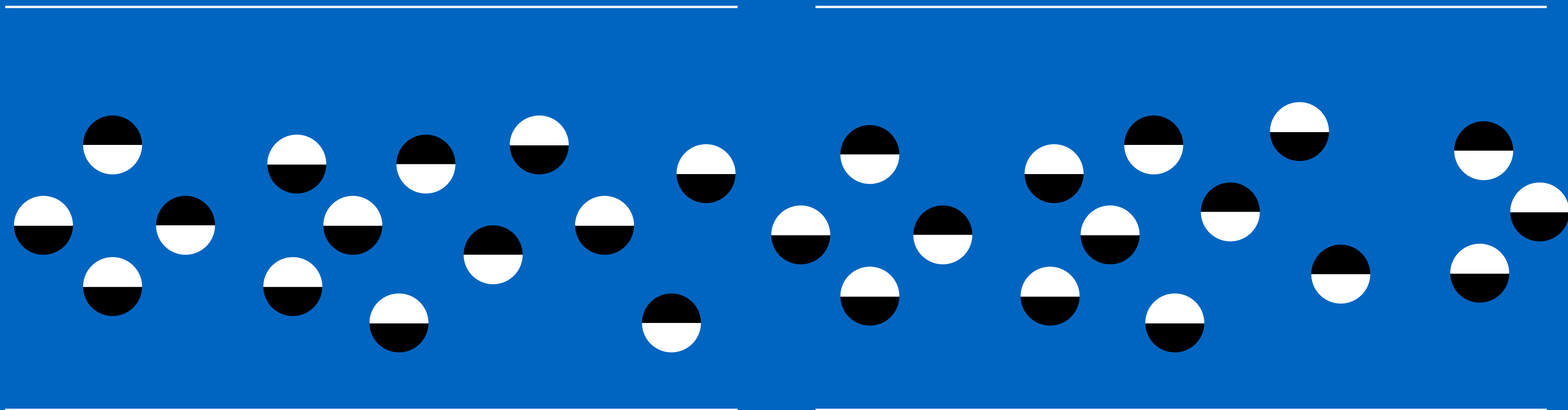
microscopic electrostatic charged balls



microscopic electrostatic charged balls

+

—



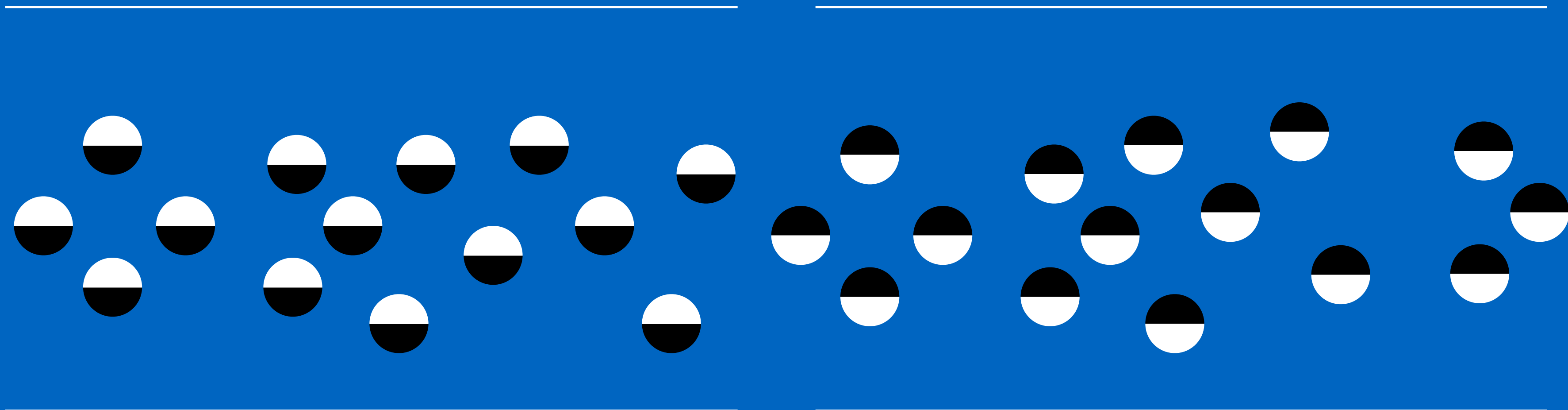
—

+

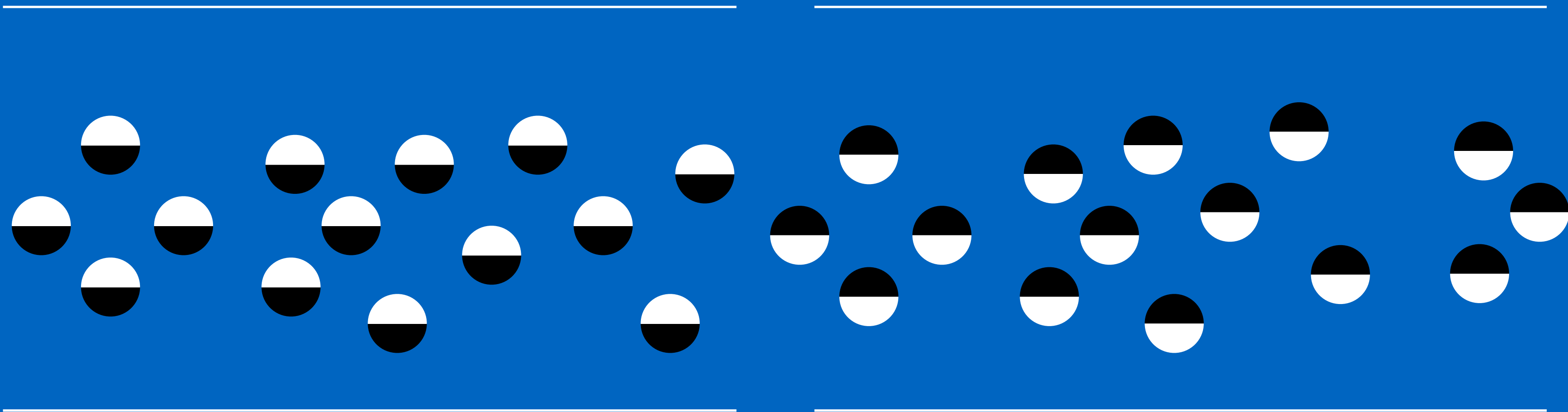
microscopic electrostatic charged balls

+

-



microscopic electrostatic charged balls





HTML5test - How well do...

http://html5test.com/

HTML5 TEST

how well does your browser support html5?

your browser

