

# ANDROID TAMER



<https://androidtamer.com>

# WHAT

Virtual machine for Android (Security) Professionals

## Supports

- VirtualBox
- VMWare
- Vagrant / Ansible

# WHY

Saves time while

- Finding and installing tools
- Configuring them
- Ensuring all other tools are still working
- Managing updates of each tool

# TOOLS INCLUDE

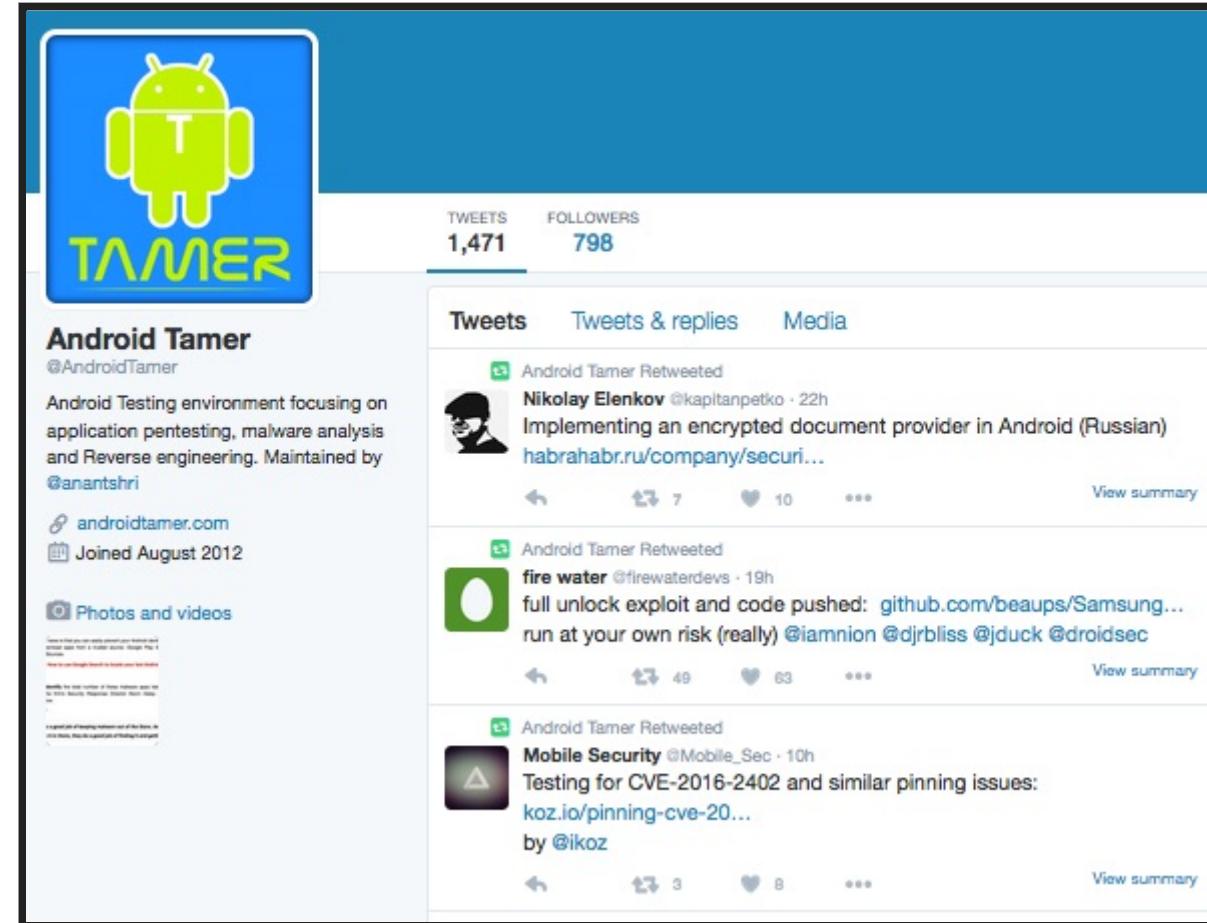
1. adb / fastboot / android-sdk
2. dex2jar / **enjarify**
3. apktool
4. jad / jd-gui / jadx / jadx-gui
5. drozer
6. DFF / ddrescueview
7. SQLiteManager / SQLiteMan
8. Burp Free / OWASP-ZAP
9. pidcat
10. MobSF (in-progress)
11. Cukoo-droid (in-progress)
12. and more....

