

Deploying and running your first application on K8s

Alexander Reelsen

alex@elastic.co | [@spinscale](https://twitter.com/spinscale)

Today's goal

How to **build, run & maintain**
a modern java web application
with minimal resources
on K8s

Rocket-science free zone!

- ⚠ Level: Intro
- ⚠ Perspective: Developer, user of existing K8s cluster
- ⚠ Journey from nothing to downtime free rollout during peak traffic

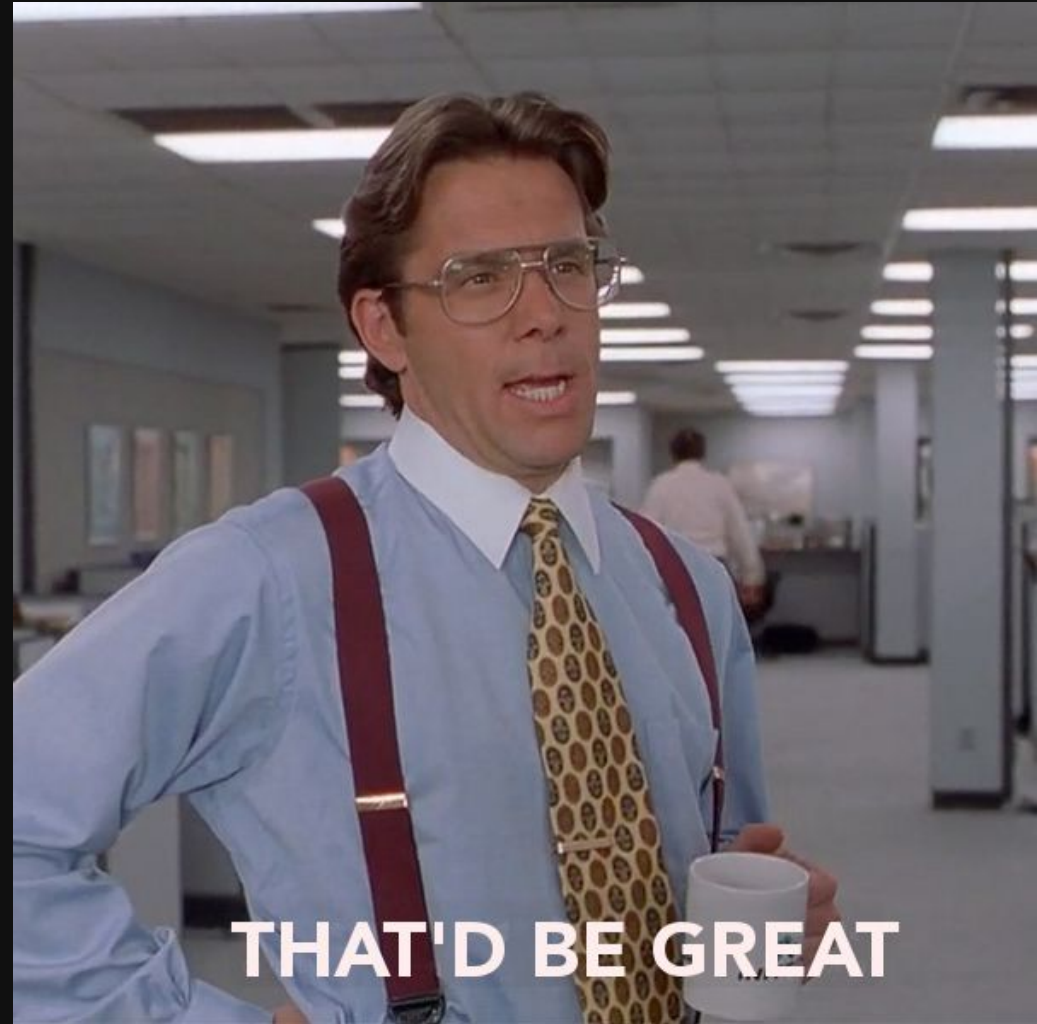
About me

- Developer & Advocate @Elastic
- PaaS fan, IaC fan
- K8s skeptic: Primitives 👍 level of abstraction ?
- First rule of SWE: *Don't write code, if you don't want to maintain it...*

Elastic Community Conference

- Organized by the Elastic Community Team
- Virtual
- Around the clock
- Several languages
- No talks from Elastic Community Team members
- 2021 was a success, 70 talks

