





Let's dive into Terraform provider creation

Aurélie Vache - Horacio Gonzalez 2023-03-06





@Lost In Brittany

Aurélie Vache

@aurelievache

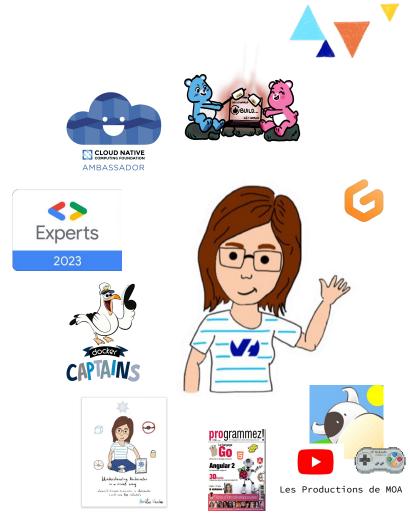
DevRel at V/ OVHcloud

Conferences organizer

Tech visual articles & books

Sketchnoter

- … & ♥ Retrogaming
- https://www.youtube.com/c/AurelieVache https://dev.to/aurelievache/



@AurelieVache 😰 @Lost In Brittany

Horacio Gonzalez

@LostInBrittany

Spaniard lost in Brittany, developer, dreamer and all-around geek

OVHcloud

DevRel Leader

Finist Devs 🕇 🖽 <> **Experts**



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@AurelieVache @ Lost In Brittany

OVHcloud: A global leader





Web Cloud & Telcom



Private Cloud



Public Cloud

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Storage



Network & Security



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2200 Employees

worldwide

34 Points of Presence

on a 20 TBPS Bandwidth Network

115K Private Cloud VMS running



P

300K Public Cloud instances running



380K Physical Servers running in our data centers



1 Million+ Servers produced since 1999

A	8
U	Y

1.5 Million Customers across 132 countries



3.8 Million Websites hosting



1.5 Billion Euros Invested since 2016



P.U.E. 1.09 **Energy efficiency indicator**



20+ Years in Business **Disrupting since 1999**

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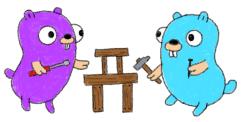




Gophers, gophers everywhere!









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Terraform

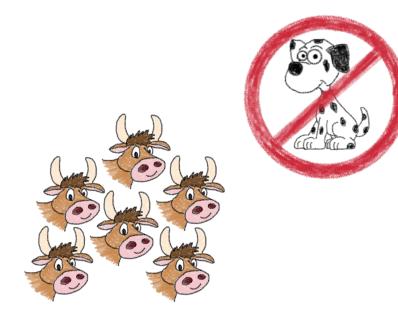
De facto standard for IaC





Infrastructure as Code (IaC)





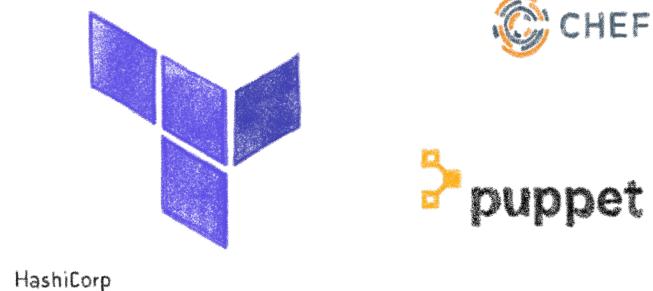
Types of IaC

- Imperative
- Declarative

· Environment Aware



Terraform becoming the de facto standard 4



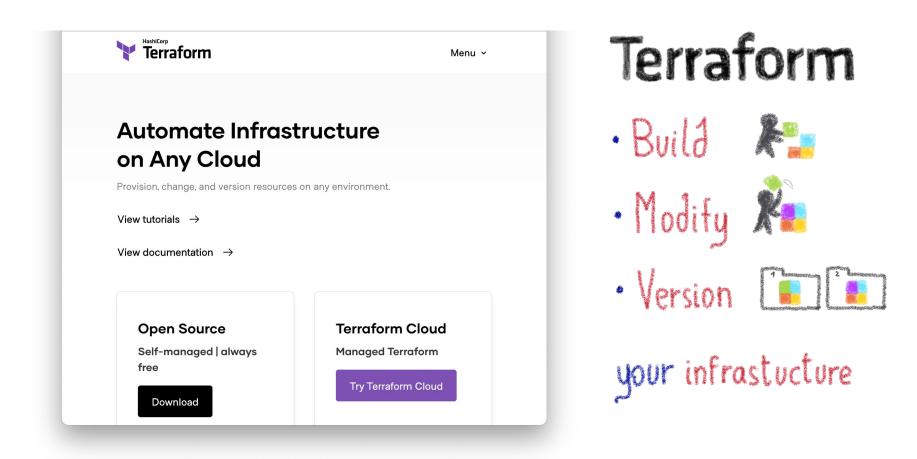


HashiCorp Terraform



HashiCorp Terraform





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Modular architecture: providers