other browsers

compare

news

device lab

about the test

YOUR BROWSER SCORES
280

OUT OF 555 POINTS

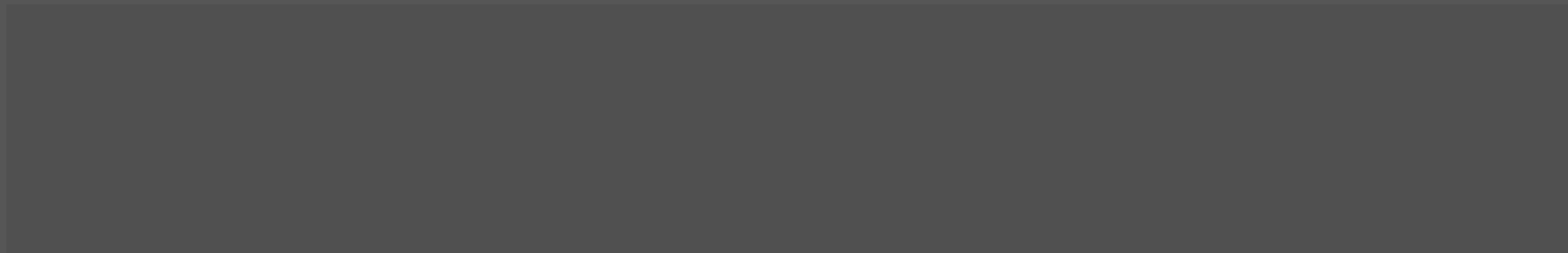
kobo

**maybe css animations and transitions
weren't such a great idea after all**

**two completely different colors can look
exactly the same in black and white**



**two completely different colors can look
exactly the same in black and white**



identifying e-readers

(css for e-ink screens)