2022: ElasticCC Registration via Elastic Cloud



Discussion

- Decision: **Build** vs. Buy (Registration, Live Streaming)
- Platform: PaaS vs. **K8s** (no approval required)
- Datastore: SQL vs. **Elastic Cloud** vs. **API**
- **Let's do this**: Own web application

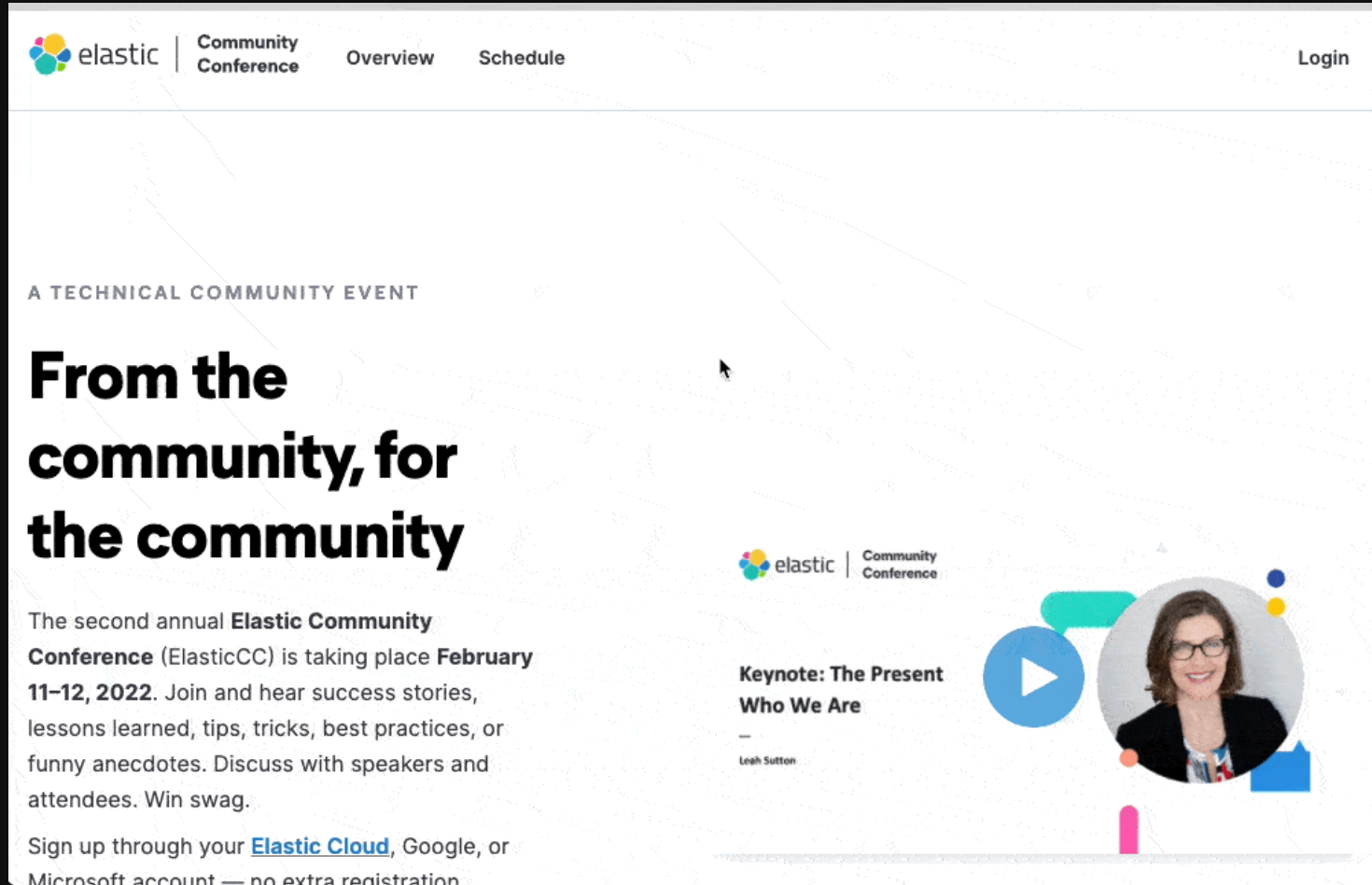
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Use your own technologies in production

--Me

Login via Cloud



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A TECHNICAL COMMUNITY EVENT

From the community, for the community


The second annual **Elastic Community Conference** (ElasticCC) is taking place **February 11-12, 2022**. Join and hear success stories, lessons learned, tips, tricks, best practices, or funny anecdotes. Discuss with speakers and attendees. Win swag.