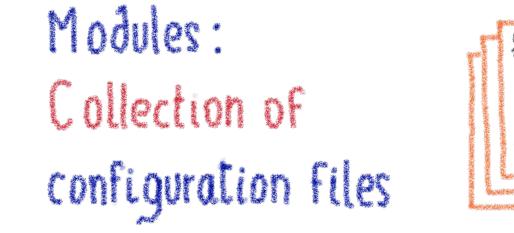






Configuration packages: modules







Terraform registry



Terraform Registry

Providers & Modules

Terraform Registry Search Providers and Modules Q **Terraform Registry** Discover Terraform providers that power all of Terraform's resource types, or find modules for quickly deploying common infrastructure configurations. Browse Providers Browse Modules O Browse Policy Libraries Browse Run Tasks 2595 providers, 11144 modules & counting



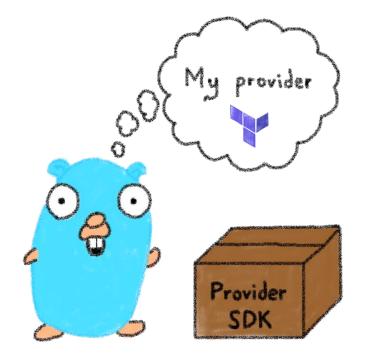


Writing Terraform providers Defining new Terraform resources ວິ @AurelieVache @ OLost In Brittany



Provider SDK





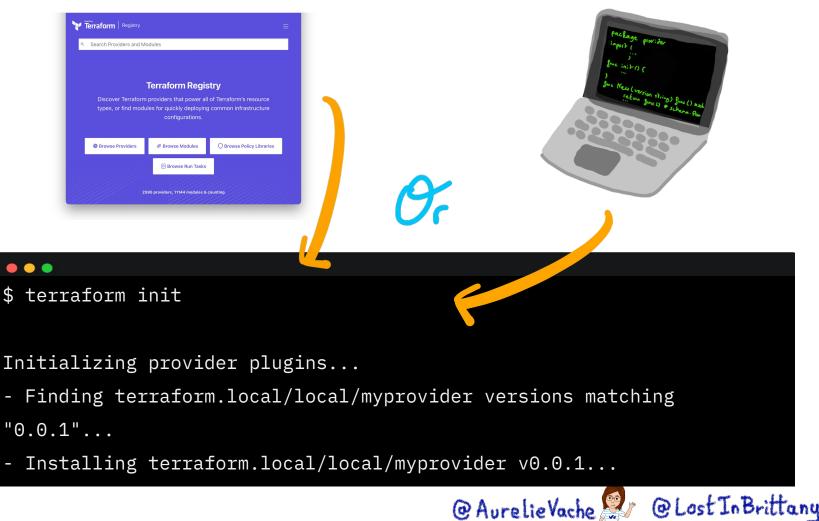
https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/plugin/framework





