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COMPLIANCE MADE EASY

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50 MINUTES, 3 GOALS

1. Review security compliance tech + initiatives

- SCAP Security Guide Project
- Security Technical Implementation Guides (STIGs)
- FedRAMP / FISMA Moderate

3.

2.



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- 3. Discuss compliance content roadmap
 - Program validation & priority adjustment



FIRST: WHAT'S THE PROBLEM?

RHEL5 STIG (U.S. Military Baseline)

- 587 compliance items
- Many are manual

| Average time to configure and verify control | # controls | Total time <u>per RHEL instance</u> |
|---|------------|--|
| 1 minute | * 587 | 9.7 hours |
| 3 minutes | * 587 | 29.4 hours |
| 5 minutes | * 587 | 48.9 hours |



Common Criteria





Common Criteria != Compliance Policy





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| | Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 with KVM | Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 with KVM | IBM z/VM Version 5 Release 3 (for IBM System z Mainframes) | VMWare vSphere 5.0 | VMWare ESXi 4.1 | Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Hyper-V Role with HotFix KB950050 |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Certification Date | 2012-10-08 | 2012-04-20 | 2008-08-06 | 2012-05-18 | 2010-12-15 | 2009-07-24 |
| EAL Level | EAP4+ | EAP4+ | EAP4+ | EAP4+ | EAP4+ | EAP4+ |
| CAPP | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO |
| RBAC | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| LSPP | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO |

- CAPP: Users control who access' their data
- RBAC: Users classified into roles ("BackupAdm," "AuditAdm"...)
- LSPP: Compartmentalizes users and applications from each other. Enables MLS.





















RHEL5 STIG Delay: 1,988 days



RHEL5 STIG Delay: 1,988 days

RHEL6 STIG Delay: 932 days



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SCAP Security Guide





National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce





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SCAP \longrightarrow HTML



SCAP \leftarrow HTML

OpenSCAP \longrightarrow Firefox



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| GUIDANCE | |
|----------|--|
| | |
| | |



























ROADMAP

- OpenStack Security Guide begins 24-JUNE-2013
 - Content will be incorporated into SCAP Security Guide
 - Formation of Red Hat OpenStack STIG (eta Q4 2013)
 - Want to participate? https://fedorahosted.org/scap-security-guide/
 - We need your feedback to prioritize other tech!
 - OpenShift vs JBoss vs Red Hat Storage vs



MORE INFO

Web http://fedorahosted.org/scap-security-guide

Mail

https://fedorahosted.org/mailman/listinfo/scap-security-guide

DISA STIG http://iase.disa.mil/stigs/os/unix/red_hat.html





APPENDIX I: Additional SSG Project Info



- Delivers practical security guidance, baselines, and associated validation mechanisms using the Security Content Automation Protocol (SCAP)
 - Current content for RHEL6, JBoss EAP5
- Upstream source for government *implementation* guidance
 - Specifically, DISA STIG and NSA SNAC Guide
 - First example of US Government policy, not just technology, derived from community open source project!



- Open Source project
 - https://fedorahosted.org/scap-security-guide (and yes, government can contribute!) (and yes, we checked with the lawyers)
- Why?
 - Enables agile government—vendor—consumer interaction
 - Ensures consensus among stakeholders
 - Enables development in SCAP formats



- Recommendations map to compliance standards wherever possible
- Because of this mapping, creation of custom "profiles" possible
 - RHEL6 STIG
 - RHEL6 Security Guide (via NSA)
 - Baseline content for FedRAMP
 - Your own?



- SCAP Formats
 - XML schemas, managed by NIST
 - Configuration checklist / guide format is XCCDF
 - Automated checking via OVAL



- COSTS
 - Complex XML schema
 - OVAL just a bit verbose </understatement>
- BENEFITS
 - Ingestible by SCAP-compatible tools
 - OpenSCAP ships within RHEL!
 - XCCDF Profiles
 - Standardized outputs/reporting





APPENDIX: USAGE DEMO



USE THE WORKBOOK!