Sign up through your [Elastic Cloud](#), Google, or Microsoft account — no extra registration

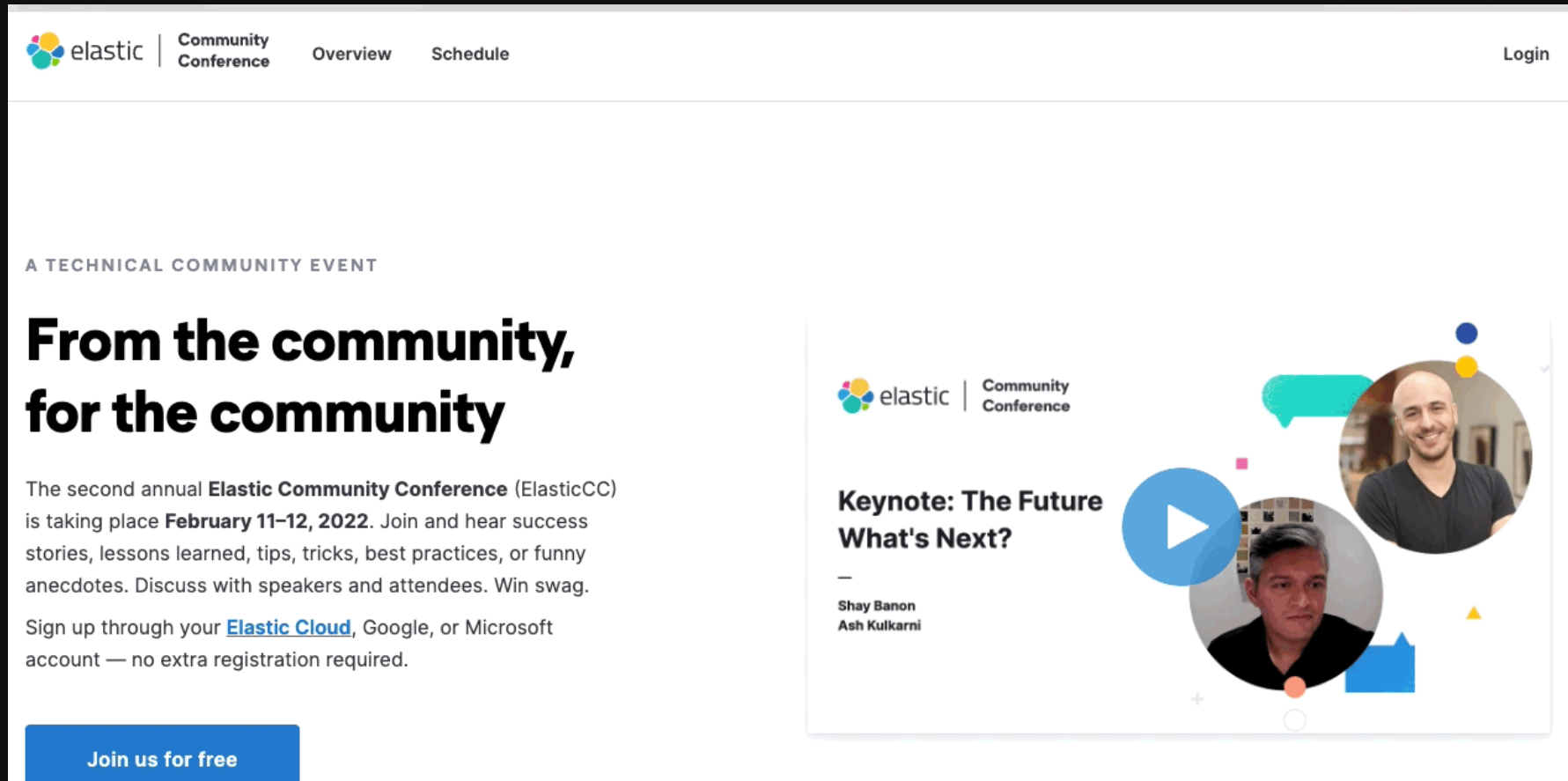
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Keynote: The Present Who We Are