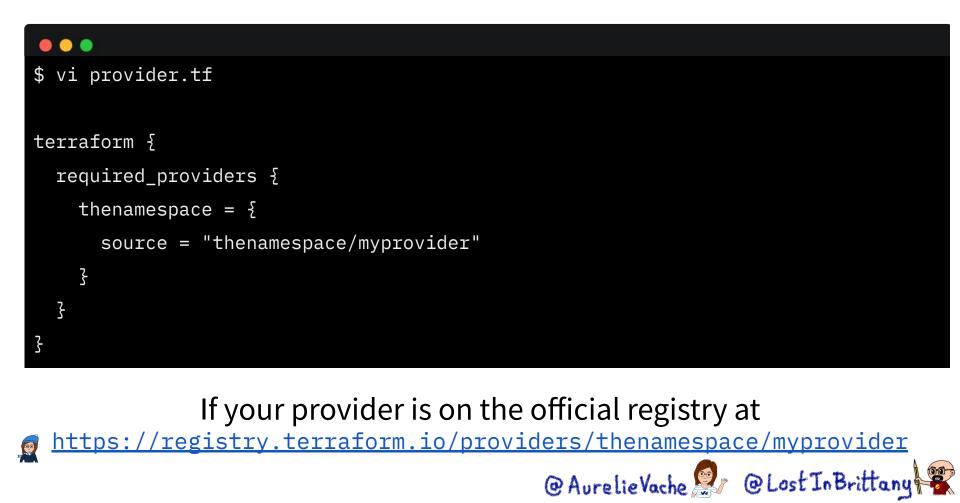
Installing Terraform providers





Installing providers from registry





Installing providers locally



\$ go build -o terraform-provider-myprovider

\$ mkdir -p

~/.terraform.d/plugins/terraform.local/local/myprovider/0.0.1/darwin_amd64

\$ mv terraform-provider-myprovider

~/.terraform.d/plugins/terraform.local/local/myprovider/0.0.1/darwin_amd64





Installing providers locally



```
$ vi provider.tf
terraform {
  required_providers {
    thenamespace = {
      source = "terraform.local/local/myprovider"
      version = "0.0.1"
    کے
  <mark>ک</mark>ے
```





Do I need a Terraform provider?



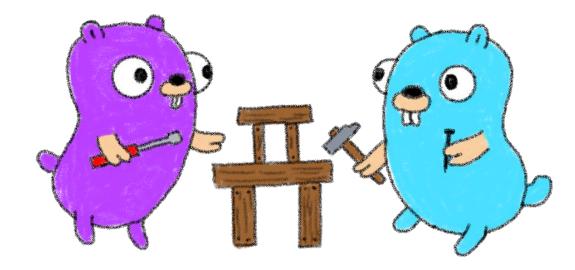
(1) Swagger	Explore
My-api (100) HTTP server that handles accessome resource	25
Schemes HTTP V	
GET / healthz	i
GET / hello	
POST / hello	

If you have an API, you should have a Terraform provider @AurelieVache @LostInBrittany





Let's create a provider! Step by step







What do we want?

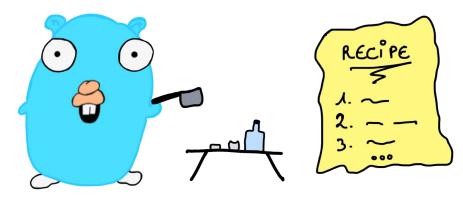
• In a simple and easy Terraform provider

• Handle cute Gophers

• In **Go**, because providers are made in















.

gophers-api

This simple API handle a list of Gophers. It allows to:

- · list the existing Gophers
- · display the information about a Gopher
- create a new Gopher
- delete a Gopher
- update the path and the URL of a Gopher







https://github.com/scraly/gophers-api







For the demos we will use Gitpod





Automated, ephemeral developer environments in the web @AurelieVache @ Lost In Brittany





\$ task swagger.serve

task: [swagger.serve] swagger serve -F swagger ./pkg/swagger/swagger.yml

--no-open

2022/10/31 20:16:51 serving docs at http://localhost:38457/docs









		Explore
gophers-api ^{0.1.0} HTTP server that handle cute Gophers.		
Schemes HTTP ~		
default	\odot	\sim
GET /healthz		
GET /gophers	9	•
POST /gopher Add a new Gopher		
GET /gopher		
DELETE /gopher		
PUT /gopher		





\$ task run

task: [run] GOFLAGS=-mod=mod go run internal/main.go

2022/10/30 20:22:05 Serving gophers API at http://[::]:8080

•••

```
$ curl localhost:8080/gophers
```

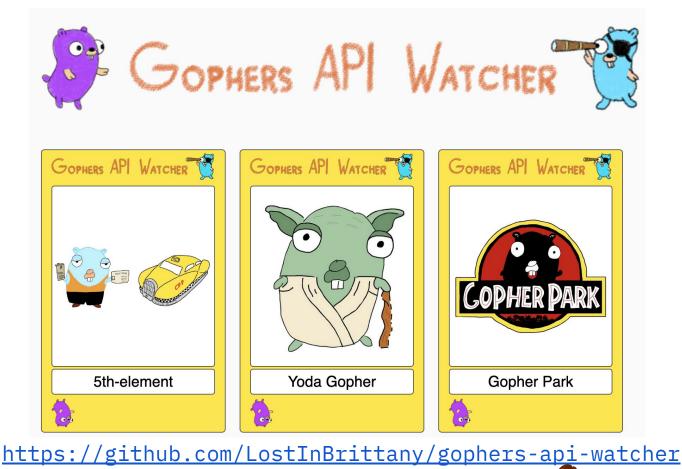
```
[{"name":"5th-element","displayname":"5th
```

Element.png","url":"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/scraly/gophers/main/5th-ele
ment.png"}]