# CUSTOM FEATURES

1. Easy Management of multiple devices
2. One liner commands (apk2java, drozer\_start etc)
3. Scripts for automated analysis
4. Software update managed over apt-get repository (alpha phase)  
[\(http://repo.androidtamer.com/\)](http://repo.androidtamer.com/)
5. All Tools pre-configured in PATH (no need to switch directories)

**THAT'S NOT IT**

# @ TWITTER

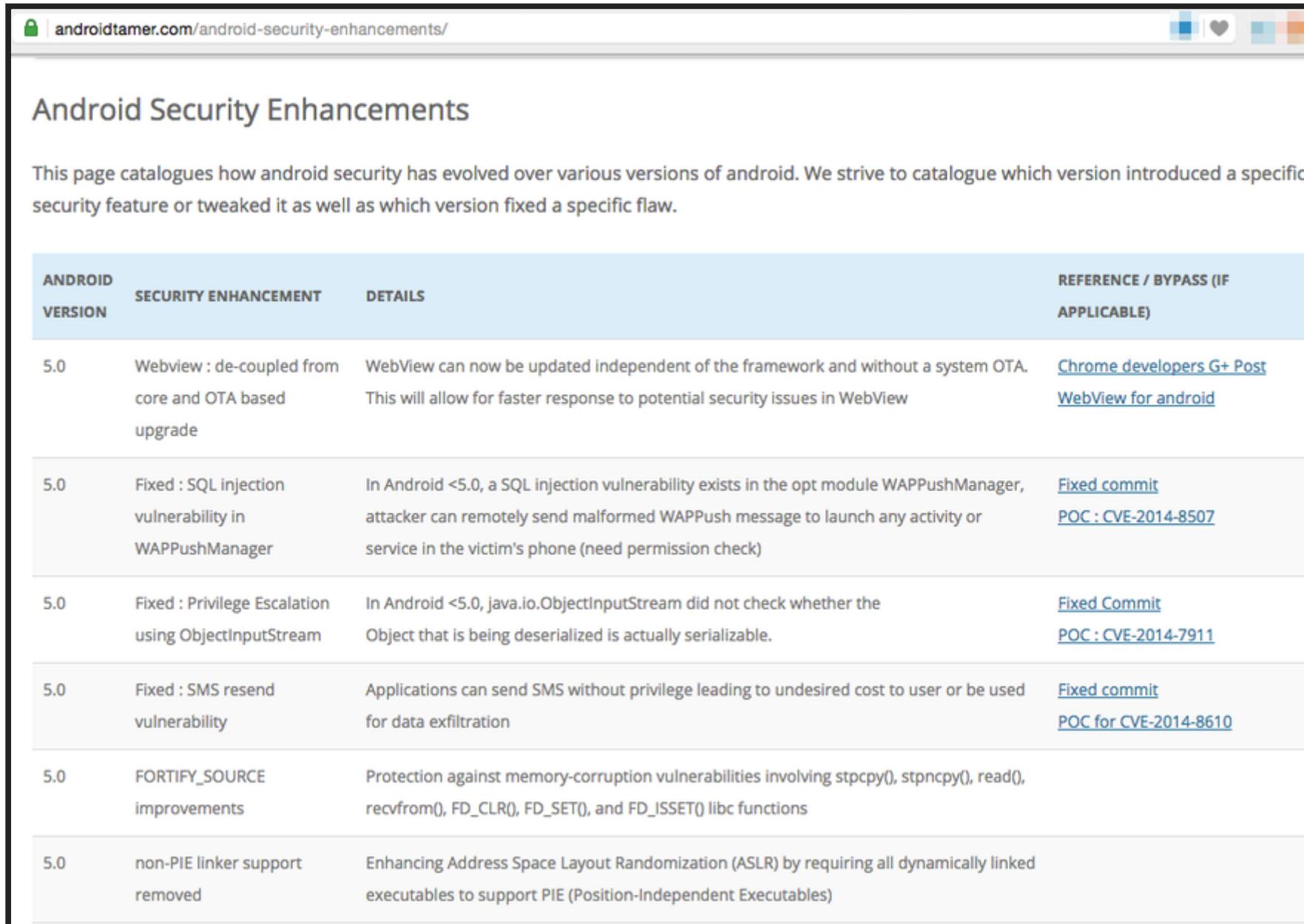


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# FB/ANDROIDTAMER



# SECURITY ENHANCEMENTS



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL [androidtamer.com/android-security-enhancements/](http://androidtamer.com/android-security-enhancements/) in the address bar. The page title is "Android Security Enhancements". The content describes how Android security has evolved over various versions, specifically listing enhancements introduced in version 5.0. A table provides details for each enhancement, including a reference or bypass link if applicable.

ANDROID VERSION	SECURITY ENHANCEMENT	DETAILS	REFERENCE / BYPASS (IF APPLICABLE)
5.0	Webview : de-coupled from core and OTA based upgrade	WebView can now be updated independent of the framework and without a system OTA. This will allow for faster response to potential security issues in WebView	<a href="#">Chrome developers G+ Post</a> <a href="#">WebView for android</a>
5.0	Fixed : SQL injection vulnerability in WAPPushManager	In Android <5.0, a SQL injection vulnerability exists in the opt module WAPPushManager, attacker can remotely send malformed WAPPush message to launch any activity or service in the victim's phone (need permission check)	<a href="#">Fixed commit</a> <a href="#">POC : CVE-2014-8507</a>
5.0	Fixed : Privilege Escalation using ObjectInputStream	In Android <5.0, java.io.ObjectInputStream did not check whether the Object that is being deserialized is actually serializable.	<a href="#">Fixed Commit</a> <a href="#">POC : CVE-2014-7911</a>
5.0	Fixed : SMS resend vulnerability	Applications can send SMS without privilege leading to undesired cost to user or be used for data exfiltration	<a href="#">Fixed commit</a> <a href="#">POC for CVE-2014-8610</a>
