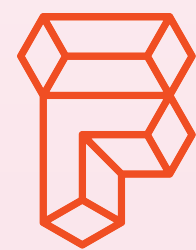


Konmari Your Code

Finding Joy in Refactoring

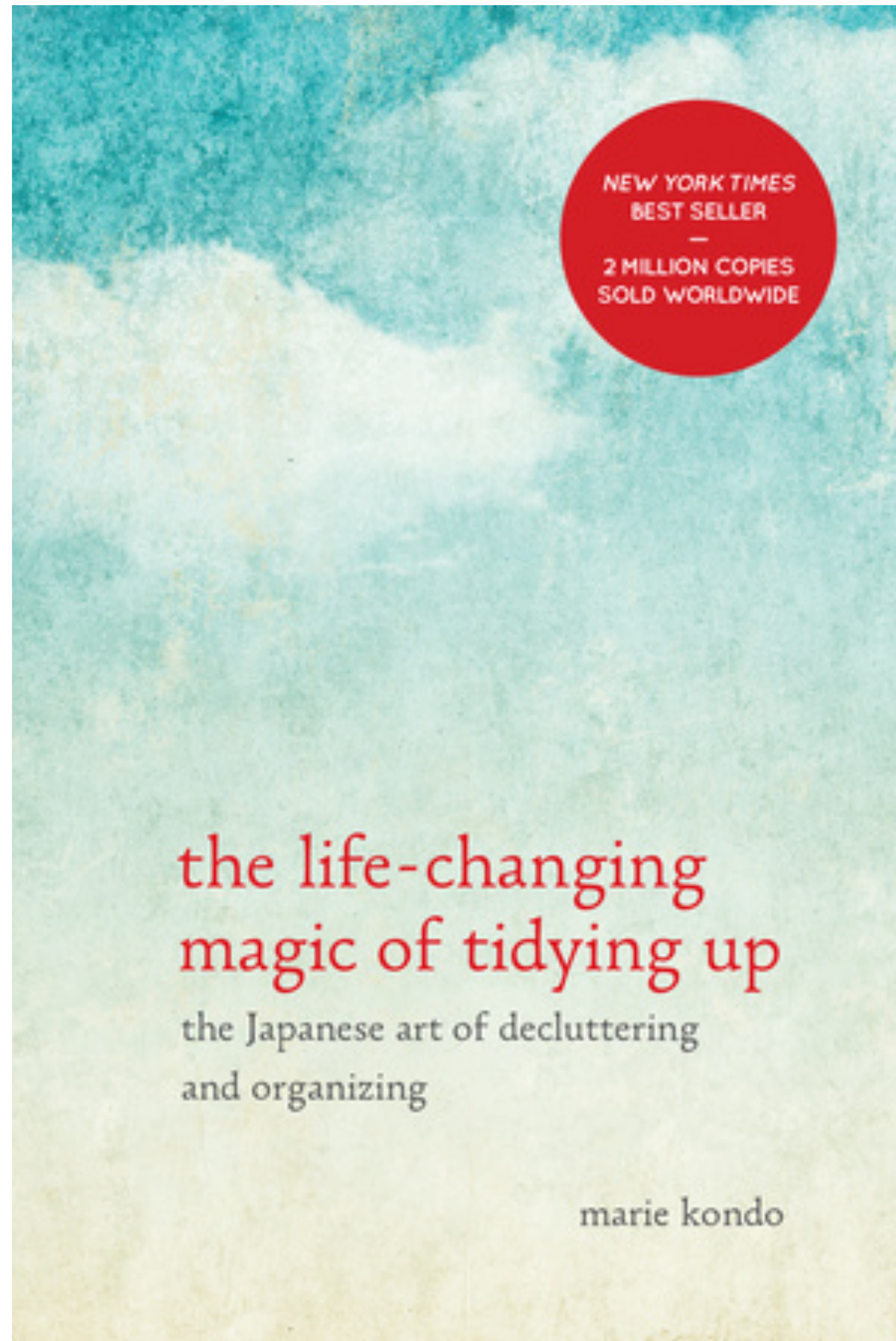
Reactathon - December 2020

👋 Hi, I'm Becca



Formidable®









What is refactoring?



“Code refactoring is the process of restructuring existing computer code—changing the factoring—without changing its external behavior.”