Gophers deserve to be seen



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•••

\$ curl -X POST localhost:8080/gopher -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d \
'{"name":"yoda-gopher","displayname":"Yodada
Gopher","url":"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/scraly/gophers/main/yoda-gopher.
png"}'

\$ curl -X DELETE localhost:8080/gopher?name=5th-element

- $curl X PUT localhost:8080/gopher <math display="inline">\$
 - -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d \

'{"name":"yoda-gopher","displayname":"Yoda

Gopher","url":"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/scraly/gophers/main/yoda-gopher.
png"}'

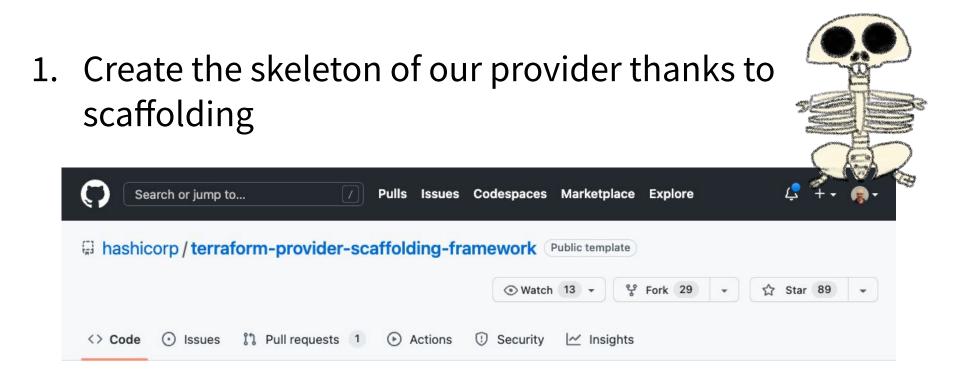




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Let's create our provider!





https://github.com/hashicorp/terraform-provider-scaffolding-framework

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Let's create our provider!

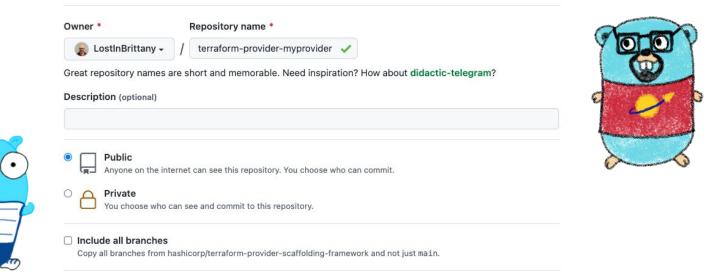


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Create a new repository from terraform-provider-scaffolding-

framework

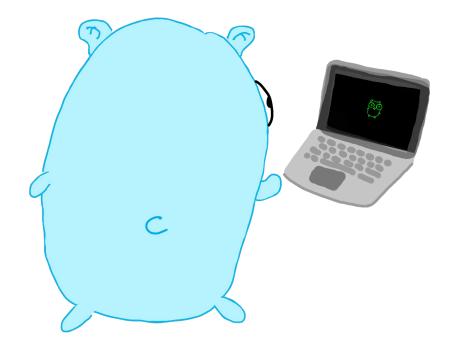
The new repository will start with the same files and folders as hashicorp/terraform-provider-scaffolding-framework.



https://github.com/LostInBrittany/terraform-provider-gophers

Demo time!

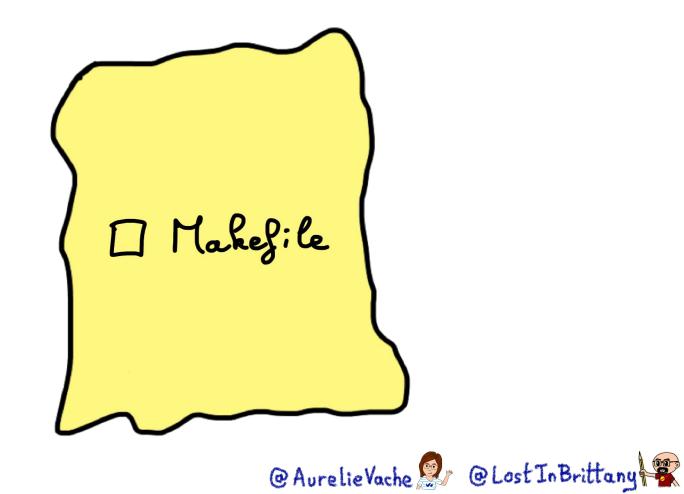






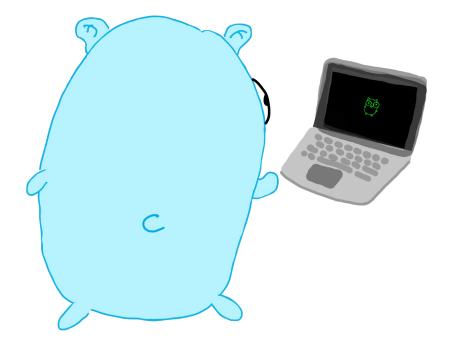


Provider > Makefile



Demo time!







