

# Managing your Red Hat Enterprise Linux guests with RHN Satellite



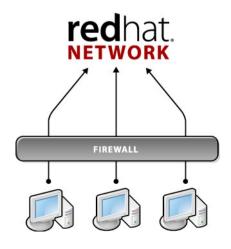
Brad Hinson: Sr. Support Engineer Lead on System z, Red Hat Shawn Wells: Lead, Linux on System z, Red Hat

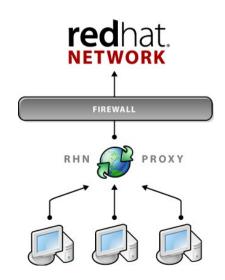


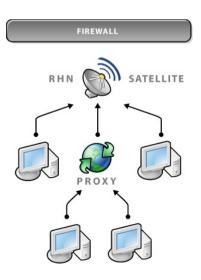


### **Red Hat Network**

- Red Hat's modular, Web-based Linux management platform
  - Highly scalable solution
  - Integrates with existing platforms
- Modular approach
  - Updates Management Provisioning Monitoring











### What is Red Hat Network?

A systems management platform designed to provide complete lifecycle management of the operating system and applications.

- A single solution for lifecycle management of compute resources
  - Installing and provisioning new system
  - Updating systems
  - Managing configuration files
  - Monitoring performance
  - Redeploying for a new purpose







### Why use Red Hat Network?

#### **Red Hat Network makes Linux:**

### Deployable

Provision thousands of machines at once without touching them

#### Scalable

Expand IS/IT capabilities without expanding resources

#### Manageable

Update 1,000 systems as easily as 1

#### Consistent

 Ensure that security fixes and configuration changes are applied across your organization





### **Benefits of Red Hat Network**

#### Lower system administration costs

- Management tools let you maximize your hardware investment
- Complete installation takes only minutes (Hosted) to 1-2 days (Satellite)

#### Increase productivity

- 4-10X system admin productivity, easily allowing 150+ systems/system admin
- Flexible architecture allows use of GUI, API, or CLI (scripted) interface
- All tasks automated allowing you to move beyond "guru bottleneck"

#### Improve security

- Content stream comes directly & immediately from Red Hat
- Complete audit trail and various predefined reports
- Policies and permissions provide centrally managed role-based administration





# **Example: Using Red Hat Network for adaptive infrastructure**

#### Many enterprises want to use hardware more efficiently

- Demand for externally-facing services often shifts. In order to adapt to changing demand conditions, administrators need flexible systems
- It can take hours to manually re-deploy a single system.

#### Detect when demand increases

- Red Hat Network can alert you when systems or applications reach defined levels of performance
- Allows vou to take action before customers notice performance degradation

### Re-deploy systems quickly

- Red Hat Network stores profiles that can include packages, custom applications, configuration files, and more
- Use the profiles to change under-utilized systems to the type of system needed to meet current business needs
- In 20-30 minutes, you can have hundreds of systems re-deployed





### **Red Hat Network components**

#### **Service Modules**

- Update
- Management
- Provisioning
- Monitoring

#### **Architectures**

- Hosted
- Satellite







### **Update Module**

Easily obtain security updates, patches, and new OS versions





Automatically update systems with the latest security fixes



- Included in every Enterprise Linux subscription
- All content is digitally signed for added security
- Full dependency checking ensures the integrity of your system





### **Management Module**



Manage groups of systems as easily as a single system

Assign permissions to administrators for managing different groups or roles





Schedule updates to occur during maintenance windows

- Powerful search capabilities let you identify systems based on packages, system information, and much more
- Compare package profiles between systems to quickly spot differences
- Manage both Enterprise Linux and Solaris systems within the same RHN interface

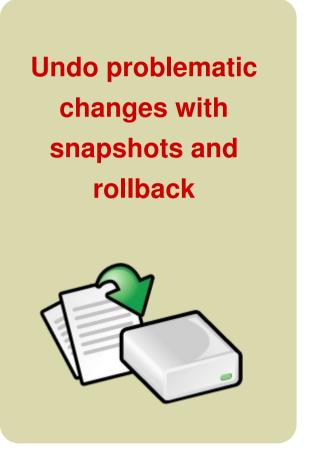




# **Provisioning Module**

Provision existing or bare metal systems using predetermined profiles or system cloning