5.0	FORTIFY_SOURCE improvements	Protection against memory-corruption vulnerabilities involving stpcpy(), stpncpy(), read(), recvfrom(), FD_CLR(), FD_SET(), and FD_ISSET() libc functions	
5.0	non-PIE linker support removed	Enhancing Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR) by requiring all dynamically linked executables to support PIE (Position-Independent Executables)	

# LEARN ANDROID

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL [androidtamer.com/learn\\_android\\_security](https://androidtamer.com/learn_android_security) in the address bar. The page title is "Android Tamer". The navigation menu includes links for HOME, FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTION, DOWNLOAD, LEARN ANDROID SECURITY (which is the active page), RESOURCES, SWAG, and ABOUT US. The main content area is titled "Learn Android Security" and contains the following text:

Here we have collected a list of articles which can help beginners to start learning android security.

Before starting with Learning android specific Security issues it would make sense to start with some generic approach and hence its best suited to start with learning about [OWASP Mobile Security Project](#) and [OWASP Mobile security Top 10](#)

To further dig deep in Android Specific sections Here i am listed multiple sources which can be referred and used to understand Android Security.  
(I have listed all articles which would be helpful however some of the tools listed in them may not run in Android Tamer due to architectural limitation).

You can find various presentations i have made around [AndroidTamer listed here](#)

On the right side of the page, there is a "TWITTER TIMELINE" section displaying two tweets:

**dragosr** @dragosr 19h  
PWN2OWN Mobile: PacSec speaker Guang Gong from Quihoo360 just pwned my Project Fi Nexus 6 fresh out of box and updated.  
Retweeted by Android Tamer Expand

**jsoo** @\_jsoo\_ 10 Nov  
The Terminator to AndroidHardening Services - by the author who brought you DexHunter [drive.google.com/file/d/0B\\_thUF...](http://drive.google.com/file/d/0B_thUF...) CC: @timstrazz  
Retweeted by Android Tamer Show Summary

