

Group Work in Organizational and Community Settings

Dr. Jacob Campbell, LICSW at Heritage University Spring 2024 SOWK 487

Prioritize Your Values

Put First Things First

- Acceptance
- Love

Family

Money

Friends

Respect

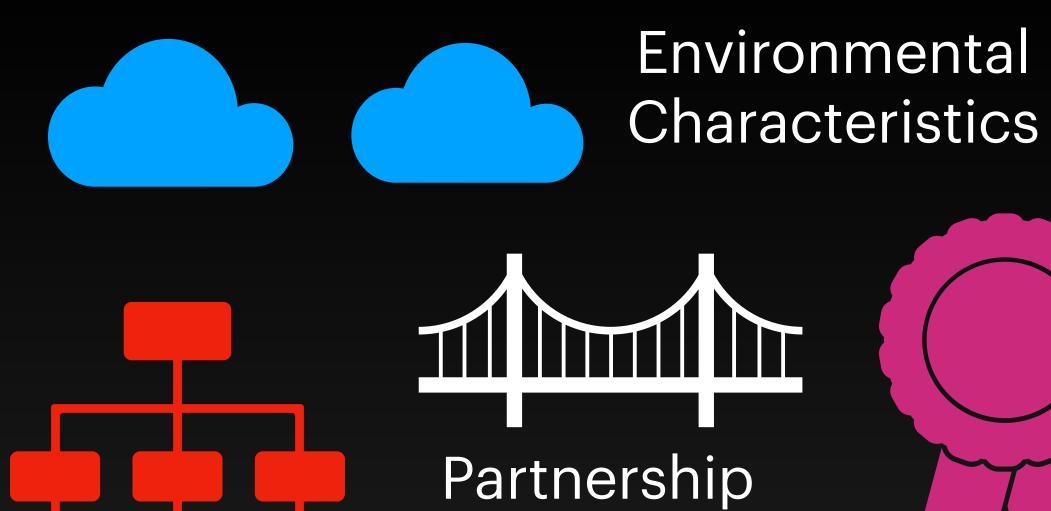
Health

Spirituality

Honesty

What you want





Structural Characteristics

Programs and Interventions



Intermediate Measure of Partnership Effectiveness



Output Measures of Partnership Effectiveness



Group Dynamics Characteristics of Effective Partnerships

Conceptual Framework for Assessing Group Dynamics as an Aspect of the **Effectiveness of the CBPR Partnership Process**



- Previous collaboration
- Community response to issue
- Geographic/cultural diversity
- Social and economic determinants of health
- · Challenges/barriers (e.g. institutional policies, time constraints)



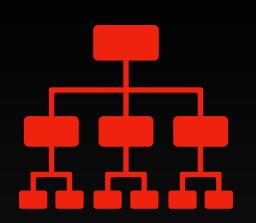
Structural Characteristics

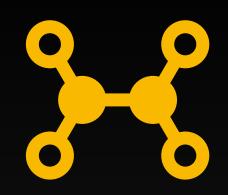
Membership

Complexity

Formalization













Group Dynamics Characteristics of Effective Partnerships

- Shared leadership, including task and maintenance leadership behaviors
- Two-way open communication
- Recognition of conflicts and constructive conflict resolution
- Cooperative development of goals and shared vision
- Participatory decision making process that are flexible and use consensus for important decisions

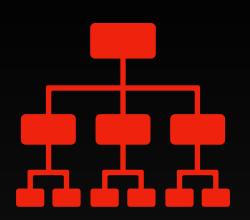
- Agreed-upon problem-solving processes
- Shared power, influence and resources
- Development of mutual trust
- Collaborative evaluation of both task/ goal and process objectives
- Well-organized meetings with collaboratively developed agendas and facilitation consistent with these characteristics (management)