1

css monochrome mediaquery

```
@media (monochrome)
```

```
...
```

```
}
```


1 **css monochrome mediaquery**

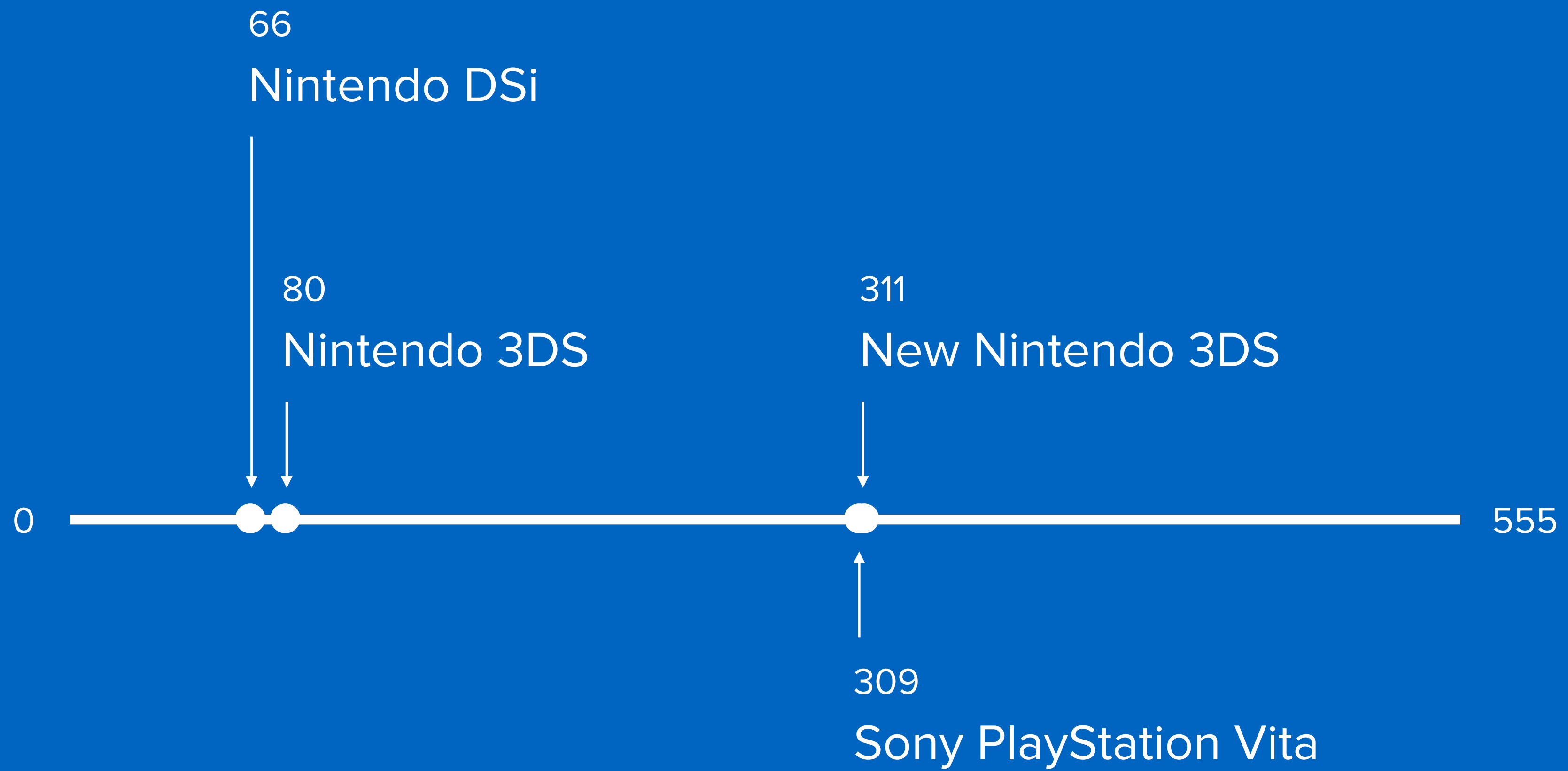
**all tested e-readers act like
they have a color screen**

2 useragent sniffing

there is no universal marker in the useragent string, but we can recognise individual manufacturers and models



