Git things done.

Anne Thomas

Work hard, stay positive, and git up early. It's the best part of the day.

George Allen, Sr.

Quick overview of Git

- → Version Control System
- → Track changes in your code
- → Allow multiple developers to easily work on same project
- → Created in 2005 by Linus Torvalds



Ingrid Bergman

What are the pros of Git

- → Decentralized code (unlike subversion, which uses a single shared repository)
- → Super <u>popular</u> so there are plenty of resources, applications, tutorials and community
- → Allows you to use the feature branch workflow



What are the cons of Git

- → Ummm.... none?
- → Can be intimidating for new developers to grasp the mental model (same with any version control)
- → Extremely powerful
- → If you are using a git hosting service (eg. GitHub), it can be an extra cost

Alternatives to Git

- → Mercurial
- → Subversion (SVN)
- → Perforce

My mama always said life was like a box of chocolates. You never know what you're gonna git.

Forrest Gump

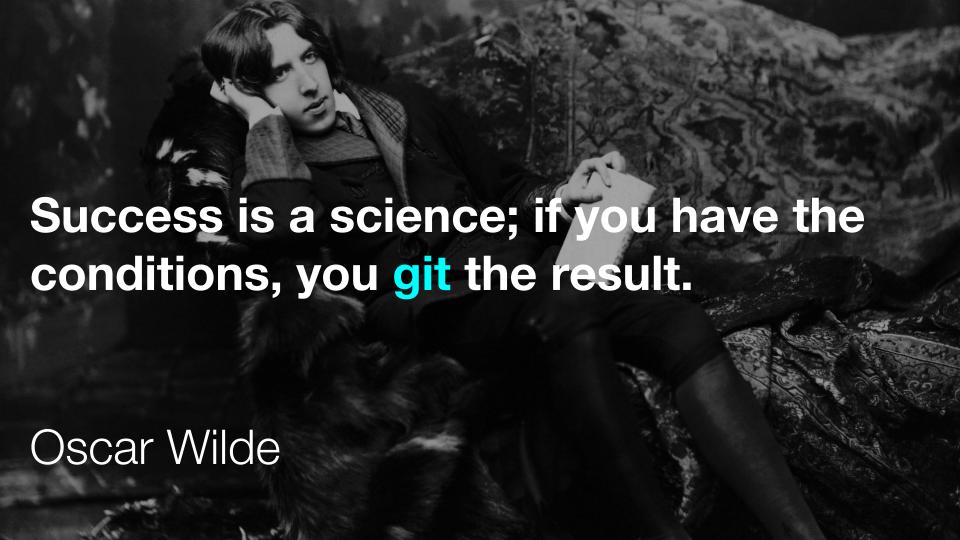
How are you using Git? Questions to ask yourself.

- → How often are we deploying to production?
- → Do we tag code with releases?
- → Do you have a QA team?
- → How large is my development team (individual/small/large)?
- → Do we use command line or GUI?
- → Is this a short-term project or long-term project that requires maintenance?
- → Is this an open source project?



Git hosting services

- → GitHub
- → Bitbucket
- → GitLab
- → Lots more! Good breakdown



Benefits of using a Git hosting service

- → They bring all of the goodness of a decentralized version control system to a centralized service
- → Great for open source projects
- → Pull requests, issue tracking
- → Depending on the service project management!



Options for Git workflow

- → None master only baby!
- → Developer branch
- → Feature branch
- → Git-flow
- → Custom

None/Basic/Central

- Push and pull directly from the master branch,
- → Used by individuals
- → Easiest to understand
- → Prone to issues cropping up/ unstable master

Developer Branch

- → Each developer has their own branch that they work on
- → Use pull requests to merge into master
- → Not feature specific

Feature Branch

- → New branch created based on feature that needs to be added
- → Use pull requests to merge into master

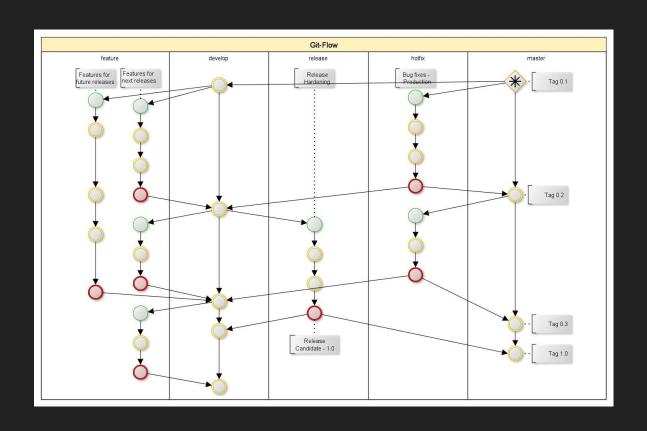
Git-flow

- → Uses master, develop, feature-branches, release-branches, hotfix
- → Branches are specifically named
- → Git extensions available through command-line
- Cheatsheet