Some concepts to introduce...



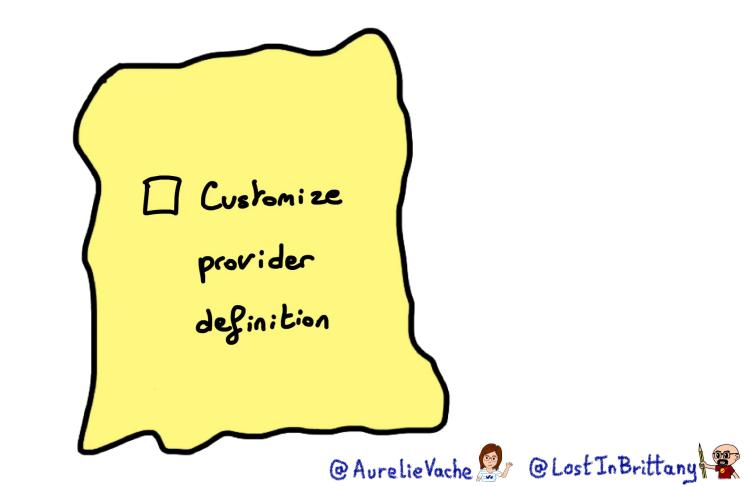








Customizing provider definition



Test it!


```
$ vi provider.tf
terraform {
  required_providers {
    gophers = {
      source = "terraform.local/local/gophers"
      version = "0.0.1"
    Z
  ζ
Z
provider "gophers" {
  endpoint = "http://myawesomeurl.com"
ζ
```







Adding datasource: gophers





Adding the schema



GRANNESS AND AN ODI GOING aisesses

"Translating" the Swagger into a Go schema







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\$ vi gophers_data.tf

```
# List of available gophers
data "gophers" "my_gophers" {
}
```

output "return_gophers" {

value = length(data.gophers.my_gophers.gophers) >= 1







Adding datasource: gopher







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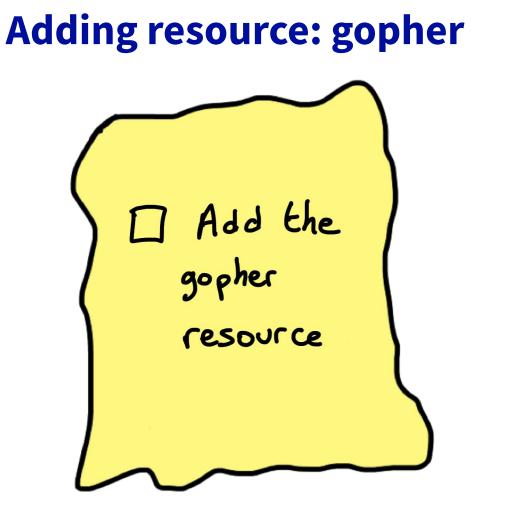
\$ vi gopher_data.tf

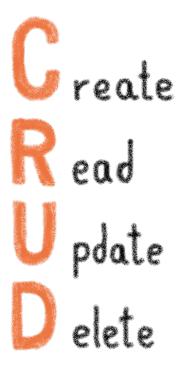
```
# Display information about a Gopher
data "gophers_gopher" "moultipass" {
   name = "5th-element"
```













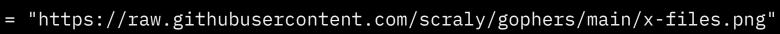




ξ

```
$ vi gopher_resource.tf
```

```
resource "gophers_gopher" "x-files" {
  name = "x-files"
  displayname = "X Files"
  url = "https://raw.githubuserce"
```





Testing the provider locally



•••

- \$ go build -o terraform-provider-gophers
- \$ mkdir -p
- ~/.terraform.d/plugins/terraform.local/local/gophers/0.0.1/darwin_arm64
- \$ mv terraform-provider-gophers
- ~/.terraform.d/plugins/terraform.local/local/gophers/0.0.1/darwin_arm64