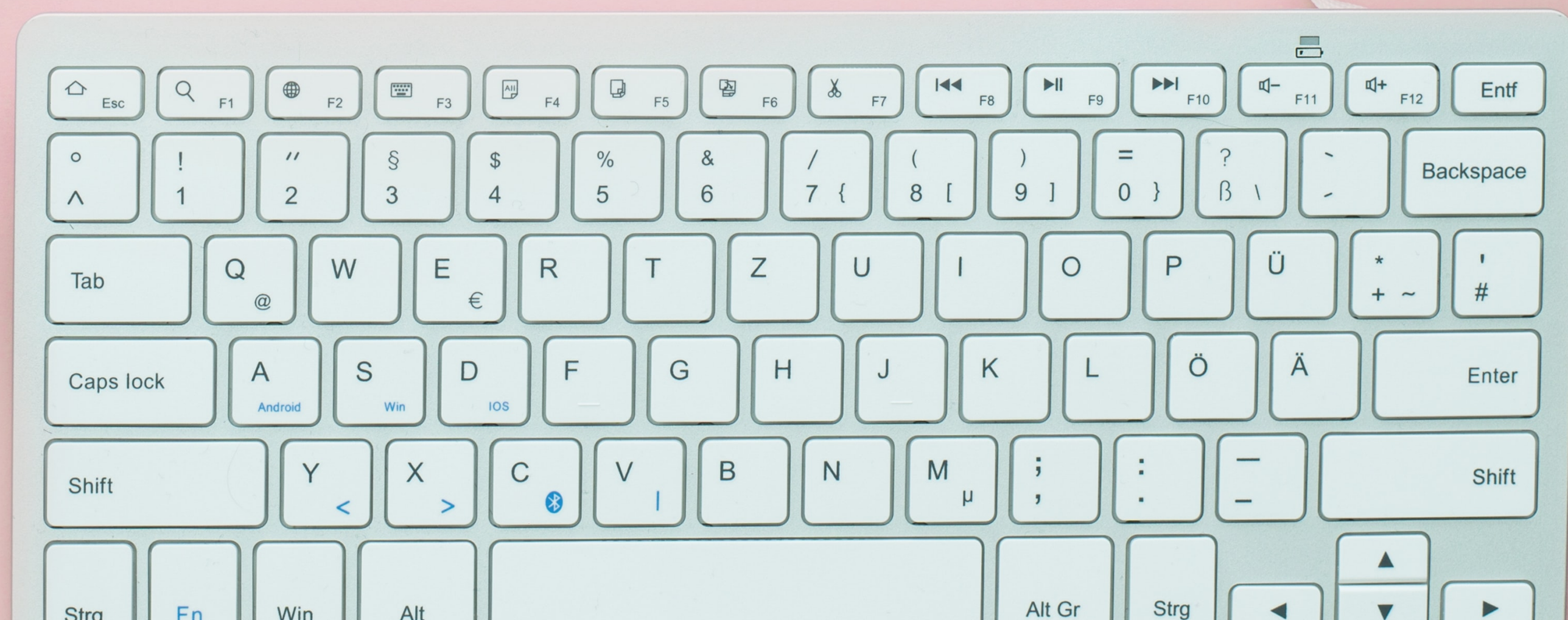
–Martin Fowler

Factoring

Internal parts of a program or
implementation details

* Changes to the external-facing
API of a library or top-level
component is *not* refactoring.

What decisions would I make
if I could I make if I were to
write this code again?





Refactoring to modernize syntax


```
class BaseCard extends React.Component<BaseCardProps, BaseCardState> {
  constructor(props: BaseCardProps) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      expanded: props.initialExpanded || false
    };
  }

  handleToggle = () => {
    this.setState(
      ({ expanded }) => ({
        expanded: !expanded
      })
    );
  };

  render() {
    const { title, children } = this.props;
    const { expanded } = this.state;
    return (
      <Card>
        <Card.Header>
          <Card.HeaderContent>{title}</Card.HeaderContent>
          <Card.Toggle expanded={expanded} onToggle={this.handleToggle} />
        </Card.Header>
        <Card.Body visible={expanded}>{children}</Card.Body>
      </Card>
    );
  }
}
```

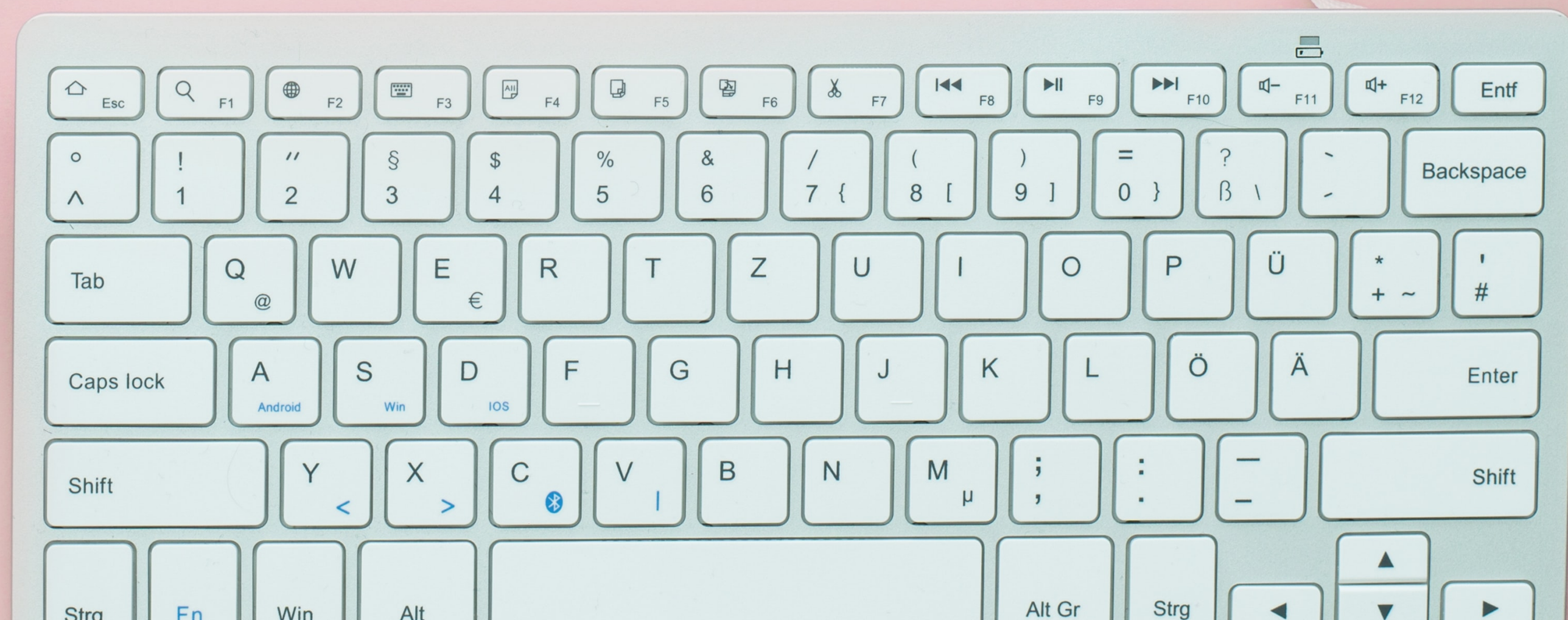


```
const BaseCard: React.FunctionComponent<BaseCardProps> = ({
  initialExpanded = false,
  title,
  children
}) => {
  const [expanded, setExpanded] = React.useState(initialExpanded);

  function handleToggle() {
    setExpanded(expanded => !expanded);
  }

  return (
    <Card>
      <Card.Header>
        <Card.HeaderContent>{title}</Card.HeaderContent>
        <Card.Toggle expanded={expanded} onToggle={handleToggle} />
      </Card.Header>
      <Card.Body visible={expanded}>{children}</Card.Body>
    </Card>
  );
};
```