Git-flow

- → Uses master and develop to record history of project
- → Feature branches are created off develop and merged into develop
- → Release branch is forked off develop only used for fixes, docs (no new features)
- → Release gets merged into master and tagged (also merged back into develop)
- → Hotfix branches are for patch fixes and are forked/merged directly into master
- Stellar article

Git-flow



Custom

- → Most answers from survey had a specific workflow, but it was custom to each developer
- → Combination of the feature branch workflow and development was very popular (no release branches)
- → We use a master, development, feature-branch, bug-fixes-* and hotfix method
- → QA/design review is done directly on the feature-branch and then development is QAed one final time before merging into master

Instead of looking at the past, I put myself ahead twenty years and try to look at what I need to do now in order to git there then.

Diana Ross

Branch management

- → To rebase or not to rebase?
 - Rebasing is controversial
 - Good breakdown of pros and cons:
 https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Git-Branching-Rebasing
- → Commit messages
 - ◆ Small commits use git add -p, which allows you to stage partials of files
 - ◆ Effed up your commit message? No worries use `git commit —amend` to edit your commit messages
 - Describe WHY code has been changed

If stupidity git us into this mess, then why can't it git us out?

Will Rogers

Merge conflicts

- → Make sure that you aren't ignoring other branches that may have been merged into development branch while you have been working on your feature
- → Do a git pull before any new work starts for the day
- → Use a diff tool to compare
- → Ask your fellow dev! Sometimes a quick message on Slack or wandering over to someone's desk will save a ton of time

You don't git older, you git better. Shirley Bassey

Case Study: Things that are working for us

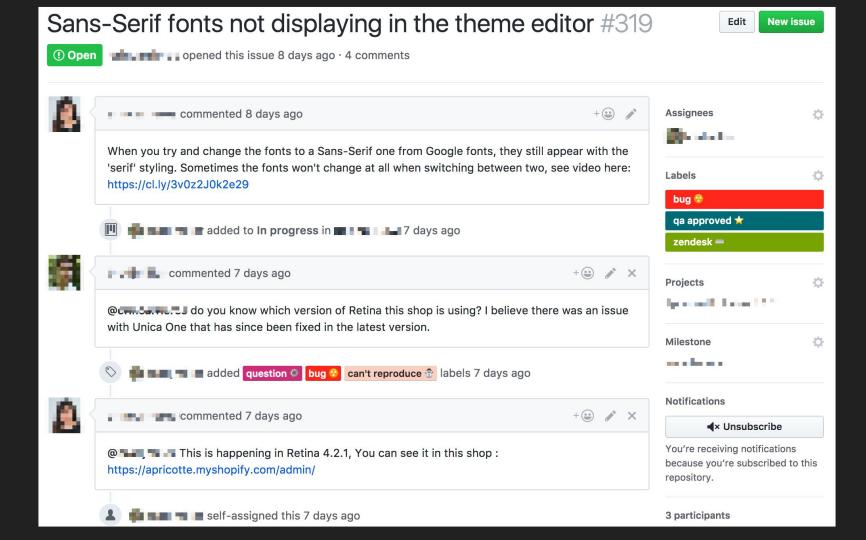
- → GitHub
 - Issues
 - ◆ Labels
 - Projects
 - Releases
 - Pull requests

I'll git you, my pretty, and your little dog, too!

Wicked Witch

Issues

- → Add as many details as possible
- → Rename issues if needed
- → Include screenshots/links/any and all relevant information
- → @users to ask questions



"The only way to git rid of a temptation is to yield to it."

Oscar Wilde

Labels

- → Design and QA specific labels
- → Emoji in labels create empathy
- → Make sure your labels are consistent across projects/repos
- → Group similar labels by colour (eg. I, II, III)

Labels

4
4
1
8
1
8
1
7
j
1
9
Ŷ
ī
2
-
50
3
3

♡ blocked 🐠
♡ bug [®]
♡ can't reproduce 🕆
○ committed ✓
○ design approved ★
O design review required S
O documentation required 🗢
♡ duplicate ※
○ enhancement 🌞
○ feature request ♣
○ help wanted 💆
○ hotfix 🐔
♡ invalid •
No merchant priority &
igotimes on hold $oxtless$
🛇 qa approved 🛨
♡ qa review 🚡