- Use Provisioning to deploy Enterprise Linux, other applications, and customized configuration files
- Kickstart writer lets you quickly create templates used for provisioning
- Issue remote commands to perform additional pre- and post-install instructions

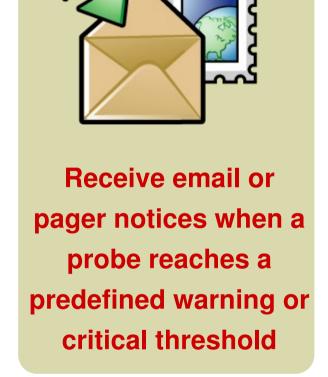




# **Monitoring Module**



Dozens of lowimpact probes can be set for each system Group probes into suites for fast deployment



- Monitor systems, as well as applications from Oracle, BEA, Apache, and MySQL
- View reports and graphs of probe performance over time
- Temporarily disable notifications helpful when performing system maintenance
- Monitoring Module requires a Satellite deployment model





### What can be monitored?

#### System Probes

**Linux**: CPU Usage, Disk I/O Throughput, Disk Usage, Interface Traffic, Load, Memory Usage, Process Health, ...

Network: FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, IMAP, Ping, POP, RPCService, SSH, SMTP, ...

Log Agent: Log Size, Pattern Matching, ...

#### **Application Probes**

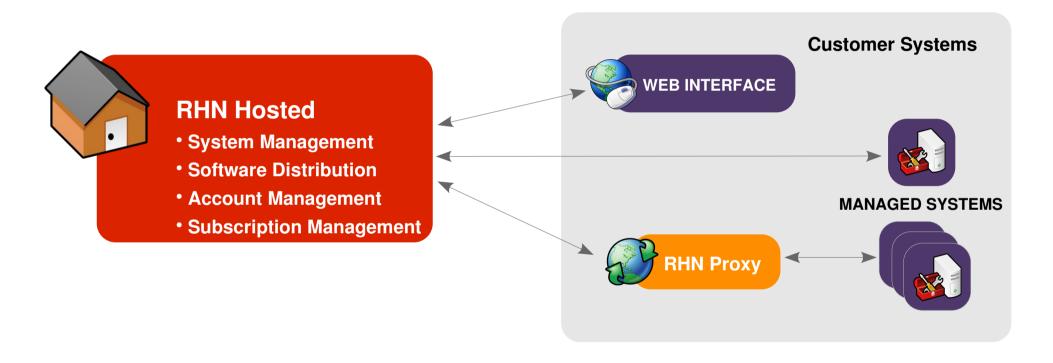
- Oracle 8i/9i: Availability, Client Connectivity, Disk Sort Ratio, Index Extents, Locks, Sessions, Tablespace Usage, TNS Ping, ...
- BEA Weblogic: Heap Free, JDBC Connection Pool, Server State, ...
- Apache: Processes, Traffic, Uptime
- MySQL: Database Accessibility, Opened Tables, Query Rate, Threads Running

You can also create your own probes using tools provided through Red Hat Network.





# Hosted deployment model

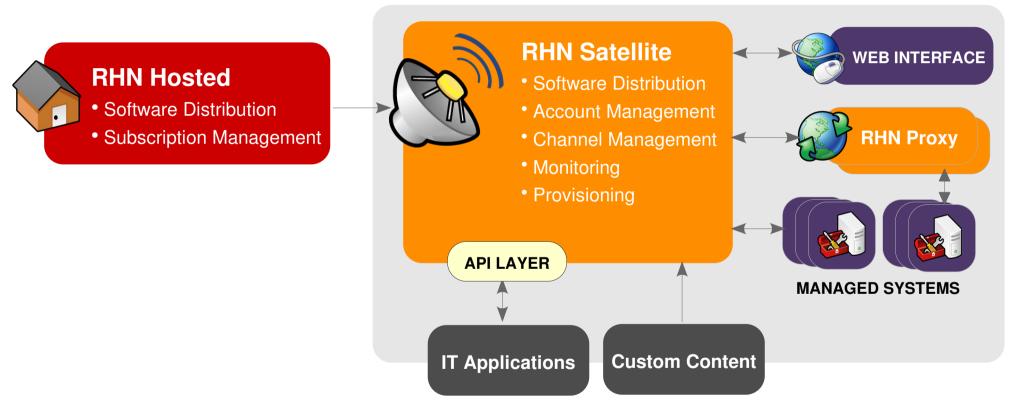


- Quick setup is designed to enable management for small deployments
- All system information, profiles, and packages are stored in Red Hat's servers
- Each managed system connects across the Internet for all managed actions
- RHN Proxy can be added to lower bandwidth use by caching packages locally