— Leah Sutton



Schedule



The screenshot shows the Elastic Community Conference website. At the top left is the Elastic logo and 'Community Conference' text. Navigation links for 'Overview' and 'Schedule' are present. A 'Login' link is in the top right. The main heading is 'A TECHNICAL COMMUNITY EVENT'. Below it is the title 'From the community, for the community'. The text describes the second annual Elastic Community Conference (ElasticCC) taking place February 11-12, 2022. It mentions success stories, lessons learned, tips, tricks, best practices, and funny anecdotes. It also states that registration is free through Elastic Cloud, Google, or Microsoft accounts. A blue button at the bottom left says 'Join us for free'. On the right, a featured keynote card titled 'Keynote: The Future What's Next?' lists speakers Shay Banon and Ash Kulkarni. The card includes the Elastic logo, a play button icon, and circular profile pictures of the speakers.

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Overview Schedule Login

A TECHNICAL COMMUNITY EVENT

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Keynote: The Future What's Next?

—
Shay Banon
Ash Kulkarni

Feedback


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Keynote: The Past — 10 Years Elastic

February 11, 2022

17:00 — 17:35 (EUROPE/BERLIN)
16:00 — 16:35 (UTC)


[Feedback](#) [Take the quiz](#) [Add to my Agenda](#)


 **Keynote: The Past — 10 Years Elastic**


Q&A with the Elasticsearch founders — back when the company wasn't even called Elastic yet. Some of the questions we are asking them are:

What was your goal in founding Elasticsearch? What is the reason for Elastic's success? Is there anything you would have done differently at Elastic? Is there any product specific feature you're particularly proud of? Is there a feature of the Elastic Stack that you think is underrated?

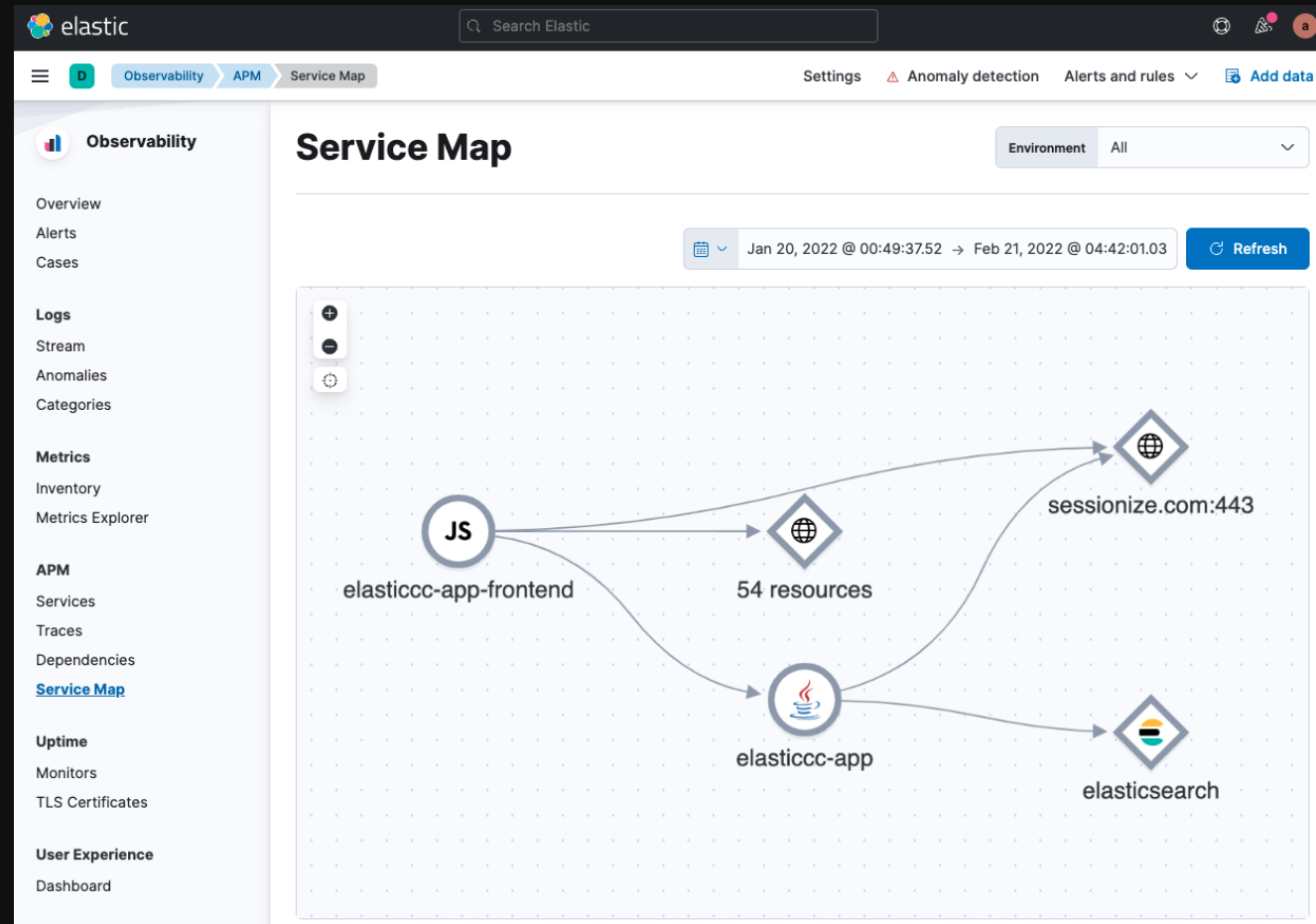
[Full session](#)