portable consoles



portable console results html5test.com

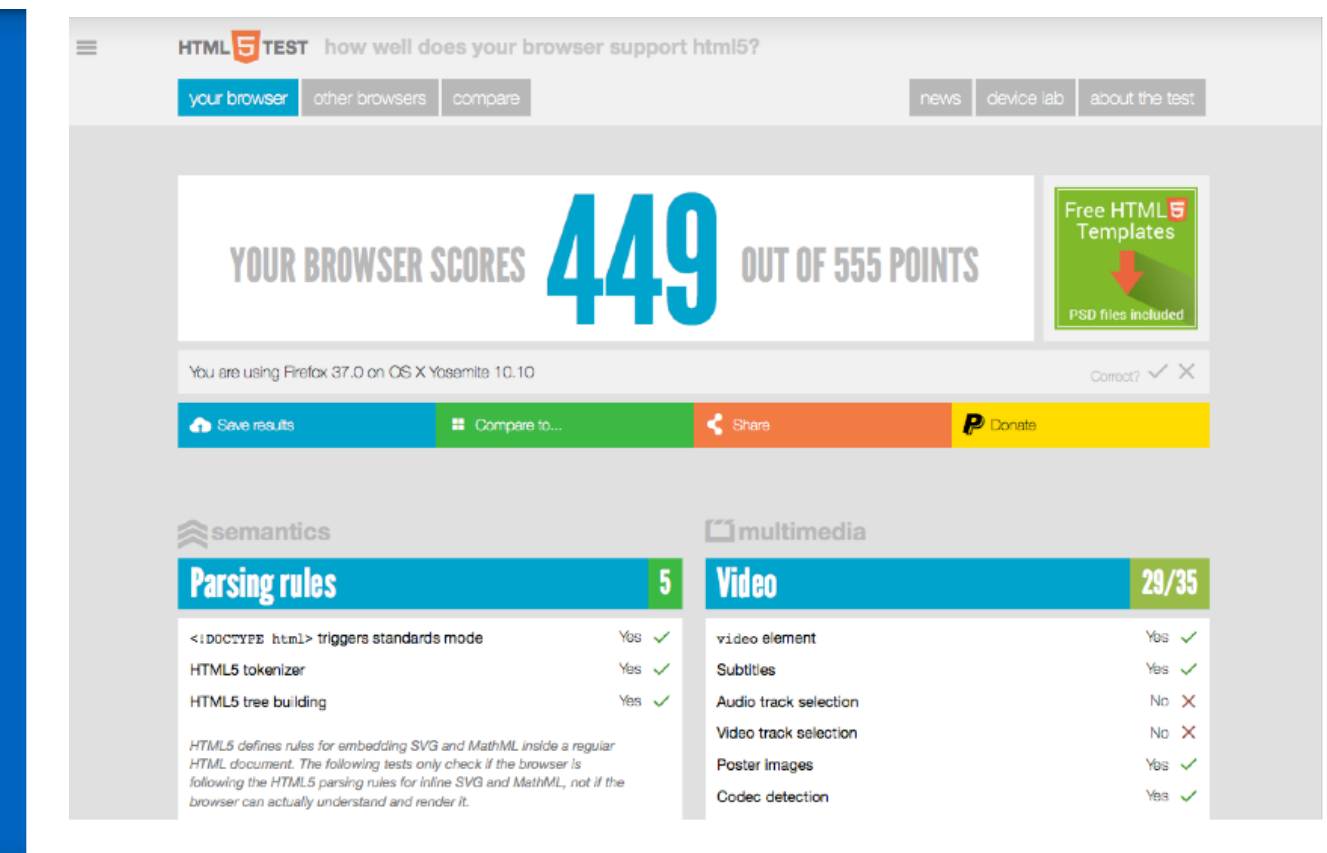
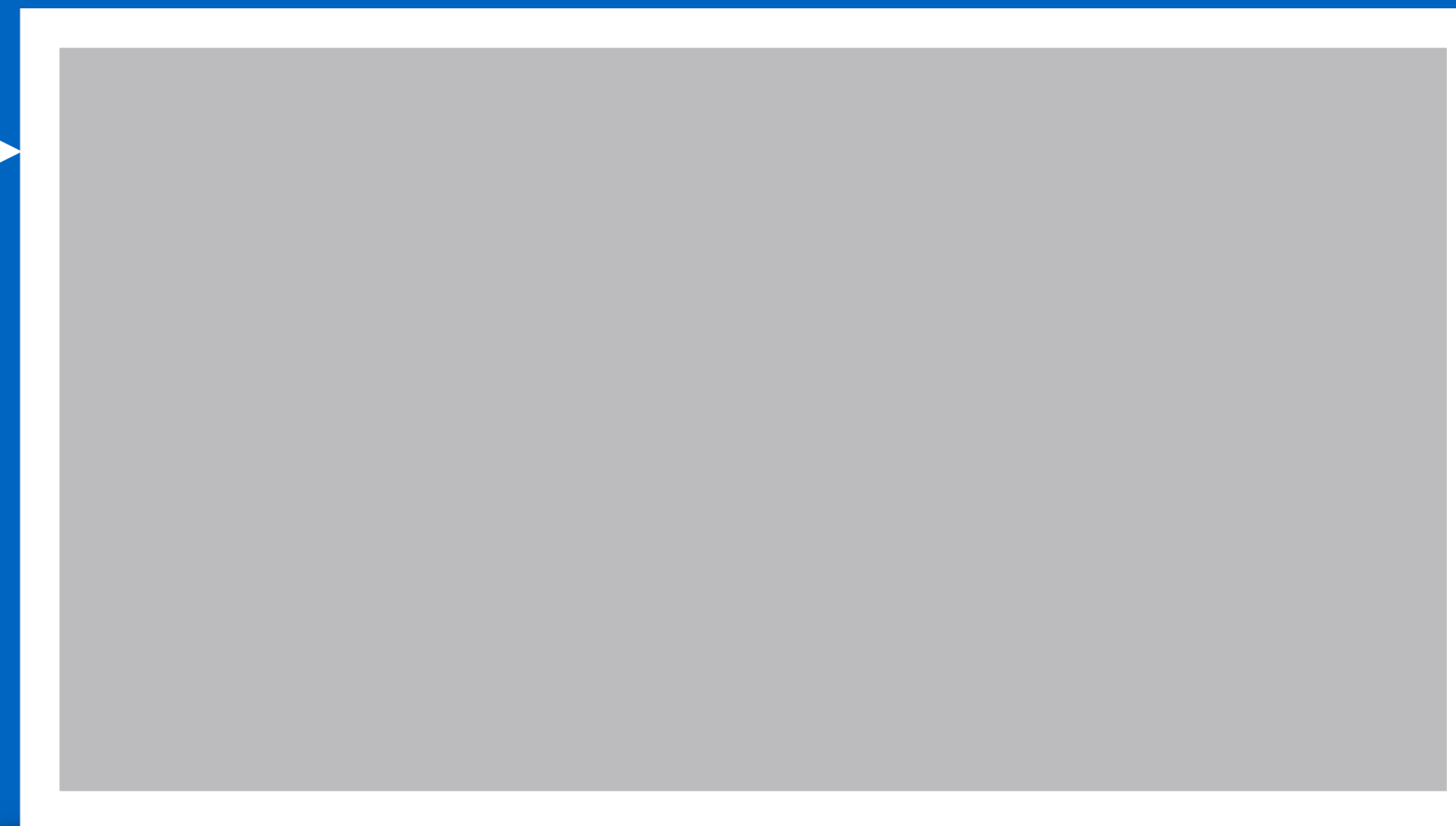


two screens
(surprisingly normal)

a dual visual viewport

(the bottom one is the primary visual viewport)

