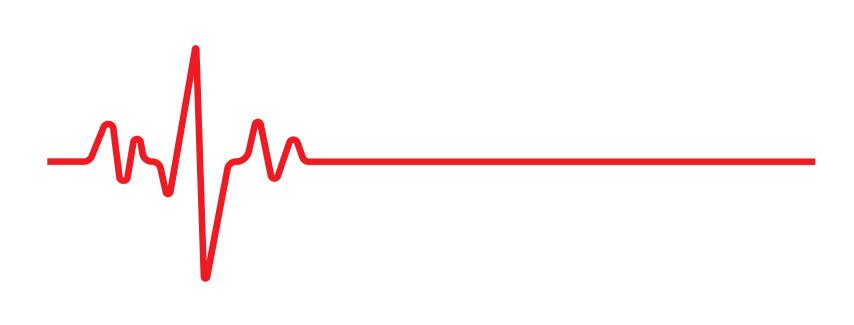
# Types of Heart Attack







## **About Types of Heart Attack**



Heart attacks, also known as myocardial infarctions, can occur in different forms and severity. Here are some <u>types of heart attack</u>:

- STEMI Myocardial Infarction
- NSTEMI Myocardial
  Infraction
- Unstable Angina
- Acute Coronary Spasm







# STEMI Myocardial Infraction

- STEMI myocardial infarction, a severe type of heart attack, necessitates immediate medical intervention to restore blood flow to the heart muscle.
- Treatment primarily involves a combination of medications and procedures. Initially, patients receive aspirin to prevent further clotting.
- Early recognition and prompt treatment are crucial for improving outcomes in STEMI cases.











