moz://a

Intro to Progressive Web Apps

IWD Celebration – GDG Abu Dhabi – NYUAD | 9th March 2018



Hi.

We're Mozilla, the proudly non-profit champions of the Internet, helping to keep it healthy, open and accessible to all.





#mozilla

#moztechspeakers

TAKE 3 MIN to Tell Us What you think!

mzl.la/devsurvey





Alaa Shaheen

FloweryCoder in https://www.linkedin.com/in/alaashaheen1/

Email: alaa.shaheen2012@gmail.com

Software Product Manager at Bilbareed.com

Mozilla Tech Speaker



What is PWA

Web apps are the websites, that are using web technologies, and they have the capabilities to act like a mobile app.

Top level in task switcher

Top level in home screen

Top level in the notification tray

→"A progressive web application is basically a website built using modern web technologies but acts and feels like a mobile app"

Why we need to go into Progressive web apps?

 Recent studies shows that progressive web apps, increases business revenues and web stands for the companies.

Using the mobile apps,,

- ✤Needs to install app from the app store
- Some apps are not available in our countries
- Limited access to app stores
- Users install or buy apps when buying phone, then less apps are being installed.



Largest online shopping site in India, called FlipKart, launched their light application using progressive web apps, and they found a huge increase in the number of visitors.

62% from the users accessed the website from **2G network**.

Uses three times less mobile data to access the website and get the items they want.



Progressive Web Apps

→**Progressive:** must work on any device and enhance progressively.

→Discoverable: in search engines.

→Linkable: should use the URI to indicate the current state of the application.

→Responsive: must fit the device's form factor and screen size.

App-like: like a native app and be built on the application shell model, with minimal page refreshes.

Progressive Web Apps

Connectivity-independent: low connectivity or offline.

Re-engageable: push notifications.

Installable: installed on the device's home screen.

Fresh: new content should be made available in the app.

Safe: hosted over HTTPS to prevent man-in-the-middle attacks.

Progressive Web Apps

Connectivity-independent: low connectivity or offline.

Re-engageable: push notifications.

Installable: installed on the device's home screen.

Fresh: new content should be made available in the app.

Safe: hosted over HTTPS to prevent man-in-the-middle attacks.

Characteristics:





🔞 H 🖊 🛛 9:07 https://www.flipkart.com/rv/oi 1 Airoli × (+ Add Locality) 9 2, FILTER NOTIFY RELEVANCE 1110 matching properties Newa Bhakti Park Newa Group 3,4 BHK · ₹8.5k / sqft Navi Mumbai, Airoli ₹1.75 Cr+ **1 BHK Apartment** 1 year old Updates sent to 560 sqft · ₹6.25 k / sqft Navi Mumbai, Airoli Q 9538452849 Splinterate@gmail.com ₹35.0 Lacs **1 BHK Apartment** 1 year old 560 sqft + ₹6.25 k / sqft Payment by Airoli, Sector 1 (F) Cash on delivery ₹35.0 Lacs × **Flipkart Lite** 1 RUK Anartmont Can't find what you're looking for ? flipkart.com Turn on notifications to get property updates and hot deals and offers! ADD TO HOME SCREEN Turn on Notifications \triangleleft Ο

1

5

le.

Technologies behind it?





Service Workers

+Web Apps are being built on top of:

Server

Client

Service Worker sit between client and server to enhance network connectivity to the app.



Service Workers

→a script, that your browser runs in the background.

handle http requests and push notifications.

➡cache all static resources.

+can be used to display the application shell.

inform users that they are disconnected from the internet.

Code Example







Register the service worker in your app's js file app.js

```
if ('serviceWorker' in navigator) {
    navigator.serviceWorker
    .register('./sw.js')
    .then(function() { console.log('Service Worker Registered'); });
}
```





An install event is triggered the first time a user visits the page.

+ the service worker is installed in the browser.

you can cache all the static assets in your web app.

```
// Install Service Worker
```

self.addEventListener('install', function(event) {

```
console.log('Service Worker: Installing....');
```

```
event.waitUntil(
```

```
// Open the Cache
caches.open(cacheName).then(function(cache) {
    console.log('Service Worker: Caching App Shell at the moment.....');
    // Add Files to the Cache
    return cache.addAll(filesToCache);
})
```

moz://a

);

});



Activate: This event is fired when the service worker starts up.

service worker updates its cache whenever any of the app shell files change.



```
// Fired when the Service Worker starts up
self.addEventListener('activate', function(event) {
```

moz://a

```
console.log('Service Worker: Activating....');
event.waitUntil(
    caches.keys().then(function(cacheNames) {
        return Promise.all(cacheNames.map(function(key) {
            if( key !== cacheName) {
                console.log('Service Worker: Removing Old Cache', key);
                return caches.delete(key);
            }
        }));
    })
);
return self.clients.claim();
```



Fetch: This event helps serve the app shell from the cache.

It then either responds with the cached version, or uses fetch to get a copy from the network.



```
self.addEventListener('fetch', function(event) {
```

```
console.log('Service Worker: Fetch', event.request.url);
```

```
console.log("Url", event.request.url);
```

```
event.respondWith(
    caches.match(event.request).then(function(response) {
        return response || fetch(event.request);
    })
);
```

});



 It controls how your app should appear to the user in mobile phone.

 Where to find the app in the phone and how to launch it.





Usually the app assembles the page content in one place.

- App Shell, separates the content of the app that does not change often.
- It helps to boot the app when it starts, and power the user interface of the web app.
- HITML , CSS and JS.

application shell

■ App Shell	App shell
	(i) Index
	(i) URL 1
	(i) URL 2





Service Worker can save locally the content of the app, and the application shell can load the main app interface.

App Shell , with caching mechanism and using the Service Workers, allows developers to focus on performance and speed.





Using PWA , developer can cache the App Shell, and load it offline, by saving content locally.





- Break design to main components:
- Main design on the screen
- Other UI components key to the app
- Supporting resources to App Shell, JS , Styles , etc





Should contain all the necessary resources to launch the app:
HTML
CSS
JS
Images



How to Add Data to the App?

✤We have three methods to display data to our PWA:

Server Side Rendering: fastest

Get Data Via Ajax Request: slowest method

Combination of server side and Ajax request: server inject data into the app JS.



Eliminate the need for HTML request

But we need JS to run the data

•We can cache data after loading for further use



Local Storage: easiest , and available to everywhere, but the it is Synchronous and may cause bad performance.







Asynchronous

Fast

Not available to all browsers





Indexed DB:

Fast

Asynchronous

Supported on all browsers

Check Mozilla develop website for more info.







Resources

moz://a



https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/Apps/Progressive/I ntroduction

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/Apps/Progressive

The Firefox Frontier

https://blog.mozilla.org/firefox/progressive-web-apps-w hats-big-deal/

Auth0.com

https://authO.com/blog/introduction-to-progressive-app s-part-one/

Google Developers

https://developers.google.com/web/progressive-web-app s/



Alaa Shaheen

FloweryCoder in https://www.linkedin.com/in/alaashaheen1/

Email: alaa.shaheen2012@gmail.com

Software Product Manager at Bilbareed.com

Mozilla Tech Speaker