3d screen, but only
2d is supported in
the browser

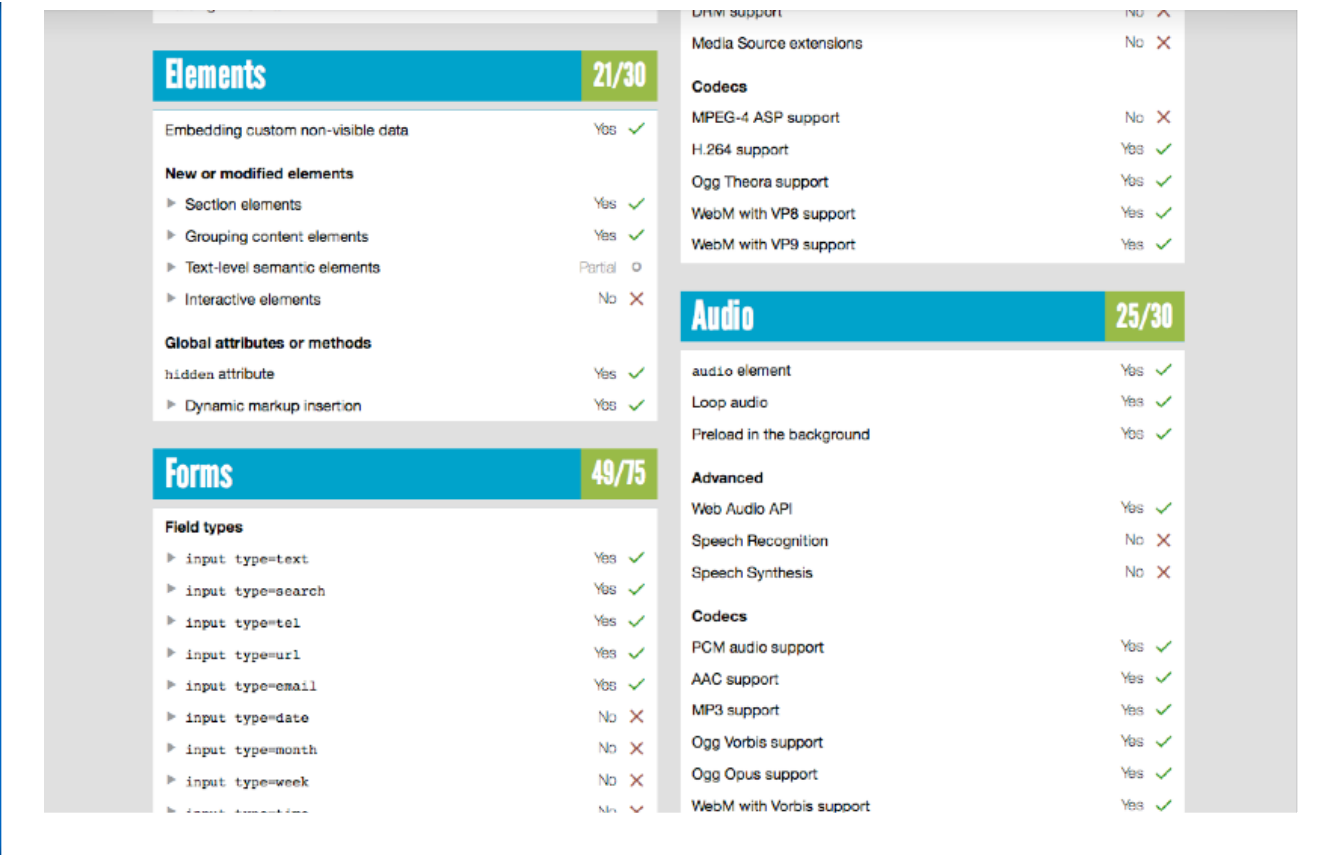
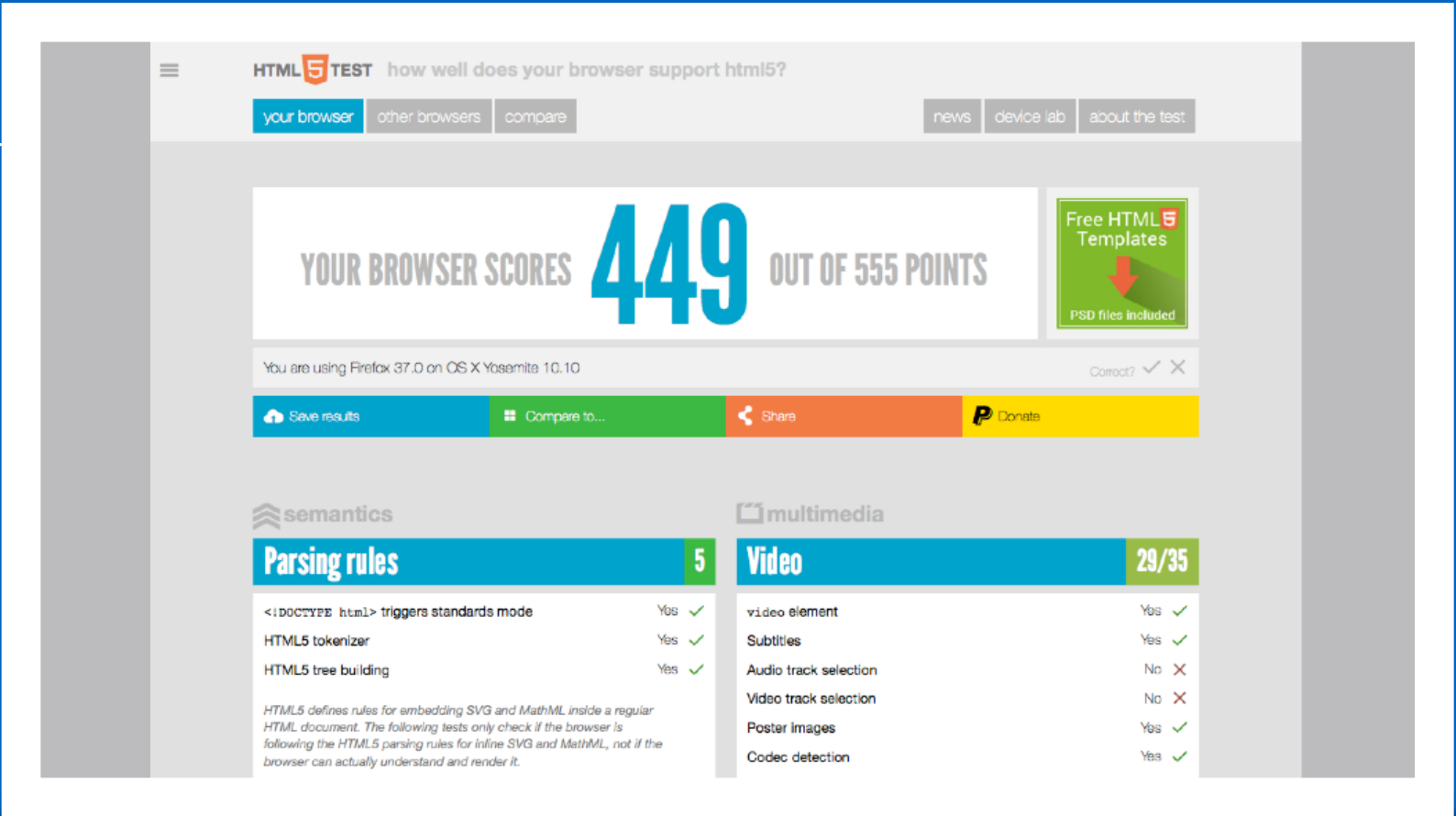