[https://androidtamer.com/learn\\_android\\_security](https://androidtamer.com/learn_android_security)

# DEMO TIME

1. Application decompiling
2. Automated assessment (drozer\_checks)
3. Multi devices management (adb list)
4. MobSF
5. Build your own Distro (Debian compatible Repository)

# DEMO: APK2JAVA

```
android@tamer:~/Desktop/Arsenal/demo7$ apk2java CMFileManager.apk
APK TO JAVA source code extraction script
This is a script created by Anant Shrivastava
http://anantshri.info
This script will work on automating the work of extracting the source code
Starting APK Decompile
/usr/local/bin/apk2java CMFileManager.apk
CMFileManager.apk
APK to JAVA/SRC conversion Utility
CMFileManager
CMFileManager.apk
/home/android/Desktop/Arsenal/demo7/CMFileManager.apk
/home/android/Desktop/Arsenal/demo7
APK TOOLS extracting files
Doing APKtool now
apktool decode -f -o /home/android/Desktop/Arsenal/demo7/CMFileManager.apk
leManager.apk_src/
I: Using Apktool 2.1.0-25bc46-SNAPSHOT on CMFileManager.apk
I: Loading resource table...
I: Decoding AndroidManifest.xml with resources...
I: Loading resource table from file: /home/android/apktool/framework/1.apk
I: Regular manifest package...
I: Decoding file-resources...
I: Decoding values */* XMLs...
I: Baksmaling classes.dex...
I: Copying assets and libs...
I: Copying unknown files...
```

# DEMO: DROZER\_CHECK

```
android@tamer:~/drozer$ drozer_check.sh jakhar.aseem.diva
Selecting dadcb63e00e6dbf9 (Genymotion Xtreme_Android_Exploitation_Lab 4.4.4)

Package: jakhar.aseem.diva
Application Label: Diva
Process Name: jakhar.aseem.diva
Version: 1.0
Data Directory: /data/data/jakhar.aseem.diva
APK Path: /data/app/jakhar.aseem.diva-1.apk
UID: 10090
GID: [1028, 1015, 3003]
Shared Libraries: null
Shared User ID: null
Uses Permissions:
- android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE
- android.permission.READ_EXTERNAL_STORAGE
- android.permission.INTERNET
Defines Permissions:
- None

Selecting dadcb63e00e6dbf9 (Genymotion Xtreme_Android_Exploitation_Lab 4.4.4)

<manifest versionCode="1"
          versionName="1.0"
          package="jakhar.aseem.diva"
```

# DEMO: ADB LIST

```
android@tamer:~$ adb list
ADB Status : DeviceName : Device SerialNo
device      : geny       : 192.168.57.101:5555
unknown     : nexus4    :
unknown     : spice      :
unknown     : nexus4    :
unknown     : nexus7    :
unknown     : oneplusx   :
unknown     : oneplus    :
unknown     : redmi      :
unknown     : geny2      : 192.168.56.102:5555
unknown     : geny3      : 192.168.56.103:5555
unknown     : grand2     :
unknown     : genynew    : 172.28.128.3:5555
android@tamer:~$
```