### Satellite deployment model



- Enterprise management solution enhanced control
- Local database stores all packages, profiles, and system information
- Syncs content from RHN Hosted
- Custom content distribution
- Can run disconnected from the Internet





### Why use a Satellite Server?

### Improved performance

- Systems connect to Satellite instead of each downloading content from Red Hat
- Satellite syncs with Red Hat to get the latest packages and errata
- Embedded Oracle database scales to thousands of connected systems

#### Better control

- Satellite can run disconnected from the Internet for maximum security
- Use custom channels to distribute in-house or 3<sup>rd</sup> party content
- Build around your processes create cloned channels for staged environments

### Advanced functionality

- Monitoring and Solaris Management only available to Satellite users
- Satellite enables kickstarts with Provisioning Module
- Kickstart trees integrated into package repository for easy provisioning
- Store and deploy configuration files from the Satellite to improve consistency





### Satellite terms to understand

- Channel: A list of software packages. There are two types of channels (base, child).
- Organization Administrator: User role with highest level of control. This user can add users, systems, and system groups.
- Channel Administrator: This user can create/clone/modify software channels.
- Red Hat Update Agent: Client application that connects to RHN/Satellite.





### **How it Works**

#### Database

Your existing database (standalone) or bundled (embedded Oracle 9i R2)

#### RHN Satellite Server

- Entry point for Red Hat Update Agent running on clients
- Apache HTTP server serving XML-RPC requests)

#### RHN Satellite Web Interface

Advanced system, system group, user, and channel management interface

### RPM Repository

 Package repository for Red Hat RPM packages as well as middleware/custom RPM packages.





### **How it Works**

### Management Tools

- Database and file system syncrhonization tools
- RPM importing tools
- Channel maintenance tools (Web based)
- Errata management tools (Web based)
- User management tools (Web based)
- Client system and system grouping tools (Web based)
- Red Hat Update Agent on the client systems





### **Installation Requirements**

#### Software

- RHEL 4 (31-bit or 64-bit)
- @Base install

#### Hardware

- 1 to 2 (virtual) IFLs
- 2 to 4 GB storage (memory)
- 1 GB swap (combination VDISK, disk)
- 1 x mod3 for OS install
- Estimated 12 GB disk space for embedded database
- 6 GB per channel (disk)





# Infrastructure Requirements

#### Network Ports

- (80, 443) outbound, unless running in disconnected mode
- (80, 443) inbound, for WebUI and client requests
- (4545) outbound, if monitoring is configured and probes are active on clients
- (5222) inbound, to push actions to client systems
- (5269) inbound, to push actions to RHN Proxy Server

### Other Requirements

- Red Hat Network account
- Entitlement Certificate





# **Example RHN Certificate (XML)**

- <rhn-cert version="0.1">
- <rhn-cert-field name="product">RHN-SATELLITE-001/rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="owner">Clay's Precious Satellite/rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="issued">2005-01-11 00:00:00</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="expires">2005-03-11 00:00:00</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="provisioning-slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="nonlinux-slots">30</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="10" family="rhel-cluster"/>
- <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="30" family="rhel-ws-extras"/>
- <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="10" family="rhel-es-extras"/>
- <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="40" family="rhel-as"/>
- <rhn-cert-field name="channel-families" quantity="30" family="rhn-tools"/>
- <rhn-cert-field name="satellite-version">3.6</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-field name="generation">2</rhn-cert-field>
- <rhn-cert-signature>
- ----BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE-----
- Version: Crypt::OpenPGP 1.03
- iQBGBAARAwAGBQJCAG7yAAoJEJ5yna8GlHkysOkAn07qmlUrkGKs7/5yb8H/nboG
- mhHkAJ9wdmqOeKfcBa3IUDL53oNMEBP/dg==
- =0Kv7
- ----END PGP SIGNATURE-----
- </rhn-cert-signature>
- </rhn-cert>