## **SYMPTOMS**

**Vomiting:** Some people may experience nausea, vomiting, or a feeling of indigestion.



**Chest Pain:** The most common symptom is a crushing or squeezing chest pain

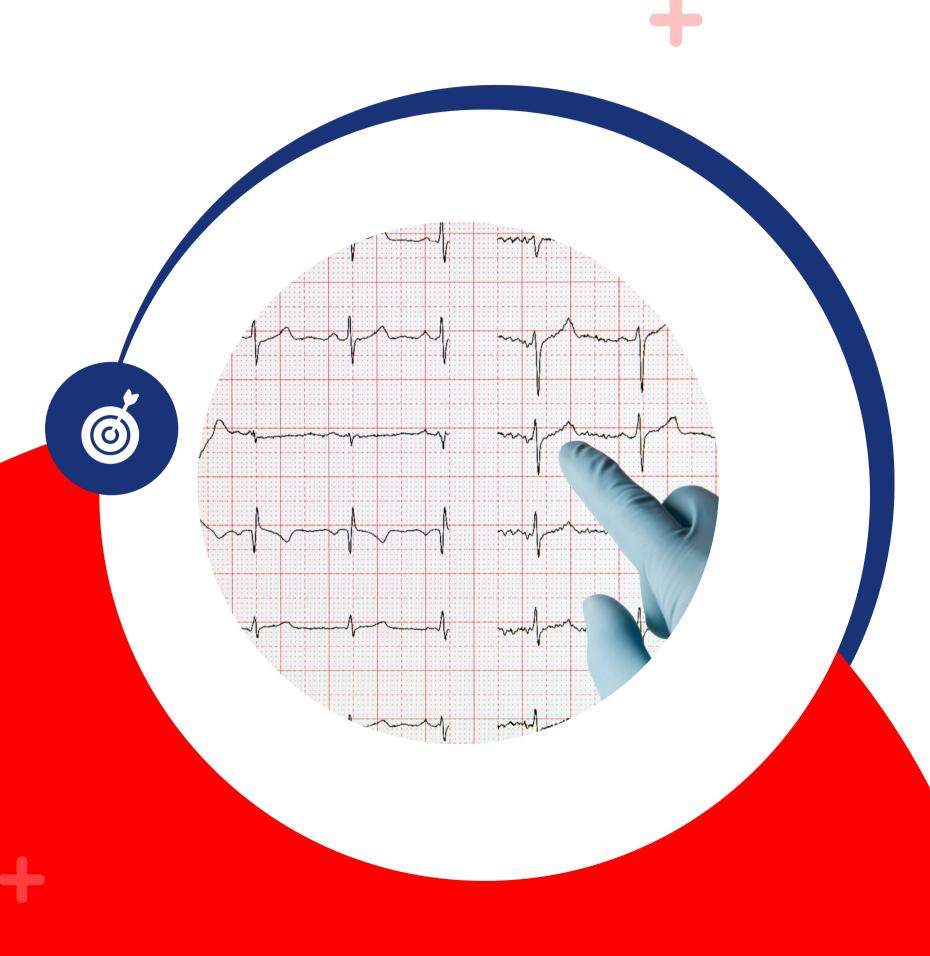


**Dizziness:** The most common symptom is a crushing or squeezing chest pain



**Sweating:** Profuse sweating, can be a symptom of STEMI.







### **Electrocardiogram (ECG)**

The initial diagnostic test for STEMI is an ECG. It helps identify the characteristic ST-segment elevation, indicating myocardial ischemia or injury.







## TREATMENT

#### **Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI):**

• Also known as angioplasty with stent placement, PCI involves threading a catheter with a balloon on its tip to the blocked artery.

#### Thrombolytic therapy

- This involves administering clot-dissolving medications to help break down the blood clot causing the blockage in the artery.
- Advanced Medical Group provides comprehensive cardiac care by <u>cardiologist specialist</u>, offering personalized treatment for improved heart health.



# **NSTEMI Myocardial Infraction**

- NSTEMI treatment typically involves medication, cardiac monitoring, and possibly invasive procedures like angiography.
- Cardiac monitoring allows healthcare providers to assess the patient's condition and response to treatment.
- The goal is to stabilize the patient, relieve symptoms, and prevent complications associated with myocardial infarction.







## **SYMPTOMS**



Chest Discomfort: This may feel like pressure, tightness, squeezing, or aching in the chest.



Nausea or vomiting: Some people may experience nausea, vomiting, or a feeling of indigestion.



**Pain:** This can include discomfort in the arms, back, neck, jaw, or stomach.











### **Electrocardiogram (ECG)**

The initial diagnostic test for STEMI is an ECG. It helps identify the characteristic ST-segment elevation, indicating myocardial ischemia or injury.







## TREATMENT

#### Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI):

• Also known as angioplasty with stent placement, PCI involves threading a catheter with a balloon on its tip to the blocked artery.

#### **Coronary angiography**

- This procedure involves inserting a catheter into the arteries of the heart to visualize any blockages.
- Advanced Medical Group offers individualized treatment for better heart health, along with complete cardiac care from skilled cardiologists.



## **Acute Coronary Spasm**

- Acute coronary spasm, also known as variant angina or Prinzmetal's angina, involves sudden, leading to reduced blood flow to the heart muscle.
- This can result in chest pain or discomfort (angina) similar to that of a heart attack.
- Lifestyle changes like quitting smoking, managing stress, emotional stress can also help reduce the frequency and severity of spasms.











## **SYMPTOMS**

#### **Chest Discomfort**

This may feel like pressure, tightness, squeezing, or aching in the chest.

#### Nausea or vomiting

Some people may experience nausea, vomiting, or a feeling of indigestion.

#### **Palpitations**

A sensation of rapid, fluttering may occur during an acute coronary spasm episode.









### **Electrocardiogram (ECG)**

The initial diagnostic test for STEMI is an ECG. It helps identify the characteristic ST-segment elevation, indicating myocardial ischemia or injury.







## TREATMENT

#### **Medications**

• To relieve symptoms and prevent future spasms. Calcium channel blockers like nifedipine and diltiazem are commonly used to relax blood vessels.

#### **Coronary angiography**

- Lifestyle changes such as quitting smoking and stress management are also recommended.
- <u>Advanced Medical Group</u>, a leading medical clinic, provides comprehensive cardiac care by experienced cardiologists, offering personalized treatment for improved heart health.



# Locations We Serve

Consult with one of our cardiology doctors located in New York, New Jersey, Union City, and North Bergen.



## **JERSEY CITY**

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## JNION CITY

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## NORTH BERGEN

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## WEST NEW YORK

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