When refactoring, **modern
syntax is a tool, not an
end goal.**



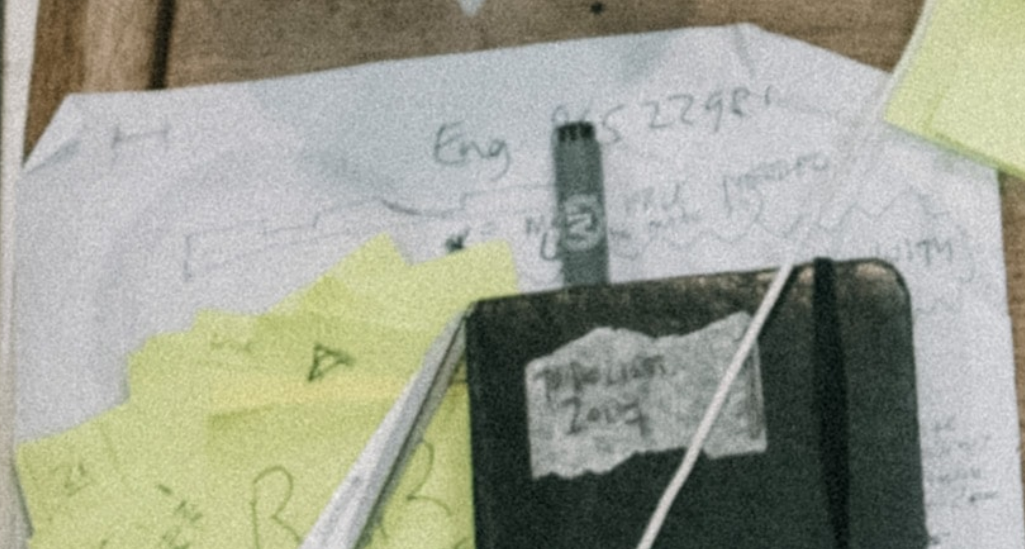
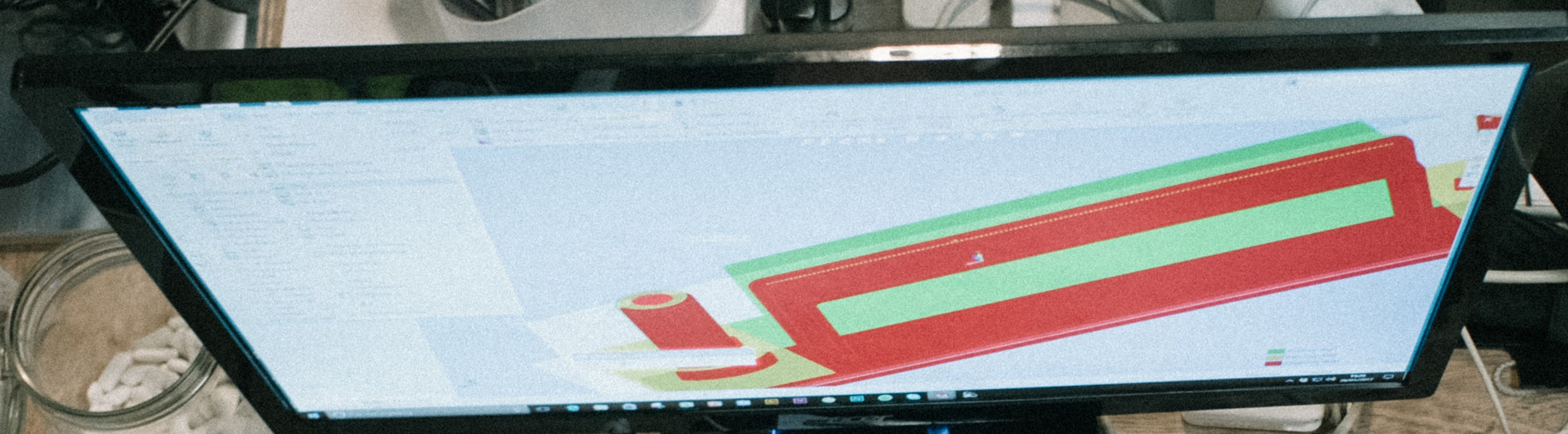


Refactoring to create
"clean code"



When do I refactor?





Hard to test

Hard to understand

Hard to change

Out-of-control props

Nested conditionals

Confusing variable names

Components doing too many things

A minimalist desk setup featuring a light-colored wooden table. On the left, a grey adjustable desk lamp is positioned. In the background, a white clothing rack with several wooden hangers is visible. The scene is set against a plain white wall, with a small green plant partially visible on the right side.

