



NOVEMBER 10, 2022

I am Cluster Admin, Destroyer of Everything You Hold Dear

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A glowing pink circular logo with the text "SITE RELIABILITY ENGINEERING" written in a pink, sans-serif font, following the curve of the circle.

SITE RELIABILITY
ENGINEERING



Least Privilege

According to Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA):

Only the **minimum necessary rights** should be **assigned to a subject** that requests **access to a resource** and should be **in effect for the shortest duration necessary** ... careful delegation of access rights can limit attackers from damaging a system.

What happens when we skip Least Privilege



Target - 2013

- HVAC on main network
- Useful for monitoring energy consumption at various stores



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- Technician compromised



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- HVAC on main network
- Useful for monitoring energy consumption at various stores
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Attackers stole 40 million debit
and credit cards



GitLab - 2017

- SRE responding to incident
- Intended to drop replica database



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- Fat fingered the production database and had excessive privileges to do it



GitLab - 2017

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- Fat fingered the production database and had excessive privileges to do it

GitLab went down for 6 hours, 5k projects lost (issues, etc), comments, users



Marriott - 2018

User compromised

Had admin access for everything

Ran some database queries



Marriott - 2018

User compromised

Had admin access for everything

Ran some database queries

Hundreds of millions of customer records lost



Capital One - 2019

- Misconfigured firewall
- Generated temp account creds via SSRF exploit
- Had excessive privileges to sync S3 buckets



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30GB of credit application data,
affecting 100 million in US, 6
million in Canada



Verkada - 2021

- Credentials found for user
- Had excessive privileges



Verkada - 2021

- Credentials found for user
- Had excessive privileges

Accessed 150k live camera feeds
in schools, prisons, and hospitals



Reported by Rocky Chen? - 2021

- User accidentally deleted a namespace
- Recreated it - but did it wrong
- He thought he was in his test cluster
- Assumed AWS role made it difficult to troubleshoot

The screenshot shows a Medium article interface. At the top, it says 'Published in CodeX'. The author is Rocky Chen, a Cloud Developer with 140 followers. The article title is 'Who Delete A Namespace in the Kubernetes Cluster from AWS?'. The main image shows hands typing on a laptop keyboard. The article text begins: 'In one of our Kubernetes clusters, a namespace owned by a dev team was deleted, including Kubernetes resources inside the namespace, such as Pods, deployments, services, etc.' Below the text, it asks 'What happened? Who did that? How to avoid it?'. On the right sidebar, there are several recommended articles from Medium, including 'DevOps salaries: The complete rundown & how to get a raise (2022)' and '5 Top Kubernetes Monitoring Tools You've Probably Haven't Used'.



SW company with tools used by law enforcement and sec teams

- One of the devs ran kubectl command
- Thought he was in test, was actually in prod
- Assumed roles, never figured out who did it

All access to Kubernetes removed and start over



What is the cost of breaches?

- Avg cost: \$4.24 million in 2021
- Avg time to identify: 212 days.
- Avg lifecycle: 286 days from identification to containment.
- The likelihood detected and prosecuted 0.05%.
- Personal data involved in 45%.

<https://www.securitymagazine.com/articles/93990-a-cluster-without-rbac-is-an-insecure-cluster>



How is this relevant to this talk?

Let's talk about Kubernetes & Cluster Admin



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Cluster Admin is wonderful because you can do anything you want!!



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Cluster Admin is wonderful because you can do anything you want!!

Cluster Admin is scary because you can do anything you want!!

Cluster Admin is the worst thing ever because you can do anything you want!!

so the answer is
don't give cluster admin
to everyone, right??



But creating users in k8s is HARD

Users don't actually exist in kubernetes



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Everything in k8s is a resource.