\$ make install



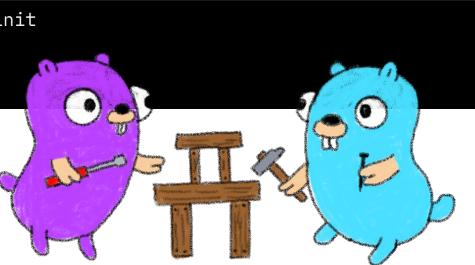
Testing the provider locally



•••

\$ rm .terraform.lock.hcl && terraform init

\$ terraform apply



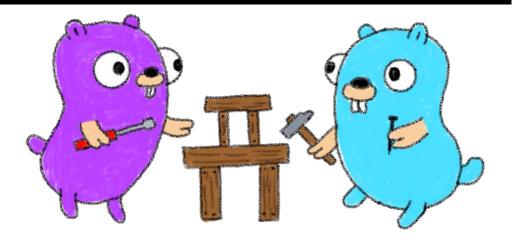


Testing the provider locally



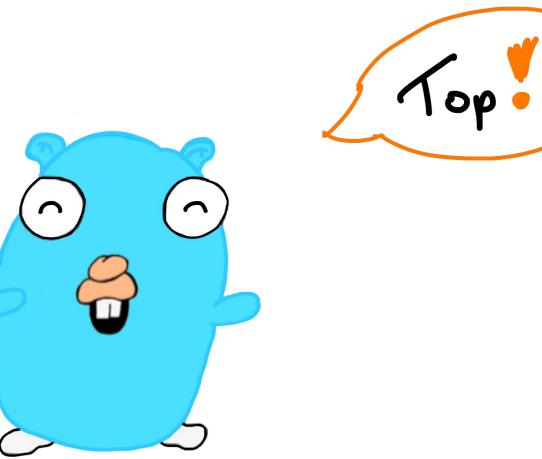
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\$ terraform destroy













OVHcloud Terraform Provider To easily manage OVHcloud products





OVHcloud Terraform Provider



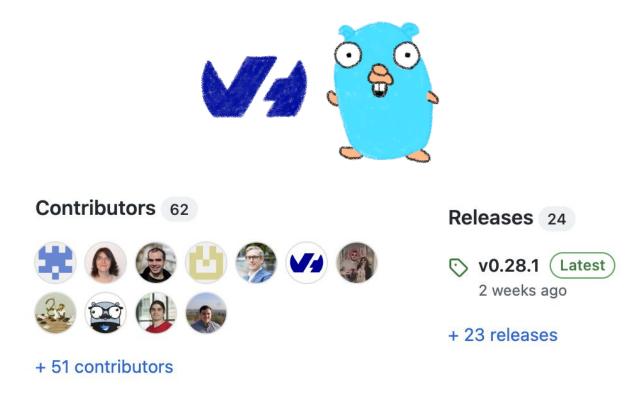
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	ovh				Provider Downloads	All versions \sim
	Partner	by: <u>ovh</u>			Downloads this week	5503
					Downloads this month	5503
	Public Clou	Id			Downloads this year	85395
	VERSION	O PUBLISHED	<> SOURCE	ECODE	Downloads over all time	873496
	0.28.1	11 days ago	O ovh/terra	aform-provider-ovh		

https://registry.terraform.io/providers/ovh/ovh/latest/docs



OVHcloud Terraform Provider





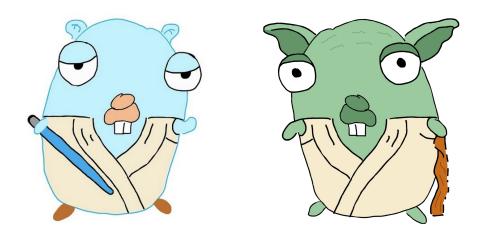
https://github.com/ovh/terraform-provider-ovh





Best practices

But we have learnt with our providers





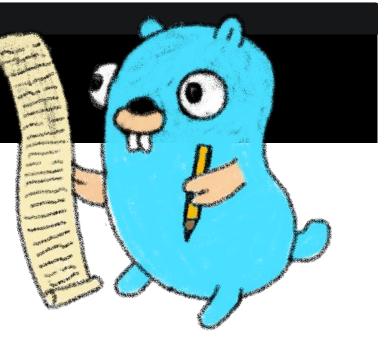
Doc is not optional



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\$ tfplugindocs generate

Generate the doc of your provider. Based on the schema the provider exposes.



https://github.com/hashicorp/terraform-plugin-docs @AurelieVache @ CostInBrittany

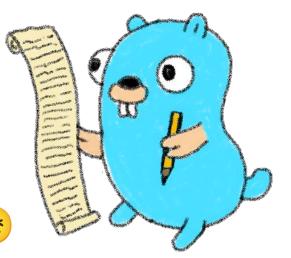


Write useful examples in your doc

Examples in your documentation should be:

- Useful
- Up-to-date
- Working

Users will copy paste your examples! 😉





And... test your doc!