 **Shay Banon**
Founder, CTO | Elastic

 **Simon Willnauer**
Founder | Elastic



Architecture



How to build, run & maintain

- No other teams involved after initial setup
- Collective ownership within the team
- Well tested

... a modern java web application

- Javalin as a framework
- Latest Java version
- Latest GC (ZGC)
- pac4j for SAML based authorization
- Frontend for backend developers with htmx and hyperscript
- New Elasticsearch Java Client
- Elastic APM Agent

... with minimal resources

- Small pods
- Fast rollouts
- No one working full time on this
- No user accounts/passwords should be stored
- Easy rollout for everyone in the community team

... on K8s

- Utilizing company wide resources
- Rollout: `docker build && docker push && kubectl restart ...`
- `imagePullPolicy: Always`

Secrets with Vault

```
apiVersion: vaultproject.io/v1
kind: SecretClaim
metadata:
  name: elasticcc-app
  namespace: community
spec:
  type: Opaque
  path: secret/k8s/elasticcc-app
  renew: 3600
```

Secrets with Vault

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
spec:
  template:
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: elasticcc-app
          env:
            - name: ELASTICSEARCH_PASSWORD
              valueFrom:
                secretKeyRef:
                  name: elasticcc-app
                  key: elasticsearch_password
```

Secrets with Vault

```
vault write secret/k8s/elasticcc-app \  
  elasticsearch_password=S3cr3t \  
  key=value
```

Rollouts without downtime

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
spec:
  replicas: 1
  strategy:
    rollingUpdate:
      maxUnavailable: 0
    type: RollingUpdate
```

Rollouts without downtime

- Just start more pods... **not so easy**
- Requests are distributed via round robin
- Javalin is a Servlet based web framework with a notion of sessions...
- ... each user gets a session cookie with a corresponding map of attributes on the server side
- Server side: `User user = ctx.sessionAttribute("user")`
- Instance shutdown kills session
- Session fixation? Works until shutdown...

Rollouts without downtime

```
this.app = Javalin.create(cfg -> {
    cfg.sessionHandler(() -> createSessionHandler(elasticsearchClient));
});

public static SessionHandler createSessionHandler(ElasticsearchClient client) {
    SessionHandler sessionHandler = new SessionHandler();
    // session handler setup here...

    SessionCache sessionCache = new NullSessionCache(sessionHandler);
    sessionCache.setSaveOnCreate(true);
    sessionCache.setFlushOnResponseCommit(true);
    sessionCache.setSessionDataStore(new ElasticsearchSessionDataStore(client));

    sessionHandler.setSessionCache(sessionCache);
    return sessionHandler;
}
```

Rollouts without downtime

- Every request writes its session data to Elasticsearch when finished
- Bad idea! The internet consists of bots... a lot
- 100k requests per hour **before** the announcement due to security scanners
- Solution: Only persist session if a login/logout has happened prior
- **Major** reduction of Elasticsearch write operations, resulting in faster responses

No announcement, but 100k req/hour?

```
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: elasticcc-app-ngx
  namespace: community
  annotations:
    kubernetes.io/ingress.class: nginx
    cert-manager.io/cluster-issuer: letsencrypt-production
```