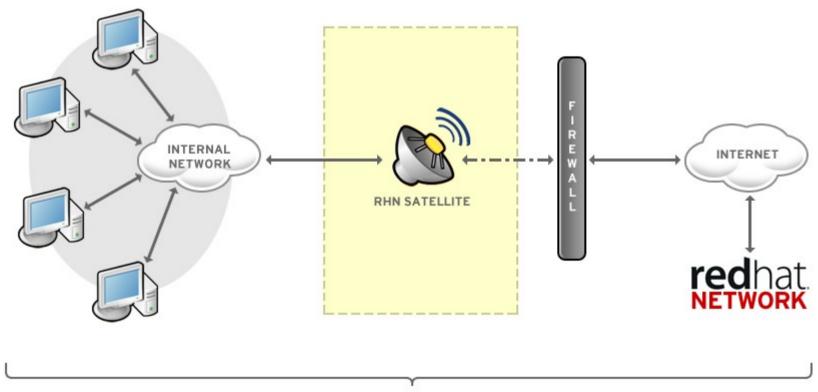




# **Example Topology – Single Satellite**

#### RHN SATELLITE

Single Satellite Topology Example







# **Example Topology – Multiple Tiered**

# RHN SATELLITE Multiple Satellites Horizontally Tiered Topology Example INTERNAL NETWORK INTERNET INTERNAL RHN SATELLITE redhat. INTERNAL





### **Example – Proxy Vertically Tiered**

### RHN SATELLITE-PROXY Satellite-Proxy Vertically Tiered Topology Example INTERNAL NETWORK RHN PROXY INTERNET INTERNAL NETWORK RHN SATELLITE RHN PROXY redhat. INTERNAL RHN PROXY

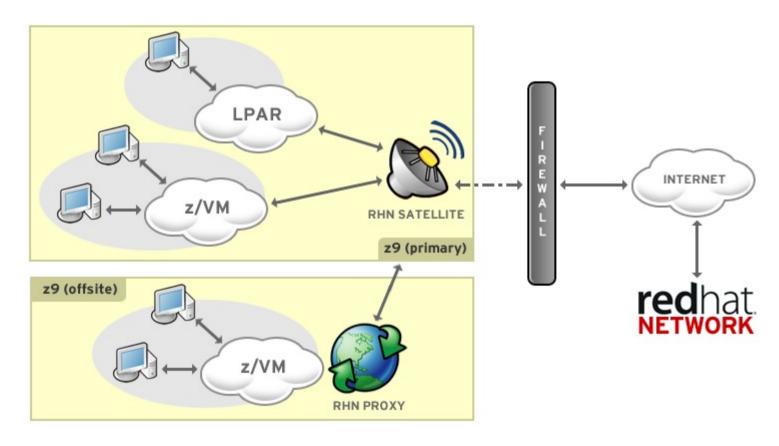




# Example – System z (multiple site)

#### RHN SATELLITE-PROXY

Satellite-Proxy System z Topology Example







# **Installing RHN Satellite**

- mount -o loop iso\_filename /media/
- cd /media; ./install.pl
  - ./install.pl --help
  - ./install.pl --disconnected

### Installer steps

- Create database
- Import Satellite certificate
- Register/Activate Satellite
- Generate CA certificate for SSL traffic





# Import Packages with satellite-sync

- Synchronize metadata/packages with RHN
  - Satellite connected to RHN

### Internal steps

- channel-families Import/sync channel family (architecture) data
- channels Import/sync channel data
- rpms Import/sync RPMs
- packages Import/sync full package data for RPMs retrieved successfully
- errata Import/sync Errata information





# Import Packages (Disconnected)

- Synchronize metadata/packages from Channel Content ISO
  - Released shortly after each RHEL update on RHN, then in regular increments
- Use channel data from another Satellite
  - rhn-satellite-exporter exports channel families, architectures, channel metadata, blacklists, RPMs, RPM metadata, errata, and kickstarts
  - rhn-satellite-exporter --dir=/var/sat-backup/
  - scp -r storage.example.com:/var/sat-backup/\* /var/rhn-sat-import
  - satellite-sync --list-channels --mount-point /var/rhn-sat-import
  - satellite-sync -c rhel-s390x-as-4 --mount-point /var/rhn-sat-import
  - Can specify multiple channels in one command. Estimate ~2 hours per channel.