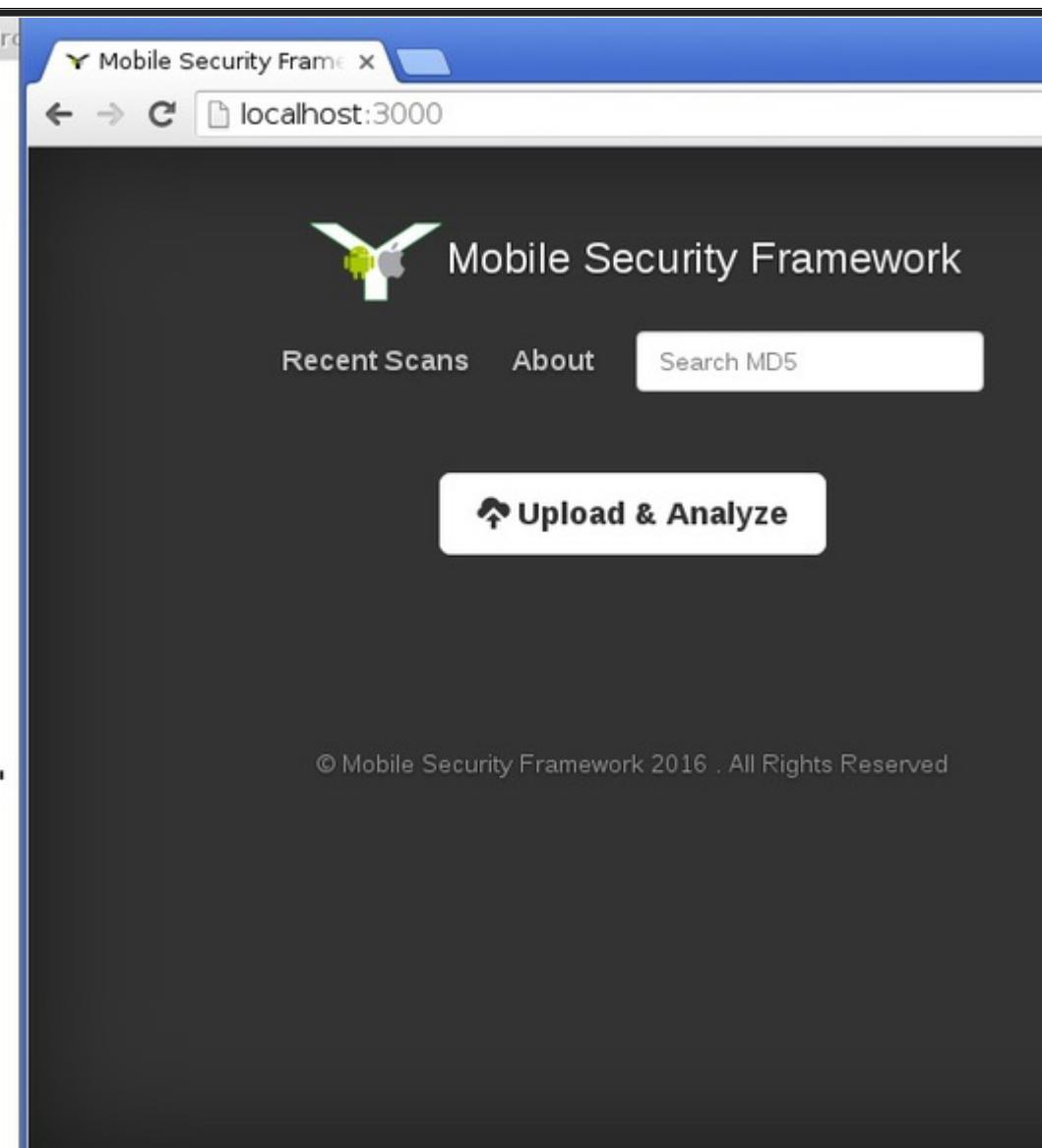
1. Add entries in ~/.adb\_list
2. format of entries "ABC;SERIALNO"
3. echo "abc;1234567890" >> ~/.adb\_list