Probes

```
livenessProbe:  
  failureThreshold: 3  
  periodSeconds: 30  
  httpGet:  
    path: /monitoring/health  
    port: 8080  
readinessProbe:  
  failureThreshold: 15  
  initialDelaySeconds: 10  
  periodSeconds: 5  
  httpGet:  
    path: /monitoring/health  
    port: 8080
```

Setting JVM memory

```
resources:  
  requests:  
    cpu: 2.0  
    memory: 1Gi  
  limits:  
    cpu: 2.0  
    memory: 1Gi
```

```
def jvmOptions = ["-XX:+UseZGC", "-Xmx768m"]  
  
startScripts {  
  defaultJvmOpts = jvmOptions  
}
```

Monitoring

```
spec:  
  template:  
    metadata:  
      annotations:  
        watcher.alerts.slack: "#community-downtime-notifications"  
      labels:  
        app: elasticcc-app  
        watcher: enabled
```



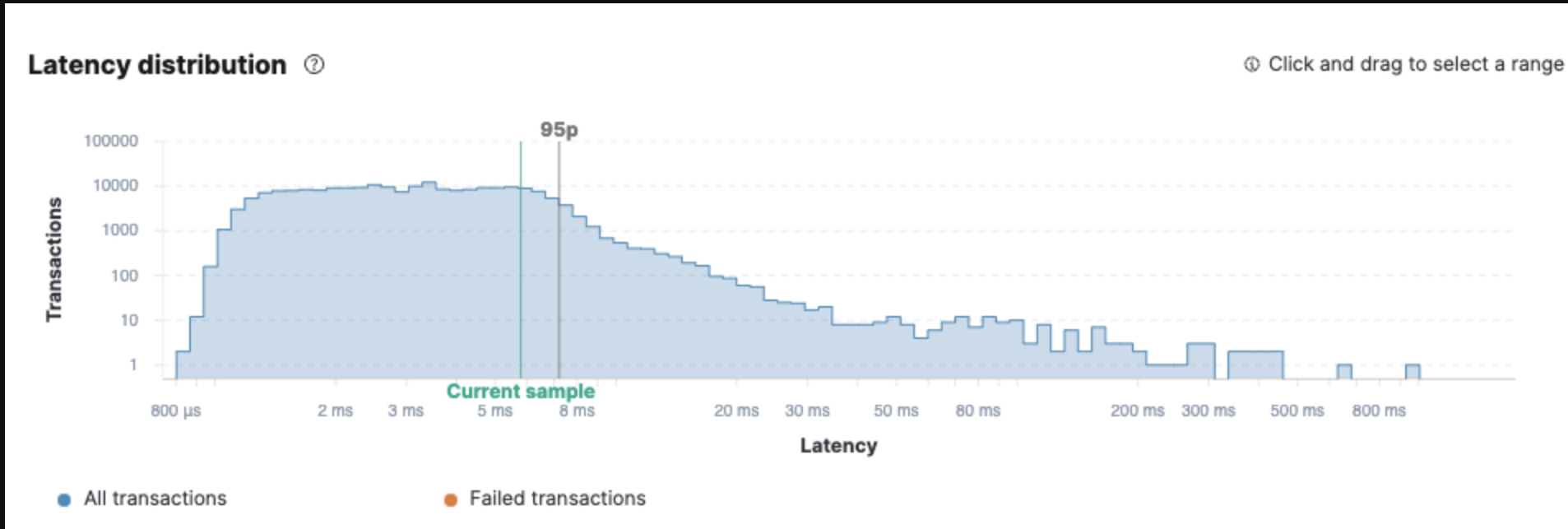
elastic-apps APP 05:05

community.elasticcc-app has **1** not ready pod(s) [\[ack\]](#) [\[docs\]](#)