resistive
touch screen

a dual visual viewport

(the bottom one is the primary visual viewport)

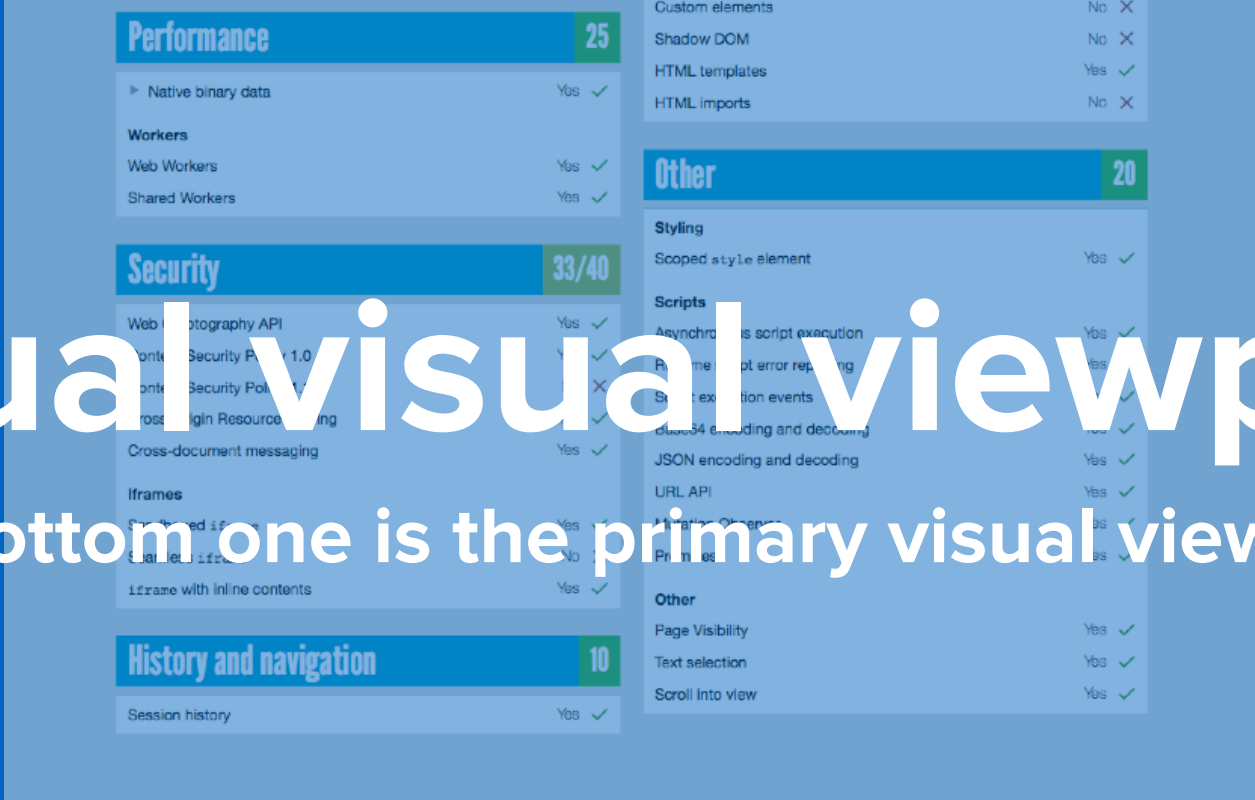
3d screen, but only
2d is supported in
the browser



resistive
touch screen

a dual visual viewport

(the bottom one is the primary visual viewport)