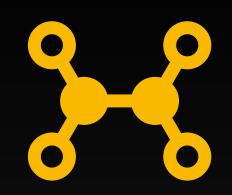


Group Dynamics Characteristics of Effective Partnerships

Partnership Programs and Interventions









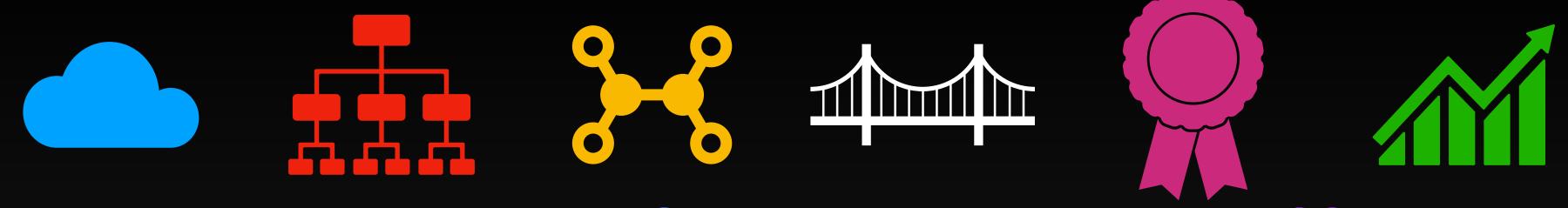




Intermediate Measure of Partnership Effectiveness

- Perceived effectiveness of the group in achieving its goals
- Perceived personal, organizational, and community benefits and costs of participation
- Extent of membership involvement

- Shared ownership and cohesiveness/commitment to collaborative efforts
- Individual, group and community empowerment: Future expectations of effectiveness
- Bridging social ties
- Synergy



Output Measures of Partnership Effectiveness

- Achievement of program and policy objectives (e.g., collaborative problem solving, quality of life, health)
- Institutionalization of programs and/or partnerships



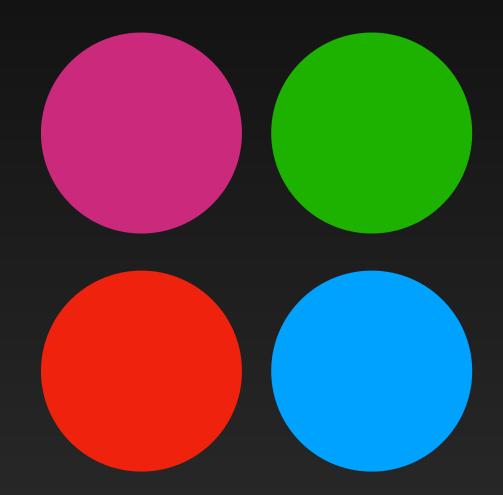
Disciplinary Perspectives

A Type of Progression

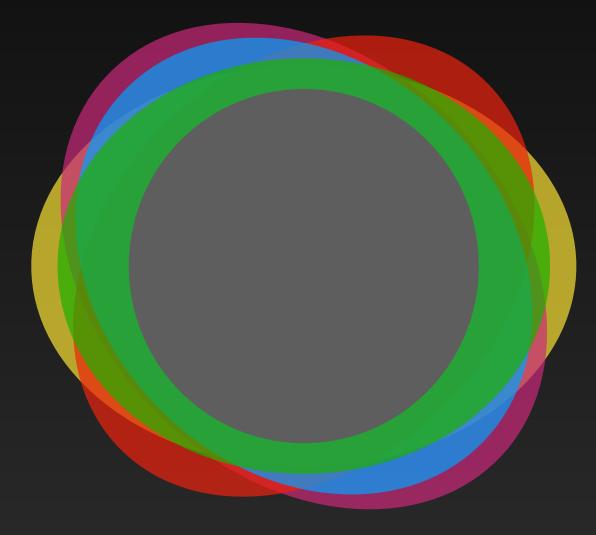
multidisciplinary

interdisciplinary

transdisciplinary







Multidisciplinarity draws on knowledge from different disciplines but stays within their boundaries

Interdisciplinarity analyzes, synthesizes and harmonizes links between disciplines into a coordinated and coherent whole

Transdisciplinarity integrates the natural, social and health sciences in a humanities context, and transcends their traditional boundaries



Definition of a Team

What is included in a team

Different Disciplines

Common Purpose

Professional Perspectives

Client and Family Integration

Active Communication

Expertise-Based Roles

Collaboration

Characteristics of a "good team" as identified by team members

- Good communication
- Respecting/understanding roles
- Appropriate skill mix
- Quality and outcomes of care
- Appropriate team processes and resources

Characteristics of a "good team" as identified by team members

- Clear vision
- Flexibility
- Leadership and management
- Team culture
- Training and development opportunities

Characteristics of a "good team" as identified by team members

- External image of the service
- Personal attributes
- Individual rewards and opportunity