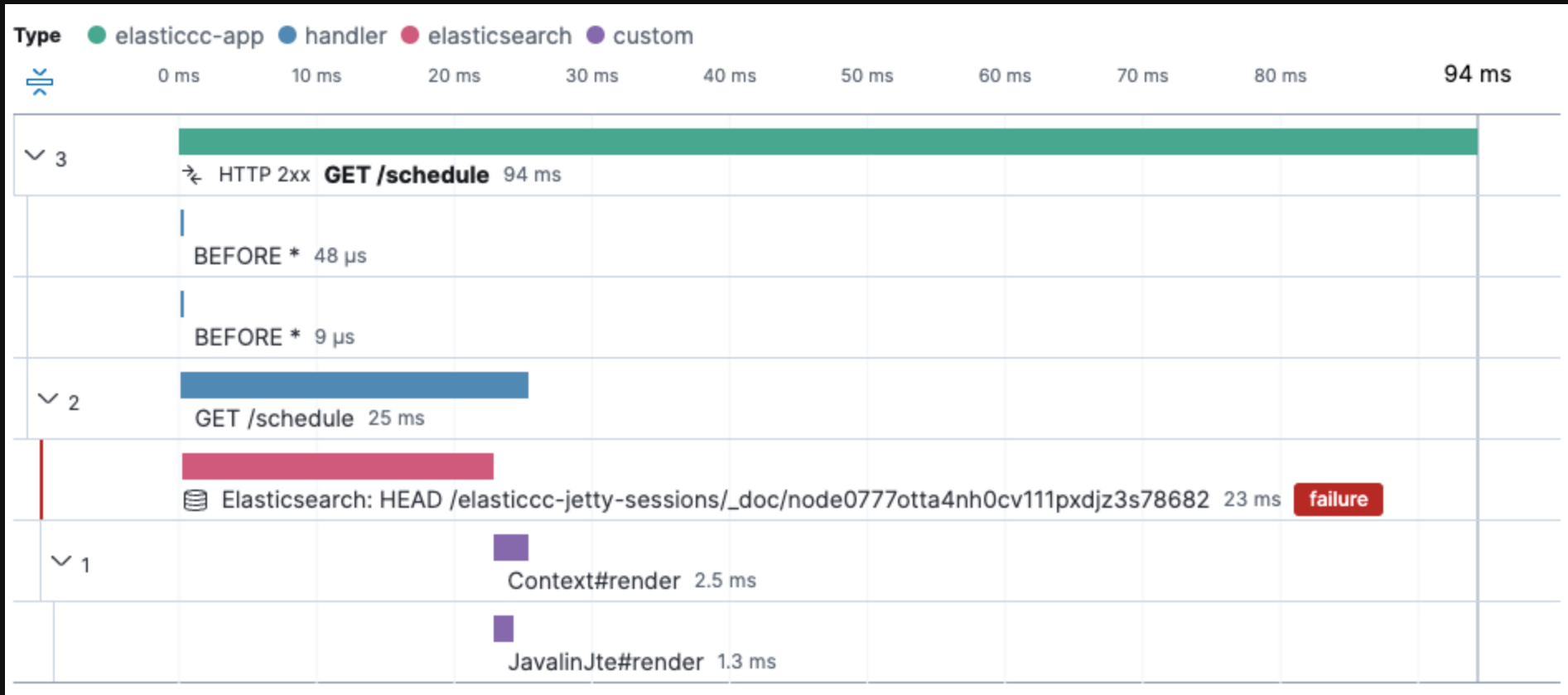
Observability

- Tradeoff
 - GraalVM for speed and lower memory footprint
 - APM agents require bytecode instrumentation

