

Daily Elastic Observability B(y|i)te Index Lifecycle Management & data streams

—
David Pilato (@dadoonet)



Before data streams

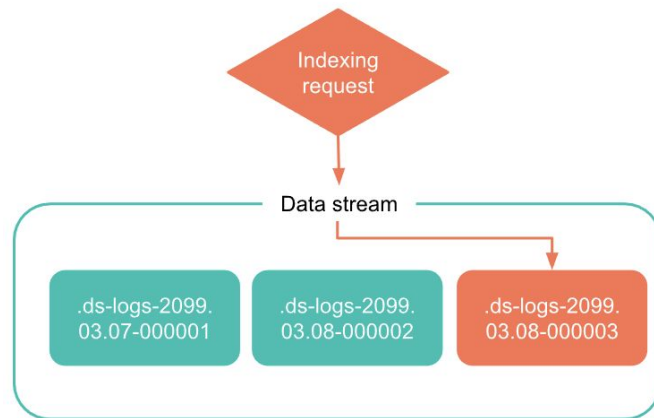
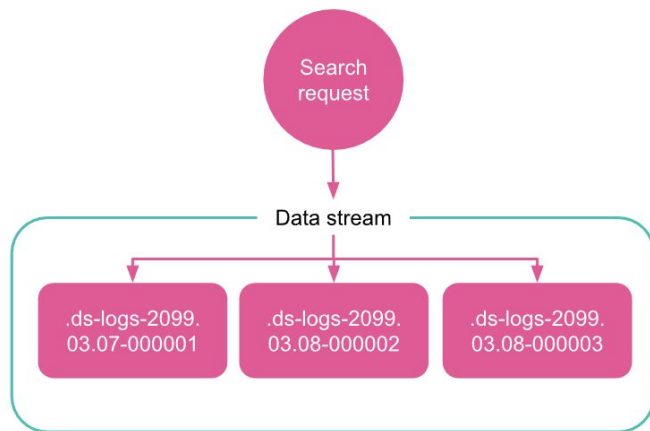
- One single index for a use case (for example **logs**)
 - mixing **nginx** logs with **smtp** logs (different fields)
 - with thousand of fields (10k limit)
 - most fields are empty (bad compression because of sparsity)
 - very big index mapping

Data streams

- One datastream per dataset
- Naming convention `<type>-<dataset>-<namespace>`
 - `logs-nginx-default`, `logs-smtp-default`
 - `metrics-linux.iostat-default`, `metrics-system.diskio-default`
- Data streams **must** have a matching **index template**
- Documents **must** contain the `@timestamp` field (configurable)
- for **append-only** time series data

Data streams

- backing index `.ds-<data-stream>-<yyyy.MM.dd>-<generation>`
- rollover and alias
 - many search indices
 - one single write index



Before ILM

- Time based indices like **filebeat-2021.10.28**
 - some are very small
 - what happens for big events (like christmas)?
 - what happens when you have unpredictable traffic?

ILM

- an ILM policy:
 - Might use rollover
 - Might be moved to warm, cold, frozen phases
 - Might be removed
- ILM can be applied to data streams



In action