Fdit X Delete

1 open issue

4 open issues

0 open issues

4 open issues

0 open issues

0 open issues

0 open issues

0 open issues

9 open issues

3 open issues

1 open issue

0 open issues

0 open issues

0 open issues

0 open issues

1 open issue

5 open issues

0 open issues



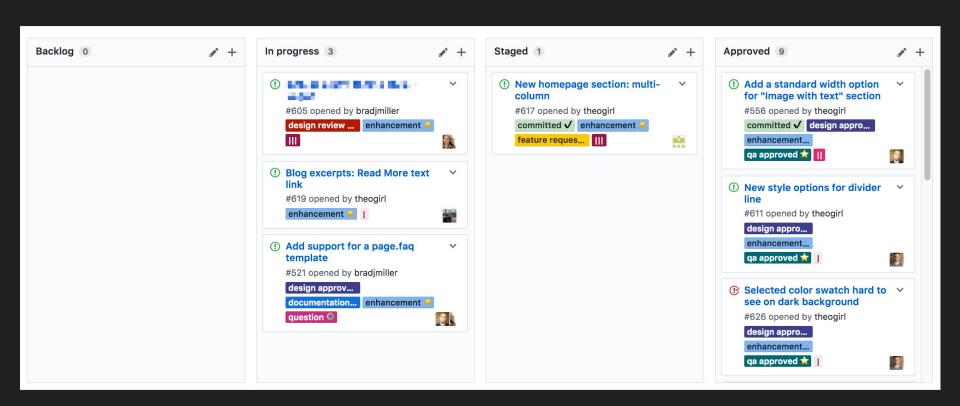
Do not take life too seriously. You will never git out of it alive.

Elbert Hubbard

Github Projects

- → Boards
- → To do lists
- → Looping in QA/design

Projects: Boards

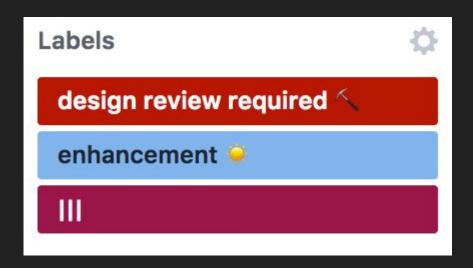


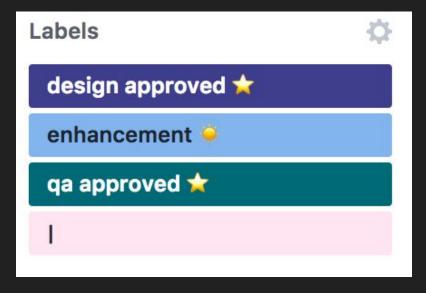
Projects: To do lists



Projects: Looping in QA/design

- → Heavy use of labels/assigning people
- → Smaller team, so we are able to do this





I don't want to git to the end of my life and find that I lived just the length of it. I want to have lived the width of it as well.

Diane Ackerman

Releases

- → Limit the permissions of who can actually push to Master
- → Use the checklist feature to give QA one last go
 - all feature branches have been merged together does everything still work?

Latest release

Releases

♦ 2.1.5

-0- e19ef9b

Tubo 2.1.5

bradjmiller released this 13 days ago · 18 commits to development since this release

Turbo 2.1.5 - September 12th, 2017

- Instagram feed fix to display square images
- Bug fix for Recently Viewed in sidebar
- · Bug fix for video sections
- · Update all numeric sections to use a range slider
- · Bug fix for featured promotions link using image without text
- · Bug fix for search on header when using vertical menu

Downloads

Source code (zip)

Source code (tar.gz)

\$\sqrt{2.1.4}\$

Turbo 2.1.4

pradjmiller released this on Jul 25 · 111 commits to development since this release

Turbo 2.1.4 - July 25th, 2017

Remember that children, marriages, and flower gardens reflect the kind of care they git.

H. Jackson Brown, Jr.

Pull requests

- → Be nice!
- → Commit messages MUST reference issue number (keywords: closes, fixes, close, fix)
- → Reference development styleguides
- → Branch should be QA-approved
- → Use comments to point out specific problems

Life's tragedy is that we git old too soon and wise too late.

Benjamin Franklin

Tools

- → CLI (Command Line Interface)/ iTerm
- → VSCode
- → GitKraken
- → Tower
- → Git town automate your branching model

If you spend too much time thinking about a thing, you'll never git it done.

Bruce Lee

Final thoughts

- → Regardless of how you manage your repos, make sure you fully document these processes for on-boarding
- → Regularly check in with your team to see what is working and what isn't
- → Tweak as needed:D

Thanks for listening!

Want to fill out a quick survey on Git?

Anne Thomas

@AlfalfaAnne

Out of the Sandbox