### Sources of further information

- Problem
  - Where can I find further information on RHN Satellite?
- Solution
  - Red Hat Knowledgebase
    - http://kbase.redhat.com/faq/
  - RHN Documentation
    - https://rhn.redhat.com/help/
  - RHN Satellite Users mailing list
    - https://www.redhat.com/mailman/listinfo/rhn-satellite-users
  - RHN Satellite comes with 24/7 support
    - https://www.redhat.com/apps/support/





# **Contacting Red Hat Support**

- Problem
  - My Satellite is not working, what should I do?
- Solution
  - 1) Gather data, include
    - RHN Satellite Debug

```
/usr/bin/satellite-debug
```

System Report

```
/usr/sbin/sysreport
```

RHN Proxy Debug (if needed)

```
/usr/bin/rhn-proxy-debug
```

2) Contact Red Hat Support with data





# **Appendix – Technical Data**

- RHN Satellite Components
- Apache
- Java & RHN Push
- Monitoring
- Database & Taskomatic
- Misc data





# **RHN Satellite Components**

- Web Server Apache
  - Satellite Web UI
  - /XMLRPC
  - /API
- Java Tomcat (new)
- RHN Push Jabber
  - osa-dispatcher (server side)
  - osad (client side)
- Monitoring Technology (new)
  - Monitoring Backend
  - Monitoring Scout
- Database Server Oracle 9i
- Scheduled tasks Taskomatic





# **RHN Satellite – Apache**

- Apache processes within RHN Satellite handle multiple types of requests
  - Satellite Web UI with perl and java components
  - /XMLRPC, /API & /APPLET via python
- Main configuration files
  - /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
  - /etc/httpd/conf/rhn/
  - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Runs with standard httpd daemon on ports 80 and 443

- Apache writes to various log files in the follow locations
  - /var/log/rhn/
  - /var/log/httpd/
- Misc files of note
  - SSL Certificates used by Apache
  - /etc/httpd/conf/ssl.key/server.key
  - /etc/httpd/conf/ssl.crt/server.crt





### RHN Satellite – Java & RHN Push

- Tomcat is communicated to via
  Apache for portions of the Java Web
  UI within RHN Satellite 4.0
- Main configuration file
  - /etc/tomcat5/tomcat5.conf
- Main log directory
  - /var/log/tomcat5/
- Tomcat daemon listens to ports
  - 8005
  - 8009
  - 8080

- The jabber protocol is being used by RHN as a means of being able to push scheduled actions to systems.
  - Satellite connects to jabber (osadispatcher)
  - Clients connect to jabber (osad)
- Main configuration files for push technology
  - /etc/jabberd/jabberd.cfg
  - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Main log files are
  - /var/log/messages
  - /var/log/rhn/osa-dispatcher.log





# **RHN Satellite – Monitoring**

- Monitoring Backend
- Monitoring Scout
  - Scout can also be on the same server as the backend
- Some of the monitoring configuration files
  - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
  - /etc/rhn/cluster.ini
  - /etc/NOCpulse.ini
  - /etc/httpd/conf/rhn/rhn\_monitoring.conf
- Specific to Scout
  - /home/nocpulse/etc/SatCluster.ini

- Monitoring has one main nanny script which is gogo.pl
- Nearly all Monitoring logging is done within
  - /home/nocpulse/var/
  - /opt/notification/var/





### RHN Satellite – Database & Taskomatic

- RHN Satellite needs communication to an Oracle 9i Database Server
  - Embedded or External Oracle
- Main configuration files for database
  - /etc/tnsnames.ora
  - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
  - /opt/apps/oracle/config/9.2.0/spfil erhnsat.ora
- Listener daemon (tnslsnr) runs localhost only on port 1290
- Main log files for Oracle
  - /var/log/rhn/rhn\_database.log
  - /rhnsat/admin/rhnsat/bdump/alert \_rhnsat.log

- Taskomatic is a daemon that runs constantly on RHN Satellite. It is used to execute scheduled tasks which are queued in the database.
- Uses /etc/rhn/rhn.conf configuration file.
- Logs into /var/log/messages





# Anything else I should know?

- The most important configuration file
  - /etc/rhn/rhn.conf
- Two common general options of interest that can be changed
  - traceback\_mail change the default email address alerts go to. Check this email address for traceback emails if something goes wrong
  - debug default is 1, setting to 5 or 6 is enough for troubleshooting
- Restart RHN Satellite services using command
  - service rhn-satellite restart
  - This will run the following service scripts
    - jabberd rhn-database osa-dispatcher taskomatic
    - tomcat5 httpd Monitoring MonitoringScout



# **Questions?**