3d screen, but only 2d is supported in the browser



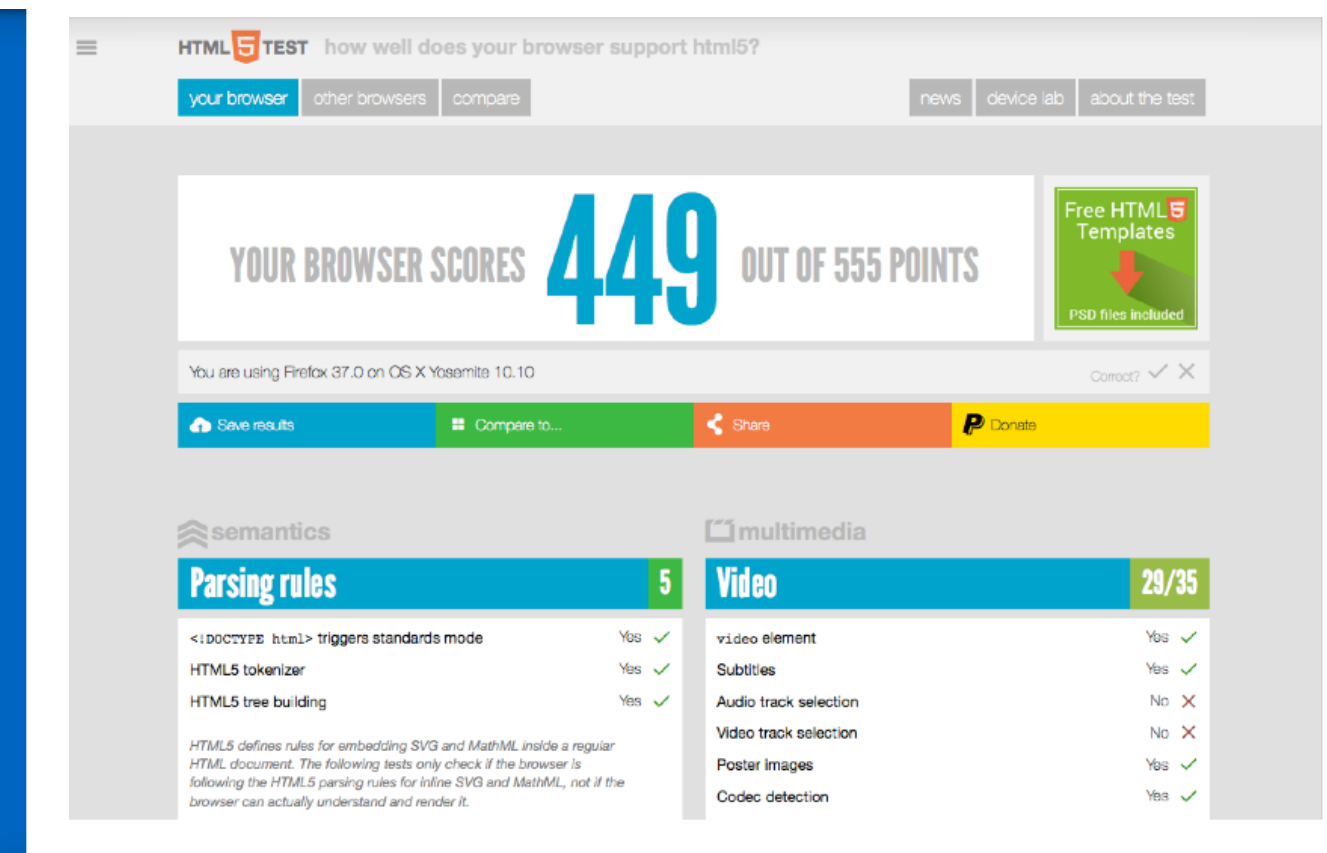
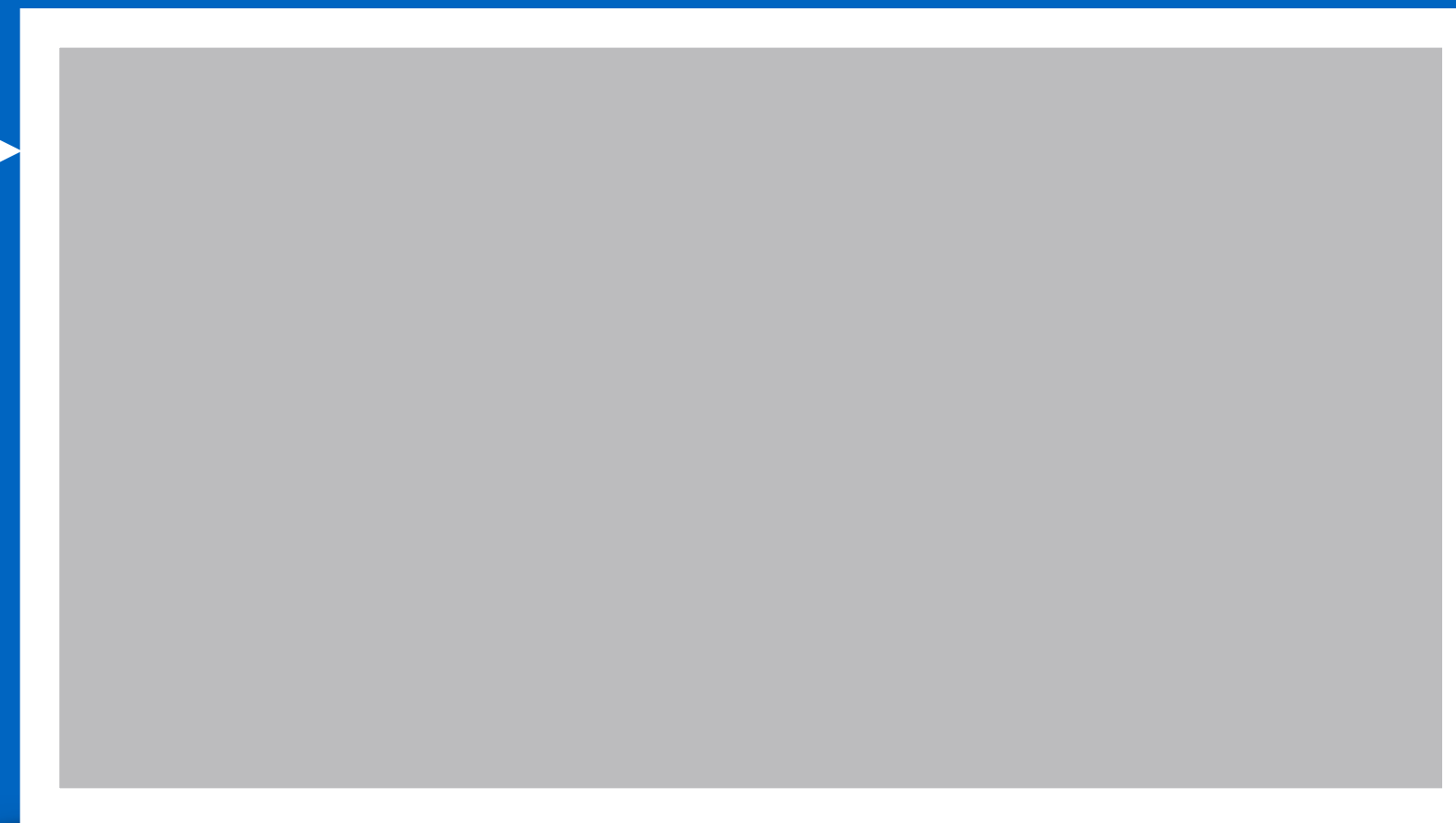
resistive touch screen



a dual visual viewport

(the bottom one is the primary visual viewport)

3d screen, but only
2d is supported in
the browser



resistive
touch screen



weird browsers!



“We cannot predict future behavior
from a current experience that sucks”

– Jason Grigsby

thank you

niels leenheer

@html5test