Terraform Registry	Q Search Providers and Modules	Browse 🗸	Publish 🗸	Sign-in O
 # My awesome doc -> This can be used to preview how provider docs will Terraform Registry. **It's better to test your doc before to put it in production 				

PREVIEW DOCUMENTATION

My awesome doc

Note

This can be used to preview how provider docs will render on the Terraform Registry.

It's better to test your doc before to put it in production ;-)



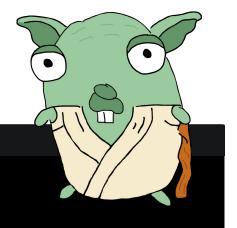
Use the doc preview tool

https://registry.terraform.io/tools/doc-preview

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Acceptance tests



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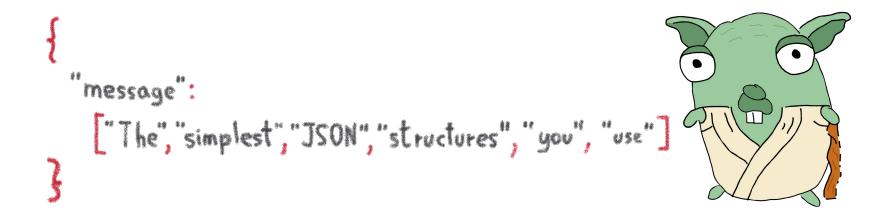
\$ make testacc

\$ make testacc TESTARGS="-run TestAccDataSourceGopher"





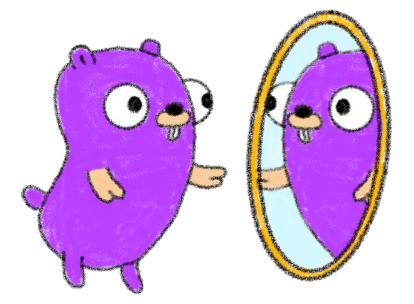
Have the simplest JSON structures





Provider is a reflection of your API client

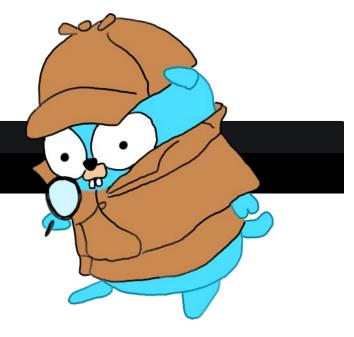




Think about API first design @AurelieVache @Lost In Brittany

Use the logs for debugging







\$ TF_LOG=INF0 terraform plan

Set timeouts / retry



Timeouts: &schema.ResourceTimeout{ Create: schema. DefaultTimeout (20 * time.Minute), Update: schema. DefaultTimeout (20 * time.Minute), Delete: schema. DefaultTimeout (20 * time.Minute), },



Timeout/retry par resource

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Read the code

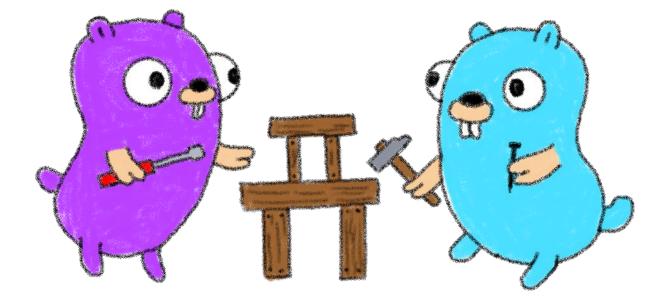




See how other open source providers are written @AurelieVache @LostInBrittany





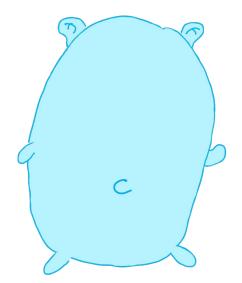


Practice, practice, practice @AurelieVache @ Lost In Brittany



One more thing...

Or two or three





A handy cheat sheet

Terraform CLI Cheat Sheet

About Terraform CLI

Terraform, a tool created by Hashicorp in 2014, written in Go, aims to build, change and version control your infrastructure. This tool have a powerfull and very intuitive Command Line Interface.

