Bringing back ethics

to

open source



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First, a disclaimer.



...well, two actually.



I am not a lawyer. [WIP]: This is a work in progress.



I don't have all the answers.





Goal: start a conversation.



So, what are we going to talk about?

- 1. A bit of context
- 2. A different perspective on the OSD
- 3. Let's look at prior art
- 4. What's missing from it?
- 5. Role of corporations
- 6. What do we get out of this?
- 7. Critiques
- 8. Next steps
- 9. Q&A



Context





So... what is this about?

- Increasing concerns about the negative impact of tech.
- Historical context of tech used at scale in Human Rights violations.
- A desire to do something about it through open source licensing.
- Previous attempts at doing so.
- Pushback from gatekeepers (that's their role, so understandable).





OSI, OSD, 4 freedoms, etc.

- Open Source Initiative (OSI): a non-profit that is responsible for deciding which license is an open source license.
- Open Source Definition (OSD): a set of 10 criteria necessary for a license to be considered an open source license.
- 4 freedoms: The four criteria necessary for software to be considered free software (copyleft).





Desacralizing the OSD*





Desacralizing the OSD*

- Created in a hurry over 20 yrs ago.
- Lifted from the Debian Free Software Guidelines.
- Never updated since.



@<u>tobie</u>

ľ	Ś	What is fre	e software? - GNU Pro 🗙	+				_ □) ×
	\leftarrow	→ C	gnu.org/philosop	ohy/free-sw.en.html#History			\$	@	:
History									
	F	from time	to time we revise this	Free Software Definition. H	Here is the list of substa	ntive changes, along with lir	nks to show exactly what w	vas changed.	
		 Version 	on 1.165: Clarify that a	rbitrary annoyances in the o	code do not negate free	dom 0, and that freedoms 1 a	and 3 enable users to remo	ve them.	
		 Version 	on 1.153: Clarify that f	reedom to run the program	means nothing stops y	ou from making it run.			
		 Version 	on 1.141: Clarify which	h code needs to be free.					
		 Version 	on 1.135: Say each time	e that freedom 0 is the freed	lom to run the progran	as you wish.			
		 Version 	on 1.134: Freedom 0 is	not a matter of the program	n's functionality.				
		 Version 	on 1.131: A free license	e may not require complian	ce with a nonfree licen	e of another program.			
		 Version 	on 1.129: State explicit	ly that choice of law and ch	noice of forum specific	tions are allowed. (This was	s always our policy.)		
		 Version 	on 1.122: An export con	ntrol requirement is a real p	roblem if the requirem	ent is nontrivial; otherwise it	t is only a potential probler	n.	
		-	on 1.118: Clarification: d to "improvements"	the issue is limits on your	right to modify, not on	what modifications you have	e made. And modifications	are not	
		dest of the second		by saying that only retroaction ork by releasing the work in		cceptable. The copyright hole l.	ders can always grant addi	tional	
			on 1.105: Reflect, in the	e brief statement of freedon	n 1, the point (already	tated in version 1.80) that it	includes really using your	modified	
		 Version 	on 1.92: Clarify that ob	fuscated code does not qua	lify as source code.				
			on 1.90: Clarify that free one else's development	0	distribute copies of yo	r own modified or improved	l version, not a right to par	ticipate in	

• <u>Version 1.89</u>: Freedom 3 includes the right to release modified versions as free software.