Observability



Observability



Observability

- Overview
- Alerts
- Cases

Logs

- Stream
- Anomalies
- Categories
- Metrics
- Inventory
- Metrics Explorer

APM

- Services
- Traces
- Dependencies
- Service Map

Uptime

- Monitors
- TLS Certificates

User Experience

- Dashboard

Latency

All transactions Failed transactions

Trace sample < 2 of 500 >

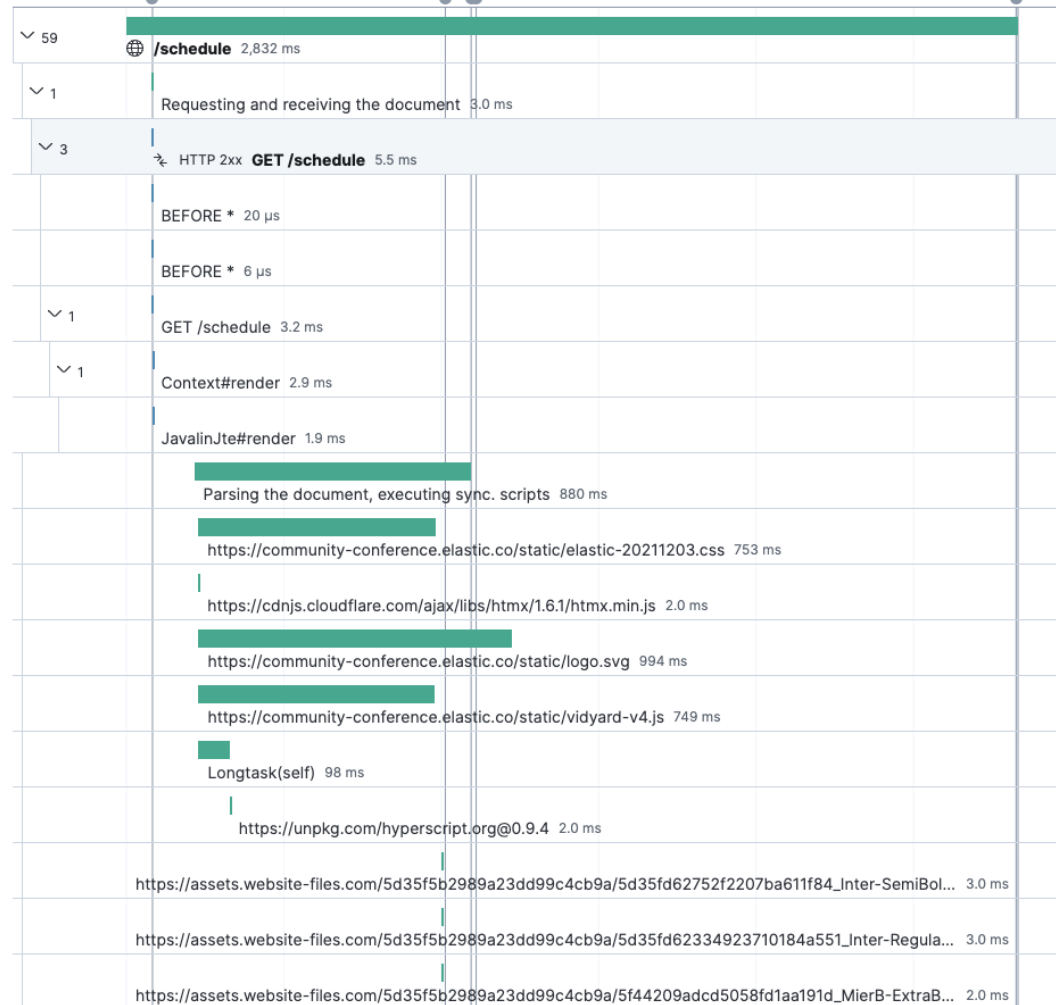
Investigate

View full trace

20 days ago | 2,832 ms (100% of trace) | https://community-conference.elastic.co/schedule | Chrome (98.0.4758.80)

Timeline Metadata Logs

Services elasticcc-app-frontend elasticcc-app



Debugging

- Logs were not on the same instance, adding friction
- Logs required k8s configuration change in our case, tedious
- Component that shipped logs over the network would have been great
- Do you really need logs, when exceptions are logged? 🤪

Missing

- Automatic rollouts
- Stateful services outsourced
- Setup-as-code (i.e. via terraform to also include Elasticsearch cluster)
- APM tooling can be tricky, hard to distinguish single service memory spikes when running several pods

Conference day

- APM early detected an exception thrown when a template was rendered
- Rolled out before main traffic was coming in
- No issue during the 12 hours of the conference
- > 170k valid requests served in total, 1.7 mio in total
- 95th percentile:
 - `/schedule`: 8.8ms
 - `/speaker/{id}`: 5.0ms
 - `/session/{id}`: 5.5ms

Agility

- Log4Shell: From slack notification to assessing to rollout in 14 minutes
- Impact: Dropped the little one later to kindergarten

Summary

- 10/10 Would do again!
- Don't go crazy on automation (i.e. push on rollout etc)
- Go with Cookie based session store?
- Go crazy on IaC!
- Logs should be easily accessible, just like APM data
- Level of abstraction: 🎲

Summary: Level of abstraction

- Primitives are designed for operations (CPU, Memory)
- When to scale up/out? Application hint required:
 - # of concurrent requests
 - duration of requests
 - wait time until processed
- Scaling strategy: Start pods if one is overloaded? Or all?
- Talk to developers about this, the discussions within your company (especially with legacy apps) will be a great exercise for everyone

Thanks for listening

Q & A

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Discussion

- What technologies would you use?
- Where did I go wrong?
- Alex, this is not how you do it in k8s world!11!!elf! - I'm sure, please talk to me 😊

Thanks for listening

Q & A

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