Trust yourself

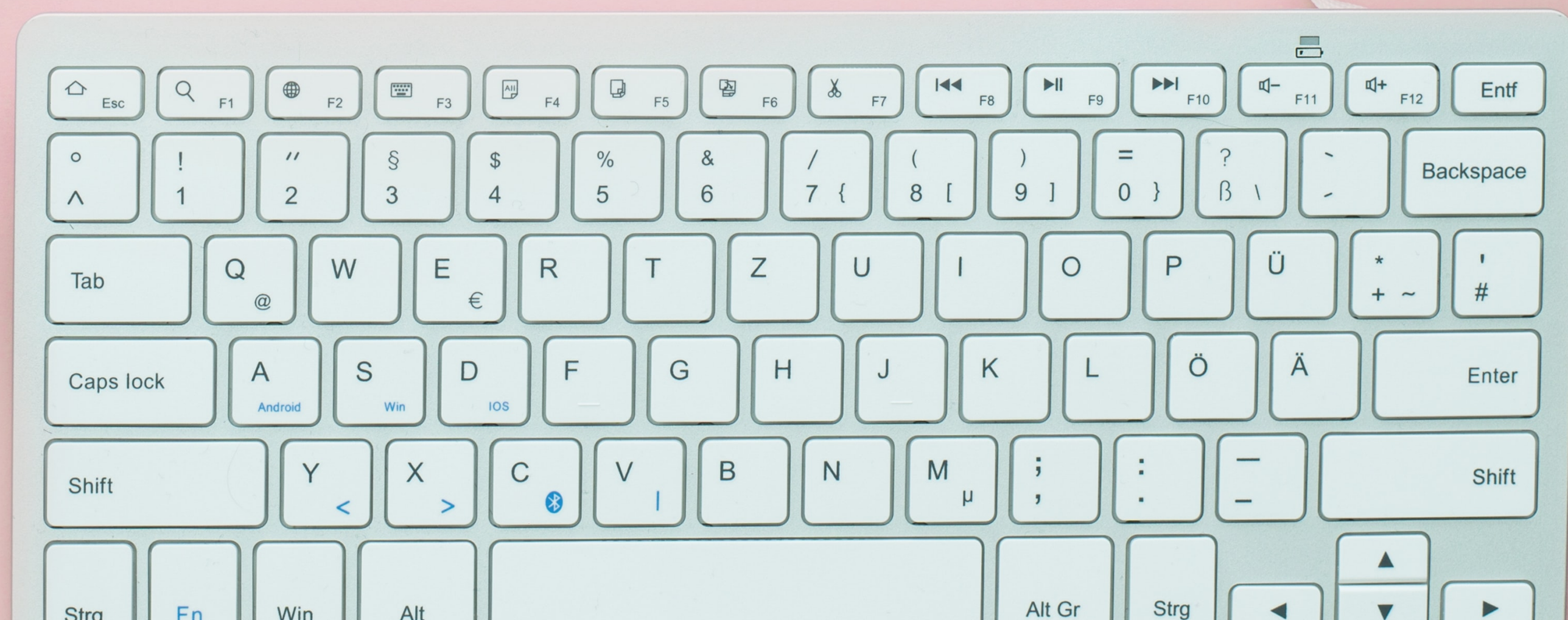


A couple more things
to note...

git blame



Refactoring doesn't mean
that you did something
wrong.



Discarding



do lean Number String Function Array Date RegEx
={};function F(e){var t=[e]={};return b.eac
t[1])===!1&&e.stopOnFalse){r=!1;break}n=!1,u&
?o=u.length:r&&(s=t,c(r))}return this},remove
nction(){return u=[1,this],disable:function()
re:function(){return p.fireWith(this,arguments
ending",r={state:function(){return n},always:
romise)?e.promise().done(n.resolve).fail(n.re
dd(function(){n=s},t[1^e][2].disable,t[2][2].
=0,n=h.call(arguments),r=n.length,i=1!==r||e&
(r),l=Array(r);r>t;t++)n[t]&&b.isFunction(n[t
</table></table>a<input type
TagName("input")[0],r.style.cssText="top:1px


```
git checkout .
```