• Available on wiki: https://fedorahosted.org/scap-security-guide/



STEP 1: DOWNLOAD

• RPM yum repository (EPEL)

\$ sudo sh -c "wget -0 /etc/yum.repos.d/epel-6-scap-security-guide.repo \
http://repos.fedorapeople.org/repos/scap-security-guide/epel-6-scap-securityguide.repo"

\$ sudo sh -c "yum install scap-security-guide"

Source Code

\$ git clone ssh://git.fedorahosted.org/git/scap-security-guide.git

• Note: RPMs place files into /usr/share/xml/scap/ssg



STEP 2: REVIEW GUIDANCE

- HTML guides located in /usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/guides/
- As of SSG v0.1-11, shipping EAP5 and RHEL6 guides

\$ firefox \
/usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/guides/rhel6-guide.html



STEP 3: REVIEW POLICY MAPPINGS

- Policy mappings located in /usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/policytables/
- Frequently used as Security Requirements Traceability Matrix (STRM) foundations

\$ firefox \
/usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/policytables/table-rhel6nistrefs.html



STEP 4: RUN A SCAN

```
$ sudo sh -c "oscap xccdf eval --profile stig-rhel6-server \
--results /root/ssg-results.xml \
--report /root/ssg-results.html \
--cpe /usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/content/ssg-rhel6-cpe-
dictionary.xml \
/usr/share/xml/scap/ssg/content/ssg-rhel6-xccdf.xml"
```

- --results: XML formatted results
- --report: HTML formatted results
- Need help? `man scap-security-guide`



STEP 5: REVIEW REPORT

\$ firefox /root/ssg-results.html

Rule Results Summary

| pass | fixed | fail | error | not selected | not checked | not applicable | informational | unknown | total |
|---|------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|--------|
| 92 | 0 | 99 | 5 | 162 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 385 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Title | | | | | Result |
| Ensure /tmp Located On Separate Partition | | | | | | | | fail | |
| Ensure /var Located On Separate Partition | | | | | | | fail | | |
| Ensure /var/log Located On Separate Partition | | | | | | | fail | | |
| Ensure /var/log/audit Located On Separate Partition | | | | | | | fail | | |
| Ensure /home Lo | ocated On Separa | te Partition | | | | | | | fail |

- Pass/fail "dashboard"
- Metadata of rules, once clicked



STEP 6: GENERATE REMEDIATION SCRIPTS

As of SSG v0.1-11 (e.g. June 2013) this feature is undergoing rapid development. Not complete, not fully tested, not ready for production!

\$ oscap xccdf generate fix \
--result-id xccdf_org.open-scap_testresult_stig-rhel6-server \
/var/www/html/results/results.xml



STEP 6: GENERATE REMEDIATION SCRIPTS

```
$ oscap xccdf generate fix \
--result-id xccdf_org.open-scap_testresult_stig-rhel6-server \
/var/www/html/results/results.xml
```

#!/bin/bash

```
# OpenSCAP fix generator output for benchmark: Guide to the
# Secure Configuration of Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6
# Generating fixes for all failed rules in test result
# 'xccdf org.open-scap testresult stig-rhel6-server'.
# XCCDF rule: set sysctl net ipv4 conf all accept redirects
# CCE-27027-2
# Set runtime for net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects
sysctl -q -n -w net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects=0
if grep --silent ^net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects /etc/sysctl.conf ; then
       sed —i \
            's/^net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects.*/net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects = 0/g' \
             /etc/sysctl.conf
else
       echo "" >> /etc/sysctl.conf
       echo "# Set net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects to 0 per security requirements" \
            >> /etc/sysctl.conf
       echo "net.ipv4.conf.all.accept redirects = 0" >> /etc/sysctl.conf
```

fi



STEP 7: XCCDF Review

```
<Rule id="disable_httpd">
<title>Disable Apache Service</title>
<description>
The <tt>httpd</tt> service can be disabled with the following command:
# chkconfig httpd off
</description>
<rationale>
Running web server software provides a network-based avenue
of attack, and should be disabled if not needed.
</rationale>
<ident cce="4338-0" />
<oval id="service_httpd_disabled" />
<ref nist="CM-6, CM-7" />
</Rule>
```

S redhat.

STEP 8: OVAL REVIEW