# DEMO: MOBSF

```
android@tamer:~$ mobsf
Starting MobSF

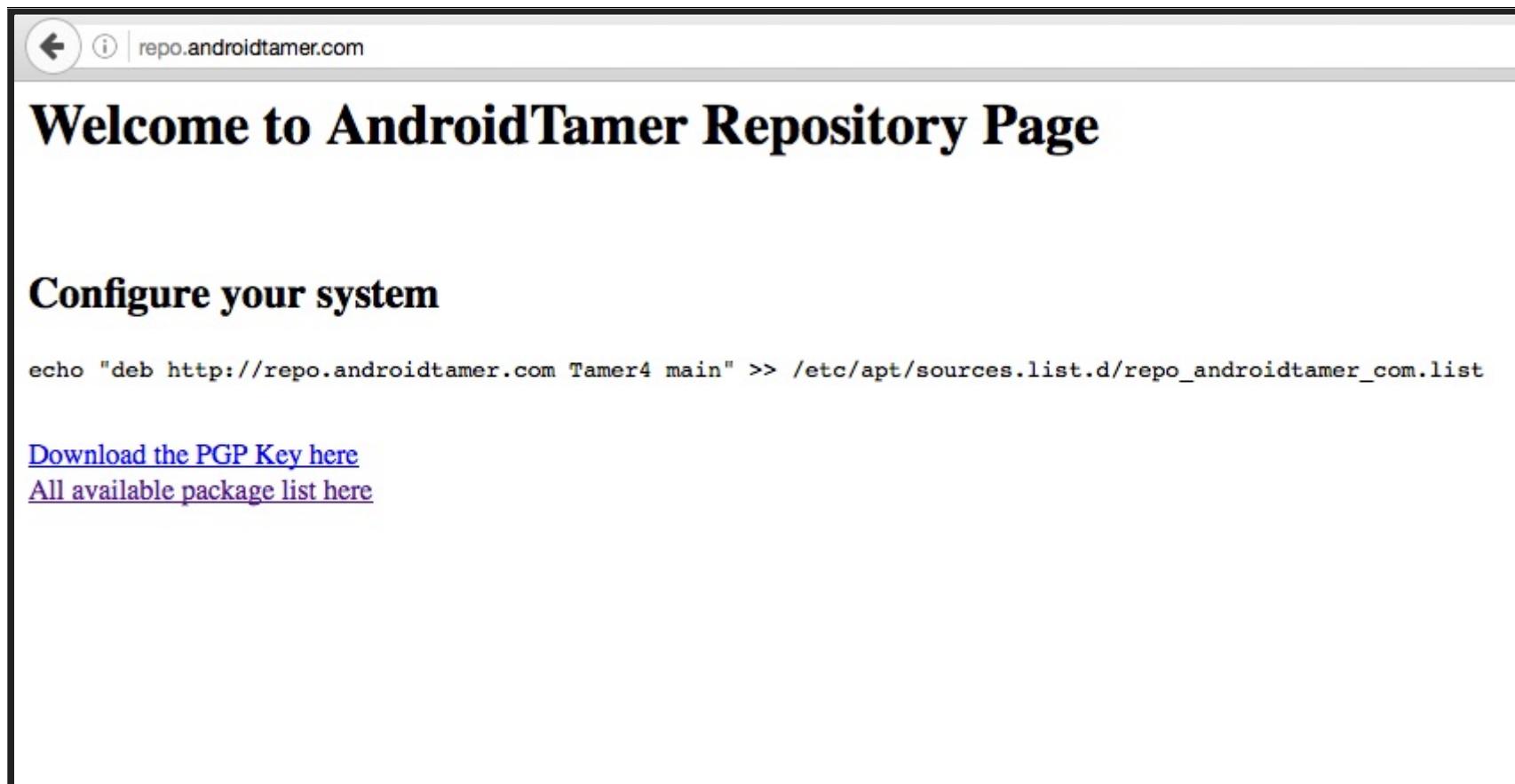
[INFO] Finding JDK Location in Linux/MAC....
[INFO] Oracle Java is installed!
[INFO] JDK 1.7 or above is available
[INFO] Finding JDK Location in Linux/MAC....
[INFO] Oracle Java is installed!
[INFO] JDK 1.7 or above is available
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
March 31, 2016 - 06:23:41
Django version 1.8.7, using settings 'MobSF.settings'
Starting development server at http://0.0.0.0:3000/
Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
```