Installation

Install through curl

\$ curl -0 https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/ 0.11.10/terraform_0.11.10_linux_and64.zip \$ sudo unzip terraform_0.11.10_linux_and64.zip -d /usr/local/bin/

\$ rm terraform_0.11.10_linux_amd64.zip

OR install through tfenv: a Terraform version manager

First of all, download the tfenv binary and put it in your PATH.

\$ git clone https://github.com/Zordrak/tfenv.git -/.tfenv \$ echo 'export PATH="\$HOME/.tfenv/bin:\$PATH"' >> \$HOME/bashrc

Then, you can install desired version of terraform:

\$ tfenv install 0.11.10

Usage

Show version

\$ terraform --version Terraform v0.11.10

Init Terraform

\$ terraform init

It's the first command you need to execute. Unless, terraform plan, apply, destroy and import will not work. The command terraform init will install :

- · terraform modules
- · eventually a backend
- and provider(s) plugins

Init Terraform and don't ask any input

\$ terraform init -input=false

Change backend configuration during the init

\$ terraform init -backend-config=cfg/s3.dev.tf reconfigure

-reconfigure is used in order to tell terraform to nt copy the existing state to the new remote state location.

Get

This command is useful when you have defined some modules. Modules are vendored so when you edit them, you need to get again modules content.

\$ terraform get -update=true

When you use modules, the first thing you'll have to do is to do a terraform get. This pulls modules into the terraform directory. Once you do that, unless you do another terraform get - update=true, you've essentially vendored those modules.

Plan

The plan step check configuration to execute and write a plan to apply to target infrastructure provider.

\$ terraform plan -out plan.out

It's an important feature of Terraform that allows a user to see which actions Terraform will perform prior to making any changes, increasing confidence that a change will have the desired effect once applied.

When you execute terraform plan command, terraform will scan all *.tf files in your directory and create the plan.

Apply

Now you have the desired state so you can execute the plan.

\$ terraform apply plan.out

Good to know: Since terraform v0.11+, in an interactive mode (non CI/CD/autonomous pipeline), you can just execute terraform apply command which will print out which actions TF will perform.

By generating the plan and applying it in the same command, Terraform can guarantee that the execution plan work change, without needing to write it to disk. This reduces the risk of potentially-sensitive data being left behind, or accidentally checked into version control.

\$ terraform apply

Apply and auto approve

\$ terraform apply -auto-approve

Apply and define new variables value

\$ terraform apply -auto-approve -var tags-repository_url=\${GIT_URL}

Apply only one module

\$ terraform apply -target=module.s3

This -target option works with terraform plan too.

Destroy

\$ terraform destroy

Delete all the resources!

A deletion plan can be created before:

\$ terraform plan -destroy

 - target option allow to destroy only one resource, for example a S3 bucket :

\$ terraform destroy -target aws_s3_bucket.my_bucket

Debug

\$ echo "aws_iam_user.notif.arn" | terraform console arn:aws:iam::123456789:user/notif

Graph

\$ terraform graph | dot -Tpng > graph.png

Visual dependency graph of terraform resources.

State

How to tell to Terraform you moved a ressource in a module?

If you moved an existing resource in a module, you need to update the state:

\$ terraform state mv aws_iam_role.role1 module.mymodule

How to import existing resource in Terraform?

If you have an existing resource in your infrastructure provider, you can import it in your Terraform state:

\$ terraform import aws_iam_policy.elastic_post arn:aws:iam::123456789:policy/elastic_post

Workspaces

To manage multiple distinct sets of infrastructure resources/environments.

Instead of create a directory for each environment to manage, we need to just create needed workspace and use them:

Create workspace

<u>https://github.com/scraly/terraform-cheat-sheet/</u>

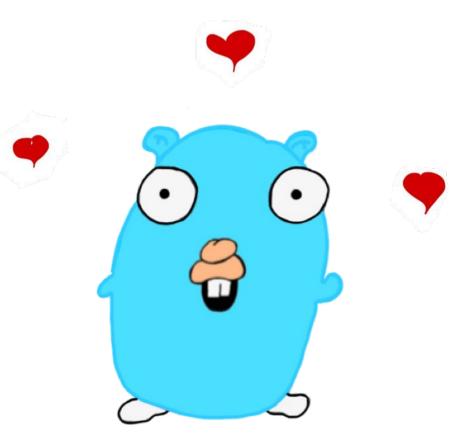
@AurelieVache 😰 @Lost In Brittany





Thank you!





https://bit.ly/tf-provider-posdi







Paris Open Source Data Infrastructure



Plongeons dans la création d'un provider Terraform

lundi 6 mars / 19:00 - 19:00



@AurelieVache @ Cost In Brittany