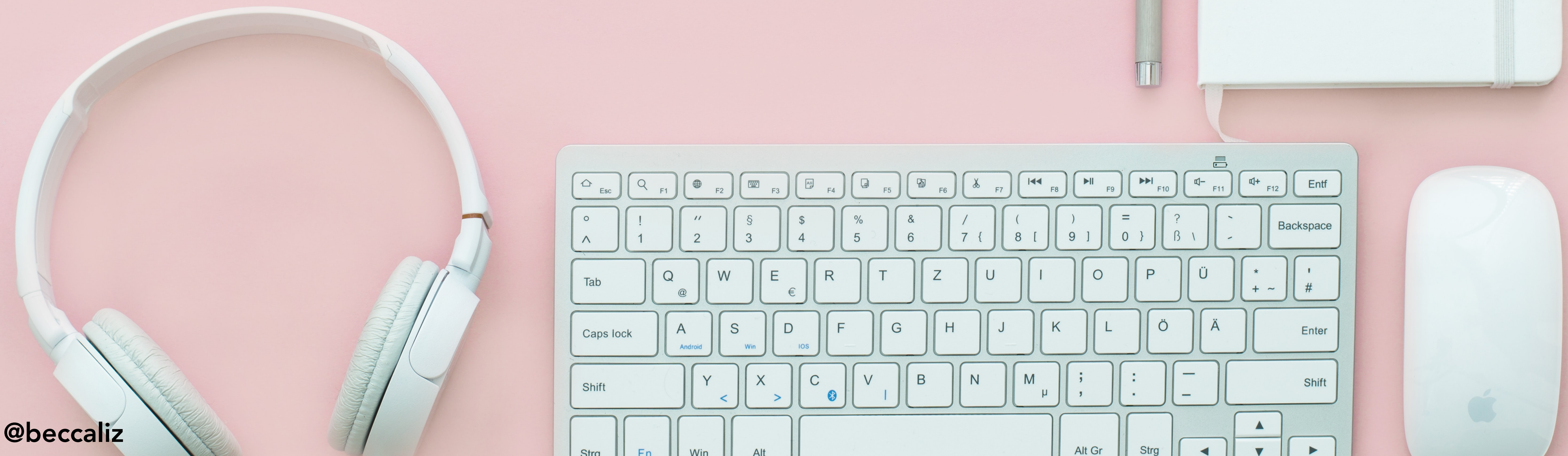

Pain Points



Testing



Not all tests are made alike



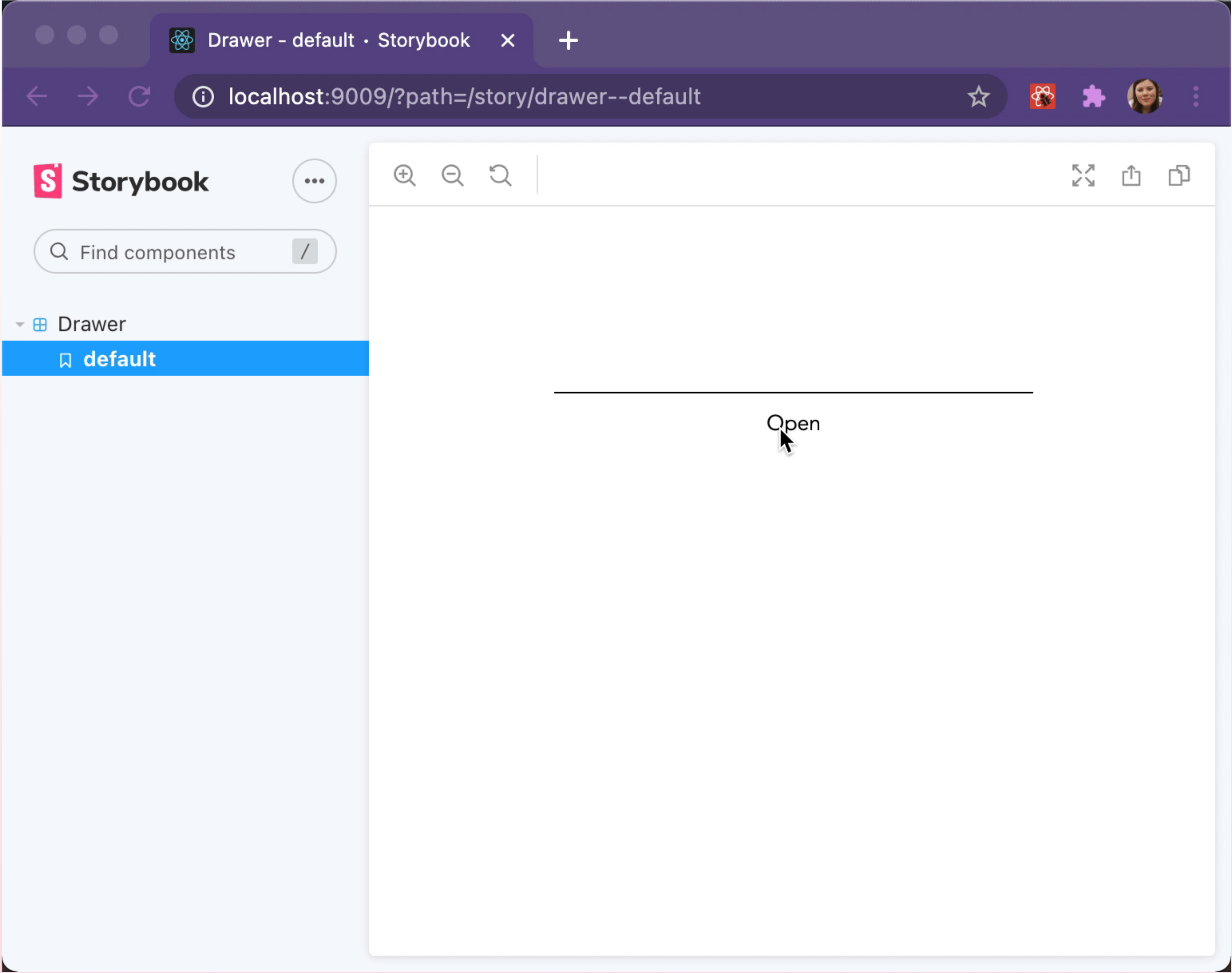

```
export class Drawer extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      open: props.initialOpen || false,
    };
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div
        className={`drawer ${
          this.state.open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"
        }`}
      >
        {this.state.open && (
          <div className="drawer__contents">{this.props.children}</div>
        )}
        <button
          className="drawer__toggle"
          onClick={() => this.setState((state) => ({ open: !state.open })))}
        >
          {this.state.open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```



```
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      open: props.initialOpen || false,
    };
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div
        className={`drawer ${
          this.state.open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"
        }`}
      >
        {this.state.open && (
          <div className="drawer__contents">{this.props.children}</div>
        )}
        <button
          className="drawer__toggle"
          onClick={() => this.setState((state) => ({ open: !state.open }))}
        >
          {this.state.open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```


```
it("can be opened", () => {  
  const wrapper = shallow(<Drawer>Some content</Drawer>);  
  const toggle = wrapper.find("button");  
  
  toggle.props().onClick();  
  
  expect(wrapper.state("open")).toBe(true);  
});
```




yarn test

PASS src/Drawer.test.js

Drawer

✓ can be opened (12 ms)

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total

Tests: 1 passed, 1 total

Snapshots: 0 total

Time: 6.11 s

Ran all test suites related to changed files.