Werbergerer demester Trangutety, provide for the common define, premite the general The form a mere project Union, establish fortae, und ver Doutenty, ell ordain and establish this Generalitation for the United States of Semerice. Section 1. All legistative Sovers herain granted shall be vested in a George is of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and Sourse of Representatives . Hellion 2. Mel House of Achieventedires shall be composed of Members i have a very second year by the Reple of the several States, and the blades in each States halt have Qualifications requisite for Electors of the mast numerous Branch of the State Legislature No Desen shall be a Representative who what not have altrined to the dry of worth for pass, and been seven years a City or of the Under studies und who shall not, when cleded be an Inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen . Representatives and direct flowes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Number, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Sumber of free Persons including these bound to service for a Verm of year, and excluding indians not loved three fifths of all other Persons . The actual Guemeration shall or made within three years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the Understates, and within every subsequent Sem of ten Gears, in such Manner as they shall by Low direct . The Number of Representatives shall not could one for every they thousand, but each State shall have at Seast one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entilled to chuse three, Mafsachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations on Connecticut five, New York Sia, New Jorey four Tennsylvania oght, Detaware one, Maryland sine, Virginia ten North Carolina five Florth Carolina five, and Georgia three . When vacancies happen in the Representation from any Statighte Exceptive dutherity thereof shall five Wils of Election to fill, such Casencies . the Mouse of Representatives shall chose this office and ether offices; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment . Station . 3. The & knate of the United States shall be composed of we Senators from each state, chosen by the Legislature thereof for sur years, and each Senator shall have one Vole. Immediately after they shall be a fembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three Claffer Mer Rals of the lenaters of the first Claps shall be vacated at the Orperation of the second year of the second Claps at the Experision of the fourth year, and of the third Class at the Expinition of the sindle Gran so that one third may be chosen every second year; and of Queancies happen by Resignation, or Whenever, during the Reefs of the Segurature of any State, the Executive Here monte temperary appointments until the next Menting of the Segurature, which shall there ful No Person shall be as heration who shall not have attained to the Ros of thirty years, and been none years a Citizen of the United States, and whe shall such Vacancies not, when elected be and in habitant of that State for which he shall be chosen .

The Dece President of the United States shall be President of the Senate but shall have no bete uniters they be equally divided. a bo shall exercises the Diller @tobie











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Desacralizing the OSD*

- Expression of the privilege of its authors.
- Ethical concerns would have been central had the OSD been written in less privileged circles.
- What if open source had succeeded in spite of the OSD and not because of it?
 - Consider license adoption & who chooses software (hint: devs, not lawyers).



(Some) Prior Art





(Some) Prior Art

- Douglas Crockford's "Good, not Evil" license.
- The <u>Hippocratic License</u> by Coraline Ada Ehmke.





"Good, not Evil" License

• MIT license & "Good, not Evil" clause:

"The Software shall be used for Good, not Evil."

- Problem: leaves the definition of Good and Evil to interpretation.
- Crockford ended-up putting JSON in the public domain instead.





The Hippocratic License

- Solves the problem of defining Evil by relying on the Human Rights.
- Doesn't conflict with criteria 5 & 6 of the OSD by narrowing down limitation to actions (and not people, groups, or fields of endeavor).
- Problems:
 - > Leaves the definition of human rights violation to the courts.
 - > No strong adoption story.





What's missing?





What's missing

- Reliance on internationally recognized and respected body that defines actual violation of Human Rights.
- Community buy-in and multi-stakeholder support:
 - Maintainers
 - Actual open source projects
 - Nonprofits such as OSI, Apache Foundation, Linux Foundation, etc.
 - Corporations (OSPO, C-suite, Legal)
- Clear path from existing licenses to ethical ones
 - > Legal aspects, tooling, education, etc.
- A mindset shift to redefine the norm as respectful of Human Rights.



Fringe 🗾 Norm





Corporations!?





Corporations!?

- Yes. If corps can't use it, it'll never have traction.
- Corporations often in Prisoner's Dilemma situation:
 - Would gladly stop infuriating their employees by dropping these small problematic contracts.
 - Problematic contracts often tied to orders of magnitude larger contracts they can't afford to lose.
 - Provide an excuse to reject problematic contracts without risking the other ones.





What do we get out of this?





A moral compass for our industry





More concretely

- 1. Puts Human Rights at the heart of open source & software development.
- 2. Human Rights-trained IP lawyers in corporations.
- 3. Gives corporations an excuse to reject certain contracts.
- 4. Potentially reduces the pool of available software for Human Rights violations.





Critiques





Critiques

- Other/better way to address this.
- Risk of ethical license proliferation.
- Compliance nightmare.
- Not enforceable, so not worth it.
- In violation of OSD and/or 4 freedoms.



Next steps





Next steps

- This is a huge multi-year effort
 - > Must be community-backed
 - > Assess interest
 - ➤ Outreach
- Figure out where to lead it from
 - > OSI?
 - > New structure?
- Support? Volunteers? Funding?



Thank you.



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Q&A



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