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Its All About the Certs



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Its All About the Certs
in your .kubeconfig



```
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
    certificate-authority-data: certgoeshere
    server: https://clusterendpoint.k8s.ondigitalocean.com
  name: mycluster
contexts:
- context:
    cluster: mycluster
    user: do-sfo3-matt-primary-admin
  name: mycontext
current-context: mycontext
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: do-sfo3-matt-primary-admin
  user:
    token: dop_v1_dea9d7ff2b8eb092f53ffebogus31d2bd4602a62a19b5ac4
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What is a Role?

- Defines the level of access a 'user' has to the cluster
 - Resource
 - Verb



What is a Role?

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
```

```
kind: ClusterRole
```

```
metadata:
```

```
  name: marketing-dev
```

```
  labels:
```

```
    app.infracore.com/include-role: "true"
```

```
rules:
```

```
- apiGroups: [""] # "" indicates the core API group
```

```
  resources: ["pods"]
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  verbs: ["get", "watch", "list"]
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How to create a User

- Create the user key (openssl genpkey...)
- Create the CSR (openssl req -new)
- Submit the CSR to the cluster (yaml)
- Approve the request (kubectl certificate approve...)



How to create a User

- Get the approved request (kubectl get csr...)
- Build the kubeconfig (kubectl --kubeconfig myuserconfig config set-credentials, kubectl --kubeconfig myuserconfig configset-context)
- Then distribute the file

<https://infracore.com/blog/how-to-create-users>



How to create a User

- And then repeat often
 - Ensure bad parties can't access
 - You can't revoke a cert
- And redistribute

that's a lot of steps
can we automate it?

master ▾ kubernetes-adduser / add-user.sh

Go to file

 brendanburns Updates.Latest commit 6d53ffe on Nov 2, 2021 [History](#)

1 contributor

Executable File | 63 lines (51 sloc) | 1.41 KB

Raw

Blame



```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 csr_name="my-client-csr"
4 name="${1:-my-user}"
5 cert_name="${name}-client"
6
7 if ! which cfssl; then
8     echo "Can't find the cfssl tool, please install from https://pkg.cfssl.org/"
9     exit 1
10 fi
11
12 if ! which cfssljson; then
13     echo "Can't find the cfssljson tool, please install from https://pkg.cfssl.org/"
14     exit 1
15 fi
16
17 echo "Generating signing request."
18 perl -p -e "s/%USER%/${name}/" cfssl.json.tmpl > cfssl.json
19
20 cfssl genkey cfssl.json | \
21     cfssljson -bare ${cert_name}
22
```



but...

He doesn't deal with file distribution

Is there something easier??

main 68 branches 89 tags

Go to file

Add file

Code



pdevine Require oldpassword (#3434)

05f7c58 3 hours ago 3,602 commits

.github	fix: postgres-dev to only listen on localhost	6 days ago
api	Require oldpassword (#3434)	3 hours ago
blog	improve: add blog post for creating users video (#30...	last month
docs	maintain: cli docgen fixes to clean up the resulting fil...	10 hours ago
helm	improve: add backwards compat for connector acces...	9 days ago
internal	Require oldpassword (#3434)	3 hours ago
metrics	maintain: update gofmt for go1.19	2 months ago
pki	improve: return our own type from NewDB	2 months ago
ui	Require oldpassword (#3434)	3 hours ago
uid	feat: add sql functions uidStrToInt and uidIntToStr (#...	last month

About

Infra manages access to infrastructure such as Kubernetes, with support for more connectors coming soon.

infrahq.com

- go
- kubernetes
- infrastructure
- golang
- security
- identity
- login
- iam
- access
- infra
- oidc

- Readme
- View license
- 985 stars
- 16 watching
- 38 forks

Releases 89



Infra

- Two deployment options
 - Self Hosted
 - Use Infra Cloud (coming soon)

DEMO



Summary

- Least Privilege is important
- but... complicated on Kubernetes
- RBAC
- You can automate...
- Infra makes it easier



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SITE RELIABILITY
ENGINEERING



ADD0
ALL DAY DEVOPS
caffeinated by sonatype