Watch Usage: Press w to show more.


```
export class Drawer extends React.Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      open: props.initialOpen || false,
    };
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div
        className={`drawer ${
          this.state.open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"
        }`}
      >
        {this.state.open && (
          <div className="drawer__contents">{this.props.children}</div>
        )}
        <button
          className="drawer__toggle"
          onClick={() => this.setState((state) => ({ open: !state.open })))}
        >
          {this.state.open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```



```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  return (
    <div className={`drawer ${open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"}`}>
      {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
        {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```


FAIL src/Drawer.test.js

Drawer

✗ can be opened (9 ms)

● Drawer › can be opened

ShallowWrapper::state() can only be called on class components

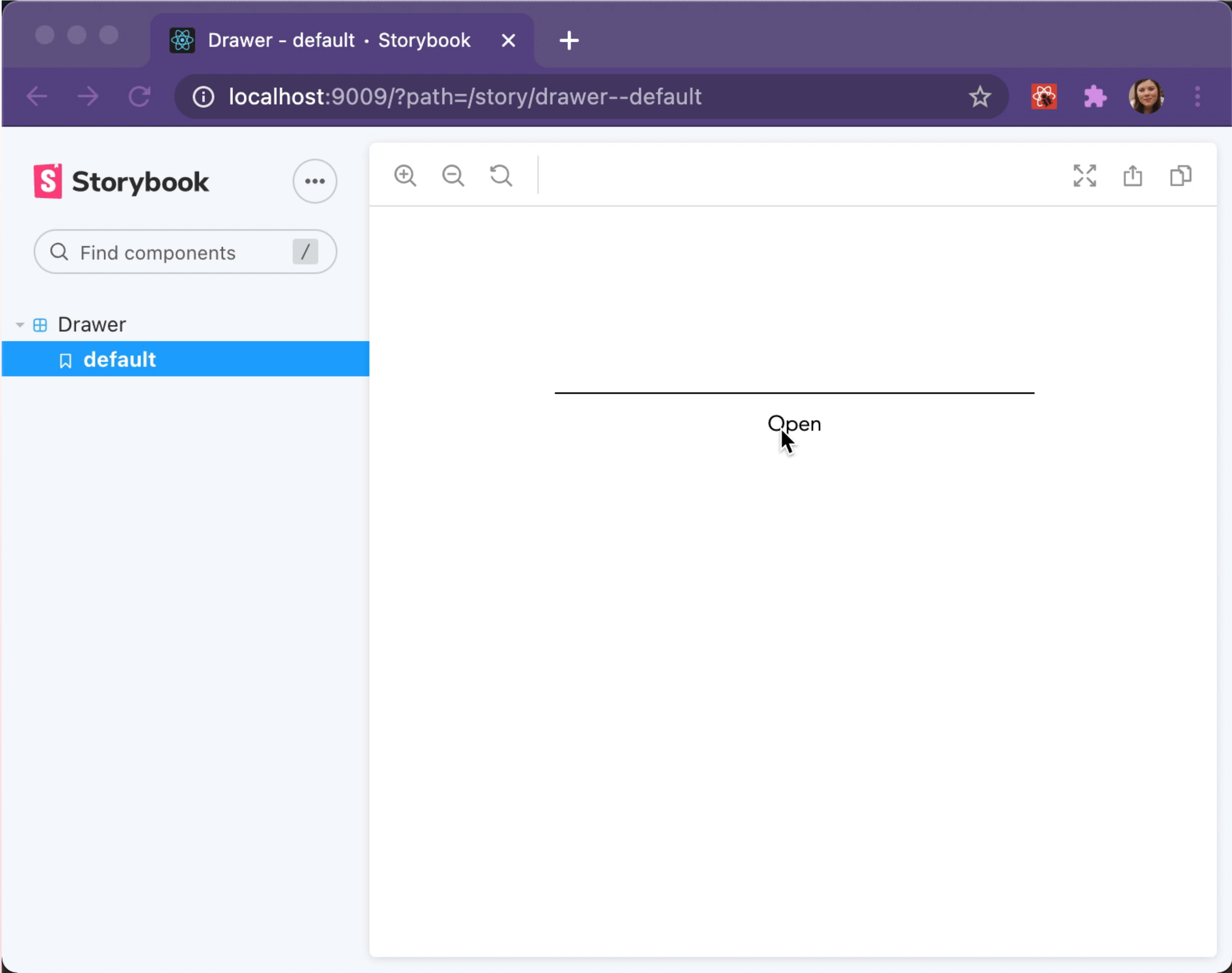
```
9 |         toggle.props().onClick();
10 |
> 11 |         expect(wrapper.state("open")).toBe(true);
    |                               ^
12 |     });
13 | });
14 |
```

at ShallowWrapper.state (node_modules/enzyme/src/ShallowWrapper.js:192:13)

at Object.<anonymous> (src/Drawer.test.js:11:20)



Behavior vs. implementation details




```
it("can be opened", () => {  
  const { getByText, container } = render(<Drawer>Some content</Drawer>);  
  
  fireEvent.click(getByText("Open"));  
  
  expect(container.innerHTML).toContain("Some content");  
});
```




yarn test

PASS src/Drawer.test.js

Drawer

✓ can be opened (12 ms)

Test Suites: 1 passed, 1 total

Tests: 1 passed, 1 total

Snapshots: 0 total

Time: 6.11 s

Ran all test suites related to changed files.

Watch Usage: Press w to show more.



Incremental Changes


```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  return (
    <div className={`drawer ${open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"}`} >
      {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
        {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```



```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  if (open) {
    return (
      <div className={`drawer ${open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"}`} >
        {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
        <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
          {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
  return (
    <div className={`drawer ${open ? "drawer--open" : "drawer--closed"}`} >
      {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
        {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```



```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  if (open) {
    return (
      <div className="drawer--open">
        {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
        <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
          {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
  return (
    <div className="drawer--closed">
      {open && <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>}
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
        {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```



```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  if (open) {
    return (
      <div className="drawer--open">
        <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>
        <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
          {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
  return (
    <div className="drawer--closed">
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(!open)}>
        {open ? "Close" : "Open"}
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```



```
export const Drawer = ({ children, initialOpen = false }) => {
  const [open, setOpen] = React.useState(initialOpen);

  if (open) {
    return (
      <div className="drawer--open">
        <div className="drawer__contents">{children}</div>
        <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(false)}>
          Close
        </button>
      </div>
    );
  }
  return (
    <div className="drawer--closed">
      <button className="drawer__toggle" onClick={() => setOpen(true)}>
        Open
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};
```