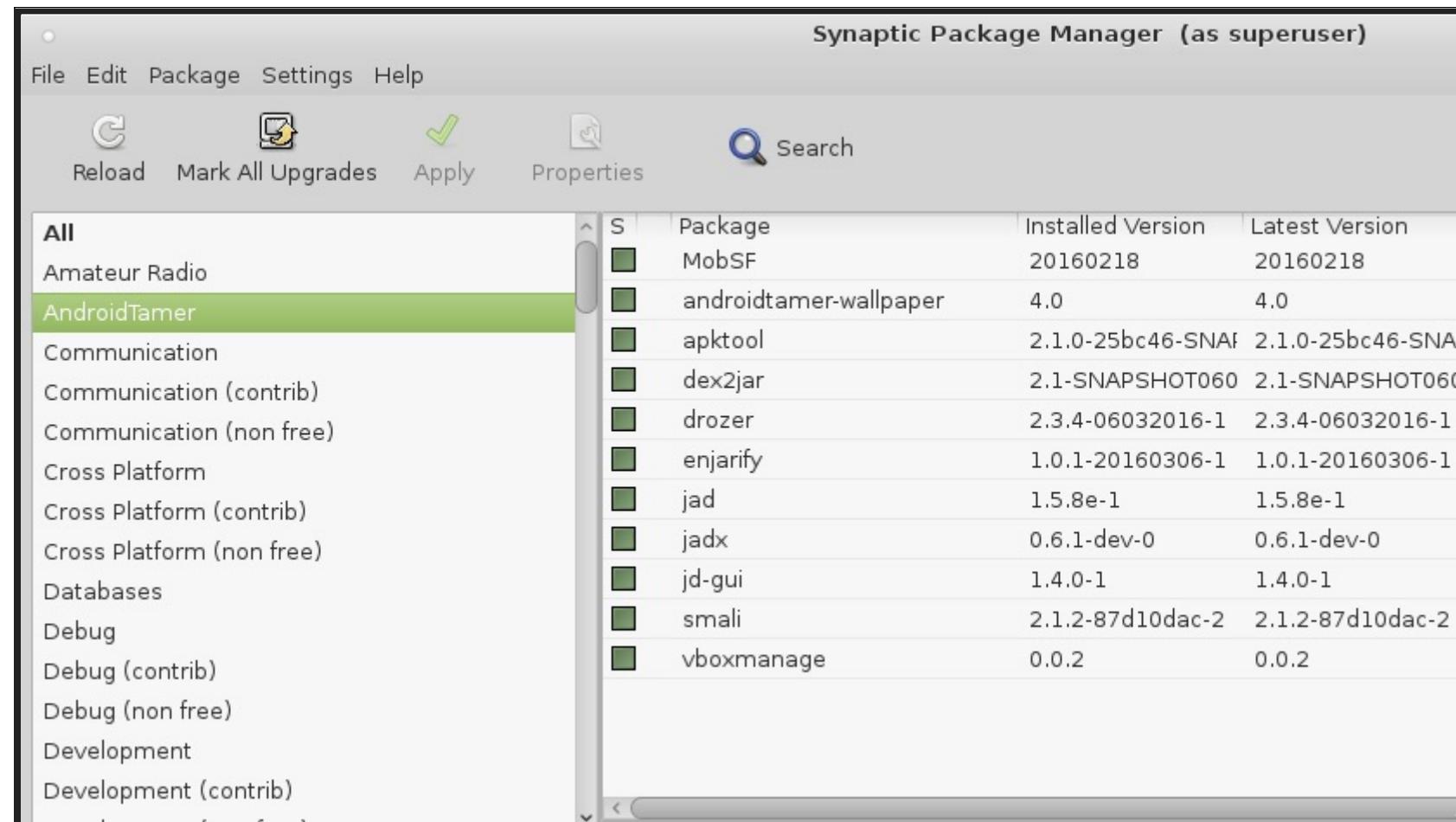


The screenshot shows the Mobile Security Framework (MoBSF) web application running on a local host at port 3000. The interface has a dark theme with a blue header bar. The title bar reads "Mobile Security Framework" and "localhost:3000". Below the header, there's a logo featuring a stylized 'Y' and an Android icon. The main navigation menu includes "Recent Scans", "About", and a search bar labeled "Search MD5". A prominent button in the center says "Upload & Analyze" with a file icon. At the bottom right, there's a copyright notice: "© Mobile Security Framework 2016 . All Rights Reserved".

# BUILD YOUR OWN



# PACKAGE REPOSITORY



# SUGGESTIONS & SUPPORT

1. Suggest more tools
2. Issues / Challenges faced
3. Support by contributing to the project
4. Write articles & blogposts

# THANKS



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