Putting things away




```
/components
  /dresser
    /dresser.js
    /dresser.test.js
    /drawer.js
  /cabinet
    /cabinet.js
    /cabinet.test.js
    /door.js
  /shared
    /handle.js
```

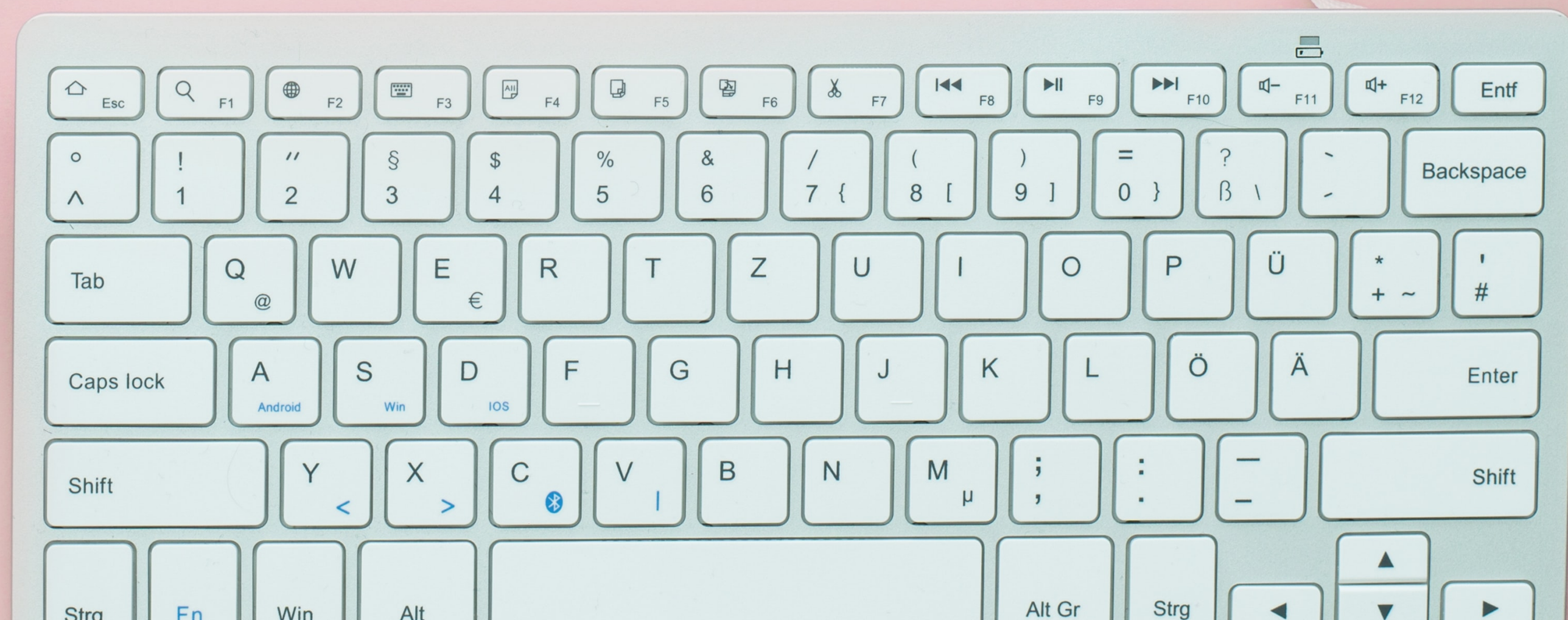

Refactoring as a daily practice



A minimalist workspace featuring a light-colored wooden desk in the foreground. On the left side of the desk, a grey adjustable desk lamp is positioned. In the background, a white clothing rack with several wooden hangers is visible. The wall is a plain, light grey. The overall aesthetic is clean and modern.

Working with time constraints

Making refactoring a part of our daily routine

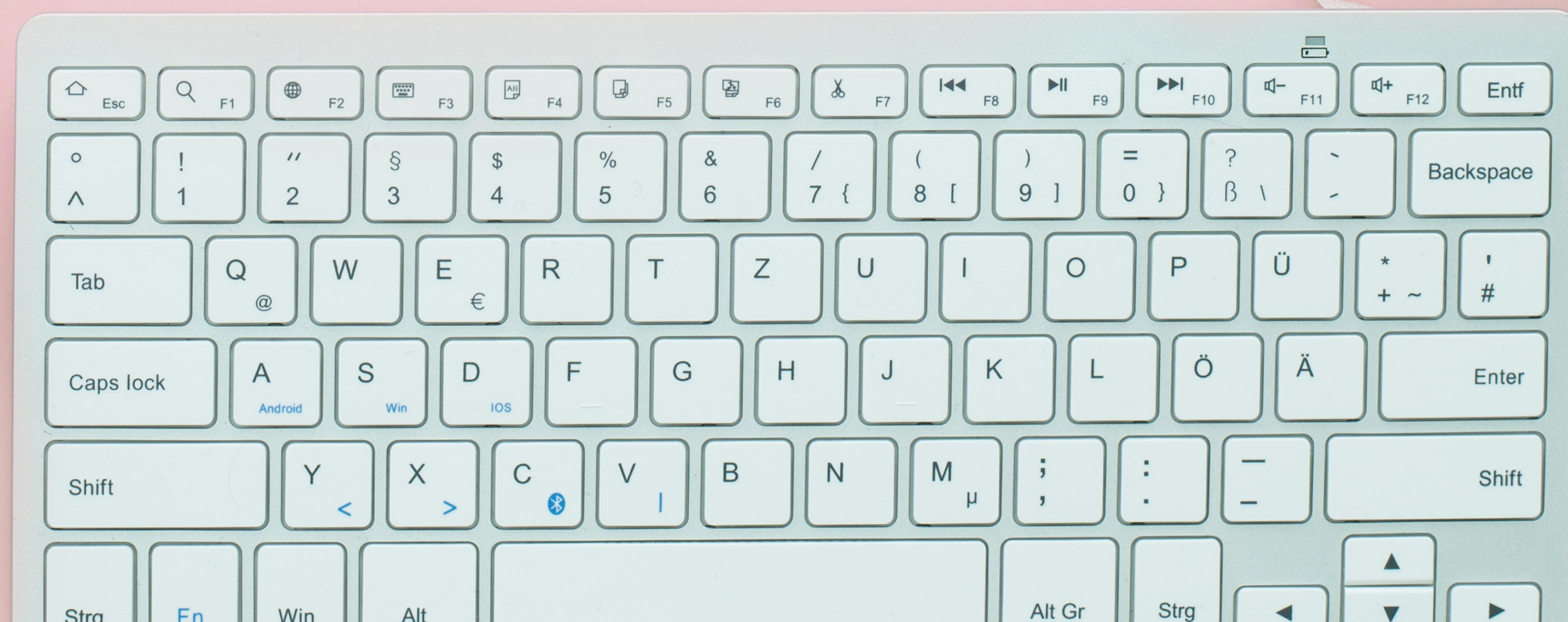


How do I get **other
people** on board?





Consistency is key



JS Style Guide

Testing

Testing is a really important part of component design. Not only can it help catch bugs, but it can help document our code and inform our decisions about the component or function's API. If a component or function is hard to test, then it might be time to re-think the way it is designed.

Libraries

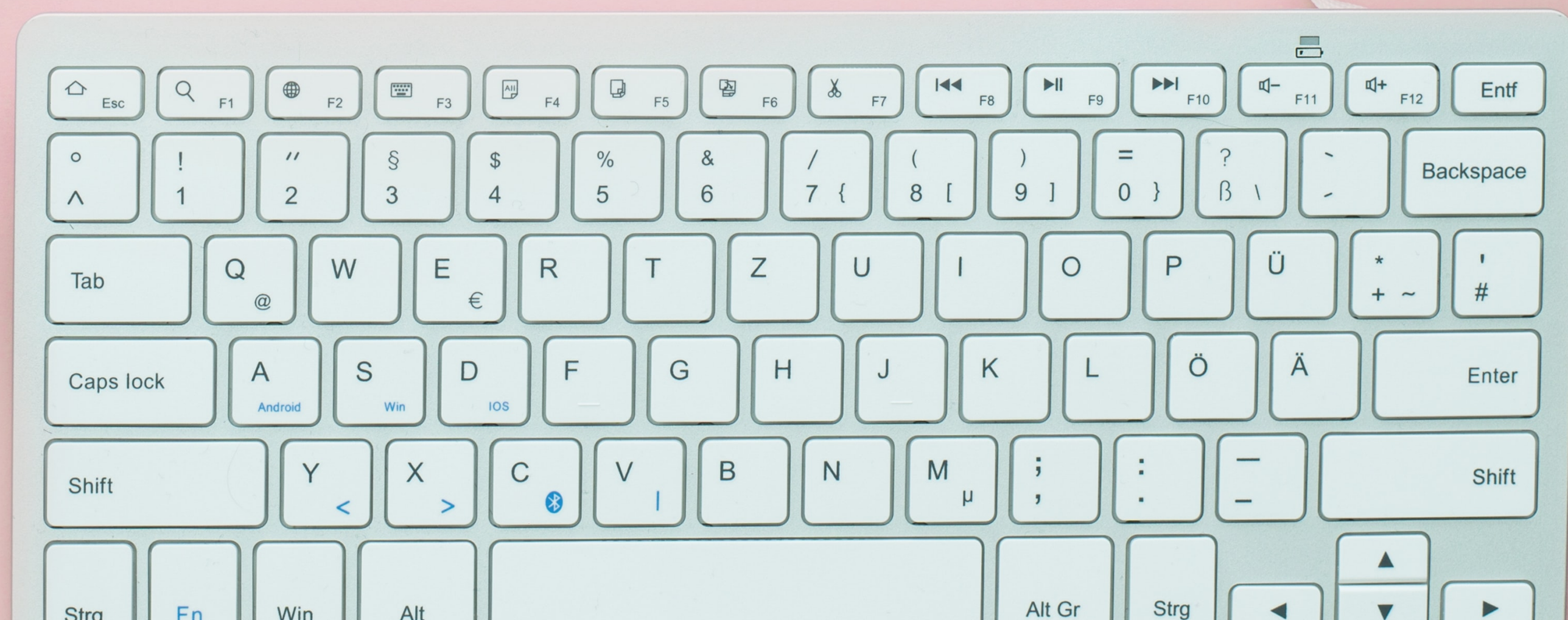
We are using [Jest](#) and [React Testing Library](#). We also have legacy tests that use Enzyme and React Test Renderer. If you are updating a component that uses one of these test renderers, please update the tests to use React Testing Library.

Test behavior, not implementation details

React Testing Library is designed to test behavior over implementation. This means that we are testing the component in the way that a user would interact with it.

Tests that depend on implementation details such as the component's internal state or helper functions are brittle, and don't give us the assurance we need that the component actually behaves as expected for a user. Ideally, we should be able to refactor our code without changing our tests.

The end goal of refactoring is
to better understand your
code.





Gratitude for the work
that has already been
done



“You’ll be surprised at how many of the things you possess have already fulfilled their role. By acknowledging their contribution and letting them go with gratitude, you will be able to truly put the things you own, and your life, in order.”

–Marie Kondo



Thank you!

@beccaliz
becca.is